N5-1-2, N5-2-2

Introduction





Fax: +49 (0)89-900 686-50

info@nanotec.de

The N5 is a controller for the open loop or closed loop operation of stepper

Nanotec website us.nanotec.com. The short instructions do not replace the

Copyright © 2013 – 2018 Nanotec® Electronic GmbH & Co. KG. All rights

The N5 controller is used to control stepper and BLDC motors and is designed

Changes or modification to the controller are not permitted.

Nanotec produces component parts that are used in a wide range of industrial applications. The selection and use of Nanotec products is the responsibility of the system engineer and end user. Nanotec accepts no responsibility for the

Under no circumstances may a Nanotec product be integrated as a safety controller in a product or construction. All products containing a component part manufactured by Nanotec must, upon delivery to the end user, be provided with corresponding warning notices and instructions for safe use and safe operation. All warning notices provided by Nanotec must be passed on directly to the end

Our general terms and conditions apply: en.nanotec.com/service/general-

Persons who have appropriate training and experience in work with motors

In addition to this technical manual, the following regulations are to be observed:

Persons who are familiar with and understand the content of this technical

Only specialists may install, program and commission the device:

Persons who know the applicable regulations.

RoHS directive (2011/65/EU, 2015/863/EU)

The following EU directives were observed:

EMC directive (2014/30/EU)

Accident-prevention regulations

· Local regulations on occupational safety

This document describes the installation and commissioning of the controller. You can find the detailed documentation for the product on the

motors and the closed loop operation of BLDC motors.

for use under the approved Environmental conditions.

Any other use is considered unintended use.

integration of the products in the end system.

Short instructions Original: de

Nanotec Electronic GmbH & Co. KG Kapellenstraße 6

85622 Feldkirchen, Germany

technical manual oft he product.

Copyright, marking and contact

reserved.

 ϵ

Warranty and disclaimer

Specialist staff

terms-and-conditions/.

EU directives for product safety

Other applicable regulations

Version 1.0.0

Phone: +49 (0)89-900 686-0

Install suitable circuits (e.g., charging capacitor) that reduce

Note



- There is no polarity reversal protection.
- Install a line protection device (fuse) in the supply line.

Note



Technical details and pin assignment

Environmental conditions

Environmental condition	Value
Protection class	IP20
Ambient temperature (operation)	-10 +40°C
Air humidity (non-condensing)	0 95 %
Altitude of site above sea level (without drop in performance)	1500 m
Ambient temperature (storage)	-25 +85°C

Property	Description / value	
Operating voltage	 12 V-5%72 V +4% DC for low-current version with designation N5-1-2 12 V - 48 V +/-5% DC for the high-current version with designation N5-2-2 and up to hardware version w007 12 V -5%57.4 V DC for the high-current version with designation N5-2-2 and from hardware version w007b 	
Rated current	N5-1-2 (low current): 10 A _{rms} N5-2-2 (high current): 18 A _{rms}	
Peak current	N5-1-2 (low current): 10 A _{rms} N5-2-2 (high current): 40 A _{rms} for 5 seconds	
Commutation	Stepper motor – open loop, stepper motor – closed loop with encoder, BLDC motor – closed loop with Hall sensor, and BLDC motor – closed loop with encoder	
Operating modes	Profile Position Mode, Profile Velocity Mode, Profile Torque Mode, Velocity Mode, Homing Mode, Interpolated Position Mode, Cyclic Sync Position Mode, Cyclic Sync Velocity Mode, Cyclic Synchronous Torque Mode, Clock-Direction Mode	
Set value setting / programming	CANopen, Ethernet (REST with the NanoIP user interface), clock-direction, analog, NanoJ program	

Safety and warning notices



- Damage to the controller.
- Changing the wiring during operation may damage the controller.
- Only change the wiring in a de-energized state. After switching off, wait until the capacitors have discharged.

Note

- Fault of the controller due to excitation voltage of the motor.
- Voltage peaks during operation may damage the controller.
- Polarity reversal results in a short-circuit between supply voltage and GND (earth) via the power diode.



- The device contains components that are sensitive to
- Improper handling can damage the device.
- Observe the basic principles of ESD protection when handling

Environmental condition	Value
Protection class	IP20
Ambient temperature (operation)	-10 +40°C
Air humidity (non-condensing)	0 95 %
Altitude of site above sea level (without drop in performance)	1500 m
Ambient temperature (storage)	-25 +85°C

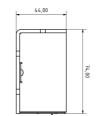
Electrical properties and technical data

Property	Description / value	
Operating voltage	 12 V-5%72 V +4% DC for low-current version with designation N5-1-2 12 V - 48 V +/-5% DC for the high-current version with designation N5-2-2 and up to hardware version w007 12 V -5%57.4 V DC for the high-current version with designation N5-2-2 and from hardware version w007b 	
Rated current	N5-1-2 (low current): 10 A _{rms} N5-2-2 (high current): 18 A _{rms}	
Peak current	N5-1-2 (low current): 10 A _{rms} N5-2-2 (high current): 40 A _{rms} for 5 seconds	
Commutation	Stepper motor – open loop, stepper motor – closed loop with encoder, BLDC motor – closed loop with Hall sensor, and BLDC motor – closed loop with encoder	
Operating modes	Profile Position Mode, Profile Velocity Mode, Profile Torque Mode, Velocity Mode, Homing Mode, Interpolated Position Mode, Cyclic Sync Position Mode, Cyclic Sync Velocity Mode, Cyclic Synchronous Torque Mode, Clock-Direction Mode	
Set value setting / programming	CANopen, Ethernet (REST with the NanoIP user interface), clock-direction, analog, NanoJ program	
Interfaces	CANopen, Ethernet	

Property	Description / value	
Inputs	 4 inputs, 5 V/24 V (inputs 1 to 4) individually switchable by means of software, factory setting: 5 V 2 inputs, wide range 5-24 V (inputs 5 and 6); 2 analog inputs -10 to +10 V or 0-20 mA (switchable by means of software) 	
Outputs	2 outputs, (open drain, 0 switching, max. 24 V and 500 mA)	
Encoder input	5 V or 24 V signal, differential or single-ended (switchable by means of software), max. resolution 65536 increments per revolution (16-bit)	
Protection circuit	Overvoltage and undervoltage protection	
	Overtemperature protection (> 75° Celsius on the power board)	
	Polarity reversal protection: In the event of a polarity reversal, a short-circuit will occur between supply voltage and GND over a power diode; a line protection device (fuse) is therefore necessary in the supply line. The values of the fuse are dependent on the application and must be dimensioned	
	 greater than the maximum current consumption of the controller less than the maximum current of the voltage supply. 	
	If the fuse value is very close to the maximum current consumption of the controller, a medium / slow tripping characteristics should be used.	

Dimensioned drawings





Overtemperature protection

Above a temperature of approx. 75°C on the power board (corresponds to 65-72°C outside on the cover), the power part of the controller switches off and the error bit is set . After cooling down and confirming the error , the controller again

LED signaling

Power LED

Normal operation

In normal operation, the green power LED L1 flashes briefly once per second.

Case of an error

If an error has occurred, the LED turns red and signals an error number.

The following table shows the meaning of the error numbers

Flash Error		
rate		
1	General	
2	Voltago	

Flash rate	Error
3	Temperature
4	Overcurrent
5	Controller
6	Watchdog-Reset

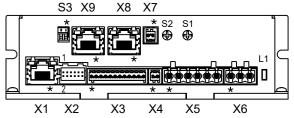


For each error that occurs, a more precise error code is stored in object 1003_h.

Note

Pin assignment

Pin 1 is marked with an asterisk "*".



Connector	Function	Pin assignment / description
X1	Ethernet	Configuration interface
X2	Encoder and Hall sensor 5 V / 24 V DC signal Max. 1 MHz Switching thresholds: 5 V (factory setting): On: >3.8 V; Off: <0.26 V 24 V: On: >14.42 V; Off: <4.16 V	 GND Vcc: +5 V (factory setting) /24 V DC output, switchable with object 2059h A B A\ B\ I I\ Hall 1 Hall 2 Hall 3 Shielding
X3	Inputs and outputs Switching thresholds for digital inputs 1 - 4: 5 V (factory setting): On: >3.8 V; Off: <0.26 V 24 V: On: >14.42 V; Off: <4.16 V Switching thresholds for digital inputs 5 - 6: On: >3.25 V; Off: <2 V	 GND Digital input 1; 5 V / 24 V Signal, switchable with object 3240h Digital input 2; 5 V / 24 V Signal, switchable with object 3240h Digital input 3: 5 V / 24 V, switchable with object 3240h, max. 1 MHz; direction input in clock/direction mode Digital input 4: 5 V / 24 V, switchable with object 3240h, max. 1 MHz; clock input in clock/direction mode Digital input 5; 524 V signal, not switchable Digital input 6; 524 V signal, not switchable Analog input 1: 10 Bit, 0-10 V oder 0-20 mA, switchable with object 3221h Analog input 1: 10 Bit, 0-10 V oder 0-20 mA, switchable with object 3221h Digital output 1: Open drain, max 24 V/500 mA Shielding
X4	Brake 24V Brakes have to be connected using an appropriate circuit if +UB>24 V!	Brake+: internally connected to +UB Brake -: PWM-controlled open-drain output, max 1.5 A

Connector	Function	Pin assignment / description
X5	Motor	 Shielding A (Stepper) U (BLDC) A\ (Stepper) V (BLDC) B (Stepper) W (BLDC) B\ (Stepper) Shielding
X6	Voltage supply Permissible operating voltage: See Electrical properties and technical data	1. Shielding 2. +UB 3. GND
X7	Supply for Encoder/ Hall sensor, external logic supply To be connected if 24V encoder is used or logic supply of the controller desired.	1. +UB Logic / Encoder: +24 V 2. GND
X8 X9	CANopen IN and external logic supply CANopen OUT and external logic supply	 CAN+ CAN- CAN GND internally connected to F 7) n.c. n.c. CAN Shield GND +UB Logic (24 V DC/approx. 60 mA, external logic supply for the communication)
S1 and S2	Two Hex coding switches for setting the <i>Node-ID</i> and baud rate: • \$2: 16 ¹ • \$3: 16 ⁰	Value of the switches Oh Object 1MBd 2009h 1-7Fh Value of the switches 80h Object Object 2009h 2005h 81h-FFh (Value Object of the switches)-128
S3	DIP switch for 120 Ω termination for CAN-Bus.	OFF : The CAN bus termination is off. ON : The CAN bus termination is on.

Note



- EMC: For a DC power supply line longer than 30 m or when using the motor on a DC bus, additional interference-suppression and protection measures are necessary.
- An EMI filter is to be inserted in the DC supply line as close as possible to the controller/motor.
- Long data or supply lines are to be routed through ferrites.

Commissioning

The Plug & Drive Studio software offers you an option for performing the configuration and adapting the controller to the connected motor. You can find further information in document Plug & Drive Studio: Quick Start Guide at us.nanotec.com.

Observe the following note:

Note

- EMC: Current-carrying cables particularly around supply and motor cables - produce electromagnetic alternating fields.
- These can interfere with the motor and other devices. Nanotec recommends the following measures:
- Use shielded cables and earth the cable shielding on both ends over a short distance.
- Use cables with cores in twisted pairs.
- · Keep power supply and motor cables as short as possible.
- · Earth motor housing with large contact area over a short
- Lay supply, motor and control cables physically separate from one another.

Configuration via Ethernet

Establishing connection with the controller

Setting the IP address

Each of the connected devices (controller and communication partners) in an Ethernet network or with a point-to-point Ethernet connection requires a unique IP address. This can either be obtained automatically (DHCP) or generated (Auto-IP) or assigned statically. In the following, "communication partner" refers to a PC or laptop.

You can integrate the controller in an existing Ethernet network. To do this, you only need to establish the physical connection with a standard Ethernet cable. Provided DHCP and UPnP are activated on the controller (factory setting), the controller is also automatically detected on the network and can immediately be operated via a PC located on the network.

Setting DHCP/Auto-IP

IP addresses can be obtained dynamically in a network from a DHCP server or, for example, in the case of a PC direct connection, can be automatically self-generated without DHCP by the two communication devices (e.g., PC and controller). DHCP and UPnP are preset in the controller at the factory for automatically obtaining an IP address from a DHPC server or for automatic IP address generation. To establish the connection to the controller, it may only be necessary to make a few settings on the communication partner (e.g., PC or laptop). Settings using the Windows 7 operating system as an example:

- 1. Press the Windows Start button and select Control Panel.
- 2. Select Network and Sharing Center.
- Select Change adapter settings.
- 4. A list of the available network adapters is displayed. Open the properties on the adapter to which the controller is connected (e.g., click with the right
- 5. Select Internet Protocol version 4 (TCP/IPv4) and press the Properties
- 6. Select the Obtain an IP address automatically option.
- 7. Confirm acceptance of the entries with the OK button.

For the communication partner to automatically detect the controller in the entire network or for a point-to-point connection (PC direct connection), network discovery must be switched on and the UPnP service must be started on the communication partner (e.g., PC or laptop). No further settings are necessary on the controller. Settings using the Windows 7 operating system as an example:

- 1. Switching on network discovery:
 - a. Press the Windows Start button and select Control Panel.
 - b. Select Network and Sharing Center
- c. Select Change advanced sharing settings.
- Open the Public section.
- Under Network discovery, select the Turn on network discovery option.
- 2. Activating the UPnP service:
 - a. Press the Windows Start button and then right-click on Computer and select Manage
 - Open the Services and Applications node and select Services.
 - Double-click the UPnP device host service to open
 - As Startup type, select Automatic and press the Start button.
 - Confirm acceptance of the entries with the OK button.

Establishing communication via CANopen

- 1. Connect the CANopen master to the controller via the CAN- and CAN+ cables. Check the connection of your CAN-GND and that the necessary 120 ohm termination resistor is present between CAN+ and CAN-.
- 2. Supply the controller with voltage.
- 3. Change the configuration values if necessary.

The controller is set per default to node-ID 1, baud rate 1 Mbaud.

4. To test the interface, send bytes 40 41 60 00 00 00 00 00 to the controller

Statusword (6041_h) was read; you receive this response: 4B 41 60 00 XX XX 00 00.

Setting the motor data

Prior to commissioning, the motor controller requires a number of values from the motor data sheet.

- Number of pole pairs: Object 2030_h:00_h (pole pair count) The number of motor pole pairs is to be entered here. With a stepper motor, the number of pole pairs is calculated using the step angle, e.g., 1.8° = 50 pole pairs, 0.9° = 100 pole pairs (see step angle in motor data sheet). With BLDC motors, the number of pole pairs is specified directly in the motor data sheet.
- Setting the motor current / motor type:
 - Stepper motor only: Object 2031h:00h: Rated current (bipolar) in mA (see motor data sheet)
 - Object 2031_h:00_h: Rated current (bipolar) in mA (see motor data sheet)
 - Object 3202h:00h (Motor Drive Submode Select): Defines motor type stepper motor, activates current reduction on motor standstill: 0000008h
 - Object 2037_h (Open Loop Current Reduction Value/factor): the root mean square is specified to which the rated current is to be reduced if current reduction is activated in Open Loop.
 - BLDC motor only:
 - Object 2031_h:00_h Peak current in mA (see motor data sheet)
 - Object 203B_h:01_h Rated current in mA (see motor data sheet)
 - Object 203Bh:02h Maximum duration of the peak current in ms (for initial commissioning, a value of 100 ms is recommended; this value is to be adapted later to the specific application).
 - Object 3202h:00h (Motor Drive Submode Select): Defines motor type BLDC: 00000041h
- Motor with encoder: Object 20592059h:00h (Encoder Configuration): Depending on the encoder version, one of the following values is to be entered (see motor data sheet):
 - Supply voltage 5V, differential: 00000000h
- Supply voltage 24V, differential: 00000001h
- Supply voltage 5V, single-ended: 00000002h
- Supply voltage 24V, single-ended: 00000003h
- Motor with brake: Object 3202_h:00_h (Motor Drive Submode Select): The brake control is activated for the initial commissioning. Depending on the specific application, this configuration can be deactivated later if necessary. One of the following values is to be entered depending on the motor type:
 - Stepper motor, brake control (and current reduction while at standstill) activated: 0000000Ch
- BLDC motor, brake control activated: 00000044h

Auto setup

To determine a number of parameters related to the motor and the connected sensors (encoders/Hall sensors), an auto setup is performed. Closed Loop operation requires a successfully completed auto setup.

Note

- Note the following prerequisites for performing the auto setup:
- The motor must be load-free.
- The motor must not be touched.
- The motor must be able to turn freely in any direction.
- No NanoJ programs may be running (object $2300_h:00_h$ bit 0 = "0", see 2300h NanoJ Control)





As long as the motor connected to the controller or the sensors for feedback (encoders/Hall sensors) are not changed, auto setup is only to be performed once during initial commissioning.

qiT

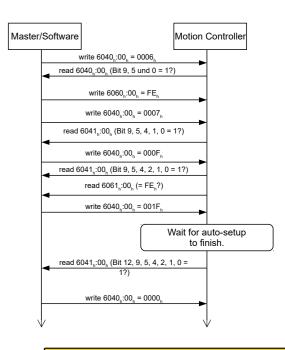
Execution

1. To preselect the auto setup operating mode, enter the value "-2" (="FEh") in object 6060h:00h. The power state machine must now switch to the Operation enabled state.

2. Start auto setup by setting bit 4 OMS in object 6040_h:00_h (controlword). While the auto setup is running, the following tests and measurements are performed in succession:

To determine the values, the direction of the measurement method is reversed and edge detection re-evaluated.

Value 1 in bit 12 \it{OMS} in object $\it{6041}_h:\it{00}_h$ (statusword) indicates that the auto setup was completely executed and ended. In addition, bit 10 TARG in object $6041_h:00_h$ can be used to query whether (= "1") or not (= "0") an encoder index was found.



CAUTION



- After executing auto setup mode, the internal coordinate system is no longer valid. Homing alone does not suffice! If the controller is not
- restarted, unexpected reactions may result. Restart the device after an auto setup!

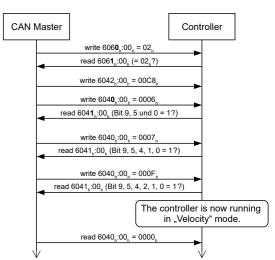
Test run

As an example, the Velocity operating mode is used.

The values are transferred from your CANopen master or to the controller. After every transfer, the *master* should use the status objects of the controller to ensure successful parameterization.

- 1. Select the Velocity mode by setting object 6060_h (Modes Of Operation) to the value "2".
- 2. Write the desired speed in 6042_h.
- 3. Switch the power state machine to the Operation enabled state.

The following sequence starts Velocity mode; the motor turns at 200 rpm.



4. To stop the motor, set controlword (6040_h) to "0"

