

# Technical Manual PD6-E

Fieldbus: CANopen

# For use with the following variants:

PD6-E891S95-E-65-2, PD6-E891M95-E-65-2, PD6-E891L95-E-65-2, PD6-EB80SD-E-65-2, PD6-EB80MD-E-65-2, PD6-EB80LD-E-65-2, PD6-EB80CD-E-65-2





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### 1 Introduction

The *PD6-E* is a brushless motor with integrated controller in protection class IP65. The integrated absolute encoder makes immediate operation possible in *closed-loop* mode without homing.

This manual describes the functions of the controller and the available operating modes. It also shows how you can address and program the controller via the communication interface.

### 1.1 Version information

Manual version	Date	Changes	Firmware version	Hardware version
1.0.0	09/2022	Edition	v2213	W003
1.1.0	11/2023	Correction: Input 1 is the clock input in clock-direction mode.	v2213	W003
1.1.1	04/2025	Notice for USB connection added.	v2213	W003

# 1.2 Copyright, marking and contact

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#### 1.3 Intended use

The *PD6-E* motor with integrated controller is used as a component of drive systems in a range of industrial applications.

Use the product as intended within the limits defined in the technical data (in particular, see <u>Permissible operating voltage</u>) and the approved <u>Environmental conditions</u>.

Under no circumstances may this Nanotec product be integrated as a safety component in a product or system. All products containing a component manufactured by Nanotec must, upon delivery to the end user, be provided with corresponding warning notices including instructions for safe use and safe operation. All warning notices provided by Nanotec must be passed on directly to the end user.



# 1.4 Warranty and disclaimer

Nanotec shall not be liable for damage and malfunctions attributable to installation errors, failure to observe this document or improper repair. The plant engineer, operating company and user shall be responsible for the selection, operation and use of our products. Nanotec shall not take responsibility for integration of the product in the end system. The general terms and conditions listed at www.nanotec.de shall apply. **Note:** Conversion/modification of the product is prohibited.

# 1.5 Target group and qualification

The product and this documentation are directed towards technically trained specialists staff such as:

- Development engineers
- Plant engineers
- Installers/service personnel
- Application engineers

Only specialists may install, program and commission the product. Specialist staff are persons who

- have appropriate training and experience in working with motors and their control,
- are familiar with and understand the content of this technical manual,
- know the applicable regulations.

# 1.6 EU directives for product safety

The following EU directives were observed:

- RoHS directive (2011/65/EU, 2015/863/EU)
- EMC directive (2014/30/EU)

# 1.7 Other applicable regulations

In addition to this technical manual, the following regulations are to be observed:

- Accident-prevention regulations
- Local regulations on occupational safety

#### 1.8 Used icons

All notices are in the same format. The degree of the hazard is divided into the following classes.



### **CAUTION!**

The CAUTION notice indicates a possibly dangerous situation.

Failure to observe the notice **may** result in moderately severe injuries.

▶ Describes how you can avoid the dangerous situation.



### **NOTICE**

Indicates a possible incorrect operation of the product.

Failure to observe the notice may result in damage to this or other products.

Describes how you can avoid the incorrect operation.



#### TIP

Shows a tip for the application or task.



### 1.9 Emphasis in the text

The following conventions are used in the document:

<u>Underlined</u> text indicates cross references and hyperlinks:

- The following bits in object 6041<sub>b</sub> (statusword) have a special function:
- A list of available system calls can be found in chapter NanoJ functions in the NanoJ program.

Text set in italics marks named objects:

- Read the installation manual.
- Use the Plug & Drive Studio software to perform the auto setup.
- For software: You can find the corresponding information in the *Operation* tab.
- For hardware: Use the *ON/OFF* switch to switch the device on.

A text set in Courier marks a code section or programming command:

- The line with the od write (0x6040, 0x00, 5); command has no effect.
- The NMT message is structured as follows: 000 | 81 2A

A text in "quotation marks" marks user input:

- Start the NanoJ program by writing object  $2300_h$ , bit 0 = "1".
- If a holding torque is already needed in this state, the value "1" must be written in 3212<sub>h</sub>:01<sub>h</sub>.

### 1.10 Numerical values

Numerical values are generally specified in decimal notation. The use of hexadecimal notation is indicated by a subscript *h* at the end of the number.

The objects in the object dictionary are written with index and subindex as follows: <Index>:<Subindex>

Both the index as well as the subindex are specified in hexadecimal notation. If no subindex is listed, the subindex is  $00_h$ .

Example: Subindex 5 of object  $1003_h$  is addressed with  $1003_h$ :  $05_h$ , subindex 00 of object  $6040_h$  with  $6040_h$ .

#### 1.11 Bits

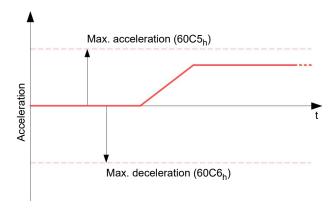
The numbering of individual bits in an object always begins with the LSB (bit number 0). See the following figure, which uses data type *UNSIGNED8* as an example.

# 1.12 Counting direction (arrows)

In figures, the counting direction is always in the direction of an arrow. Objects 60C5<sub>h</sub> and 60C6<sub>h</sub> depicted as examples in the following figure are both specified as positive.

### 1 Introduction







# 2 Safety and warning notices

#### **CAUTION!**

### Risk of overheating or fire if there is insufficient cooling!



If cooling is insufficient or if the ambient temperature is too high, there is a risk of overheating or fire.

- ▶ During use, make certain that the cooling and environmental conditions are ensured.
- ▶ With respect to the installation position of motor *PD6-EB...*, ensure that the cooling fins provide maximum heat dissipation.

#### **NOTICE**



Damage to the controller due to excitation voltage of the motor!

Voltage peaks during operation may damage the controller.

▶ Install suitable circuits (e.g., charging capacitor) that reduce voltage peaks.

#### **NOTICE**



Damage to the electronics through improper handling of ESD-sensitive components!

The device contains components that are sensitive to electrostatic discharge. Improper handling can damage the device.

▶ Observe the basic principles of ESD protection when handling the device.

#### **NOTICE**



Damage to the electronics if the supply voltage is connected with reversed polarity!

Polarity reversal results in a short-circuit between supply voltage and GND (earth) via the power diode.

- ▶ Observe the Pin assignment.
- ▶ Install a line protection device (fuse) in the supply line.



# 3 Technical details and pin assignment

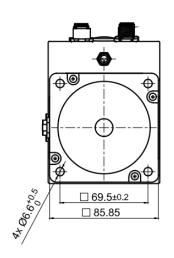
# 3.1 Environmental conditions

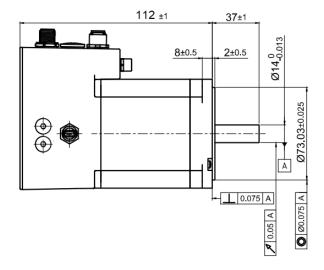
Environmental condition	Value
Protection class	IP65 (IP54 on the shaft output)
Ambient temperature (operation)	-10 +40°C
Ambient temperature (storage and transportation)	-25 +85°C
Rel. air humidity (operation), non-condensing	0 85%
Rel. air humidity (storage and transportation), non-condensing	0 85%
Abs. air humidity (storage and transportation), non-condensing	30 g/m <sup>3</sup>
Max. Altitude of site above sea level (without drop in performance in operation)	1500 m
Max. Altitude of site above sea level (storage and transportation)	3000 m

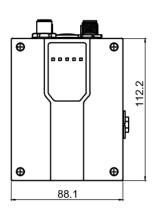
# 3.2 Dimensioned drawings

All dimensions are in millimeters.

### 3.2.1 PD6-E891S95-...-2

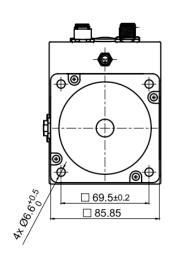


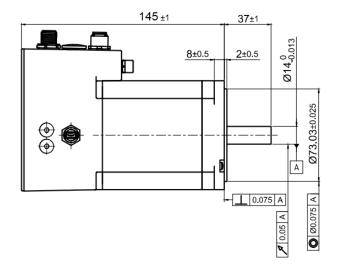


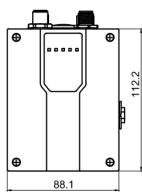




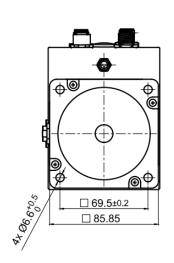
### 3.2.2 PD6-E891M95-...-2

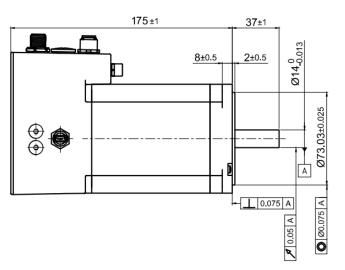


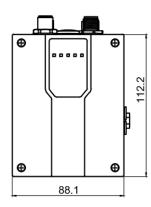




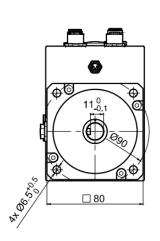
### 3.2.3 PD6-E891L95-...-2

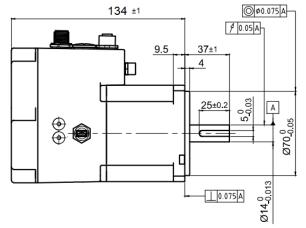


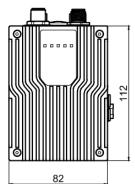




### 3.2.4 PD6-EB80SD-...-2

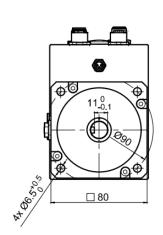


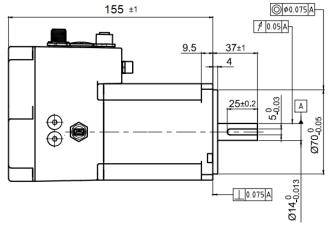


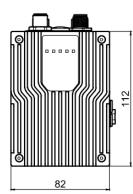




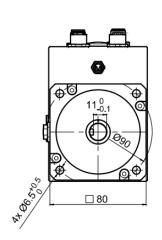
### 3.2.5 PD6-EB80MD-...-2

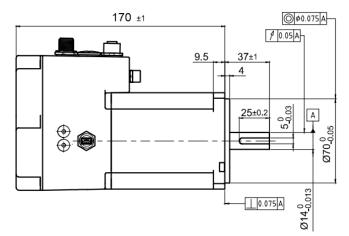


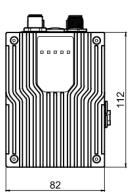




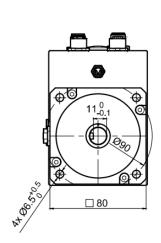
### 3.2.6 PD6-EB80LD-...-2

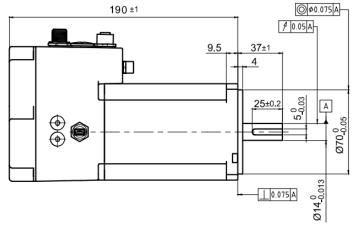


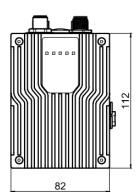




### 3.2.7 PD6-EB80CD-...-2







Version: 1.1.1 / FIR-v2213

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### 3.3 Electrical properties and technical data

### 3.3.1 Electrical data

Operating voltage (rated 48 V DC

value)

Permissible range of the 12...57.6 V DC

operating voltage

Logic voltage (rated

value)

24 V DC

Voltage range of the

12...30 V DC

logic supply Rated current

■ PD6-E891S95-...: 9.5 A rms PD6-E8918M95-...: 9.5 A rms ■ PD6-E8918L95-...: 9.5 A rms ■ PD6-EB80SD -...: 6.9 A rms ■ PD6-EB80MD -...: 14 A rms PD6-EB80LD -...: 18.75 A rms PD6-EB80CD-...: 25 A rms

s)

Peak current (for max. 5 PD6-E8918S95-...: 12.5 A rms ■ PD6-E8918M95-...: 12.5 A rms ■ PD6-E8918L95-...: 12.5 A rms PD6-EB80SD-...: 20 A rms PD6-EB80MD-...: 40 A rms ■ PD6-EB80LD-...: 65 A rms

PD6-EB80CD-...: 75 A rms

### 3.3.2 Technical data

Operating modes Profile Position Mode, Profile Velocity Mode, Profile Torque Mode, Velocity Mode, Homing Mode, Interpolated Position Mode, Cyclic Sync Position Mode, Cyclic Sync Velocity Mode, Cyclic Synchronous Torque Mode, Clock-Direction Mode Set value setting / CANopen, analog input, NanoJ program programming Inputs 6 digital inputs (+5 V/+24 V DC), individually switchable by means of software, factory settings: 5 V 1 analog input 0...10 V or 0...20 mA (switchable by means of software) Outputs 2 digital outputs, Open Drain, max. 100 mA 1 brake output for external holding brake Integrated encoder Magnetic, single-turn absolute encoder, 1024 pulses/revolution (4096 after quadrature) Protection circuit Overvoltage and undervoltage protection, internal ballast circuit Overtemperature protection (> 75 °C on the power board, corresponds to approx. 65 - 72 °C outside on the cover)



Polarity reversal protection: In the event of a polarity reversal, a short-circuit will occur between supply voltage and GND over a power diode; a line protection device (fuse) is therefore necessary in the supply line. The values of the fuse are dependent on the application and must be dimensioned

- greater than the maximum current consumption of the controller,
- less than the maximum current of the voltage supply.

If the fuse value is very close to the maximum current consumption of the controller, a medium / slow tripping characteristics should be used.

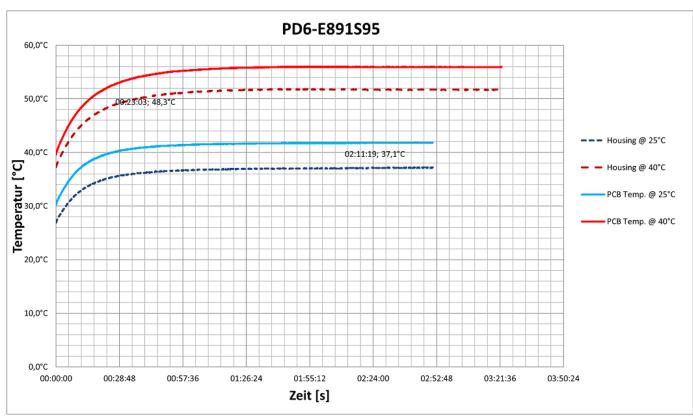
### 3.4 Overtemperature protection

Above a temperature of approx. 75°C on the power board (corresponds to 65–72°C outside on the back cover), the power part of the controller switches off and the error bit is set (see objects  $\underline{1001}_h$  and  $\underline{1003}_h$ ). After cooling down and confirming the error (see <u>table for the controlword</u>, "Fault reset"), the controller again functions normally.

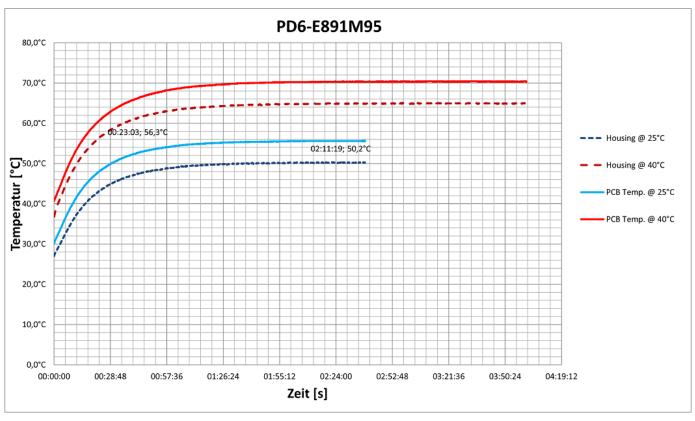
Temperature tests are performed under the following conditions:

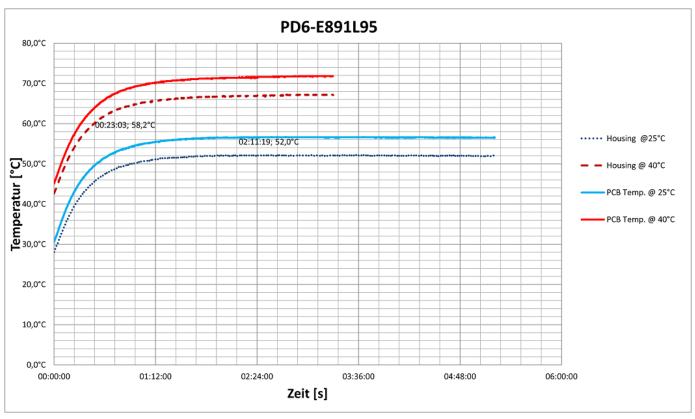
- Operating voltage / logic voltage: 48/24 V DC
- Motor current: Rated current (see <u>Electrical properties and technical data</u>)
- Operation mode: *open-loop*, velocity mode 100 rpm
- Ambient temperature: 25 °C / 40 °C
- Altitude of site: 500 m above sea level
- No external cooling in the climatic chamber, e. g., via fan
- Motor flange-mounted to aluminum plate (30 cm x 30 cm x 2 cm)

The following graphics show the results of the temperature tests:

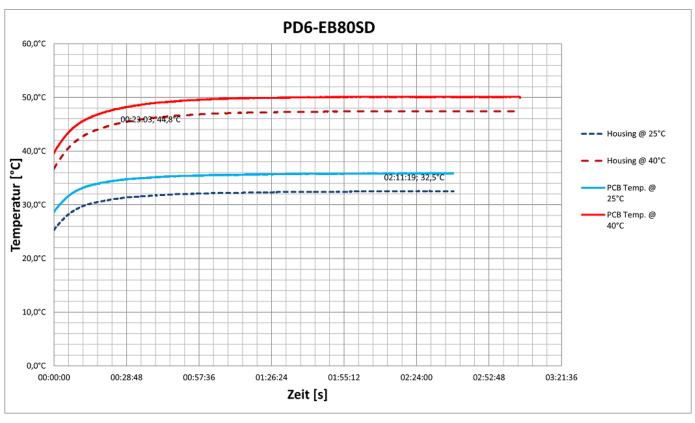


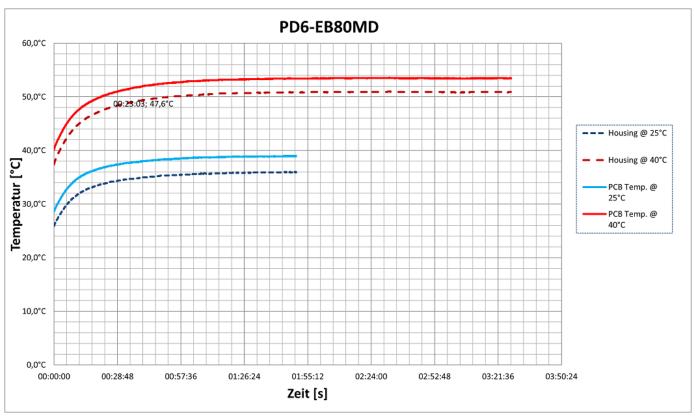




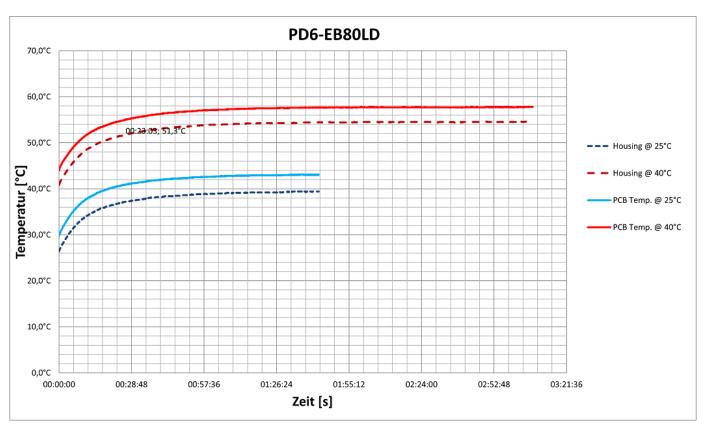


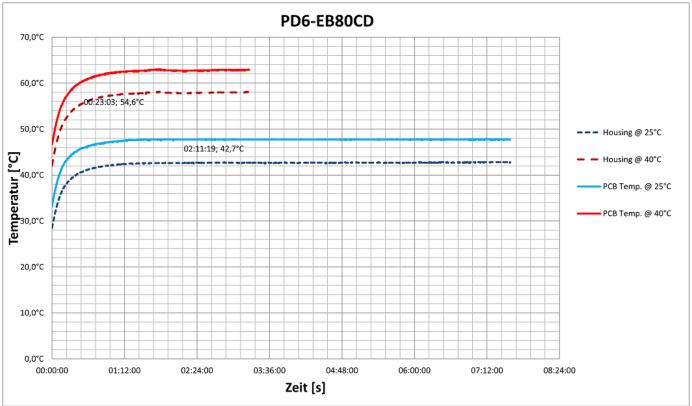












At both 25 °C as well as at 40 °C, the motor was in operation for more than 3 hours without being switched off. The temperature reached its maximum after approx. 30 min. and then remained stable.





Aside from the motor, the exact temperature behavior is also dependent on the flange connection and the heat transfer there as well as on the convection in the application. For this reason, we recommend always performing an endurance test in the actual environment for applications in which current level and ambient temperature pose a problem.

# 3.5 LED signaling

### 3.5.1 Power LED

The power LED indicates the current status.



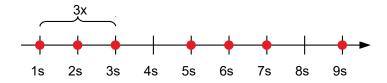
### 3.5.1.1 Normal operation

In normal operation, the green power LED flashes briefly once per second.



### 3.5.1.2 Case of an error

If an error has occurred, the LED turns red and signals an error number. In the following figure, the error number 3 is signaled.



The following table shows the meaning of the error numbers.

Flash rate	Error
1	General
2	Voltage
3	Temperature
4	Overcurrent
5	Controller
6	Watchdog-Reset





For each error that occurs, a more precise error code is stored in object 1003<sub>h</sub>.



TIP

You can switch off the power LEDs with 3250h:09h.

# 3.6 Pin assignment

### 3.6.1 Overview

Connector / operating element	Function
X1	Voltage supply
X2	Inputs/outputs and logic supply
X3	CANopen IN and logic supply
X4	CANopen OUT and logic supply
X5	Connection for external holding brake
X6	Mini-USB
S1	Hex coding switch for node-ID and baud rate
S2	120 ohm termination resistor (switch set to ON)

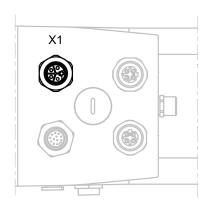


### **NOTICE**

All pins with designation *GND* are internally connected.

### 3.6.2 X1 — voltage supply

Connection for the main supply (power). Connector type: M12, 4-pin, L-coded, male Suitable Nanotec cable: ZK-M12-4-...-LFF (not included in the scope of delivery)





25



#### **NOTICE**

The integrated control is supplied by the logic supply (on X2/X3/X4), the connection of which is necessary for communication and for operation.

### 3.6.2.1 Voltage source

The operating or supply voltage supplies a battery, a transformer with rectification and filtering, or a switching power supply.

#### **NOTICE**



EMC: For a DC power supply line longer than 30 m or when using the motor on a DC bus, additional interference-suppression and protection measures are necessary.

- ► An EMI filter is to be inserted in the DC supply line as close as possible to the controller/motor.
- ▶ Long data or supply lines are to be routed through ferrites.

### 3.6.2.2 Pin assignment



#### **NOTICE**

To avoid overloading the connector, always connect both pins to the supply voltage and the ground respectively.

Pin	Function	Note
1	+UB	1257.6 V DC
		red (when using cable ZK-M12-4LFF)
2	+UB	40 F7 CV DC
		1257.6 V DC
		red/white (when using cable ZK-M12-4LFF)
3	GND	black (when using cable ZK-M12-4LFF)
4	GND	black/white (when using cable ZK-M12-4LFF)

# **NOTICE**



Damage to the electronics if the supply voltage is connected with reversed polarity!

Polarity reversal results in a short-circuit between supply voltage and GND (earth) via the power diode.

- ▶ Observe the pin assignment.
- ▶ Install a line protection device (fuse) in the supply line.

### 3.6.2.3 Permissible operating voltage

The maximum operating voltage is 57.6 V DC. If the input voltage of the controller exceeds the threshold value set in  $\underline{2034}_h$ , the motor is switched off and an error triggered. Above the response threshold set in  $\underline{4021}_h$ :02<sub>h</sub>, the integrated ballast circuit is activated (wirewound resistor CRS500JT-73-15RAA from VITROHM with 5 W continuous output).

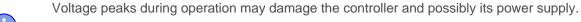


The minimum operating voltage is 12 V DC. If the input voltage of the controller falls below 10 V, the motor is switched off and an error triggered.

A charging capacitor of at least 4700  $\mu$ F / 50 V (approx. 1000  $\mu$ F per ampere rated current) must be connected to the supply voltage to avoid exceeding the permissible operating voltage (e. g., during braking).

### **NOTICE**

# Damage to the controller and/or its power supply due to excitation voltage of the motor!



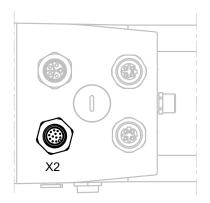


- ▶ Install suitable circuits (e.g., charging capacitor) that reduce voltage peaks.
- ▶ With BLDC motors (PD6-EB...): Select a voltage source that corresponds to the rated voltage of the respective motor as specified in the motor data sheet.
- ▶ Use a power supply with protection circuit to protect against overvoltage.

### 3.6.3 X2 — Inputs/outputs and external logic supply

Connection for the digital and analog inputs/outputs and the logic supply. Connector type: M12, 12-pin, A-coded, male

Suitable Nanotec cable: ZK-M12-12-2M-1-AFF (not included in the scope of delivery)



Pin	Function	Note
1	GND	
2	Digital input 1	5 V / 24 V level, switchable by means of software with object $\underline{3240}_{\text{h}},$ max. 1 MHz
3	Digital input 2	5 V / 24 V level, switchable by means of software with object $\underline{3240}_{h},$ max. 1 MHz
4	Digital input 3	5 V / 24 V level, switchable by means of software with object $\underline{3240}_{h},$ max. 1 MHz
5	Digital input 4	5 V / 24 V level, switchable by means of software with object $\underline{3240}_{h},$ max. 1 MHz
6	Digital input 5	5 V / 24 V level, switchable by means of software with object $\underline{3240}_{h},$ max. 1 MHz
7	Digital input 6	5 V / 24 V level, switchable by means of software with object $\underline{3240}_{h},$ max. 1 MHz
8	Analog input	10 bit, 0 V+10 V or 020 mA, switchable by means of software with object 3221 <sub>h</sub>
9	Digital output 1	Digital output, open drain, max. 30 V / 100 mA



Pin	Function	Note	
10	Digital output 2	Digital output, open drain, max. 30 V / 100 mA	
11	Voltage output	+5 V±5%, max. 250 mA, short-circuit proof	
12	+UB Logic	+24 V DC (1230 V), input voltage for the logic supply	



There is a cross connection between pin 2 of X3/X4 and pin 12 of X2.

▶ Never use different voltage sources for supplying the *UB Logic* via connections X3/X4 and X2.





The logic supply powers the electronics, the encoder and the communication interface.

The windings of the motor are not supplied by the logic supply.

The following switching thresholds apply for inputs 1 to 6:

Max. Voltage		Switching thresholds	
	Switching on	Switching off	
5 V	> 4.09 V	< 0.95 V	
24 V	> 14.74 V	< 3.78 V	

#### **Alternative function**

In  $\underline{4015}_h$ , you can activate the alternative function of the digital inputs, which is used for the *special drive modes*. See chapter  $\underline{\text{Special drive modes}}$  (clock-direction and analog speed).

If you set  $3240_h:07_h$  to the value "1", three differential inputs are available instead of six single-ended inputs.

The following table shows all possible combinations:

Pin	Basic function		Alternative function	
	Single-ended	Differential	Single-ended	Differential
2	Input 1 / Clock Input im Clock-Direction - Modus	- Input 1 / -Clock Input im Clock-Direction - Modus	Clock	-Clock
3	Input 2/ Direction Input in Clock-Direction - Mode	+ Input 1 / +Clock Input in Clock- Direction -Mode	Direction	Clock
4	Input 3	-Input 2/- Direction Input in Clock- Direction .Mode	Release	-Direction
5	Input 4	+ Input 2/ + Direction Input in Clock- Direction -Mode	Digitaler Input 4	Direction
6	Input 5	- Input 3	Digitaler Input 5	-Release
7	Input 6	+Input 3	Digitaler Input 6	Release



### Connecting an external encoder

You can connect an external encoder to the pins of the digital inputs, which you can assign to a control loop. See chapter <u>Configuring the sensors</u> and <u>Assignment of the feedbacks to the control loops</u>.



### **NOTICE**

The pins occupied by the encoder signals can no longer be used as clock/direction input.

Incremental encoders are supported with or without index, single-ended or differential:

Pin	Differential	Single-ended
1	GND	GND
2	Α\	A
3	Α	В
4	B\	I
5	В	
6	1\	
7	I	

### **NOTICE**

You can connect 5 V encoders to the voltage output on pin 11 provided the required current does not exceed 250 mA.

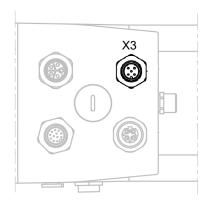


For 24 V encoders, you must:

- provide an external supply voltage
- and set the corresponding bits in 3240<sub>h</sub>:06<sub>h</sub> to the value "1" to switch the level to 24 V.

### 3.6.4 X3 – CANopen IN and logic supply

Connection for CANopen and the logic supply. Connector type: M12, 5-pin, A-coded, male Suitable Nanotec cable: ZK-M12-5-2M-1-AFF (not included in the scope of delivery)



Pin	Function	Note

1 CAN\_SHLD

Connection for the shielding



Pin	Function	Note	
2	+UB Logic	+24 V DC, input voltage for the logic supply connected to pin 2 of X4	
3	GND	Internally connected to all GND pins	
4	CAN+	CAN-High	
5	CAN-	CAN-Low	

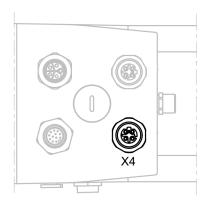


There is a cross connection between pin 2 of X3/X4 and pin 12 of X2.

▶ Never use different voltage sources for supplying the *UB Logic* via connections X3/X4 and X2.

# 3.6.5 X4 - CANopen OUT and logic supply

Connection for CANopen and the logic supply. Connector type: M12, 5-pin, A-coded, female Suitable Nanotec cable: ZK-M12-5-2M-1-A-S-M (not included in the scope of delivery)



Pin	Function	Note	
1	CAN_SHLD	Connection for the shielding	
2	+UB Logic	+24 V DC, input voltage for the logic supply, connected to pin 2 of X3	
3	GND	Internally connected to all GND pins	
4	CAN+	CAN-High	
5	CAN-	CAN-Low	

### **NOTICE**



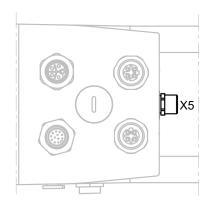
There is a cross connection between pin 2 of X3/X4 and pin 12 of X2.

▶ Never use different voltage sources for supplying the *UB Logic* via connections X3/X4 and X2.

### 3.6.6 X5 – external holding brake

Connection for an optional external holding brake. Connector type: M8, 3-pin, A-coded, female



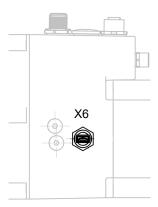


Pin	Function	Note
1	Brake	Internally connected to +UB
2	Brake GND PWM-controlled open-drain output, max. 1.5 A	
4	n.c.	Not connected

You can find further details on controlling the holding brake in chapter <u>Automatic brake control</u>.

### 3.6.7 X6 — Mini USB

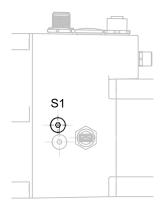
Mini USB port.



# 3.6.8 S1 switch – Hex coding switch for node-ID and baud rate

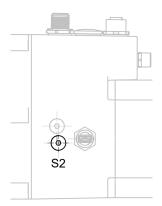
Rotary switch S1 can be used to set the source for the node-ID and the baud rate. See chapter <u>Setting node-ID and baud rate</u>.





# 3.6.9 S2 switch - 120 ohm termination resistor

Switch S2 switches the termination of 120 ohm between CAN\_H and CAN\_L of the CAN bus on (DIP switch set to "ON", left) or off.





# 4 Commissioning

Described in this chapter is how you establish communication with the controller and set the necessary parameters to make the motor ready for operation.

The *Plug & Drive Studio* software offers you an option for performing the configuration and adapting the motor parameters to your application. You can find further information in document *Plug & Drive Studio 3: User Manual* at nanotec.com.

The controller also offers you the possibility to switch *special drive modes* on/off via object  $\underline{4015}_h$ . You can thereby control the motor directly via the inputs (analog input/clock-direction). See chapter  $\underline{\text{Special drive}}_{\text{modes}}$  (clock-direction and analog speed) for details.

Observe the following notes:

#### **CAUTION!**



### Moving parts can cause hand injuries!

If you touch moving parts during running operation, hand injuries may result.

▶ Do not reach for moving parts during operation. After switching off, wait until all movements have ended.

#### **CAUTION!**



In free-standing operation, motor movements are uncontrolled and can cause injuries.

If the motor is unsecured, it can, e. g., fall down. Foot injuries or damage to the motor could

▶ If you operate the motor free-standing, observe the motor, switch it off immediately in the event of danger and make certain that the motor cannot fall down.

### **CAUTION!**



Moving parts can catch hair and loose clothing.

During running operation, moving parts can catch hair or loose clothing, which may lead to injuries.

▶ If you have long hair, wear a hairnet or take other suitable protective measures when near moving parts. Do not work with loose clothing or ties near moving parts.

#### **NOTICE**

EMC: Current-carrying cables – particularly around supply cables – produce electromagnetic alternating fields. These can interfere with the motor and other devices.

Suitable measures may be:



- ▶ Use shielded cables and earth the cable shielding on both ends over a short distance.
- ► Keep power supply cables as short as possible.
- Use cables with cores in twisted pairs.
- ► Earth motor housing with large contact area over a short distance.
- Lay supply and control cables separately.



### Malfunction of the motor and other devices through electromagnetic alternating fields!

EMC: Current-carrying cables – particularly around supply and motor cables – produce electromagnetic alternating fields. These can interfere with the motor and other devices.



- ▶ Use shielded cables and earth the cable shielding on both ends over a short distance.
- ► Use cables with cores in twisted pairs.
- ► Keep power supply and motor cables as short as possible.
- ► Earth motor housing with large contact area over a short distance.
- ► Lay supply, motor and control cables physically separate from one another.

### 4.1 Configuration via USB

#### 4.1.1 General

The following options are available for configuring the controller:

#### Configuration file

This file can be saved to the controller via the USB connection. For further information, read chapters <u>USB connection</u> and <u>Configuration file</u>.

#### NanoJ program

This program can be programmed, compiled and then transferred to the controller with *NanoJ* via USB. For further information, read chapters <u>NanoJ program</u> and <u>Programming with NanoJ</u>.

After connecting to a voltage supply, the controller reads out the configuration in the following order:

- 1. The configuration file is read out and processed.
- **2.** The hex coding switch for selecting the *special drive modes* is read out and used as configuration. See chapter Special drive modes (clock-direction and analog speed).
- 3. The NanoJ program is started.

### 4.1.2 USB connection

#### NOTICE

Damage of the product and/or external hardware due to potential differences on the USB.



- Connect the USB bevor you switch on the voltage supply.
- ▶ If possible, balance any potential differences between PC and the product or use a USB isolator.
- ► Connect USB to a laptop only when using battery power or use a USB isolator.
- ► Connect the USB cable first to the product and then to the PC.

If the controller is connected to a PC via a USB cable, the controller behaves like a removable storage device. No further drivers are required.

Three files are displayed: the configuration file (cfg.txt), the NanoJ program (vmmcode.usr) and the information file (info.txt), where the serial numbers and firmware version of the product can be found.

You can thereby store the configuration file or the *NanoJ program* on the controller. The voltage supply of the controller must also be connected during USB operation.



- Only use a standard Mini USB cable. Never use a USB cable that manufacturers of mobile phones include with their products. These USB cables could have a different plug shape or pin assignment.
- Do not save any files on the controller other than those listed below:



- 1. cfq.txt
- 2. vmmcode.usr
- 3. info.bin
- 4. reset.txt

Any other file is deleted when the voltage supply of the controller is switched on!

### TIP

Because it is often necessary during commissioning to copy the same file to the controller following an update, it is recommended that a script file be used to perform this task.

Under Windows, you can create a text file with file extension bat and the following content:



```
copy <SOURCE> <TARGET>
```

Under Linux, you can create a script with file extension sh and the following content:

```
#!/bin/bash
cp <SOURCE> <TARGET>
```

# 4.1.3 Configuration file

### **4.1.3.1 General**

The cfg.txt configuration file is used to preset values for the object dictionary to a certain value during startup. This file uses a special syntax to make accessing the objects of the object dictionary as easy as possible. The controller evaluates all assignments in the file from top to bottom.



### **NOTICE**

If you delete the configuration file, the controller recreates the file (without content) on the next restart.

### 4.1.3.2 Reading and writing the file

How to access the file:

- 1. Connect and switch on the voltage supply.
- 2. Connect the controller to your PC using the USB cable.
- 3. After the PC has detected the device as a removable storage device, navigate in the Explorer to the directory of the controller. File cfg.txt is stored there.
- **4.** Open this file with a simple text editor, such as Notepad or Vi. Do not use any programs that use markup (LibreOffice or similar).

After you have made changes to the file, proceed as follows to apply the changes through a restart:

- 1. Save the file if you have not yet already done so. The motor stops.
- 2. Disconnect the USB cable from the controller.
- 3. Disconnect the voltage supply from the controller for approx. 1 second until the power LEDs stop flashing.



**4.** Reconnect the voltage supply. When the controller is now restarted, the values in the configuration file are read out and applied.



#### TIP

To restart the controller, you can also copy an empty reset.txt file to the controller. This restarts the controller. The reset.txt file is deleted on the next restart.

### 4.1.3.3 Structure of the configuration file

#### **Comments**

Lines that begin with a semicolon are ignored by the controller.

### **Example**

; This is a comment line

### **Assignments**



### **NOTICE**

Before setting a value, determine its data type (see chapter <u>Description of the object dictionary</u>)! The controller does not validate entries for logical errors!

Values in the object dictionary can be set with the following syntax:

<Index>:<Subindex>=<Value>

#### <Index>

This value corresponds to the index of the object and is interpreted as a hexadecimal number. The value must always be specified with four digits.

#### <Subindex>

This value corresponds to the subindex of the object and is interpreted as a hexadecimal number. The value must always be specified with two digits and can be omitted if the subindex is  $00_h$ .

#### <Value>

The value that is to be written in the object is interpreted as a hexadecimal number. Hexadecimal numbers are to be prefixed with "0x".

You can also set individual bits:

#### Set bit

3202:00.01=1

### Reset bit

3202:00.01=0



#### **Bitwise OR**

 $3202:00 \mid =0 \times 01$ 

#### **Bitwise AND**

3202:00&=0x01

### **Example**

Set object 203B<sub>h</sub>:01 (rated current) to the value "600" (mA):

203B:01=600

Set object 3202<sub>h</sub>:00 to the value "1" (activate *closed-loop* mode):

3202:00=1

or only set bit 0

3202:00.00=1

### **NOTICE**

■ There must be no blank characters to the left and right of the equal sign. The following assignments are not correct:

6040:00 = 5 6040:00 = 56040:00 = 5



■ The number of places must not be changed. The index must be four characters long and the subindex two characters long. The following assignments are not correct:

6040:0=6 6040=6

Blank spaces at the start of the line are not permitted.

### 4.1.4 NanoJ program

A *NanoJ program* can be executed on the controller. To load and start a program on the controller, proceed as follows:

- 1. Write and compile your program as described in chapter Programming with NanoJ.
- 2. Connect the voltage supply to the controller and switch on the voltage supply.
- 3. Connect the controller to your PC using the USB cable.
- **4.** After the PC has detected the device as a removable storage device, open an Explorer window and delete file vmmcode.usr on the controller.
- 5. Navigate in the Explorer to the directory with your program. The compiled file has the same name as the source code file, only with file extension .usr. Rename this file vmmcode.usr.
- **6.** Copy file vmmcode.usr to the controller.

  To start the *NanoJ program* the next time the controller is restarted, add the following line to the configuration file:

2300:00=1



- 7. Disconnect the voltage supply from the controller for approx. 1 second until the power LEDs stop flashing.
- **8.** Reconnect the voltage supply. When the controller now starts, the new *NanoJ program* is read in and started.



#### **TIP**

To restart the controller, you can also copy an empty reset.txt file to the controller. This restarts the controller. The reset.txt file is deleted on the next restart.

#### **NOTICE**



- The NanoJ program on the controller must have file name vmmcode.usr.
- If the *NanoJ program* was deleted, an empty file named vmmcode.usr is created the next time the controller is started.

#### **TIP**

It is possible to automate the deletion of the old *NanoJ program* and the copying of the new one with a script file:

■ Under Windows, you can create a file with file extension bat and the following content:

```
copy <SOURCE_PATH>\<OUTPUT>.usr <TARGET>:\vmmcode.usr
```



# For example:

copy c:\test\main.usr n:\vmmcode.usr

Under Linux, you can create a script with file extension sh and the following content:

```
#!/bin/bash
cp <SOURCE_PATH>/<OUTPUT>.usr <TARGET_PATH>/vmmcode.usr
```

You can protect your *NanoJ program* from being read out/copied by activating the *hidden* attribute of the FAT file system.

# 4.2 Communication settings

## 4.2.1 CANopen

Described in the following chapters is how you can change the communication settings.

The controller is configured per default for node-ID 1 and a baud rate of 1 Mbaud.

# 4.2.1.1 Setting node-ID and baud rate

Node-ID and baud rate are dependent on the position of the S1 *rotary switch* and, if applicable, on objects 2005h CANopen Baudrate, 2006h CANopen WheelConfig and 2009h CANopen NodelD.

#### Rotary switch

The *PD6-E* is equipped with one <u>hex coding switch</u> – similar to that shown in the following figure -. This can be used to set the source for the node-ID and the baud rate.





#### General

- If the rotary switch is set to the value "1", the node-ID is set to "1" and the baud rate is permanently set to 1000 kBd. In the event of problems with the configuration, communication can thereby always be established with the controller and any errors reversed.
- The changes in objects 2005<sub>h</sub> and 2009<sub>h</sub> must be stored by writing value "65766173<sub>h</sub>" in object 1010<sub>h</sub>:0A<sub>h</sub>.
- The changes are not accepted until either
  - the voltage supply is briefly disconnected or
  - □ the CANopen message "RESET COMM" (NMT) is sent to the motor.
- The load sequence for objects 2005<sub>h</sub> and 2009<sub>h</sub> is as follows (each successive value overwrites the previous):
  - 1. The default value is loaded.
  - 2. A stored value if present is loaded.
  - 3. The configuration file is used if the controller has one.
  - 4. The settings of the rotary switch(es) are taken over.

#### Node-ID and baud rate

The following table shows a summary of the adjustment options available with the rotary switch.

Value of the rotary switch	Node-ID	Baud rate
O <sub>h</sub>	Object 2009 <sub>h</sub>	1 MBd fixed
1 <sub>h</sub> -7 <sub>h</sub>	Value of the rotary switch	1 MBd fixed
8 <sub>h</sub>	Object 2009 <sub>h</sub>	Object 2005 <sub>h</sub>
9 <sub>h</sub> -F <sub>h</sub>	(Number of the rotary switch)-8	Object 2005 <sub>h</sub>

The value of object  $2005_h$  can be found in the following table.

	Value		Baud rate in kBd	
	dec	hex		
120	78	100		
129	81	10		
130	82	20		
131	83	50		
132	84	125		
133	85	250		
134	86	500		
135	87	1000		

# Using with node-ID offset

To activate this function, object  $\underline{2006}_h$ :01 must be set to the value "1". In this case, the following functions apply:

■ If the number "0" is set with the rotary switch, the node-ID is read from object 2009 (default = 127), baud rate = 1 MBd.



■ If a number between "1" and "F<sub>h</sub>" is set, this number is added to <u>2006</u><sub>h</sub>:02. The baud rate corresponds to the setting in object <u>2005</u>.

## Setting using LSS

The Layer Setting Services offers you the option to dynamically assign the node-ID and/or the baud rate via the CANopen bus. See chapter LSS protocol.

To do this, the <u>rotary switch</u> must be set to the position at which the node-ID and baud rate are read from the respective objects.

# 4.3 Establishing communication

#### 4.3.1

Before starting commissioning, we recommend reading chapters Pin assignment and CANopen configuration.

- 1. Connect the CANopen master to the controller via the CAN\_L, CAN\_H cables. Check the connection of your CAN-GND and that the necessary <u>termination resistor</u> is present between CAN\_H and CAN\_L.
- 2. Supply the controller with voltage (+UB Logic).
- **3.** Change the configuration values if necessary, see configuration <u>CANopen</u>. The controller is set per default to node-ID 1, baud rate 1 Mbaud.
- **4.** To test the interface, send bytes 40 41 60 00 00 00 00 00 to the controller. Statusword (6041<sub>h</sub>) was read; you receive this response: 4B 41 60 00 XX XX 00 00.

# 4.4 Configuring the sensors

The parameters (configuration, alignment, etc.) of each feedback are determined by <u>Auto setup</u> and stored in the following objects:

Object	Feedback	Description
3380 <sub>h</sub>	Sensorless	Contains measurement and configuration values for sensorless control
33A0 <sub>h</sub>	Incremental encoder 1	contains configuration values for the first (internal) incremental encoder
33A1 <sub>h</sub>	Incremental encoder 2	contains configuration values for the second (external) incremental encoder

#### **NOTICE**



It is not possible to determine the resolution of encoders without index or with more than one index per motor revolution.

In this case, you must enter and store the parameters in the corresponding objects (see  $\underline{3204}_h$ ,  $\underline{60E6}_h$  and  $\underline{60EB}_h$ ) (category *Tuning*, see <u>Saving objects</u>).

For external sensors that are not mounted directly on the motor shaft, you must set and store the gear ratio according to the constructive features (objects  $\underline{60E8}_h$  and  $\underline{60ED}_h$ ) and/or the feed constant (objects  $\underline{60E9}_h$  and  $\underline{60EE}_h$ ) (category *Application*).

#### Example



An encoder with a resolution of 2000 increments/mm was connected that is to be used in the field directly at the process for a high-precision position measurement. The constructive design was realized as follows:

Motor	Gearbox	Process	Encoder
Rotary	Rotary   Rotary	Rotary   Translational	Translational
1	i=4	Diameter 40 mm   125.6637 mm/ revolution	2000 incr./mm (62831.85 incr. per motor revolution)

You must set the resolution, gear ratio and feed constant as follows:

Object	Value
60E6h Additional Position Encoder Resolution - Encoder Increments	1256637
60EBh Additional Position Encoder Resolution - Motor Revolutions	20
60E8h Additional Gear Ratio - Motor Shaft Revolutions	4
60EDh Additional Gear Ratio - Driving Shaft Revolutions	1
60E9h Additional Feed Constant - Feed	2513274 incr. (corresponds to 1256.637 mm)
60EEh Additional Feed Constant - Driving Shaft Revolutions	10

You must still set the unit for the position to millimeters or other unit of length, see chapter <u>User-defined units</u>.

In object  $3203_h$  you can set which of the present feedbacks the controller takes into account for each controller (current controller/commutation, velocity controller, position controller) in *closed-loop* or the determination of the actual position and actual speed in *open-loop*. See also chapter <u>Closed-Loop</u> and <u>Assignment of the feedbacks to the control loops</u>.

#### **NOTICE**



The value "0" in a subindex of the object <u>60E6</u><sub>h</sub> means that the respective feedback is not connected and is not used. Thus, it is possible, for Example, to switch off the sensorless function to save computing time. This can be helpful if a *NanoJ* program needs the computing time.

If a value is not equal to "0" in a subindex, the controller checks the corresponding sensor when switching on. In case of an error (signal not present, invalid configuration/state), the error bit is set in the statusword and an error code stored in object 1003h.

# 4.5 Auto setup

To determine a number of parameters related to the motor and the connected sensors (encoders/Hall sensors), you must perform an auto setup.





#### TIP

As long as the motor connected to the controller or the sensors for feedback (encoders/Hall sensors) are not changed, auto setup is only to be performed once during initial commissioning.

#### **NOTICE**

Note the following prerequisites for performing the auto setup:



- ▶ The motor must be load-free.
- ▶ The motor must not be touched.
- ▶ The motor must be able to turn freely in any direction.
- ▶ No NanoJ programs may be running (object 2300<sub>h</sub>:00<sub>h</sub> bit 0 = "0", see 2300h NanoJ Control).



# TIP

Execution of the auto setup requires a relatively large amount of processor computing power. During the auto setup, this may result in fieldbuses not being operated in a timely manner.



#### **NOTICE**

With the Plug & Drive motors, it is not necessary to perform an auto setup, as this was already performed at the factory. An exception occurs if an external encoder is connected to X2.

# 4.5.1 Parameter determination

Auto setup determines various parameters of the connected motor and of the present sensors by means of multiple test runs and measurement runs. To a certain extent, the type and number of parameters are dependent on the respective motor configuration.

Parameter	All motors independent of the configuration
Motor type (stepper motor or BLDC motor)	✓
Winding resistance	✓
Winding inductance	✓
Interlinking flux	✓



#### **NOTICE**

It is not possible to determine the interlinking flux on motors whose windings have widely differing inductances. These motors are, therefore, not suitable for sensorless *closed-loop* operation.

Parameter	Motor without encoder	Motor with encoder and index	Motor with encoder without index
Encoder resolution	-	✓	
Alignment (shifting of the electrical zero to the index)	-	✓	

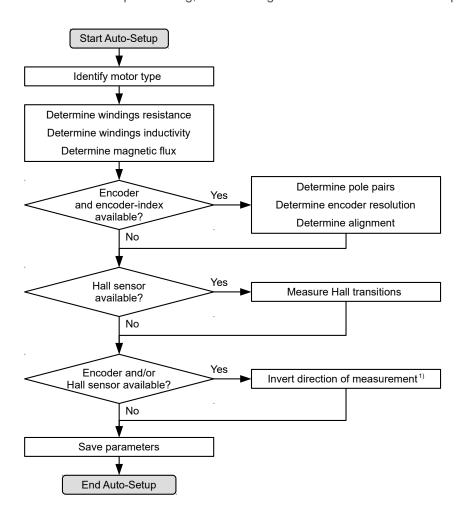


Parameter	Motor without Hall sensor	Motor with Hall sensor
Hall transitions	-	✓

# 4.5.2 Execution

- To preselect the auto setup operating mode, enter the value "-2" (="FE<sub>h</sub>") in object 6060<sub>h</sub>:00<sub>h</sub>.
   The power state machine must now switch to the Operation enabled state, see <u>CiA 402 Power State Machine</u>.
- 2. Start auto setup by setting bit 4 OMS in object 6040<sub>h</sub>:00<sub>h</sub> (controlword).

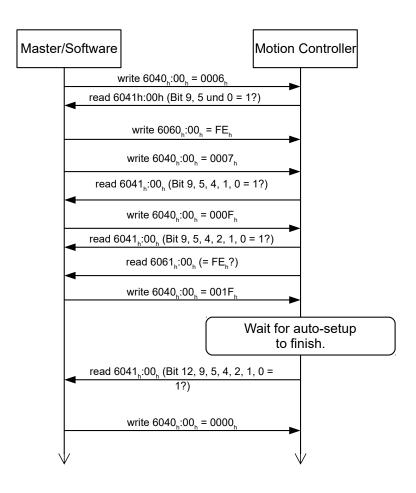
While the auto setup is running, the following tests and measurements are performed in succession:



1) To determine the values, the direction of the measurement method is reversed and edge detection re-evaluated.

Value 1 in bit 12 OMS in object  $6041_h:00_h$  (statusword) indicates that the auto setup was completely executed and ended. In addition, bit 10 TARG in object  $6041_h:00_h$  can be used to query whether (= "1") or not (= "0") an encoder index was found.





# 4.5.3 Parameter memory

After a successful *auto setup*, the determined parameter values are automatically taken over into the corresponding objects and stored with the storage mechanism, see <u>Saving objects</u> and <u>1010h Store Parameters</u>. Categories *Drive*  $1010_h:05_h$  and *Tuning*  $1010_h:06_h$  are used.

#### **CAUTION!**



#### **Uncontrolled motor movements!**

After the auto setup, the internal coordinate system is no longer valid. Unforeseen reactions can result.

Restart the device after an auto setup. Homing alone does not suffice.

# 4.6 Test run

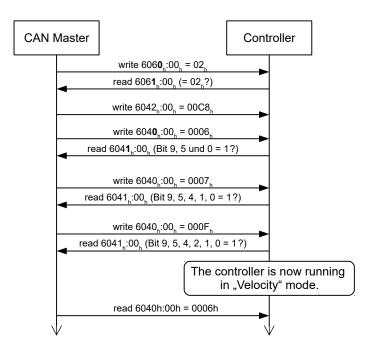
After configuring and the auto setup, a test run can be performed. As an example, the <u>Velocity</u> operating mode is used.

The values are transferred from your *CANopen master* to the controller. After every transfer, the *master* should use the status objects of the controller to ensure successful parameterization.

- 1. Select the Velocity mode by setting object 6060<sub>h</sub> (Modes Of Operation) to the value "2".
- 2. Write the desired speed in 6042h.
- **3.** Switch the *power state machine* to the *Operation enabled* state, see <u>CiA 402 Power State Machine</u>. The following sequence starts *Velocity* mode; the motor turns at 200 rpm.



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**4.** To stop the motor, set controlword (6040<sub>h</sub>) to "0".

# 4.7 Special drive modes (clock-direction and analog speed)

You have the possibility to control the motor directly via the clock and direction input or the analog input by activating the *special drive modes*. These include:

- Clock-direction
- Analog speed
- Test run with 30 rpm

You can also determine the <u>control mode</u> – *open-loop* or *closed-loop*.

Digital input 3 serves here as an enable (see X2 — Inputs/outputs and external logic supply).

## **NOTICE**



After activating the *special drive modes*, the state of the <u>CiA 402 Power State Machine</u> is controlled only via a digital input (enable). State changes that are requested in object <u>6040</u><sub>h</sub> (controlword) have no effect.

# 4.7.1 Activation

To activate the *special drive modes*, you must enter the value "2" in  $\frac{4015}{h}$ :01<sub>h</sub>. In  $\frac{4015}{h}$ :02<sub>h</sub>, set the mode by writing a value between "00"<sub>h</sub> and "0F"<sub>h</sub>.

The following table lists all possible modes and their value for 4015:02h:

Value	Mode			
00 <sub>h</sub> /01 <sub>h</sub>	Clock-direction	-	-	Open-Loop
02 <sub>h</sub>	Clock-direction (test run)	Test run with 30 rpm	Clockwise direction of rotation	Open-Loop
03 <sub>h</sub>	Clock-direction (test run)	Test run with 30 rpm	Counterclockwise direction of rotation	Open-Loop



Value	Mode			
04 <sub>h</sub>	Analog speed	Direction via "Direction" input	Maximum speed 1000 rpm	Open-Loop
05 <sub>h</sub>	Analog speed	Direction via "Direction" input	Maximum speed 100 rpm	Open-Loop
06 <sub>h</sub>	Analog speed	Offset 5 V (joystick mode)	Maximum speed 1000 rpm	Open-Loop
07 <sub>h</sub>	Analog speed	Offset 5 V (joystick mode)	Maximum speed 100 rpm	Open-Loop
08 <sub>h</sub> /09 <sub>h</sub>	Clock-direction	-	-	Closed-Loop
0A <sub>h</sub>	Clock-direction (test run)	Test run with 30 rpm	Clockwise direction of rotation	Closed-Loop
0B <sub>h</sub>	Clock-direction (test run)	Test run with 30 rpm	Counterclockwise direction of rotation	Closed-Loop
0C <sub>h</sub>	Analog speed	Direction via "Direction" input	Maximum speed 1000 rpm	Closed-Loop
0D <sub>h</sub>	Analog speed	Direction via "Direction" input	Maximum speed 100 rpm	Closed-Loop
0E <sub>h</sub>	Analog speed	Offset 5 V (joystick mode)	Maximum speed 1000 rpm	Closed-Loop
0F <sub>h</sub>	Analog speed	Offset 5 V (joystick mode)	Maximum speed 100 rpm	Closed-Loop

You must save object <u>4015</u><sub>h</sub> (application category) (see chapter<u>Saving objects</u>); the changes do not take effect until after the controller is restarted.

#### 4.7.2 Clock-direction

The controller internally sets the operating mode to <u>clock-direction</u>. You must connect the *enable*, *clock* and *direction* inputs (see chapter X2 — Inputs/outputs and external logic supply).

# 4.7.3 Analog speed

The controller internally sets the operating mode to  $\underline{\text{Velocity}}$ . To preset the speed, the voltage on the analog input is used and the corresponding target speed is written in  $\underline{6042}_h$ .

#### 4.7.3.1 Maximum speed

The maximum speed can be changed between 100 rpm and 1000 rpm; the controller automatically adapts the scaling in  $\underline{604C_h}$  here.



## **NOTICE**

If you would like to change to a different mode afterwards, you must adapt or  $\underline{\text{reset}}$  the scaling in  $\underline{604C_h}$  if necessary.

If a different speed is necessary, it can be set using the scaling factor for the speed (object  $\underline{604C_h}$ ) or the analog value (see <u>Analog inputs</u>).

## 4.7.3.2 Computation of the analog voltage

There are two modes for calculating the analog input voltage.

#### Normal mode

You must connect the *enable*, *direction* and *analog inputs* (see chapter X2 — Inputs/outputs and external logic supply). The maximum analog voltage corresponds to the maximum speed. The direction is preset here via the direction input. If there is no signal at the direction input, the motor turns clockwise (when looking at the drive shaft). There is a dead zone from 0 V to 20 mV in which the motor does not move.





# Joystick mode

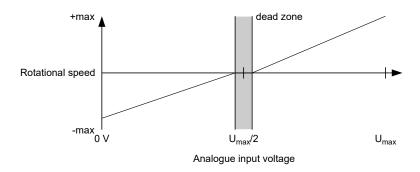
You must connect the *release input* and the *analog input* (see chapter X2 — Inputs/outputs and external logic supply). The half of the maximum analog voltage corresponds to the speed 0; the controller automatically adapts the offset in 3321<sub>h</sub> here.

## **NOTICE**



If you would like to change to a different mode afterwards, you must adapt or  $\underline{\text{reset}}$  the offset in  $\underline{3321}_h$  if necessary.

If the voltage drops below half, the speed increases in the negative direction. If the speed rises above half, the speed increases likewise in the positive direction. The dead zone here extends from  $U_{max}/2 \pm 20 \text{ mV}$ .



# 4.7.4 Test run with 30 rpm

The motor rotates at 30 rpm if the enable input is set.



# **5 General concepts**

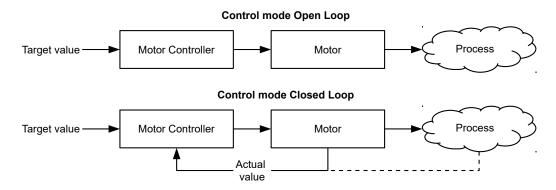
## 5.1 Control modes

#### 5.1.1 General

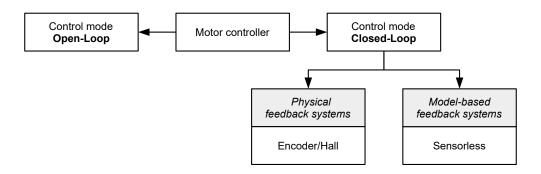
The control mode of systems without feedback is called *open-loop*, the mode with feedback is called *closed-loop*. In the *closed-loop* control mode, it is initially irrelevant whether the fed back signals come from the motor itself or from the influenced process.

For controllers with feedback, the measured control variable (actual value) is constantly compared with a set point (set value). In the event of deviations between these values, the controller readjusts according to the specified control parameters.

Pure controllers, on the other hand, have no feedback for the value that is to be regulated. The set point (set value) is only specified.



In addition to the physical feedback systems (e.g., via encoders or Hall sensors), model-based feedback systems, collectively referred to as *sensorless* systems, are also used. Both feedback systems can also be used in combination to further improve the control quality.



Summarized in the following are all possible combinations of control modes and feedback systems with respect to the motor technology. Support of the respective control mode and feedback is controller-specific and is described in chapters *Pin assignment* and <u>operating modes</u>.

Control mode	Stepper motor	BLDC motor
Open-Loop	yes	no
Closed-Loop	yes	yes

Feedback	Stepper motor	BLDC motor
Hall	no	yes
Encoder	yes	yes



Feedback	Stepper motor	BLDC motor
Sensorless	yes	yes

Nanotec developed the <u>Slow Speed</u> control mode, which is a combination of *open-loop* and *closed-loop*, especially for applications in the low speed range. This control mode can be used if an encoder is present as feedback.

Various operating modes can be used depending on the control mode. The following list contains all the types of operation that are possible in the various control modes.

Operating mode		Control mode	
	Open-Loop	Closed-Loop	Slow Speed
Profile Position	yes	yes	yes
Velocity	yes	yes	yes
Profile Velocity	yes	yes	yes
Profile Torque	no <sup>1)</sup>	yes	no
Homing	yes <sup>2)</sup>	yes	yes
Interpolated Position Mode	yes <sup>3)</sup>	yes	yes
Cyclic Synchronous Position	yes <sup>3)</sup>	yes	yes
Cyclic Synchronous Velocity	yes <sup>3)</sup>	yes	yes
Cyclic Synchronous Torque	no <sup>1)</sup>	yes	no
Clock-direction	yes	yes	yes

- 1) The <u>Profile Torque</u> and <u>Cyclic Synchronous Torque</u> torque operating modes are not possible in the *open-loop* control mode due to a lack of feedback.
- 2) Exception: Homing on block is not possible due to a lack of feedback.
- 3) Because ramps and speeds in operating modes <u>Cyclic Synchronous Position</u> and <u>Cyclic Synchronous Velocity</u> follow from the specified points of the master, it is not normally possible to preselect these parameters and to ascertain whether a step loss can be excluded. It is therefore not advisable to use these operating modes in combination with *open-loop* control mode.

## 5.1.2 Open-Loop

#### 5.1.2.1 Introduction

Open-loop mode is only used with stepper motors and is, by definition, a control mode without feedback. The field rotation in the stator is specified by the controller. The rotor directly follows the magnetic field rotation without step losses as long as no limit parameters, such as the maximum possible torque, are exceeded. Compared to *closed-loop*, no complex internal control processes are needed in the controller. As a result, the requirements on the controller hardware and the controller logic are very low. *Open-loop* mode is used primarily with price-sensitive applications and simple movement tasks.

Because, unlike *closed-loop*, there is no feedback for the current rotor position, no conclusion can be drawn on the counter torque being applied to the output side of the motor shaft. To compensate for any torque fluctuations that arise on the output shaft of the motor, in *open-loop* mode, the controller always supplies the maximum possible (e.g., specified by parameters) set current to the stator windings over the entire speed range. The high magnetic field strength thereby produced forces the rotor to assume the new steady state in a very short time. This torque is, however, opposite that of the inertia of the rotor and overall system. Under certain operating conditions, this combination is prone to resonances, comparable to a spring-mass system.

# 5.1.2.2 Commissioning

To use open-loop mode, the following settings are necessary:



- In object 2030<sub>h</sub> (Pole Pair Count), enter the number of pole pairs (see motor data sheet: for a stepper motor with 2 phases, a step angle of 1.8° corresponds to 50 pole pairs and 0.9° corresponds to 100 pole pairs).
- In object 2031<sub>h</sub>:00<sub>h</sub>, enter the maximum permissible motor current (motor protection) in mA (see motor data sheet)
- In object 6075<sub>h</sub>:00<sub>h</sub>, enter the rated current of the motor in mA (see motor data sheet).
- In object 6073<sub>h</sub>:00<sub>h</sub>, enter the maximum current (for a stepper motor, generally corresponds to the rated current, bipolar) in tenths of a percent of the set rated current (see motor data sheet). Factory settings: "1000", which corresponds to 100% of the value in 6073<sub>h</sub>. A value greater than "1000" is limited internally to "1000".
- In object 3202<sub>h</sub> (Motor Drive Submode Select), set bit 0 (CL/OL) to the value "0".

Nanotec recommends the current reduction on motor standstill in order to reduce the power loss and heat build-up:

- In object 2036<sub>h</sub> (open-loop current reduction idle time), the time in milliseconds is specified that the motor must be at a standstill (set value is checked) before current reduction is activated.
- In object 2037<sub>h</sub> (open-loop current reduction value/factor), the root mean square is specified to which the rated current is to be reduced if current reduction is activated in *open loop* and the motor is at a standstill.

# 5.1.2.3 Optimizations

Depending on the system, resonances may occur in *open-loop* mode; susceptibility to resonances is particularly high at low loads. Practical experience has shown that, depending on the application, various measures are effective for largely reducing resonances:

- Reduce or increase current, see objects 6073<sub>h</sub> and 6075<sub>h</sub>, respectively. An excessive torque reserve promotes resonances.
- Reduce or increase the operating voltage, taking into account the product-specific ranges (with sufficient torque reserve). The permissible operating voltage range can be found in the product data sheet.
- Optimize the control parameters of the current controller via objects 3210<sub>h</sub>:09<sub>h</sub> (I\_P) and 3210<sub>h</sub>:0A<sub>h</sub> (I\_I) (generally not necessary).
- Adjustments to the acceleration, deceleration and/or target speed depending on the selected control mode:

# Profile Position operating mode

Objects 6083<sub>h</sub> (Profile Acceleration), 6084<sub>h</sub> (Profile Deceleration) and 6081<sub>h</sub> (Profile Velocity).

#### Velocity operating mode

Objects 6048<sub>h</sub> (Velocity Acceleration), 6049<sub>h</sub> (Velocity Deceleration) and 6042<sub>h</sub> (Target Velocity).

#### Profile Velocity operating mode

Objects 6083<sub>h</sub> (Profile Acceleration), 6084<sub>h</sub> (Profile Deceleration) and 6081<sub>h</sub> (Profile Velocity).

#### Homing operating mode

Objects <u>609A</u><sub>h</sub> (Homing Acceleration), <u>6099</u><sub>h</sub>:01<sub>h</sub> (Speed During Search For Switch) and <u>6099</u><sub>h</sub>:02<sub>h</sub> (Speed During Search For Zero).

#### Interpolated Position Mode operating mode

The acceleration and deceleration ramps can be influenced with the higher-level controller.

#### Cyclic Synchronous Position operating mode

The acceleration and deceleration ramps can be influenced via the external "position specification / time unit" targets.

# Cyclic Synchronous Velocity operating mode

The acceleration and deceleration ramps can be influenced via the external "position specification / time unit" targets.



#### Clock-direction operating mode

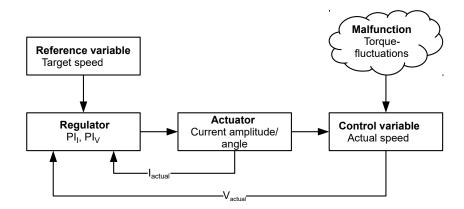
Change of the step resolution via objects 2057<sub>h</sub> (Clock Direction Multiplier) and 2058<sub>h</sub> (Clock Direction Divider). Optimize acceleration / deceleration ramps by adjusting the pulse frequency to pass through the resonance range as quickly as possible.

# 5.1.3 Closed-Loop

#### 5.1.3.1 Introduction

The *closed-loop* theory is based on the idea of a control loop. A disturbance acting on a system should be compensated for quickly and without lasting deviation to adjust the control variable back to the set point.

Closed loop using a speed control as an example:



PI<sub>I</sub> = Proportional-integral current control loop

PI<sub>V</sub> = Proportional-integral velocity control loop

I<sub>actual</sub>= Actual current V<sub>actuaf</sub> Actual speed

The *closed-loop* method is also referred to as "sine commutation via an encoder with field-oriented control". At the heart of *closed-loop* technology is the performance-adjusted current control as well as the feedback of the actual values of the process. Using sensor signals, the rotor orientation is recorded and sinusoidal phase currents generated in the motor windings. Vector control of the magnetic field ensures that the magnetic field of the stator is always perpendicular to that of the rotor and that the field strength corresponds precisely to the desired torque. The current thereby controlled in the windings provides a uniform motor force and results in an especially smooth-running motor that can be precisely regulated.

The feedback of the control variables necessary for *closed-loop* mode can be realized with various technologies. In addition to the physical feedback with encoders or Hall sensors, it is also possible to virtually record the motor parameters through a software-based model calculation. Physical variables, such as speed or back-EMF, can be reconstructed with the help of a so-called "observer" from the data of the current controller. With this sensorless technology, one has a "virtual rotary encoder", which – above a certain minimum speed – supplies the position and speed information with the same precision as a real optical or magnetic encoder.

All controllers from Nanotec that support *closed-loop* mode implement a field oriented control with sine commutated current control. Thus, the stepper motors and BLDC motor are controlled in the same way as a servo motor. With *closed-loop* mode, step angle errors can be compensated for during travel and load angle errors corrected within one full step.



# 5.1.3.2 Controller structure

The controller consists of three cascaded PI controllers (proportional-integral): the current controller (commutation), the velocity controller and the position controller.

The current controller is active in all operating modes. The velocity controller is as well with the sole exception of the "Real Torque" modes (torque mode without speed limiting if bit 5 in 3202<sub>h</sub> is set to "1").

The position controller is active in the following operating modes:

- Profile Position
- Homing
- Interpolated Position Mode
- Cyclic Synchronous Position
- Clock-direction mode
- Velocity/Profile Velocity/Cyclic Synchronous Velocity if bit 1 in 3202<sub>h</sub> is set to "1"

Each controller consists of a proportional component with the *gain factor*  $K_p$  and an integral component with the *integrator time*  $T_i$ . The control variable (the output signal of the controller, which is the set point for the next controller) is limited by the <u>maximum speed</u> (position controller), the <u>maximum current</u> (velocity controller) or the <u>maximum PWM signal</u> (current controller), respectively.

Object	Name	Unit	Description
321A <sub>h</sub> :01 <sub>h</sub>	Current controller	[mV/A]	Proportional component of
	Proportional Gain Kp for Iq		torque-forming component
<u>321A<sub>h</sub>:02<sub>h</sub></u>	Current controller	[µs]	Integrator time of torque-
	Integrator Time Ti for Iq		forming component
<u>321A</u> <sub>h</sub> :03 <sub>h</sub>	Current controller	[mV/A]	Proportional component of
	Proportional Gain Kp for Id		field-forming component
<u>321A</u> <sub>h</sub> :04 <sub>h</sub>	Current controller	[µs]	Integrator time of field-
	Integrator Time Ti for Id		forming component
<u>321B</u> <sub>h</sub> :01 <sub>h</sub>	Velocity controller	[mA/Hz]	Proportional component
	Proportional Gain Kp		
321B <sub>h</sub> :02 <sub>h</sub>	Velocity controller	[µs]	Integrator time
	Integrator Time Ti		
<u>321C</u> <sub>h</sub> :01 <sub>h</sub>	Position controller	[Hz]	Proportional component
	Proportional Gain Kp	(Controller deviation in mech. revolutions per second)	
<u>321C</u> <sub>h</sub> :02 <sub>h</sub>	Position controller	[µs]	Integrator time
	Integrator Time Ti		

The *gain factor*  $K_p$  has a direct influence on the current control variable: at the same deviation, the control variable is proportional to the gain factor.

Each controller also has an integral component that is determined by the *integrator time* ( $T_i$ ). The smaller the integrator time, the faster the control variable increases. If the integrator time is 0, the integral component is internally set to "0" and the controller only has the proportional component.



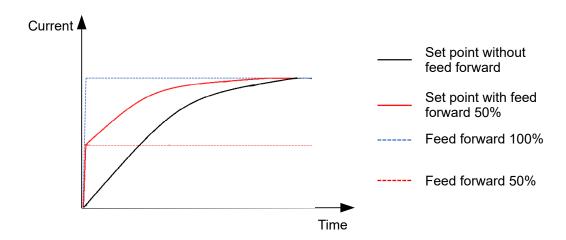
#### 5.1.3.3 Feed forward

It is also possible to set a *velocity feed forward*, an *acceleration feed forward* (that corresponds to a torque/current value) and a *voltage feed forward*.

You can use the *feed forward* to add an already known or anticipated control variable to the set point ("predictive"). You can, e. g., compensate for the inertia of the load by adding an acceleration feed forward value to the output of the velocity controller.

The feed forward values are additionally fed to the speed/current control loop or added to the voltage value and are immediately available. A more dynamic control can thereby be achieved.

The following figure shows the current (produced by the acceleration) during the acceleration phase as a function of the *acceleration feed forward*. At a feed forward value of "50%", the current is at "50%" already at the start of the acceleration phase; the current controller is thereby "relieved".



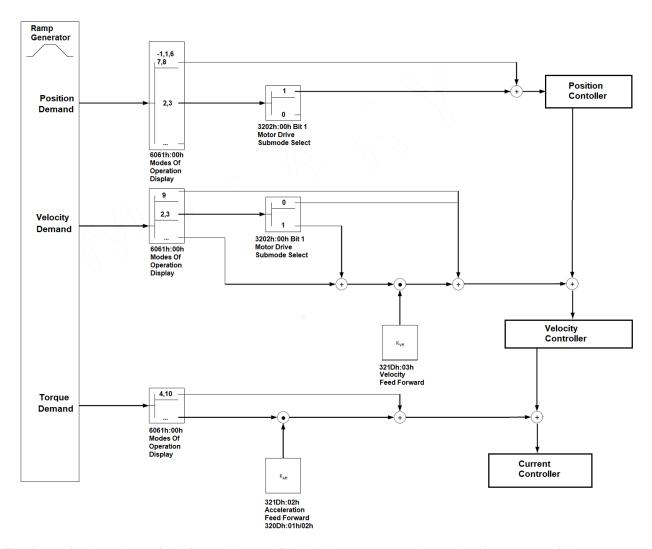
The factor for the *velocity feed forward* is set in object  $\underline{321D_h}$ :03<sub>h</sub> in tenths of a percent of the output of the ramp generator ( $\underline{606B_h}$ ) and added to the output of the position controller before the velocity controller. The *velocity feed forward* is active in all modes with position control loop:

- Profile Position
- Homing
- Interpolated Position Mode
- Cyclic Synchronous Position
- Clock-direction mode
- Velocity/Profile Velocity if bit 1 in 3202<sub>h</sub> is set to "1"

The factor for the *acceleration feed forward* is set in object  $321D_h$ :02<sub>h</sub> in tenths of a percent of the factor of  $320D_h$  and multiplied by the output of the ramp generator ( $6074_h$ ). The value is added to the output of the velocity controller before the current controller. The *acceleration feed forward* is active in all modes, with the exception of the torque modes.

The following figure shows the cases in which the feed forward is active and the position of the feed forward within the controller cascade.





The factor for the *voltage feed forward* is specified in object 321D<sub>h</sub>:01<sub>h</sub> in tenths of a percent of the voltage that is needed to produce the rated current. If the factor is 1000‰ (factory setting), the voltage is immediately available and the actual current quickly reaches the rated current. As a result, there is practically no control deviation during acceleration and the current controller is relieved.

The voltage feed forward is active in all modes. To switch it off, set 321Dh:01h to "0".

# 5.1.3.4 Assignment of the feedbacks to the control loops

In object  $\underline{3203}_h$ , you define which of the existing feedbacks the controller takes into account for the individual controllers (current controller/commutation, velocity, position). You can also use a second sensor for the commutation (see <u>Commutation help</u>).

Each subindex of the object contains a bit mask for the respective feedback of a sensor. The bits have the following meaning here:

- Bit 0: If the bit is set to "1", this sensor is used for position feedback.
- Bit 1: If the bit is set to "1", this sensor is used for velocity feedback.
- Bit 2: If the bit is set to "1", this sensor is used for commutation feedback in <u>Closed-Loop</u>.

Subindex 01<sub>h</sub> always corresponds to the first (and always existing) *sensorless* feedback. The order of the remaining feedbacks corresponds to the table in chapter <u>Configuring the sensors</u>.

Which sensor the controller takes into account for the individual controllers (commutation, velocity, position) is implicitly specified by the order of the sensors.

The search always begins with sensor 2 and continues in ascending order until all existing sensors have been queried. If a sensor is found whose feedback is set, it is assigned to the corresponding controller and the search ended.



#### **Example**

The controller has two physical interfaces. Hall sensors and a (non-absolute) incremental encoder were connected.

Bit	Controller	Feedback 1 Sensorless	Feedback 2 Hall	Feedback 3 Incremental encoder
0	Position	0	0	1
1	Velocity	0	1	1 <sup>1</sup>
2	Commutation	0	1 <sup>2</sup>	1
	Index:Subindex	3203 <sub>h</sub> :01 <sub>h</sub>	3203 <sub>h</sub> :02 <sub>h</sub>	3203 <sub>h</sub> :03 <sub>h</sub>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>The Hall sensors should be used for velocity control, the encoder for the positioning and commutation. Although the bit for the velocity was also set for the third feedback, this is not taken into account.

#### Commutation help

Some sensors are initially lacking the alignment necessary for the commutation (offset between the index of the encoder and the magnets of the rotor). This means that the rotor orientation cannot be determined using only the position information of the sensor.

For assistance, you can set a second sensor as commutation sensor (bit 2 of the corresponding subindex in  $\underline{3203}_h$ ). It is thereby possible, for example, for each (electric) absolute sensor with alignment (such as a Hall sensor), to offer commutation assistance, e. g., for an incremental encoder without index or still missing alignment (index signal not yet seen since a restart). The controller automatically uses the better sensor for the commutation.

If no second commutation sensor is selected or if the alignment is missing for the selected sensors, an autoalignment is determined in *open-loop* if necessary (independent of bit 4 in 3202<sub>h</sub>).

# 5.1.3.5 Commissioning

An auto setup should be performed before using *closed-loop* mode. The auto setup operating mode automatically determines the necessary parameters (e.g., motor data, feedback systems) that are necessary for optimum operation of the field oriented control. All information necessary for performing the auto setup can be found in chapter <u>Auto setup</u>.

With the Plug & Drive motors, it is not necessary to perform the *auto setup*, as this was already performed at the factory. An exception occurs if an external encoder is connected to X2.

Bit 0 in 3202<sub>h</sub> must be set . The bit is set automatically after a successfully completed auto setup.

# 5.1.3.6 Optimizations

In *closed-loop*, the measured control variable (actual value) is constantly compared with a set point (set value). In the event of deviations between these values, the controller readjusts according to the specified control parameters.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Immediately after switching on – and until the index of the encoder is passed over for the first time – commutation is to take place via the Hall sensors and immediately enable *closed-loop* mode.

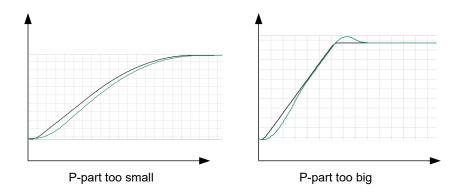


The objective of control parameter optimization (the so-called *tuning* of the controller) is the smoothest possible running of the motor, high accuracy and high dynamics in the reaction of the controller to faults. All control deviations should be eliminated as quickly as possible.

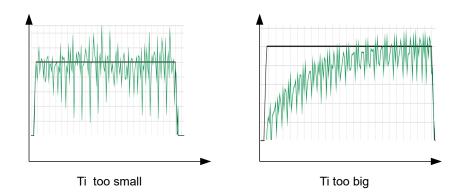
Due to the cascaded <u>Controller structure</u>, it is useful to start the optimization of the inner-most controller (current controller) before the velocity and – if applicable – the position controller are optimized. Each of the three controllers consists of a proportional and an integral component, which should normally be adjusted in this order.

The following figures show the reaction of the controller to a change in set value.

If the proportional component is too small, the actual value remains below the set value. A proportional component that is too large, on the other hand, results in "overshooting".



If the integrator time is too small, the system tends toward oscillations. If the integrator time is too large, the deviations are compensated for too slowly.



#### **CAUTION!**

## Risk of injury through uncontrolled motor movements!



Incorrect control parameters may result in an unstable control behavior. Unforeseen reactions can result.

- ▶ Increase the control parameters slowly and incrementally. Do not increase these further if you notice strong vibrations/oscillations.
- ▶ Do not reach for moving parts during operation. After switching off, wait until all movements have ended.



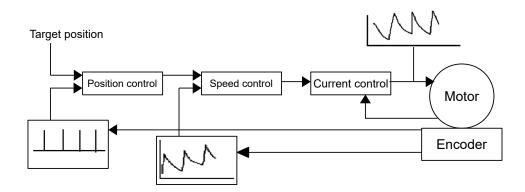
# 5.1.4 Slow Speed

## 5.1.4.1 Introduction

The *slow speed* mode combines the advantages of *open-loop* and *closed-loop* technologies in a low speed range and can be used if an encoder is present as feedback. *Slow speed* offers following error monitoring but is more smooth-running than in pure *closed-loop* mode at low speeds.

The rotor orientation is detected via the signals of the encoder. To calculate the speed, the change of position is divided by the (fixed) cycle time. At low speeds, the controller counts fewer (or even no) encoder increments in one cycle, which leads to a speed curve with a relatively high number of peaks (in spite of the used low-pass filter).

Due to the cascaded control loop, this results in current peaks in *closed-loop* mode, which can lead to uneven running, as the following figure shows.



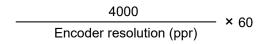
In the *slow speed* mode, the motor instead operates with constant phase current, as in *open-loop*. The following error is, however, monitored by means of the encoder and the vector control of the magnetic field is activated if necessary, as in *closed-loop*.

## 5.1.4.2 Activation

To activate the slow speed mode, you must:

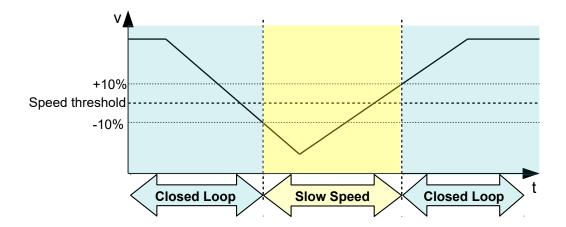
- 1. activate closed-loop,
- 2. in object 3202<sub>h</sub> (Motor Drive Submode Select), set bit 7 to "1".

The changeover between *slow speed* and *closed-loop* occurs automatically at a speed that is dependent on the physical encoder resolution, with a hysteresis of 10%. This fixed changeover speed is calculated in revolutions per minute as follows:



The following figure shows the changeover as a function of speed in both directions.





While at a standstill, the motor is in *closed-loop* mode.

# 5.1.4.3 Optimizations

The entire phase current remains constant as in *open-loop*. Depending on the system, resonances may occur that you can avoid by adjusting the motor current and/or the acceleration ramp. See also chapter <u>Open-Loop</u>.

During operation at various speed ranges, if changing between *closed-loop* and *slow speed*, it may be necessary to:

- reduce the motor current (objects 6075<sub>h</sub>, 6073<sub>h</sub>) if changing from *closed-loop* to *slow speed*,
- ascertain various control parameters (see <u>Controller structure</u>) for each speed range.

# 5.2 CiA 402 Power State Machine

# 5.2.1 State machine

#### 5.2.1.1 CiA 402

To switch the controller to the ready state, it is necessary to run through a *state machine*. This is defined in *CANopen standard 402*. State changes are requested in object  $\underline{6040}_h$  (controlword). The actual state of the state machine can be found in object  $\underline{6041}_h$  (statusword).

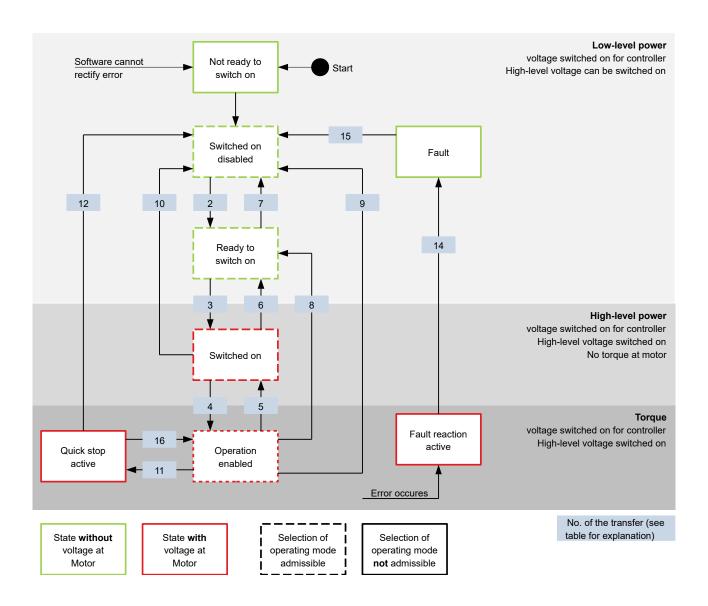
#### 5.2.1.2 Controlword

State changes are requested via object 6040<sub>h</sub> (controlword).

#### State transitions

The diagram shows the possible state transitions.





Listed in the following table are the bit combinations for the controlword that result in the corresponding state transitions. An X here corresponds to a bit state that requires no further consideration. Exceptions are the resetting of the error (fault reset) and the changeover from *Quick Stop Active* to *Operation Enabled*: the transition is only requested by the rising edge of the bit.

Command		Bit	in object	6040 <sub>h</sub>		Transition
	Bit 7	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	
Shutdown	0	X	1	1	0	2, 6, 8
Switch on	0	0	1	1	1	3
Disable voltage	0	Χ	Χ	0	Χ	7, 10, 9, 12
Quick stop	0	Χ	0	1	Χ	11
Disable operation	0	0	1	1	1	5
Enable operation	0	1	1	1	1	4
Enable operation after Quick stop	0	1	_	1	1	16



Command		Bit in object 6040 <sub>h</sub>			Transition	
	Bit 7	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	
Fault / warning reset		Х	X	X	X	15

## 5.2.1.3 Statusword

Listed in the following table are the bit masks that break down the state of the controller.

Statusword (6041 <sub>h</sub> )	State
xxxx xxxx x0xx 0000	Not ready to switch on
xxxx xxxx x1xx 0000	Switch on disabled
xxxx xxxx x01x 0001	Ready to switch on
xxxx xxxx x01x 0011	Switched on
xxxx xxxx x01x 0111	Operation enabled
xxxx xxxx x00x 0111	Quick stop active
xxxx xxxx x0xx 1111	Fault reaction active
xxxx xxxx x0xx 1000	Fault

After switching on and successfully completing the self-test, the controller reaches the *Switch on disabled* state.

# 5.2.1.4 Operating mode

The operating mode is set in object 6060<sub>h</sub>. The actually active operating mode is displayed in 6061<sub>h</sub>.

The operating mode can be set or changed at any time.

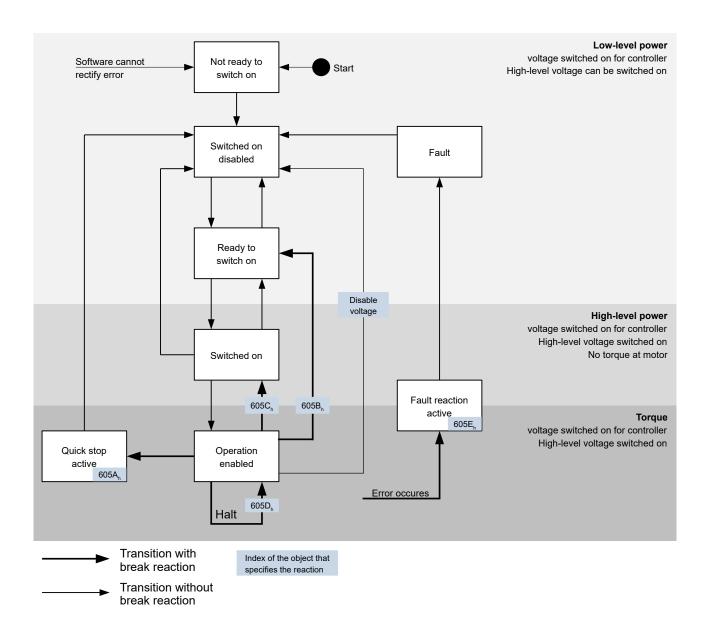
# 5.2.2 Behavior upon exiting the Operation enabled state

## 5.2.2.1 Halt motion reactions

Various halt motion reactions can be programmed upon exiting the *Operation enabled* state.

The following graphic shows an overview of the halt motion reactions.





# 5.2.2.2 Quick stop active

Transition to the Quick stop active state (quick stop option):

In this case, the action stored in object  $\underline{605A_h}$  is executed (see following table).

	Value in object 605A <sub>h</sub>	Description
0		Switch off driver without deceleration ramp; drive function blocked – motor can turn freely
1		Braking with slow down ramp (deceleration ramp depending on operating mode) and subsequent state change to Switch on disabled
2		Braking with $quick\ stop\ ramp\ (\underline{6085_h})$ and subsequent state change to $Switch\ on\ disabled$
5		Braking with <i>slow down ramp</i> (deceleration ramp depending on operating mode) and subsequent state change to <i>Quick stop active</i> ; control does not switch off and the motor remains energized. You can switch back to the <i>Operation enabled</i> state.



	Value in object 605A <sub>h</sub>	Description
6		Braking with <i>quick stop ramp</i> (6085 <sub>h</sub> ) and subsequent state change to <i>Quick Stop Active</i> ; control does not switch off and the motor remains energized. You can switch back to the <i>Operation enabled</i> state.

The *Quick stop active* state can also be reached when a limit switch is actuated; see <u>Limitation of the range of motion</u>.

# 5.2.2.3 Ready to switch on

Transition to the *Ready to switch on* state (shutdown option):

In this case, the action stored in object  $\underline{605B}_h$  is executed (see following table).

Value in object 605B <sub>h</sub>	Description
-327681	Reserved
0	Switch off driver without deceleration ramp; drive function blocked – motor can turn freely
1	Braking with slow down ramp (braking deceleration depending on operating mode) and subsequent state change to Ready to switch on
2 32767	Reserved

## 5.2.2.4 Switched on

Transition to the *Switched on* state (disable operation option):

In this case, the action stored in object  $\underline{605C_h}$  is executed (see following table).

Value in object 605C <sub>h</sub>	Description
-327681	Reserved
0	Switch off driver without deceleration ramp; drive function blocked
1	Braking with slow down ramp (braking deceleration depending on operating mode) and subsequent state change to Switched on
2 32767	Reserved

# 5.2.2.5 Halt

The bit is valid in the following modes:

- Profile Position
- Velocity
- Profile Velocity
- Profile Torque
- Interpolated Position Mode

When setting bit 8 in object 6040<sub>h</sub> (controlword), the action stored in 605D<sub>h</sub> is executed (see following table):

Value in object 605D <sub>h</sub>	Description
-32768 0	Reserved
1	Braking with <i>slow down ramp</i> (braking deceleration depending on operating mode)
2	Braking with <i>quick stop ramp</i> (6085 <sub>h</sub> )



Value in object 605D <sub>h</sub>		Description
3 32767	Reserved	

#### 5.2.2.6 Fault

Case of an error (fault):

If an error occurs, the motor will brake according to the value stored in object 605E<sub>h</sub>.

Value in object 605E <sub>h</sub>	Description
-327681	Reserved
0	Switch off driver without deceleration ramp; drive function blocked – motor can turn freely
1	Braking with slow down ramp (braking deceleration depending on operating mode)
2	Braking with quick stop ramp (6085h)
3 32767	Reserved

For each error that occurs, a more precise error code is stored in object 1003<sub>h</sub>.

# 5.2.2.7 Following/slippage error

If a following or slippage error occurs, the motor is braked according to the value stored in object 3700h.

Value	Description
-327682	Reserved
-1	no reaction
0	Switch off driver without deceleration ramp; drive function blocked – motor can turn freely
1	Braking with slow down ramp (braking deceleration depending on operating mode)
2	Braking with <i>quick stop ramp</i> (6085 <sub>h</sub> )
3 32767	reserved

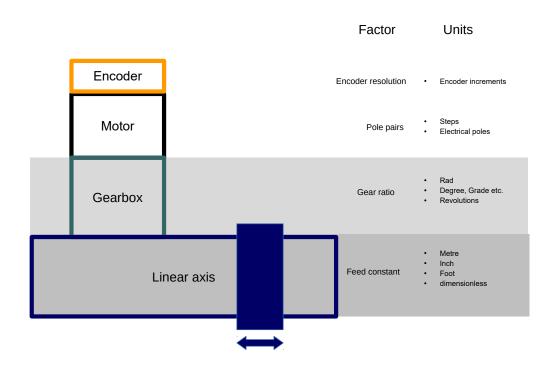
You can deactivate error monitoring by setting object  $\underline{6065}_h$  to the value "-1" (FFFFFFFh) or object  $\underline{60F8}_h$  to the value "7FFFFFFh".

# 5.3 User-defined units

The controller offers you the possibility to set user-defined units. It is thereby possible to set and read out the corresponding parameters, e.g., directly in degrees [°], millimeter [mm], etc.

Depending on the mechanical circumstances, you can also define a Gear ratio and/or a Feed constant.





# **NOTICE**



Value changes of all objects that are described in this chapter are not immediately applied in the *Operation enabled* state of the <u>CiA 402 Power State Machine</u>. For this to happen, the *Operation enabled* state must be exited.

# 5.3.1 Units

Units of the international unit system (*SI*) as well as a number of specific units are supported. It is also possible to specify a power of ten as a factor.

Listed in the following table are all supported units for the position and their values for  $\underline{60A8}_h$  (Position unit) or  $\underline{60A9}_h$  (Speed unit). Depending on the unit that is used, Feed constant ( $\underline{6092}_h$ ) and/or  $\underline{Gear\ ratio}\ (\underline{6091}_h)$  are/is taken into account.

Name	Unit symbol	Value	6091 <sub>h</sub>	6092 <sub>h</sub>	Description
meter	m	01 <sub>h</sub>	yes	yes	Meter
inch	in	C1 <sub>h</sub>	yes	yes	Inch (=0.0254 m)
foot	ft	C2 <sub>h</sub>	yes	yes	Foot (=0.3048 m)
grade	g	40 <sub>h</sub>	yes	no	Gradian (unit of angle, 400 corresponds to 360°)
radian	rad	10 <sub>h</sub>	yes	no	Radian
degree	0	41 <sub>h</sub>	yes	no	Degrees
arcminute	1	42 <sub>h</sub>	yes	no	Arcminute (60'=1°)
arcsecond	"	43 <sub>h</sub>	yes	no	Arcsecond (60"=1")
mechanical revolution		B4 <sub>h</sub>	yes	no	Revolution



Name	Unit symbol	Value	6091 <sub>h</sub>	6092 <sub>h</sub>	Description
encoder increment		B5 <sub>h</sub>	no	no	Encoder increments. Dependent on the used sensor (encoder/Hall sensor) and control mode. In open-loop and sensorless mode, the number of pole pairs (2030 <sub>h</sub> ) multiplied by 65536 corresponds to one motor revolution.
step		$AC_h$	no	no	Steps. With 2-phase stepper motors, the number of pole pairs (2030 <sub>h</sub> ) multiplied by 4 is equivalent to one revolution. With 3-phase BLDC motors, the number of pole pairs (2030 <sub>h</sub> ) multiplied by 6 is equivalent to one revolution.
electrical pole		C0 <sub>h</sub>	no	no	Electric poles. With a stepper motor that has, e.g., 50 pole pairs (2030 <sub>h</sub> ), the unit corresponds to 1/50 of a revolution.
dimensionless	<b>;</b>	00 <sub>h</sub>	yes	yes	Dimensionless length unit

Listed in the following table are all supported units for the time and their values for 60A9<sub>h</sub> (Speed unit):

Name	Unit symbol	Value	Description
second	S	03 <sub>h</sub>	Second
minute	min	47 <sub>h</sub>	Minute
hour	h	48 <sub>h</sub>	Hour
day	d	49 <sub>h</sub>	Day
year	а	4A <sub>h</sub>	Year (=365.25 days)

Listed in the following table are the possible exponents and their values for  $\underline{60A8}_h$  (Position unit) and  $\underline{60A9}_h$  (Speed unit):

Factor	Exponent	Value
10 <sup>6</sup> 10 <sup>5</sup>	6	06 <sub>h</sub>
10 <sup>5</sup>	5	05 <sub>h</sub>
10 <sup>1</sup>	1	01 <sub>h</sub>
10 <sup>0</sup> 10 <sup>-1</sup>	0	00 <sub>h</sub>
10 <sup>-1</sup>	-1	FF <sub>h</sub>
10 <sup>-5</sup>	-5	FB <sub>h</sub>
10 <sup>-5</sup>	-6	FA <sub>h</sub>

# 5.3.2 Encoder resolution

The physical resolution for position measurement of the used encoder/sensor is calculated from the encoder increments ( $\underline{60E6}_h$  (Encoder Increments)) per motor revolutions ( $\underline{60EB}_h$  (Motor Revolutions)).

# 5.3.3 Gear ratio

The gear ratio is calculated from motor revolutions ( $\underline{60E8}_h$  (Motor Shaft Revolutions)) per axis rotations ( $\underline{60ED}_h$  (Driving Shaft Revolutions)).



#### 5.3.4 Feed constant

The feed constant is calculated in user-defined position units from the feed ( $\underline{60E9}_h$  (Feed) per revolution of the output shaft ( $\underline{60EE}_h$  (Driving Shaft Revolutions).

The feed constant is useful for specifying the lead screw pitch for a linear axis and is used if the unit is based on length dimensions or if it is dimensionless.

#### 5.3.5 Calculation formulas for user units

#### 5.3.5.1 Position unit

Object 60A8<sub>h</sub> contains:

- Bits 16 to 23: The position unit (see chapter <u>Units</u>)
- Bits 24 to 31: The exponent of a power of ten (see chapter <u>Units</u>)

31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
			Fact	tor							Unit				
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
	reserved (00h)								reser	ved (0	0h)				

#### **Example**

If  $\underline{60A8}_h$  is written with the value "FF410000<sub>h</sub>" (bits 16-23=41<sub>h</sub> and bits 24-31=FF<sub>h</sub>), the unit is set to *tenths of degree* (factory setting).

With a relative target position ( $\underline{607A_h}$ ) of 3600, the motor moves exactly one mechanical revolution, if  $\underline{\text{Gear ratio}}$  is 1:1. The  $\underline{\text{Feed constant}}$  plays no role in this case.

#### Example

If  $\underline{60A8}_h$  is written with the value "FD010000<sub>h</sub>" (bits 16-23=01<sub>h</sub> and bits 24-31=FD<sub>h</sub>(=-3)), the unit is set to *millimeter*.

With a relative target position ( $\underline{607A}_h$ ) of 1, the motor moves exactly one mechanical revolution, if  $\underline{\text{Feed constant}}$  and  $\underline{\text{Gear ratio}}$  are 1:1.

If the <u>Feed constant</u> is set according to the lead screw pitch of a linear axis, the motor turns far enough that a feed of 1 mm is achieved.

Described in chapter <u>Assignment of the feedbacks to the control loops</u> is how you can determine which encoder/sensor is to be used for position control and measurement. If you have not connected an external encoder to X2, the internal absolute encoder is used.

## **5.3.5.2 Speed unit**

Object 60A9<sub>h</sub> contains:

- Bits 8 to 15: The time unit (see chapter Units)
- Bits 16 to 23: The position unit (see chapter Units)
- Bits 24 to 31: The exponent of a power of ten (see chapter Units)



31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
			Facto	r						N	omina	tor (Po	sition)		
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
	Denominator (Time)								r	eserve	ed (00h	)			

# **Example**

If  $\underline{60A9}_h$  is written with the value "00B44700<sub>h</sub>" (bits 8-15=00<sub>h</sub>, bits 16-23=B4<sub>h</sub> and bits 24-31=47<sub>h</sub>), the unit is set to *revolutions per minute* (factory setting).

#### **Example**

If  $\underline{60A9}_h$  is written with the value "FD010300<sub>h</sub>" (bits 8-15=FD<sub>h</sub>(=-3), bits 16-23=01<sub>h</sub> and bits 24-31=03<sub>h</sub>), the unit is set to *millimeters per second*.

Described in chapter <u>Assignment of the feedbacks to the control loops</u> is how you can determine which encoder/sensor is to be used for speed control and measurement. If you have not connected an external encoder to X2, the internal absolute encoder is used.

# A

#### **NOTICE**

The speed unit in <u>Velocity</u> mode is preset to *revolutions per minute*. You can only set the unit via the 604Ch VI Dimension Factor.

# Conversion factor for the speed unit

You can set an additional factor for the speed unit. Thus, a unit of, e.g., 1/3 revolutions/minute is possible. The factor n is calculated from the factor for numerator ( $\underline{6096}_h$ :01<sub>h</sub>) divided by the factor for denominator ( $\underline{6096}_h$ :02<sub>h</sub>).

$$n_{\text{velocity}} = \frac{6096_{\text{h}}:01}{6096_{\text{h}}:02}$$

# 5.3.5.3 Acceleration unit

The acceleration unit is speed unit per second.

## Conversion factor for the acceleration unit

The factor n for the acceleration unit is calculated from the numerator ( $\underline{6097}_h$ :01<sub>h</sub>) divided by the denominator ( $\underline{6097}_h$ :02<sub>h</sub>).

$$n_{\text{acceleration}} = \frac{6097_{\text{h}}:01}{6097_{\text{h}}:02}$$

# 5.3.5.4 Jerk unit

The jerk unit is Acceleration unit per second.



# Conversion factor for jerk

The factor n for the jerk is calculated from the numerator ( $\underline{60A2}_h$ :01<sub>h</sub>) divided by the denominator ( $\underline{60A2}_h$ :02<sub>h</sub>).

$$n_{jerk} = \frac{60A2_h:01}{60A2_h:02}$$

# 5.4 Limitation of the range of motion

The digital inputs can be used as limit switches, as is described in chapter <u>Digital inputs</u>, if you activate this function for the inputs. The controller also supports software limit switches.

# 5.4.1 Behavior upon reaching the limit switch

If a limit switch is triggered, the limit switch position is stored internally, bit 7 (*Warning*) in <u>6041</u><sub>h</sub> (*statusword*) is set and the <u>CiA 402 Power State Machine</u> is set to the *Quick Stop Active* state. The action stored in object <u>3701</u><sub>h</sub> is executed in the process (see following table).

Value in object 3701 <sub>h</sub>	Description
-2	No reaction, discard the limit switch position
-1 (factory settings)	No reaction (e. g., to execute a homing operation) except noting the limit switch position
0	Switch off driver without deceleration ramp; drive function blocked – motor can turn freely (Switch on disabled state)
1	Braking with slow down ramp (deceleration ramp depending on operating mode) and subsequent state change to Switch on disabled
2	Braking with <i>quick stop ramp</i> and subsequent state change to <i>Switch</i> on <i>disabled</i>
5	Braking with <i>slow down ramp</i> (deceleration ramp depending on operating mode) and subsequent state change to <i>Quick stop active</i> ; control does not switch off and the motor remains energized. You can switch back to the <i>Operation enabled</i> state.
6	Braking with <i>quick stop ramp</i> and subsequent state change to <i>Quick Stop Active</i> ; control does not switch off and the motor remains energized. You can switch back to the <i>Operation enabled</i> state.

Continued travel behind the limit switch position is prevented provided the value in 3701<sub>h</sub> is not "-1" or "-2". In any case, it is possible to move in the opposite direction.

If the value "-2" is used, bit 7 in 6041<sub>h</sub> (Warning) is deleted as soon as the limit switches no longer trigger. Otherwise, it is not deleted until the internally noted limit switch position has been returned to.

#### **NOTICE**



To avoid automatically returning from the *Quick stop active* state to *Operation enabled* when using options "5" or "6" — the quick-stop bit (bit 2) in 6040<sub>h</sub> is not used upon triggering of the limit switches — a change of the quick-stop bit from "0" to "1" is expected in order to changed back to the *Operation enabled* state (605Ah Quick Stop Option Code must be set to "5" or "6").



## Discarding the limit switch position



#### **NOTICE**

It is necessary to discard the limit switch positions if both limit switches were actuated simultaneously or the movement range is dynamically limited by a shifting of the limit switches.

To delete internally stored limit switch positions in the event of triggering and to release or clear the limit switches, briefly set object 3701<sub>h</sub> to "-2".

If, when using the values "5" or "6" in 3701<sub>h</sub>, the state of the <u>State Machine</u> is <u>Quick stop active</u> and the motor is to remain energized, proceed as follows to avoid an automatic change to the <u>Switch on disabled</u> state:

- 1. Use a rising edge of bit 2 (quick stop) in 6040<sub>h</sub> to switch back to the *Operation enabled* state without, however, starting a movement (set bit 4 in 6040<sub>h</sub> to 0 or target speed or target torque to "0").
- 2. Set 3701<sub>h</sub> to "-2".
- 3. Release the limit switch again.
- 4. Reset 3701<sub>h</sub> back to "5" or "6".

#### 5.4.2 Software limit switches

The controller takes into account software limit switches ( $\underline{607D_h}$  (Software Position Limit)). Target positions ( $\underline{607A_h}$ ) are limited by  $\underline{607D_h}$ ; the absolute target position may not be larger than the limits in  $\underline{607D_h}$ . If the motor is located outside of the permissible range when setting up the limit switches, only travel commands in the direction of the permissible range are accepted.

# 5.5 Cycle times

The controller operates with a cycle time of 1 ms. This means that data are processed every 1 ms; multiple changes to a value (e.g., value of an object or level at a digital input) within one ms cannot be detected.

The following table includes an overview of the cycle times of the various processes.

Task	Cycle time
Application	1 ms
NanoJ application	1 ms
Current controller	50 μs (20 KHz)
Velocity controller	250 μs (4 kHz)
Position controller	1 ms



# 6 operating modes

## 6.1 Profile Position

## 6.1.1 Overview

## 6.1.1.1 Description

*Profile Position Mode* is used to move to positions relative to the last target position or to an absolute position (last reference position). During the movement, the limit values for the speed, starting acceleration/braking deceleration and jerks are taken into account.

## 6.1.1.2 Activation

To activate the mode, the value "1" must be set in object <u>6060</u><sub>h</sub> (Modes Of Operation) (see "<u>CiA 402 Power State Machine</u>").

#### 6.1.1.3 Controlword

The following bits in object 6040<sub>h</sub> (controlword) have a special function:

- Bit 4 starts a travel command. This is carried out on a transition from "0" to "1". An exception occurs if changing from another operating mode to *profile position*: If bit 4 is already set, it does not need to be set to "0" and then back to "1" in order to start the travel command.
- Bit 5: If this bit is set to "1", a travel command triggered by bit 4 is immediately executed. If it is set to "0", the just executed travel command is completed and only then is the next travel command started.
- Bit 6: With "0", the target position ( $\underline{607A_h}$ ) is absolute and with "1" the target position is relative. The reference position is dependent on bits 0 and 1 of object  $\underline{60F2_h}$ .
- Bit 8 (Halt): If this bit is set to "1", the motor stops. On a transition from "1" to "0", the motor accelerates with the set start ramp to the target speed. On a transition from "0" to "1", the motor brakes and comes to a standstill. The braking deceleration is dependent here on the setting of the "Halt Option Code" in object 605Dh.
- Bit 9 (Change on setpoint): If this bit is set, the speed is not changed until the first target position is reached. This means that, before the first target is reached, no braking is performed, as the motor should not come to a standstill at this position.

	Controlword 6040 <sub>h</sub>					
Bit 9	Bit 5	Definition				
X	1	The new target position is moved to immediately.				
0	0	Positioning is completed before moving to the next target position with the new limits.				
1	0	The current target position is only passed through; afterwards, the new target position is moved to with the new values.				

For further information, see figure in "Setting travel commands".



#### **NOTICE**

Bit 9 in the controlword is ignored if the ramp speed is not met at the target point. In this case, the controller would need to reset and take a run-up to reach the preset.

#### 6.1.1.4 Statusword

The following bits in object 6041<sub>h</sub> (statusword) have a special function:



- Bit 10 (Target Reached): This bit is set to "1" if the last target was reached and the motor remains within a tolerance window (6067<sub>h</sub>) for a preset time (6068<sub>h</sub>). The bit is also set to "1" if the halt bit (bit 8) in 6040<sub>h</sub> has been set and as soon as the motor is at a standstill.
- Bit 11: Limit exceeded: The demand position is above or below the limit values set in 607D<sub>h</sub>.
- Bit 12 (Set-point acknowledge): This bit confirms receipt of a new and valid set point. It is set and reset in sync with the "New set-point" bit in the controlword.

There is an exception in the event that a new movement is started before another one has completed and the next movement is not to occur until after the first one has finished. In this case, the bit is reset if the command was accepted and the controller is ready to execute new travel commands. If a new travel command is sent even though this bit is still set, the newest travel command is ignored.

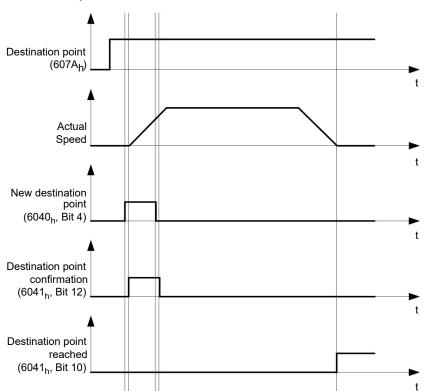
The bit is not set if one of the following conditions is met:

- The new target position can no longer be reached while adhering to all boundary conditions.
- □ A target position was already traveled to and a target position was already specified. A new target position can only be specified after the current positioning has been concluded.
- Bit 13 (Following Error): This bit is set in *closed loop* mode if the following error is greater than the set limits (6065<sub>h</sub> (Following Error Window) and 6066<sub>h</sub> (Following Error Time Out)).

# 6.1.2 Setting travel commands

#### 6.1.2.1 Travel command

In object  $\underline{607A_h}$  (Target Position), the new target position is specified in user units (see  $\underline{User\text{-defined units}}$ ). The travel command is then triggered by setting bit 4 in object  $\underline{6040_h}$  (controlword). If the target position is valid, the controller responds with bit 12 in object  $\underline{6041_h}$  (statusword) and begins the positioning move. As soon as the position is reached, bit 10 in the statusword is set to "1".



The controller can also reset bit 4 in object  $\underline{6040}_h$  (controlword) on its own. This is set with bits 4 and 5 of object  $\underline{60F2}_h$ .

#### 6.1.2.2 Other travel commands

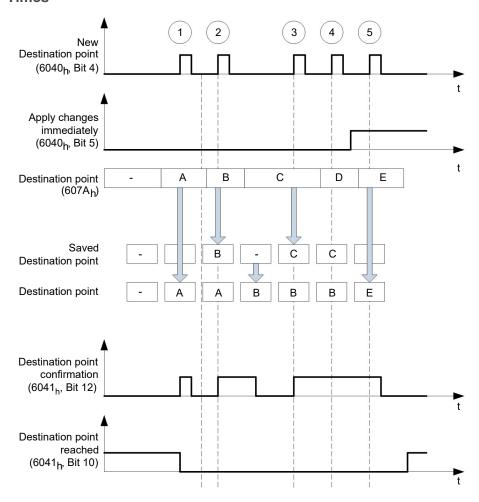
Bit 12 in object 6041<sub>h</sub> (statusword, set-point acknowledge) changes to "0" if another travel command can be buffered (see time 1 in the following figure). As long as a target position is being moved to, a second target position can be passed to the controller in preparation. All parameters – such as speed, acceleration, braking



deceleration, etc. – can thereby be reset (time 2). If the buffer is empty, the next time can be queued up (time 3).

If the buffer is already full, a new set point is ignored (time 4). If bit 5 in object  $\underline{6040}_h$  (controlword, bit: "Change Set-Point Immediately") is set, the controller operates without the buffer; new travel commands are implemented directly (time 5).

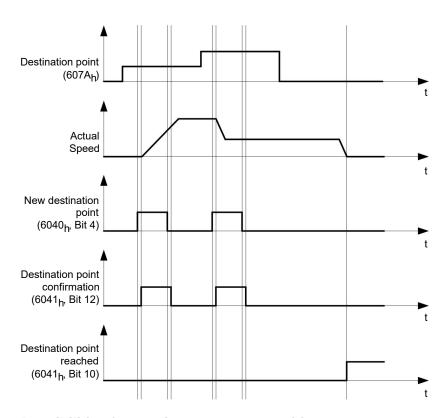
#### **Times**



# Transition procedure for second target position

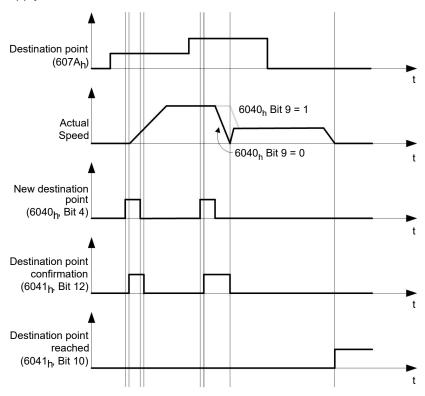
The following graphic shows the transition procedure for the second target position while moving to the first target position. In this figure, bit 5 of object  $6040_h$  (controlword) is set to "1"; the new target value is, thus, taken over immediately.





# Possibilities for moving to a target position

If bit 9 in object  $\underline{6040_h}$  (controlword) is equal to "0", the current target position is first moved to completely. In this example, the final speed  $(\underline{6082_h})$  of the target position is equal to zero. If bit 9 is set to "1", the profile speed  $(\underline{6081_h})$  is maintained until the target position is reached; only then do the new boundary conditions apply.



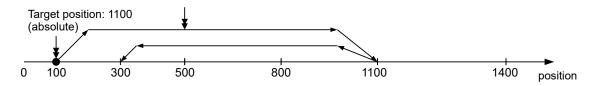
# Possible combinations of travel commands

To provide a better overview of the travel commands, combinations of travel commands are listed and depicted in this chapter.

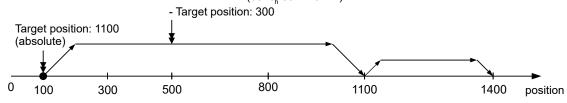


The following applies for the figures below:

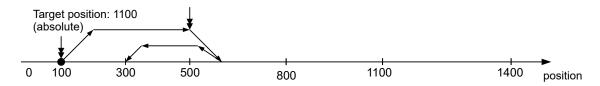
- A double arrow indicates a new travel command.
- The first travel command at the start is always an absolute travel command to position 1100.
- The second movement is performed at a lower speed so as to present the graphs in a clear manner.
  - Change on setpoint  $(6040_{\rm h}:00~{\rm Bit}~5=0)$
  - Move absolute (6040, 000) Bit 6 = 0)
  - Target position: 300



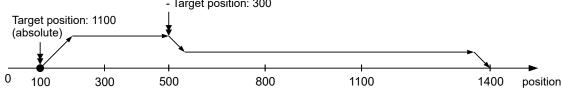
- Relative to the preceding target position (60F2:00 = 0)
- Change on setpoint  $(6040_h:00 \text{ Bit } 5=0)$
- Move relative (6040, 000) Bit 6 = 1)



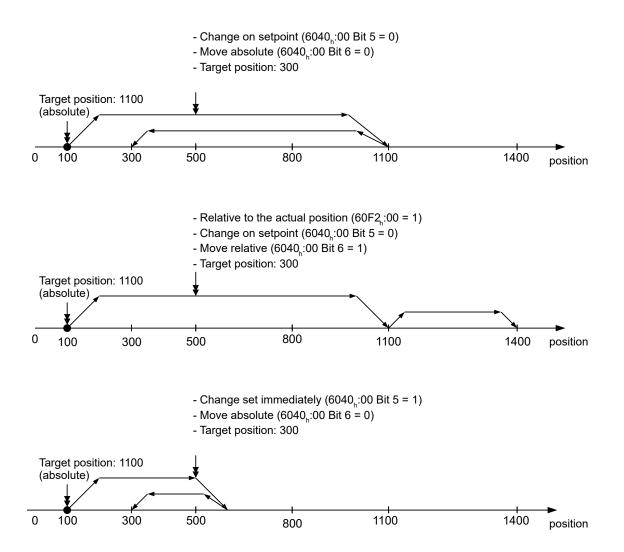
- Change set immediately (6040<sub>h</sub>:00 Bit 5 = 1)
- Move absolute  $(6040_{h}:00 \text{ Bit } 6 = 0)$
- Target position: 300



- Relative to the preceding target position (60F2:00 = 0)
- Change set immediately  $(6040_h:00 \text{ Bit } 5 = 1)$
- Move relative (6040,:00 Bit 6 = 1)
- Target position: 300

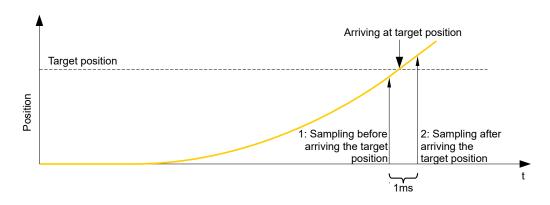






# 6.1.3 Loss of accuracy for relative movements

When linking together relative movements, a loss of accuracy may occur if the final speed is not set to zero. The following graphic illustrates the reason.



The current position is sampled once per millisecond. It is possible that the target position is reached between two samples. If the final speed is not equal to zero, then, after the target position is reached, the sample is used as an offset as the basis for the subsequent movement. As a result, the subsequent movement may go somewhat farther than expected.



# 6.1.4 Boundary conditions for a positioning move

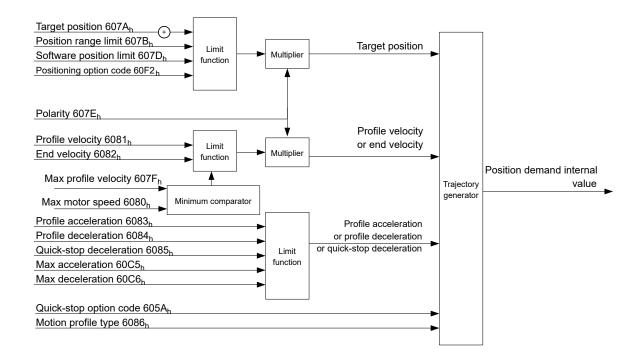
## 6.1.4.1 Object entries

The boundary conditions for the position that has been moved to can be set in the following entries of the object dictionary:

- 607A<sub>h</sub>: (Target Position): Planned target position
- 607D<sub>h</sub>: (Software Position Limit): Definition of the limit stops (see chapter <u>Software limit switches</u>)
- 607C<sub>h</sub> (Home Offset): Specifies the difference between the zero position of the controller and the reference point of the machine in <u>user-defined units</u>. (See "<u>Homing</u>")
- 607B<sub>h</sub> (Position Range Limit): Limits of a modulo operation for replicating an endless rotation axis
- 607<sub>h</sub> (Polarity): Direction of rotation
- 6081<sub>h</sub> (Profile Velocity): Maximum speed with which the position is to be approached
- 6082<sub>h</sub> (End Velocity): Speed upon reaching the target position
- 6083<sub>h</sub> (Profile Acceleration): Desired starting acceleration
- 6084<sub>b</sub> (Profile Deceleration): Desired braking deceleration
- 6085<sub>h</sub> (Quick Stop Deceleration): Emergency-stop braking deceleration in case of the "Quick stop active" state of the "CiA 402 Power State Machine"
- 6086<sub>h</sub> (Motion Profile Type): Type of ramp to be traveled; if the value is "0", the jerk is not limited; if the value is "3", the values of 60A4<sub>h</sub>:1<sub>h</sub>-4<sub>h</sub> are set as limits for the jerk.
- 60C5<sub>h</sub> (Max Acceleration): The maximum acceleration that may not be exceeded when moving to the end position
- 60C6<sub>h</sub> (Max Deceleration): The maximum braking deceleration that may not be exceeded when moving to the end position
- 60A4<sub>h</sub> (Profile Jerk), subindex 01<sub>h</sub> to 04<sub>h</sub>: Objects for specifying the limit values for the jerk.
- The speed is is limited by 607F<sub>h</sub> (Max Profile Velocity) and 6080<sub>h</sub> (Max Motor Speed); the smaller value is used as the limit.
- 60F2<sub>h</sub>: (Positioning Option Code): Defines the positioning behavior

## 6.1.4.2 Objects for the positioning move

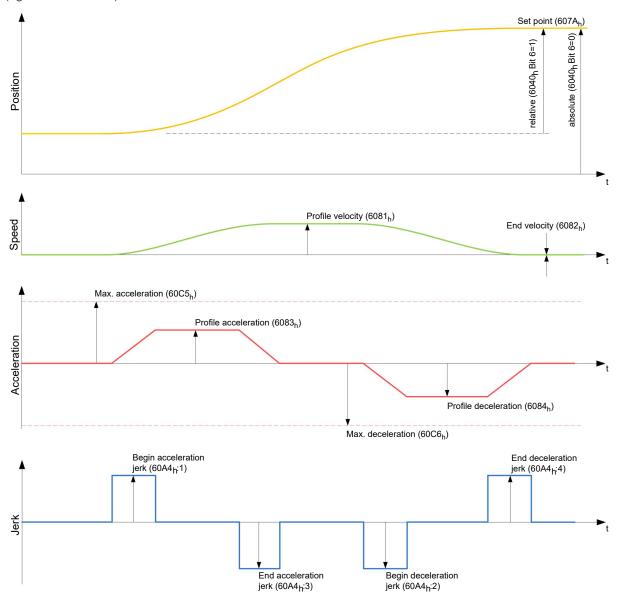
The following graphic shows the objects involved in the boundary conditions of the positioning move.





# 6.1.4.3 Parameters for the target position

The following graphic shows an overview of the parameters that are used for moving to a target position (figure not to scale).



# 6.1.5 Jerk-limited mode and non-jerk-limited mode

## 6.1.5.1 Description

A distinction is made between the "jerk-limited" and "non-jerk-limited" modes.

## 6.1.5.2 Jerk-limited mode

Jerk-limited positioning can be achieved by setting object  $\underline{6086}_h$  to "3". The entries for the jerks in subindices :1<sub>h</sub>-4<sub>h</sub> of object  $\underline{60A4}$  thereby become valid.

## 6.1.5.3 Non-jerk-limited mode

A "non-jerk-limited" ramp is traveled if the entry in object 6086<sub>h</sub> is set to "0" (default setting).



# 6.2 Velocity

# 6.2.1 Description

This mode operates the motor at a preset target speed, similar to a frequency inverter. Unlike the *profile velocity mode*, this mode does not permit the selection of jerk-limited ramps.

#### 6.2.2 Activation

To activate the mode, the value "2" must be set in object <u>6060</u><sub>h</sub> (Modes Of Operation) (see "<u>CiA 402 Power State Machine</u>").

## 6.2.3 Controlword

The following bits in object 6040<sub>h</sub> (controlword) have a special function:

■ Bit 8 (Halt): If this bit is set to "1", the motor stops. On a transition from "1" to "0", the motor accelerates with the acceleration ramp to the target speed. On a transition from "0" to "1", the motor brakes according to the deceleration ramp and comes to a standstill.

#### 6.2.4 Statusword

The following bits in object 6041<sub>h</sub> (statusword) have a special function:

Bit 11: Limit exceeded: The target speed is above or below the set limit values.

# 6.2.5 Object entries

The following objects are necessary for controlling this mode:

- 604C<sub>h</sub> (Dimension Factor):
  - The unit for speed values is defined here for the following objects.
  - Subindex 1 contains the denominator (multiplier) and subindex 2 contains the numerator (divisor) with which the internal speed values are converted to revolutions per minute. If, for example, subindex 1 is set to the value "60" and subindex 2 is set to the value "1", the speed is specified in revolutions per second (60 revolutions per 1 minute).
- 6042<sub>h</sub>: Target Velocity.
  - The target speed is set here in user-defined units.
- 6048<sub>h</sub>: Velocity Acceleration
  - This object defines the acceleration. Subindex 1 contains the change in speed, subindex 2 the corresponding time in seconds. Both together are used to calculate the acceleration:

VL velocity acceleration = 
$$\frac{\text{Delta speed (6048}_{\text{h}}:1)}{\text{Delta time (6048}_{\text{h}}:2)}$$

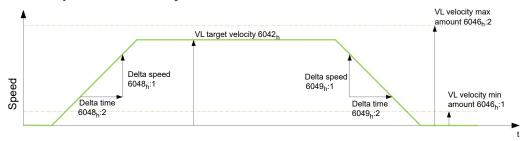
- 6049<sub>h</sub> (Velocity Deceleration):
  - This object defines the deceleration (deceleration ramp). The subindices here are arranged as described in object  $6048_h$ ; the change in speed is to be specified with positive sign.
- <u>6046</u><sub>h</sub> (Velocity Min Max Amount):
  - The limitations of the target speeds are specified in this object.
  - The minimum speed is set in  $\underline{6046}_h$ :1<sub>h</sub>. If the target speed ( $\underline{6042}_h$ ) falls below the minimum speed, the value is limited to the minimum speed  $\underline{6046}_h$ :1<sub>h</sub>.
  - The maximum speed is set in  $\underline{6046_h}$ :2<sub>h</sub>. If the target speed ( $\underline{6042_h}$ ) exceeds the maximum speed, the value is limited to the maximum speed  $\underline{6046_h}$ :2<sub>h</sub>.
- 604A<sub>h</sub> (Velocity Quick Stop):
  - This object can be used to set the quick-stop ramp. Subindices 1 and 2 are identical to those described for object  $\underline{6048}_h$ .

The following objects can be used to check the function:

- 6043<sub>h</sub> (VI Velocity Demand)
- 6044<sub>h</sub> (VI Velocity Actual Value)

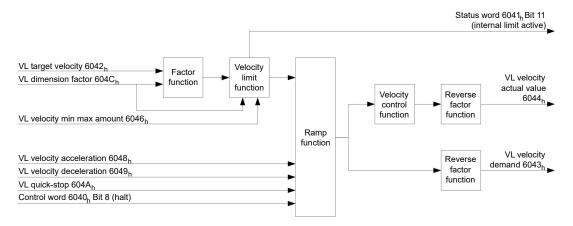


## 6.2.5.1 Speeds in Velocity Mode



## 6.2.5.2 Objects for Velocity Mode

The ramp generator follows the target speed, remaining within the set speed and acceleration limits. As long as a limit is active, bit 11 in object  $6041_h$  is set (internal limit active).



# 6.3 Profile Velocity

# 6.3.1 Description

This mode operates the motor in Velocity Mode with extended (jerk-limited) ramps. Unlike *Velocity Mode* (see "Velocity"), the statusword is used in this mode to indicate whether the target speed is reached.

## 6.3.2 Activation

To activate the mode, the value "3" must be set in object <u>6060</u><sub>h</sub> (Modes Of Operation) (see "<u>CiA 402 Power</u> State Machine").

# 6.3.3 Controlword

The following bits in object 6040<sub>h</sub> (controlword) have a special function:

■ Bit 8 (Halt): If this bit is set to "1", the motor stops. On a transition from "1" to "0", the motor accelerates with the set start ramp to the target speed. On a transition from "0" to "1", the motor brakes and comes to a standstill.

#### 6.3.4 Statusword

The following bits in object 6041<sub>h</sub> (statusword) have a special function:

■ Bit 10 (target speed reached; Target Reached): In combination with bit 8 in the controlword, this bit specifies whether the target speed is reached, if braking is taking place or if the motor is at a standstill (see table).



	6041 <sub>h</sub> Bit 10	6040 <sub>h</sub> Bit 8	Description
0		0	Target speed not reached
0		1	Axis braking
1		0	Target speed within target window (defined in 606D <sub>h</sub> h and 606E <sub>h</sub> )
1		1	Axis speed is 0

- Bit 12: This bit indicates whether the actual speed is zero.
  If the actual speed is greater than the value in 606F<sub>h</sub>(Velocity Threshold) for a time of 6070<sub>h</sub>(Velocity Threshold Time), this bit has the value "0". The bit otherwise remains set to "1".
- Bit 13 (Deviation Error): This bit is set in *closed loop* mode if the slippage error is greater than the set limits (60F8h Max Slippage and 203Fh Max Slippage Time Out).

# 6.3.5 Object entries

The following objects are necessary for controlling this mode:

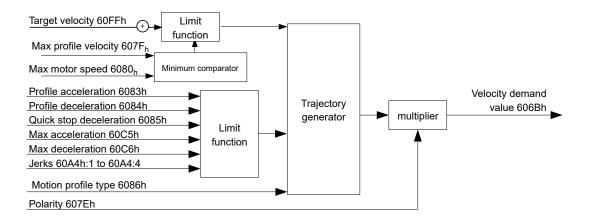
- 606B<sub>h</sub> (Velocity Demand Value):
   This object contains the output of the ramp generator, which simultaneously serves as the preset value for the velocity controller.
- 606C<sub>h</sub> (Velocity Actual Value): Indicates the current actual speed.
- 606D<sub>h</sub> (Velocity Window): This value specifies by how much the actual speed may vary from the set speed for bit 10 (target speed reached; Target Reached") in object 6041<sub>h</sub> (statusword) to be set to "1".
- 606E<sub>h</sub> (Velocity Window Time): This object specifies how long the actual speed and the set speed must be close to one another (see 606D<sub>h</sub> "Velocity Window") for bit 10 "Target speed reached" in object 6041<sub>h</sub> (statusword) to be set to "1".
- 607E<sub>h</sub> (Polarity): If bit 6 is set to "1" here, the

If bit 6 is set to "1" here, the sign of the target speed is reversed.

- 6083<sub>h</sub> (Profile acceleration):
   Sets the value for the acceleration ramp.
- 6084<sub>h</sub> (Profile Deceleration):
   Sets the value for the deceleration ramp.
- 6085<sub>h</sub> (Quick Stop Deceleration):
   Sets the value for the deceleration ramp for rapid braking.
- 6086<sub>h</sub> (Motion Profile Type): The ramp type can be selected here ("0" = trapezoidal ramp, "3" = jerk-limited ramp).
- 60FF<sub>h</sub> (Target Velocity): Specifies the target speed that is to be reached.
- The speed is is limited by 607F<sub>h</sub> (Max Profile Velocity) and 6080<sub>h</sub> (Max Motor Speed); the smaller value is used as the limit.



# 6.3.5.1 Objects in Profile Velocity Mode

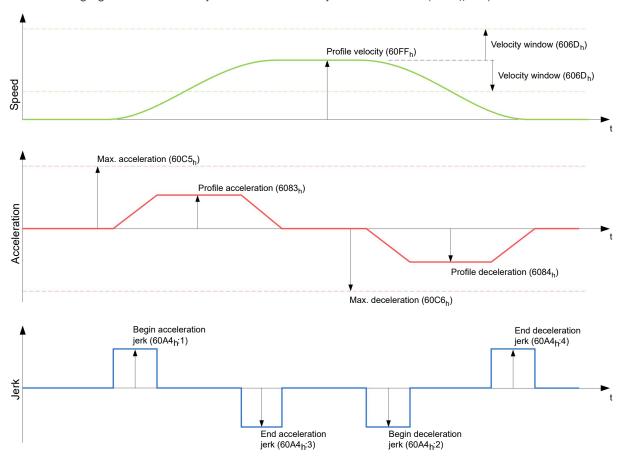


#### 6.3.5.2 Activation

After the mode is selected in object <u>6060</u><sub>h</sub> (Modes Of Operation) and the "Power State machine" (see "<u>CiA 402 Power State Machine</u>") is switched to *Operation enabled*, the motor is accelerated to the target speed in object <u>60FF</u><sub>h</sub> (see following figures). The speed and acceleration values are taken into account here; for jerk-limited ramps, the jerk-limit values are also taken into account.

# 6.3.5.3 Limitations in the jerk-limited case

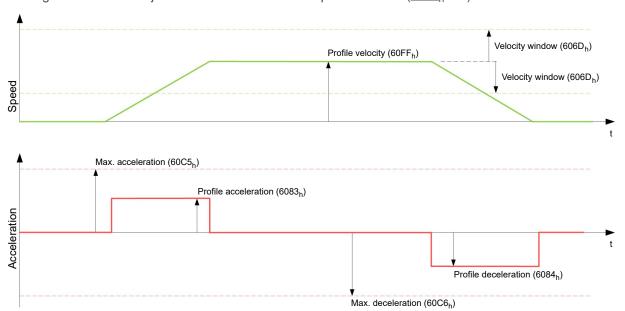
The following figure shows the adjustable limits in the jerk-limited case ( $6086_h = 3$ ).





## 6.3.5.4 Limitations in the trapezoidal case

This figure shows the adjustable limitations for the trapezoidal case ( $6086_h = 0$ ).



# 6.4 Profile Torque

# 6.4.1 Description

In this mode, the torque is preset as a set value and reached via a ramp function.



## NOTICE

This mode only functions if <u>closed loop</u> is activated, see also <u>Commissioning Closed Loop</u>.

## 6.4.2 Activation

To activate the mode, the value "4" must be set in object  $\underline{6060}_h$  (Modes Of Operation) (see " $\underline{CiA\ 402\ Power}$  State Machine").

#### 6.4.3 Controlword

The following bits in object 6040<sub>h</sub> (controlword) have a special function:

■ Bit 8 (Halt): If this bit is set to "1", the motor stops. If this bit is set from "1" to "0", the motor is started up according to the presets. When setting from "0" to "1", the motor is again brought to a standstill, taking the preset values into consideration.

#### 6.4.4 Statusword

The following bits in object 6041<sub>h</sub> (statusword) have a special function:

■ Bit 10 (Target Reached): In combination with bit 8 of object 6040<sub>h</sub> (controlword), this bit indicates whether the specified torque is reached (see following table). The target is considered having been met if the current torque (6077h Torque Actual Value) is within a tolerance window (203Dh Torque Window) for a specified time (203Eh Torque Window Time Out).

604 Bit	••	6041 <sub>h</sub> Bit 10	Description
0	0		Specified torque not reached



	6040 <sub>h</sub> Bit 8	6041 <sub>h</sub> Bit 10	Description
0	1		Specified torque reached
1	0		Axis brakes
1	1		Axis speed is 0

■ Bit 11: Limit exceeded: The target torque (6071<sub>h</sub>) exceeds the maximum torque entered in 6072<sub>h</sub>.

# 6.4.5 Object entries

All values of the following entries in the object dictionary are to be specified as a thousandth of the maximum torque, which corresponds to the rated current ( $\underline{203B}_h$ :01<sub>h</sub>). This includes the objects:

- 6071<sub>h</sub> (Target Torque): Target torque
- 6072<sub>h</sub> (Max Torque):
   Maximum torque during the entire ramp (accelerate, maintain torque, decelerate)
- 6073<sub>h</sub> (Max Current):
   Maximum current. The minimum of 6073<sub>h</sub> and 6072<sub>h</sub> is used as limit for the torque in 6071<sub>h</sub>.
- 6074<sub>h</sub> (Torque Demand):
   Current output value of the ramp generator (torque) for the controller
- 6077 (Torque Actual Value): Current torque value
- 6087<sub>h</sub> (Torque Slope):
   Max. change in torque per second

#### **NOTICE**



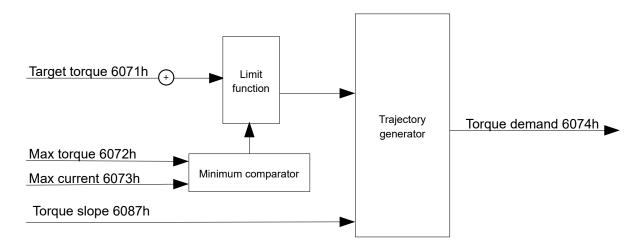
These values are not limited to 100% of the rated current ( $\underline{203B}_h$ :01<sub>h</sub>). Torque values greater than the rated torque (generated from the rated current) can be achieved if the maximum duration ( $\underline{203B}_h$ :02<sub>h</sub>) of the maximum current ( $\underline{6073}_h$ ) is set (see  $\underline{12t}$  Motor overload protection). All torque objects are limited by the maximum motor current ( $\underline{2031}_h$ ).

The following objects are also needed for this operating mode:

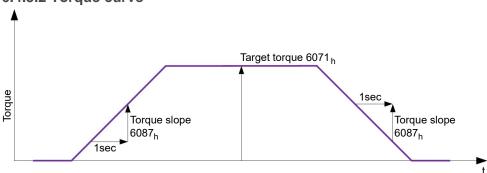
- 3202<sub>h</sub> Bit 5 (Motor Drive Submode Select):
  - If this bit is set to "0", the drive controller is operated in the torque-limited Velocity Mode, i.e., the maximum speed can be limited in the objects  $\underline{607F}$  and  $\underline{6080}_h$  and the controller can operate in field weakening mode.
  - If this bit is set to "1", the controller operates in the ("Real") Torque Mode; the maximum speed cannot be limited here and field weakening mode is not possible.



# 6.4.5.1 Objects of the ramp generator



## 6.4.5.2 Torque curve



# 6.5 Homing

## 6.5.1 Overview

# 6.5.1.1 Description

The purpose of the homing method is to align the position zero point of the controller with an encoder index or position switch.

## 6.5.1.2 Activation

To activate the mode, the value "6" must be set in object <u>6060</u><sub>h</sub> (Modes Of Operation) (see "<u>CiA 402 Power</u> State Machine").

#### TIP



If home switches and/or limit switches are used, these special functions must first be activated in the I/O configuration (see "Digital inputs and outputs").

To use the limit switch, you must also set object <u>3701</u><sub>h</sub> to "-1" (factory setting) to prevent blocking the further travel of the motor.

# 6.5.1.3 Controlword

The following bits in object 6040<sub>h</sub> (controlword) have a special function:

■ Bit 4: If the bit is set to "1", referencing is started. This is performed until either the reference position is reached or bit 4 is reset to "0".



#### 6.5.1.4 Statusword

The following bits in object 6041<sub>h</sub> (statusword) have a special function:

Bit 13	Bit 12	Bit 10	Description
0	0	0	Homing is performed
0	0	1	Homing is interrupted or not started
0	1	0	Homing has been performed since the last restart but target is not currently reached
0	1	1	Homing completed
1	0	0	Error during homing, motor still turning
1	0	1	Error during homing, motor at standstill

#### **NOTICE**



Bit 12 in *Homing* mode is set to 1 after the first fully completed homing operation since the restart. It is only reset to 0

- during all subsequent homing operations
- in the event of an error during a homing operation (permanently deleted until a new homing operation is fully completed).

## 6.5.1.5 Object entries

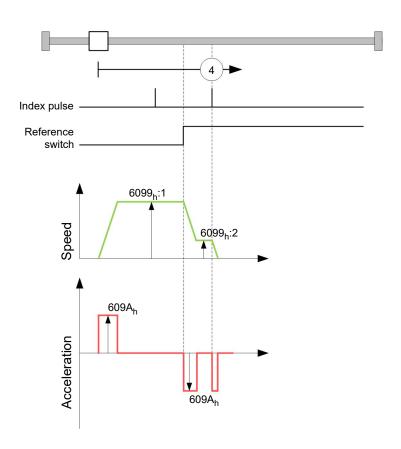
The following objects are necessary for controlling this mode:

- 607C<sub>h</sub> (Home Offset): Specifies the difference between the zero position of the controller and the reference point of the machine in <u>user-defined units</u>.
- 6098<sub>h</sub> (Homing Method):
   Method to be used for referencing (see "Homing method")
- 6099<sub>h</sub>:01<sub>h</sub> (Speed During Search For Switch): Speed for the search of the switch
- 6099<sub>h</sub>:02<sub>h</sub> (Speed During Search For Zero):
   Speed for the search of the index
- 6080<sub>h</sub> (Max Motor Speed): Maximum speed
- 609A<sub>h</sub> (Homing Acceleration):
   Starting acceleration and braking deceleration for homing. Also used in case of a quick stop.
- 203A<sub>h</sub>:01<sub>h</sub> (Minimum Current For Block Detection):
   Minimum current threshold which, if exceeded, is to detect the blocking of the motor at a block.
- 203A<sub>h</sub>:02<sub>h</sub> (Period Of Blocking):
   Specifies the time in ms that the motor is to continue to run against the block after block detection.

# **Homing speeds**

The figure shows the homing speeds using method 4 as an example:





# 6.5.2 Homing method

## 6.5.2.1 Description

The homing method is written as a number in object  $\underline{6098}_h$  and decides whether, on a switch edge (rising/falling), a current threshold for block detection or an index pulse is referenced or in which direction homing starts. Methods that use the index pulse of the encoder lie in the number range 1 to 14, 33 and 34. Methods that do not use the index pulse of the encoder lie between 17 and 30, but are identical to methods 1 to 14 with respect to the travel profiles. These number are shown in circles in the following figures. Methods for which no limit switches are used and, instead, travel against a block is to be detected, a minus must be placed before the method number when making the call.

In the following graphics, the negative movement direction is to the left. The *limit switch* is located before the respective mechanical block; the *home switch* is located between the two limit switches. The index pulses come from the connected encoder.

For methods that use homing on block, the same figures apply as for the methods with limit switch. Because nothing is different aside from the missing limit switches, the same figures are used. For the figures here, the limit switches must be replaced with a mechanical block.

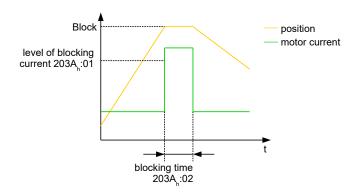
## 6.5.2.2 Homing on block

Homing on block currently only functions in *closed loop* mode.

"Homing on block" functions like every homing method with the difference that instead of a limit switch, a block (limit stop) is used for positioning. Two settings are to be made here:

- 1. Current level: In object 203A<sub>h</sub>:01, the current level is defined above which movement against the block is detected.
- 2. Blocking duration: In object 203A<sub>h</sub>:02, the duration during which the motor moves against the block is set.





# 6.5.2.3 Overview of methods

Methods 1 to 14 as well as 33 and 34 use the index pulse of the encoder.

Methods 17 to 32 are identical to methods 1 to 14 with the difference that only limit or home switches are used for referencing and not the index pulse.

- Methods 1 to 14 use an index pulse.
- Methods 17 to 30 do not use an index pulse.
- Methods 33 and 34 reference only to the next index pulse.
- Method 35 references to the current position.

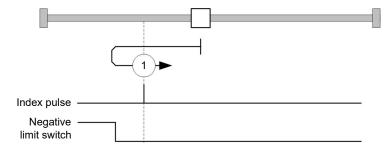
The following methods can be used for homing on block:

- Methods -1 to -2 and -7 to -14 contain an index pulse
- Methods -17 to -18 and -23 to -30 have no index pulse

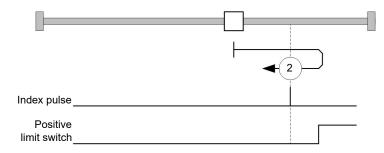
#### 6.5.2.4 Methods 1 and 2

Reference to limit switches and index pulse.

Method 1 references to negative limit switch and index pulse:



Method 2 references to positive limit switch and index pulse:

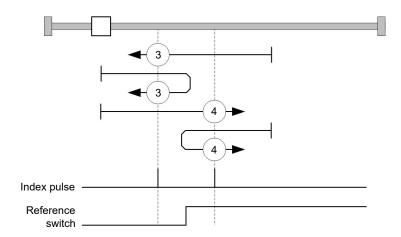


## 6.5.2.5 Methods 3 to 6

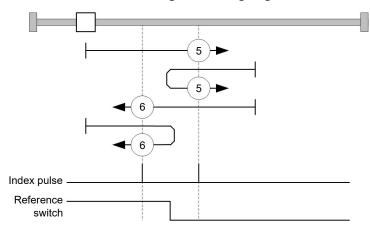
Reference to the switching edge of the home switch and index pulse.

With methods 3 and 4, the left switching edge of the home switch is used as reference:





With methods 5 and 6, the right switching edge of the home switch is used as reference:

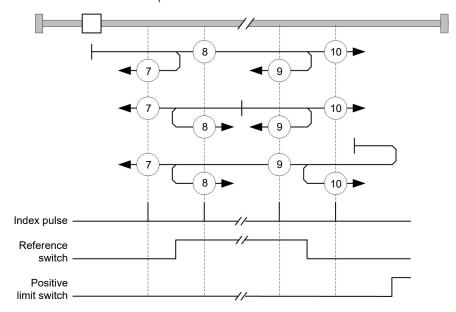


#### 6.5.2.6 Methods 7 to 14

Reference to the home switch and index pulse (with limit switches).

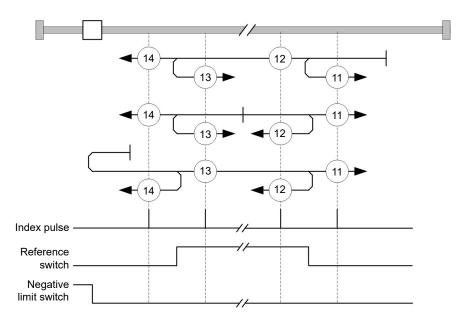
With these methods, the current position relative to the home switch is not important. With method 10, for example, referencing is always performed to the index pulse to the right of the right edge of the home switch.

Methods 7 to 10 take the positive limit switch into account:



Methods 11 to 14 take the negative limit switch into account:

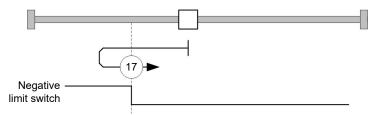




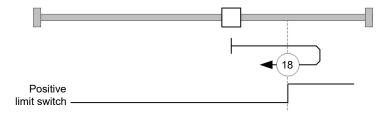
# 6.5.2.7 Methods 17 and 18

Reference to the limit switch without the index pulse.

Method 17 references to the negative limit switch:



Method 18 references to the positive limit switch:

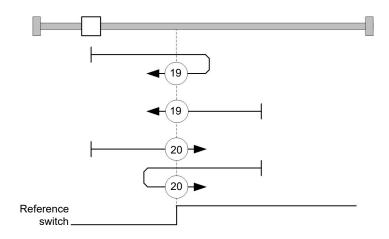


# 6.5.2.8 Methods 19 to 22

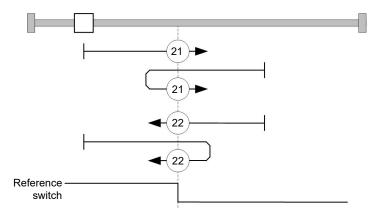
Reference to the switching edge of the home switch without the index pulse.

With methods 19 and 20 (equivalent to methods 3 and 4), the left switching edge of the home switch is used as reference:





With methods 21 and 22 (equivalent to methods 5 and 6), the right switching edge of the home switch is used as reference:

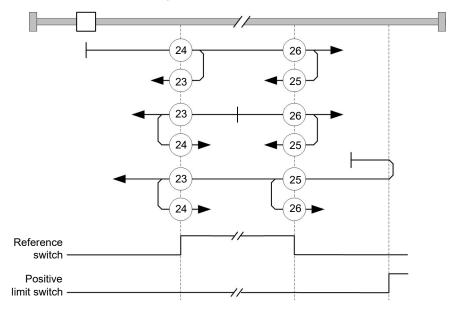


# 6.5.2.9 Methods 23 to 30

Reference to the home switch without the index pulse (with limit switches).

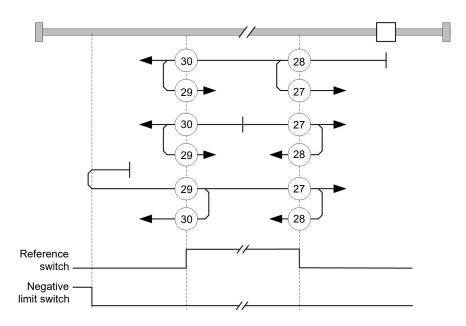
With these methods, the current position relative to the home switch is not important. With method 26, for example, referencing is always performed to the index pulse to the right of the right edge of the home switch.

Methods 23 to 26 take the positive home switch into account:



Methods 27 to 30 take the negative home switch into account:

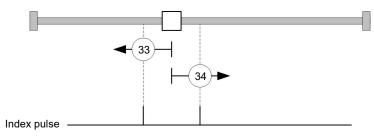




## 6.5.2.10 Methods 33 and 34

Reference to the next index pulse.

With these methods referencing is only performed to the respective subsequent index pulse:



## 6.5.2.11 Method 35

References to the current position.

## NOTICE



For homing mode 35, it is not necessary to switch the <u>CiA 402 Power State Machine</u> to the "Operation enabled" state. When energizing the motor windings in *open loop* mode, it is thereby possible to prevent the current position from not being exactly 0 after Homing Mode 35.

# 6.6 Interpolated Position Mode

## 6.6.1 Overview

## 6.6.1.1 Description

Interpolated position mode is used to synchronize multiple axes. For this purpose, a higher-level controller performs the ramp and path calculation and passes the respective demand position, at which the axis is to be located at a certain time, to the controller. The controller interpolates between these intermediate position points.

# 6.6.1.2 Synchronization with the SYNC object

For interpolated position mode, it is necessary that the controller synchronizes with the SYNC object (depending on the fieldbus). This SYNC object is to be sent by the higher-level controller in regular intervals. Synchronization occurs as soon as the controller is switched to the *Operational* NMT mode.





#### **NOTICE**

Where possible, it is recommended that a time interval of the SYNC object be used.

## 6.6.2 Activation

To activate the mode, the value "7" must be set in object <u>6060</u><sub>h</sub> (Modes Of Operation) (see "<u>CiA 402 Power</u> State Machine").

#### 6.6.3 Controlword

The following bits in object 6040<sub>h</sub> (controlword) have a special function:

- Bit 4 activates the interpolation when it is set to "1".
- Bit 8 (Halt): If this bit is set to "1", the motor stops. On a transition from "1" to "0", the motor accelerates with the set start ramp to the target speed. On a transition from "0" to "1", the motor brakes and comes to a standstill. The braking deceleration is dependent here on the setting of the "Halt Option Code" in object 605D<sub>h</sub>.

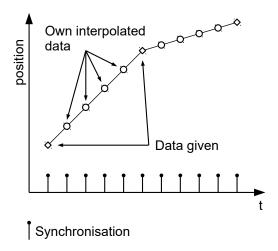
#### 6.6.4 Statusword

The following bits in object 6041<sub>h</sub> (statusword) have a special function:

- Bit 10: Target position reached: This bit is set to "1" if the target position was reached (if the halt bit in the controlword is "0") or the axis has speed 0 (if the halt bit in the last control word was "1").
- Bit 12 (IP mode active): This bit is set to "1" if interpolation is active.
- Bit 13 (Following Error): This bit is set in *closed loop* mode if the following error is greater than the set limits (6065<sub>h</sub> (Following Error Window) and 6066<sub>h</sub> (Following Error Time Out)).

## 6.6.5 Use

The controller follows a linearly interpolated path between the current position and the preset target position. The (next) target position must be written in record  $60C1_h$ :01<sub>h</sub>.



In the current implementation, only

- linear interpolation
- and a target position

are supported.

## 6.6.6 Setup

The following setup is necessary:

60C2<sub>h</sub>:01<sub>h</sub>: Time between two passed target positions in ms.



- 60C4<sub>h</sub>:06<sub>h</sub>: This object is to be set to "1" to be able to modify the target position in object 60C1<sub>h</sub>:01<sub>h</sub>.
- 6081<sub>h</sub> (Profile Velocity): Maximum speed with which the position is to be approached
- 6084<sub>h</sub> (Profile Deceleration): Desired braking deceleration during braking
- 60C6<sub>h</sub>: (Max Deceleration): The maximum allowed braking deceleration
- Only if <u>closed loop</u> is activated: The speed is limited by <u>607F</u><sub>h</sub> (Max Profile Velocity) and <u>6080</u><sub>h</sub> (Max Motor Speed); the smaller value is used as the limit.
- To be able to turn the motor, the *power state machine* is to be set to the *Operation enabled* state (see <u>CiA 402 Power State Machine</u>).

# 6.6.7 Operation

After setting up, the task of the higher-level controller is to write the target positions to object  $\underline{60C1}_h:01_h$  in time.

# 6.7 Cyclic Synchronous Position

## 6.7.1 Overview

# 6.7.1.1 Description

In this mode, the controller receives an absolute position preset via the fieldbus at fixed time intervals (referred to in the following as a *cycle*). The controller then no longer calculates any ramps, but rather only follows the presets.

The target position is transferred cyclically (via *PDO*). Bit 4 in the controlword does not need to be set (unlike the Profile Position mode).



#### **NOTICE**

The target is absolute and, thus, independent of how often it was sent per cycle.

## 6.7.1.2 Synchronization with the SYNC object

To achieve smooth movement, the controller should synchronize with the SYNC object (depending on the field bus). This SYNC object is to be sent by the higher-level controller in regular intervals. Synchronization occurs as soon as the controller is switched to the *Operational* NMT mode.



#### **NOTICE**

Where possible, it is recommended that a time interval of the SYNC object be used for transfer of the target position.

#### 6.7.1.3 Activation

To activate the mode, the value "8" must be set in object <u>6060</u><sub>h</sub> (Modes Of Operation) (see "<u>CiA 402 Power State Machine</u>").

#### 6.7.1.4 Controlword

In this mode, the bits of controlword 6040<sub>h</sub> have no special function.

## 6.7.1.5 Statusword

The following bits in object 6041<sub>h</sub> (statusword) have a special function:

Bit	Value	Description
8	0	The controller is not in sync with the fieldbus



Bit	Value	Description
8	1	The controller is in sync with the fieldbus
10	0	Reserved
10	1	Reserved
12	0	Controller does not follow the target; the preset of $\underline{607A}_h$ (Target Position) is ignored
12	1	Controller follows the target; object $\underline{607A_h}$ (Target Position) is used as the input for position control.
13	0	No following error
13	1	Following error

Bit 11: Limit exceeded: The demand position is above or below the limit values set in 607Dh.

# 6.7.2 Object entries

The following objects are necessary for controlling this mode:

- 607A<sub>h</sub> (Target Position): This object must be written cyclically with the position set value.
- <u>607B</u><sub>h</sub> (Position Range Limit): This object contains the preset for an overrun or underrun of the position specification.
- 607D<sub>h</sub> (Software Position Limit): This object defines the limitations within which the position specification (607A<sub>h</sub>) must be located.
- 6065<sub>h</sub> (Following Error Window): This object specifies a tolerance corridor in both the positive and negative direction from the set specification. If the actual position is outside of this corridor for longer than the specified time (6066<sub>h</sub>), a following error is reported.
- 6066<sub>h</sub> (Following Error Time Out): This object specifies the time range in milliseconds. If the actual position is outside of the position corridor (6065<sub>h</sub>) for longer than this time range, a following error is triggered.
- 6085<sub>h</sub> (Quick-Stop Deceleration): This object contains the braking deceleration for the case that a quick-stop is triggered.
- 605A<sub>h</sub> (Quick-Stop Option Code): This object contains the option that is to be executed in the event of a quick-stop.
- Only if <u>closed loop</u> is activated: <u>6080</u><sub>h</sub> (Max Motor Speed): Maximum speed
- 60C2<sub>h</sub>:01<sub>h</sub> (Interpolation Time Period): This object specifies the time of a *cycle*; a new set value must be written in 607A<sub>h</sub> in these time intervals.
  - The following applies here: cycle time = value of  $\underline{60C2}_h$ :01<sub>h</sub> \* 10<sup>value of 60C2:02</sup> seconds.
- 60C2<sub>h</sub>:02<sub>h</sub> (Interpolation Time Index): This object specifies the time basis of the cycles. Currently, only value 60C2<sub>h</sub>:02<sub>h</sub>=-3 is supported; this yields a time basis of 1 millisecond.
- 60B0<sub>h</sub> (Position Offset): Offset for the position set value in <u>user-defined units</u>
- 60B1<sub>h</sub> (Velocity Offset): Offset for the speed set value in <u>user-defined units</u>
- 60B2<sub>h</sub> (Torque Offset): Offset for the torque set value in tenths of a percent

The following objects can be read in this mode:

- 6064<sub>h</sub> (Position Actual Value)
- 606C<sub>h</sub> (Velocity Actual Value)
- 60F4<sub>h</sub> (Following Error Actual Value)

# 6.8 Cyclic Synchronous Velocity

## 6.8.1 Overview

#### 6.8.1.1 Description

In this mode, the controller passes a speed preset via the fieldbus at fixed time intervals (referred to in the following as a *cycle*). The controller then no longer calculates any ramps, but rather only follows the presets.



#### 6.8.1.2 Activation

To activate the mode, the value "9" must be set in object 6060<sub>h</sub> (Modes Of Operation) (see "CiA 402 Power State Machine").

#### 6.8.1.3 Controlword

In this mode, the bits of controlword 6040<sub>h</sub> have no special function.

#### 6.8.1.4 Statusword

The following bits in object 6041<sub>h</sub> (statusword) have a special function:

Bit	Value	Description	
8	0	The controller is not in sync with the fieldbus	
8	1	The controller is in sync with the fieldbus	
10	0	Reserved	
10	1	Reserved	
12	0	Controller does not follow the target; the preset of 60FF <sub>h</sub> (Target Velocity) is ignored	
12	1	Controller follows the target; object 60FF <sub>h</sub> (Target Velocity) is used as the input for position control.	
13	0	Reserved	
13	1	Reserved	

# 6.8.2 Object entries

The following objects are necessary for controlling this mode:

- 60FF<sub>h</sub> (Target Velocity): This object must be written cyclically with the speed set value.
- 6085<sub>h</sub> (Quick-Stop Deceleration): This object contains the braking deceleration for the case that a quick-stop is triggered (see "CiA 402 Power State Machine").
- 605A<sub>h</sub> (Quick-Stop Option Code): This object contains the option that is to be executed in the event of a quick-stop (see "CiA 402 Power State Machine").
- 6080<sub>h</sub> (Max Motor Speed): Maximum speed
- 60C2<sub>h</sub>:01<sub>h</sub> (Interpolation Time Period): This object specifies the time of a *cycle*; a new set value must be written in 60FF<sub>h</sub> in these time intervals.
  - The following applies here: cycle time = value of  $\underline{60C2}_h$ :01<sub>h</sub> \* 10<sup>value of 60C2:02</sup> seconds.
- 60C2<sub>h</sub>:02<sub>h</sub> (Interpolation Time Index): This object specifies the time basis of the cycles. Currently, only value 60C2<sub>h</sub>:02<sub>h</sub>=-3 is supported; this yields a time basis of 1 millisecond.
- 60B1<sub>h</sub> (Velocity Offset): Offset for the speed set value in <u>user-defined units</u>
- 60B2<sub>h</sub> (Torque Offset): Offset for the torque set value in tenths of a percent

The following objects can be read in this mode:

- 606C<sub>h</sub> (Velocity Actual Value)
- 607E<sub>h</sub> (Polarity)

# 6.9 Cyclic Synchronous Torque

## 6.9.1 Overview

## 6.9.1.1 Description

In this mode, the controller passes an absolute torque preset via the fieldbus at fixed time intervals (referred to in the following as a *cycle*). The controller then no longer calculates any ramps, but rather only follows the presets.





#### **NOTICE**

This mode only functions if closed loop is activated, see also Commissioning closed loop.

#### 6.9.1.2 Activation

To activate the mode, the value "10" must be set in object <u>6060</u><sub>h</sub> (Modes Of Operation) (see "<u>CiA 402 Power State Machine</u>").

#### 6.9.1.3 Controlword

In this mode, the bits of controlword  $\underline{6040}_{h}$  have no special function.

#### 6.9.1.4 Statusword

The following bits in object 6041<sub>h</sub> (statusword) have a special function:

Bit	Value	Description	
8	0	The controller is not in sync with the fieldbus	
8	1	The controller is in sync with the fieldbus	
10	0	Reserved	
10	1	Reserved	
12	0	Controller does not follow the target; the preset of 6071 <sub>h</sub> (Target Torque) is ignored	
12	1	Controller follows the target; object 6071 <sub>h</sub> (Target Torque) is used as the input for position control.	
13	0	Reserved	
13	1	Reserved	

# 6.9.2 Object entries

The following objects are necessary for controlling this mode:

- 6071<sub>h</sub> (Target Torque): This object must be written cyclically with the torque set value and is to be set relative to 6072<sub>h</sub>.
- 6072<sub>h</sub> (Max Torque): Describes the maximum permissible torque.
- 6073<sub>h</sub> (Max Current):
  - Maximum current. The minimum of 6073<sub>h</sub> and 6072<sub>h</sub> is used as limit for the torque in 6071<sub>h</sub>.
- 6080<sub>h</sub> (Max Motor Speed): Maximum speed
- 60C2<sub>h</sub>:01<sub>h</sub> (Interpolation Time Period): This object specifies the time of a *cycle*; a new set value must be written in 6071<sub>h</sub> in these time intervals.
  - The following applies here: cycle time = value of  $\underline{60C2}_h$ :01<sub>h</sub> \* 10<sup>value of 60C2:02</sup> seconds.
- 60C2<sub>h</sub>:02<sub>h</sub> (Interpolation Time Index): This object specifies the time basis of the cycles. Currently, only value 60C2<sub>h</sub>:02<sub>h</sub>=-3 is supported; this yields a time basis of 1 millisecond.
- 60B2<sub>h</sub> (Torque Offset): Offset for the torque set value in tenths of a percent

The following objects can be read in this mode:

- 606C<sub>h</sub> (Velocity Actual Value)
- 6074<sub>h</sub> (Torque Demand)



# 6.10 Clock-direction mode

# 6.10.1 Description

In clock-direction mode, the motor is operated via two inputs by a higher-level positioning controller with clock and direction signal. On each clock signal, the motor moves one step in the direction corresponding to the direction signal.

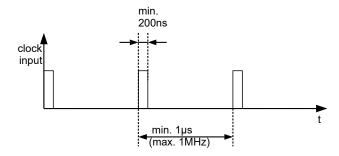
## 6.10.2 Activation

To activate the mode, the value "-1" (or "FFh") must be set in object  $\underline{6060}_h$  (Modes Of Operation) (see " $\underline{CiA}$  402 Power State Machine").

#### 6.10.3 General

The following data apply for every subtype of the clock-direction mode:

■ The maximum frequency of the input pulse is 1 MHz; the ON pulse should not be less than 200 ns.



- The demand position resulting from the input pulses is updated cyclically; the cycle time corresponds to the Interpolation Time Period (60C2h). The input pulses that arrive within a cycle are collected and buffered in the controller.
- The steps are scaled using objects 2057<sub>h</sub> and 2058<sub>h</sub>. The following formula applies here:

step width per pulse = 
$$\frac{2057_{h}}{2058_{h}}$$

The "step size per pulse" value is set to 128 ( $\underline{2057}_h$ =128 and  $\underline{2058}_h$ =1) ex works, which corresponds to a quarter step per pulse. A full step is the value "512", a half step per pulse corresponds to "256", etc.

## **NOTICE**



For a stepper motor with 50 pole pairs, 200 full steps correspond to one mechanical revolution of the motor shaft.

In *clock-direction mode*, the BLDC motors are also handled as stepper motors by the controller. This means that for a BLDC motor with, e.g., 3 pole pairs, 12 (=4\*3) full steps correspond to one revolution.



If there is a change of direction, a time of at least 35  $\mu$ s must elapse before the new clock signal is applied.

**NOTICE** 



#### 6.10.4 Statusword

The following bits in object 6041<sub>h</sub> (statusword) have a special function:

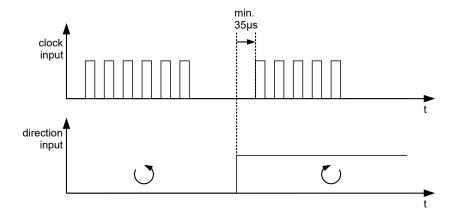
■ Bit 13 (Following Error): This bit is set in *closed loop* mode if the following error is greater than the set limits (6065<sub>h</sub> (Following Error Window) and 6066<sub>h</sub> (Following Error Time Out)).

# 6.10.5 Subtypes of the clock-direction mode

# 6.10.5.1 Clock-direction mode (TR mode)

To activate the mode, object 205B<sub>h</sub> must be set to the value "0" (factory settings).

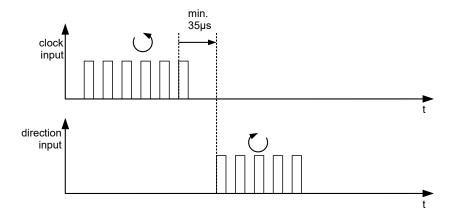
In this mode, the pulses must be preset via the clock input; the signal of the direction input specifies the direction of rotation here (see following graphic).



# 6.10.5.2 Right / left rotation mode (CW / CCW mode)

To activate the mode, object 205B<sub>h</sub> must be set to the value "1".

In this mode, the input that is used decides the direction of rotation (see following graphic).



# 6.11 Auto setup

# 6.11.1 Description

To determine a number of parameters related to the motor and the connected sensors (encoders/Hall sensors), an *auto setup* is performed. <u>Closed-Loop</u> operation requires a successfully completed *auto setup*. With the Plug & Drive motors, it is not necessary to perform an *auto setup*, as this was already performed at the factory. For details, see <u>the corresponding section in chapter Commissioning</u>.



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# 6.11.2 Activation

To activate the mode, the value "-2" (=" $FE_h$ ") must be set in object  $\underline{6060}_h$  (Modes Of Operation) (see  $\underline{CiA\ 402}$  Power State Machine).

# 6.11.3 Controlword

The following bits in object 6040<sub>h</sub> (controlword) have a special function:

■ Bit 4 starts a travel command. This is carried out on a transition from "0" to "1".

## 6.11.4 Statusword

The following bits in object 6041<sub>h</sub> (statusword) have a special function:

- Bit 10: Indexed: indicates whether (= "1") or not (= "0") an encoder index was found.
- Bit 12: Aligned: this bit is set to "1" after auto setup has concluded



# 7 Special functions

# 7.1 Digital inputs and outputs

This controller is equipped with digital inputs and outputs.

# 7.1.1 Bit assignment

The software of the controller assigns each input and output two bits in the respective object (e.g., <u>60FDh</u> <u>Digital Inputs</u> or <u>60FEh Digital Outputs</u>):

- 1. The first bit corresponds to the special function of an output or input. These functions are always available on bits 0 to 15 (inclusive) of the respective object. These include the limit switches and the home switch for the digital inputs and the brake control for the outputs.
- 2. The second bit shows the output/input as a level; these are then available on bits 16 to 31.

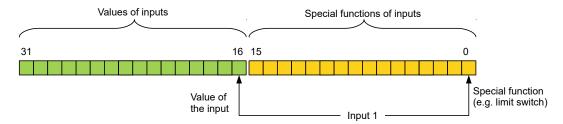
#### **Example**

To manipulate the value of output 2, always use bit 17 in 60FE<sub>h</sub>.

To activate the "negative limit switch" special function of input 1, set bit 0 in  $\underline{3240}_h$ :01<sub>h</sub>; to query the status of the input, read bit 0 in  $\underline{60FD}_h$ . Bit 16 in  $\underline{60FD}_h$  also shows the status of input 1 (independent of whether or not the special function of the input was activated).

This assignment is graphically illustrated in the following drawing.

## Bits of any object for controlling inputs



# 7.1.2 Digital inputs

## 7.1.2.1 Overview



#### **NOTICE**

For digital inputs with 5 V, the length of the supply lines must not exceed 3 meters.



#### **NOTICE**

The digital inputs are sampled once per millisecond. Signal changes at the input less than one millisecond in duration are not processed.

The following inputs are available:



Input	Special function	Switching threshold switchable	Differential / single-ended
1	Negative limit switch / Clock inpi in clock-direction mode	ut yes, 5 V or 24 V (see <u>3240</u> <sub>h</sub> :06 <sub>h</sub> )	The inputs can only be
2	Positive limit switch / direction input in clock-direction mode	yes, 5 V or 24 V (see <u>3240</u> <sub>h</sub> :06 <sub>h</sub> )	switched together (see
3	Home switch	yes, 5 V or 24 V (see <u>3240</u> <sub>h</sub> :06 <sub>h</sub> )	3240 <sub>h</sub> :07 <sub>h</sub> )
4	None	yes, 5 V or 24 V (see <u>3240</u> <sub>h</sub> :06 <sub>h</sub> )	
5	None	yes, 5 V or 24 V (see <u>3240</u> <sub>h</sub> :06 <sub>h</sub> )	
6	None	yes, 5 V or 24 V (see <u>3240</u> <sub>h</sub> :06 <sub>h</sub> )	

If you set 3240<sub>h</sub>:07<sub>h</sub> to the value "1", three differential inputs are available instead of six single-ended inputs:

	Pin	Function
2	- Input 1	
3	Input 1	
4	- Input 2	
5	Input 2	
6	- Input 3	
7	Input 3	

# 7.1.2.2 Object entries

The value of an input can be manipulated using the following OD settings, whereby only the corresponding bit acts on the input here.

■ 3240<sub>h</sub>:01<sub>h</sub> (Special Function Enable): This bit allows special functions of an input to be switched off (value "0") or on (value "1"). If input 1 is not used as, e. g., a negative limit switch, the special function must be switched off to prevent an erroneous response to the signal generator. The object has no effect on bits 16 to 31

The firmware evaluates the following bits:

- □ Bit 0: Negative limit switch (see <u>Limitation of the range of motion</u>)
- □ Bit 1: Positive limit switch (see <u>Limitation of the range of motion</u>)
- □ Bit 2: Home switch (see Homing)
- □ Bit 3: Interlock (see interlock function)

If, for example, two limit switches and one home switch are used, bits 0-2 in 3240<sub>h</sub>:01<sub>h</sub> must be set to "1".

- 3240<sub>h</sub>:02<sub>h</sub> (Function Inverted): This subindex switches from normally open logic (a logical high level at the input yields the value "1" in object 60FD<sub>h</sub>) to normally closed logic (the logical high level at the input yields the value "0").
  - This applies for the special functions (except for the clock and direction inputs) and for the normal inputs. If the bit has the value "0", normally open logic applies; for the value "1", normally closed logic applies. Bit 0 changes the logic of input 1, bit 1 changes the logic of input 2, etc.
- 3240<sub>h</sub>:03<sub>h</sub> (Force Enable): This subindex switches on the software simulation of input values if the corresponding bit is set to "1".
  - In this case, the actual values are no longer used in object 3240<sub>h</sub>:04<sub>h</sub>, but rather the set values for the respective input. Bit 0 corresponds to input 1 here, bit 1 to input 2, etc.
- $\frac{3240_{h}}{0.04_{h}}$  (Force Value): This bit specifies the value that is to be read as the input value if the same bit was set in object  $\frac{3240_{h}}{0.03_{h}}$ .
- 3240<sub>h</sub>:05<sub>h</sub> (Raw Value): This object contains the unmodified input value.
- 3240<sub>h</sub>:06<sub>h</sub> (Input Range Select): This can be used to switch inputs that are equipped with this function from the switching threshold of 5 V (bit is "0") to the switching threshold of 24 V (bit is "1"). Bit 0 corresponds to input 1 here, bit 1 to input 2, etc.

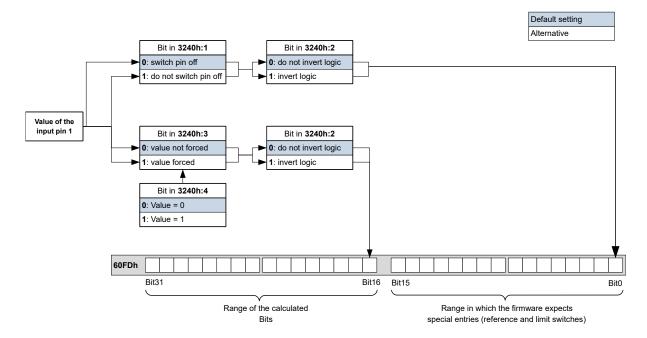


- 3240<sub>h</sub>:07<sub>h</sub> (Differential Select): With the inputs, this subindex switches between "single-ended input" (value "0" in the subindex) and "differential input" (value "1" in the subindex) once for all inputs.
- 60FD<sub>h</sub> (Digital Inputs): This object contains a summary of the inputs and the special functions.

## 7.1.2.3 Computation of the inputs

Computation of the input signal using the example of input 1:

The value at bit 0 of object 60FD<sub>h</sub> is interpreted by the firmware as negative limit switch; the result of the complete computation is stored in bit 16.



# 7.1.2.4 Input Routing

## **Principle**

To perform the assignment of the inputs more flexibly, there is a mode called *Input Routing Mode*. This assigns a signal of a source to a bit in object  $\underline{60FD_h}$ .



#### **Activation**

This mode is activated by setting object 3240<sub>h</sub>:08<sub>h</sub> (Routing Enable) to "1".



# **NOTICE**

Entries  $\underline{3240}_h:01_h$  to  $\underline{3240}:04_h$  then have **no** function until Input Routing is again switched off.





If Input Routing is switched on, the initial values of  $\underline{3242}_h$  are changed and correspond to the function of the input as it was before activation of Input Routing. The inputs of the controller behave the same with activation of Input Routing. Therefore, you should not switch back and forth between the normal mode and Input Routing.



# Routing

Object  $3242_h$  determines which signal source is routed to which bit of  $\underline{60FD}_h$ . Subindex  $01_h$  of  $3242_h$  determines bit 0, subindex  $02_h$  determines bit 1, and so forth. The signal sources and their numbers can be found in the following lists.

Nu	ımber		
dec	hex		Signal source
00	00	Signal is always 0	
01	01	physical input 1	
02	02	Physical input 2	
03	03	Physical input 3	
04	04	Physical input 4	
05	05	Physical input 5	
06	06	Physical input 6	
07	07	Physical input 7	
08	08	Physical input 8	
09	09	Physical input 9	
10	0A	physical input 10	
11	0B	Physical input 11	
12	0C	physical input 12	
13	0D	Physical input 13	
14	0E	Physical input 14	
15	0F	Physical input 15	
16	10	Physical input 16	
68	44	Encoder input "A"	
69	45	Encoder input "B"	
70	46	Encoder input "Index"	
71	47	USB Power Signal	

The following table describes the inverted signals of the previous table.

Nu	ımber	
dec	hex	Signal source
128	80	Signal is always 1
129	81	Inverted physical input 1
130	82	Inverted physical input 2
131	83	Inverted physical input 3
132	84	Inverted physical input 4
133	85	Inverted physical input 5
134	86	Inverted physical input 6
135	87	Inverted physical input 7
136	88	Inverted physical input 8
137	89	Inverted physical input 9
138	8A	Inverted physical input 10
139	8B	Inverted physical input 11
140	8C	Inverted physical input 12



Nu	ımber	
dec	hex	Signal source
141	8D	Inverted physical input 13
142	8E	Inverted physical input 14
143	8F	Inverted physical input 15
144	90	Inverted physical input 16
196	C4	Inverted encoder input "A"
197	C5	Inverted encoder input "B"
198	C6	Inverted encoder input "Index"
199	C7	Inverted USB power signal

## **Example**

Input 1 is to be routed to bit 16 of object 60FDh:

The number of the signal source for input 1 is "1". The routing for bit 16 is written in  $3242_h$ :11<sub>h</sub>.

Hence, object 3242h:11h must be set to the value "1".

## 7.1.2.5 Interlock function

The interlock function is a release that you control via bit 3 in  $\underline{60FD}_h$ . If this bit is set to "1", the motor can move. If the bit is set to "0", the controller switches to the error state and the action stored in  $\underline{605E}_h$  is executed.

To activate the interlock function, you must switch on the special function by setting bit 3 in 3240:01<sub>h</sub> to "1".

Use *Input Routing* to define which signal source is routed to bit 3 of <u>60FD</u><sub>h</sub> and is to control the interlock function.

#### **Example**

Input 4 is to be routed to bit 3 of object <u>60FD</u><sub>h</sub> to control the interlock function. A low level is to result in an error state.

- 1. To activate the *Input Routing*, set 3240<sub>h</sub>:08<sub>h</sub> to "1".
- 2. To route input 4 to bit 3, set 3242<sub>h</sub>:04<sub>h</sub> to "4".

# 7.1.3 Digital outputs

# **7.1.3.1 Outputs**

The outputs are controlled via object  $\underline{60FE_h}$ . Here, output 1 corresponds to bit 16 in object  $\underline{60FE_h}$ , output 2 corresponds to bit 17, etc., as with the inputs. The outputs with special functions are again entered in the firmware in the lower bits 0 to 15. The only bit assigned at the present time is bit 0, which controls the motor brake.

## 7.1.3.2 Wiring



### **NOTICE**

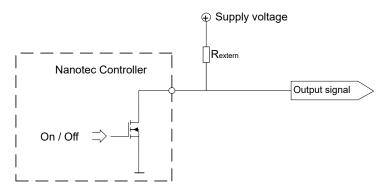
Always observe the maximum capacity of the output (see Pin assignment).



The outputs are implemented as "open drain". Hence, an external voltage supply is always necessary.

### **Example**

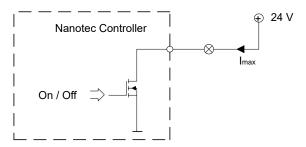
The digital output signal should continue to be used. For this purpose, a circuit as shown in the following figure is to be realized.



With a supply voltage of +24 V, a resistance value  $R_{external}$  of 10 k $\Omega$  is recommended.

## **Example**

A simple load is to be used with the digital output.



# 7.1.3.3 Object entries

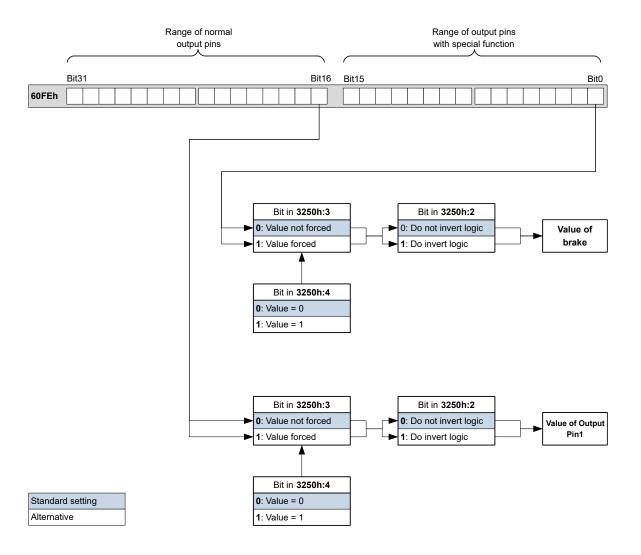
Additional OD entries are available for manipulating the value of the outputs (see the following example for further information). As with the inputs, only the bit at the corresponding location acts on the respective output:

- <u>3250</u><sub>h</sub>:01<sub>h</sub>: No function.
- 3250<sub>h</sub>:02<sub>h</sub>: This is used to switch the logic from *normally open* to *normally closed*. Configured as *normally open*, the output outputs a logical high level if the bit is "1". With the *normally closed* configuration, a logical low level is output accordingly for a "1" in object 60FE<sub>h</sub>.
- 3250<sub>h</sub>:03<sub>h</sub>: If a bit is set here, the output is controlled manually. The value for the output is then in object 3250<sub>h</sub>:4<sub>h</sub>; this is also possible for the brake output.
- 3250<sub>h</sub>:04<sub>h</sub>: The bits in this object specify the output value that is to be applied at the output if manual control of the output is activated by means of object 3250<sub>h</sub>:03<sub>h</sub>.
- $\frac{3250}{100}$ : The bit combination applied to the outputs is stored in this subindex.
- 3250<sub>h</sub>:08<sub>h</sub>: For activating the Output Routing.
- 3250<sub>h</sub>:09<sub>h</sub>: For switching control of the <u>Power LED</u> on/off. If bit 0 is set to "1", the green LED is activated (flashes in normal operation). If bit 1 is set to "1", the red LED is activated (flashes in case of an error). If the bit is set to "0", the respective LED remains off.



# 7.1.3.4 Computation of the outputs

Example for calculating the bits of the outputs:



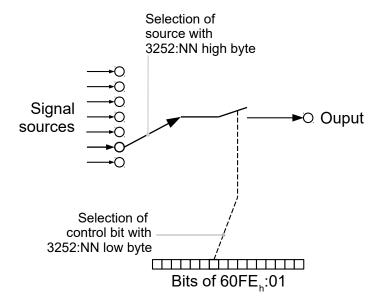
# 7.1.3.5 Output Routing

## **Principle**

The "Output Routing Mode" assigns an output a signal source; a control bit in object  $\underline{60FE}_h$ :01<sub>h</sub> switches the signal on or off.

The source is selected with  $3252_h$ :01 to n in the "high byte" (bit 15 to bit 8). The assignment of a control bit from object  $60FE_h$ :01<sub>h</sub> is performed in the "low byte" (bit 7 to bit 0) of  $3252_h$ :01<sub>h</sub> to n (see following figure).





#### **Activation**

This mode is activated by setting object 3250<sub>h</sub>:08<sub>h</sub> (Routing Enable) to "1".



## **NOTICE**

Entries 3250<sub>h</sub>:01<sub>h</sub> to 3250:04<sub>h</sub> then have **no** function until *Output Routing* is again switched off.

# Routing

The subindex of object  $\underline{3252}_h$  determines which signal source is routed to which output. The output assignments are listed in the following:

Subindex 3252 <sub>h</sub>	Output Pin
01 <sub>h</sub>	Configuration of the PWM output (software PWM)
02 <sub>h</sub>	Configuration of output 1
03 <sub>h</sub>	Configuration of output 2 (if available)
0n <sub>h</sub>	Configuration of output n (if available)



## **NOTICE**

The maximum output frequency of the PWM output (software PWM) is 2 kHz. All other outputs can only produce signals up to 500 Hz.

Subindices  $3252_h$ :01<sub>h</sub> to 0n<sub>h</sub> are 16 bits wide, whereby the high byte selects the signal source (e. g., the PWM generator) and the low byte determines the control bit in object  $60FE_h$ :01.

Bit 7 of  $3252_h$ :01<sub>h</sub> to 0n<sub>h</sub> inverts the controller from object  $60FE_h$ :01. Normally, value "1" in object  $60FE_h$ :01<sub>h</sub> switches on the signal; if bit 7 is set, the value "0" switches on the signal.





#### TIP

To deactivate routing, enter the value FFFF<sub>h</sub>.

Number in 3252:01 to 0n		
00XX <sub>h</sub>	Output is always "1"	
01XX <sub>h</sub>	Output is always "0"	
02XX <sub>h</sub>	Encoder signal (6063 <sub>h</sub> ) with frequency divider 1	
03XX <sub>h</sub>	Encoder signal (6063 <sub>h</sub> ) with frequency divider 2	
04XX <sub>h</sub>	Encoder signal (6063 <sub>h</sub> ) with frequency divider 4	
05XX <sub>h</sub>	Encoder signal (6063 <sub>h</sub> ) with frequency divider 8	
06XX <sub>h</sub>	Encoder signal (6063 <sub>h</sub> ) with frequency divider 16	
07XX <sub>h</sub>	Encoder signal (6063 <sub>h</sub> ) with frequency divider 32	
08XX <sub>h</sub>	Encoder signal (6063 <sub>h</sub> ) with frequency divider 64	
09XX <sub>h</sub>	Position Actual Value (6064 <sub>h</sub> ) with frequency divider 1	
0AXX <sub>h</sub>	Position Actual Value (6064 <sub>h</sub> ) with frequency divider 2	
0BXX <sub>h</sub>	Position Actual Value (6064 <sub>h</sub> ) with frequency divider 4	
0CXX <sub>h</sub>	Position Actual Value (6064 <sub>h</sub> ) with frequency divider 8	
0DXX <sub>h</sub>	Position Actual Value (6064 <sub>h</sub> ) with frequency divider 16	
0EXX <sub>h</sub>	Position Actual Value (6064 <sub>h</sub> ) with frequency divider 32	
0FXX <sub>h</sub>	Position Actual Value (6064 <sub>h</sub> ) with frequency divider 64	
10XX <sub>h</sub>	PWM signal that is configured with object 2038h:05h and 06h	
11XX <sub>h</sub>	Inverted PWM signal that is configured with object $\underline{2038}_{h}$ :05 <sub>h</sub> and 06 <sub>h</sub>	

## **NOTICE**



On any change of the "encoder signal"  $(\underline{6063}_h)$  or the current position  $(\underline{6064}_h)$  in  $\underline{\text{user-defined units}}$  by an increment, a pulse is output at the digital input (for frequency divider 1). Take this into account when selecting the frequency divider and the unit, especially when using sensors with low resolution (such as Hall sensors).

#### **Example**

The encoder signal (6063<sub>h</sub>) is to be applied to output 1 with a frequency divider 4. The output is to be controlled with bit 5 of object 60FE:01.

- $3250_h$ :08<sub>h</sub> = 1 (activate routing)
- $3252_h:02_h = 0405_h (04XX_h + 0005_h)$
- 04XX<sub>h</sub>: Encoder signal with frequency divider 4
- 0005<sub>h</sub>: Selection of bit 5 of <u>60FE</u>:01

The output is switched on by setting bit 5 in object 60FE:01.

## **Example**

The brake PWM signal is to be applied to output 2. Because the automatic brake control uses bit 0 of 60FE:01<sub>h</sub>, this should be used as control bit.



- = 3250<sub>h</sub>:08<sub>h</sub> = 1 (activate routing)
- $3252_h:03_h = 1080_h (=10XX_h + 0080_h)$ . Where:
  - □ 10XX<sub>h</sub>: Brake PWM signal
  - □ 0080<sub>h</sub>: Selection of the inverted bit 0 of object <u>60FE</u>:01

# 7.2 Analog inputs

The controller has an analog input with 10-bit resolution. It is located on pin 8 of  $\underline{X2}$ . You can configure the analog input as a current input or as a voltage input with  $\underline{object\ 3221_h}$ .

You can read out the analog value in a <u>NanoJ program</u> and use it as you like, e. g., to specify the target speed. The controller also offers pre-programmed operating modes (analog speed / joystick) that evaluate the analog input (see <u>Special drive modes (clock-direction and analog speed)</u>).

# 7.2.1 Object entries

To read out and, if necessary, manipulate the value of the analog input, use the following OD settings:

- 3220<sub>h</sub> (Analog Inputs):
  - This object displays the instantaneous values of the analog inputs in ADC digits.
- 3221<sub>h</sub>: (Analogue Inputs Control):
  - With this object, you can switch the analog input from voltage measurement to current measurement.
- 3320<sub>h</sub> (Read Analogue Input):
  - This object displays the instantaneous values of the analog inputs in user-defined units.
- 3321<sub>h</sub> (Analogue Input Offset):
  - This is the offset that is added to the read analog value ( $3220_h$ ) before scaling (multiplier from object  $3322_h$  and divisor from object  $3323_h$ ).
- <u>3322</u><sub>h</sub>(Analogue Input Factor Numerator):
  - This is the value by which the read analog value  $(3220_h + 3321)$  is multiplied before it is written in object  $3320_h$ .
- 3323<sub>h</sub>(Analogue Input Factor Denominator):
  - This is the value by which the read analog value  $(3220_h + 3321_h)$  is divided before it is written in object  $3320_h$ .

## 7.2.2 Scale analog value

You read the value in object  $\underline{3320_h}$  (Read Analogue Input): This object displays the instantaneous values of the analog inputs in user-defined units.

The user-defined units are made up of offset  $(3321_h)$  and scaling value  $(3322_h/3323_h)$ . If both are still set to the default values, the value in  $3320_h$  is specified in the *ADC Digits* unit.

## **Example**

Analog input 1 has a measuring range of 0 V...+10 V. There is a voltage of 0 V...+10 V on the analog input, which, at a resolution of 10 bits, corresponds to the value range 0...1023 ADC digits.

To display the analog value in the physical unit of millivolt, proceed as follows:

- 1. Write the value "10000" (corresponds to the entire measurement range in millivolt) in 3322<sub>h</sub>:01<sub>h</sub> (Analogue Input Factor Numerator).
- 2. Write the value "1023" (corresponds to the resolution in digits) in 3323<sub>h</sub>:01<sub>h</sub> (Analogue Input Factor Denominator).

At the maximum voltage of 10 V, now read out the value "10000" in object  $3320_h$  (Read Analogue Input):

1023 digits \* 10000 mV / 1023 = 10000 mV



#### 7.3 Automatic brake control

# 7.3.1 Description

Automatic brake control is activated if the controller is switched to the *Operation enabled* state of the <u>CiA 402</u> <u>Power State Machine</u>; the brake otherwise always remains closed.

The brake output of the controller results in a PWM signal that can be adjusted with respect to frequency and duty cycle.

For information on the interaction of the brake with the motor stopping behavior, see also chapter <u>Power</u> State machine – halt motion reactions.

#### 7.3.2 Activation and connection

The brake can be controlled either automatically or manually:

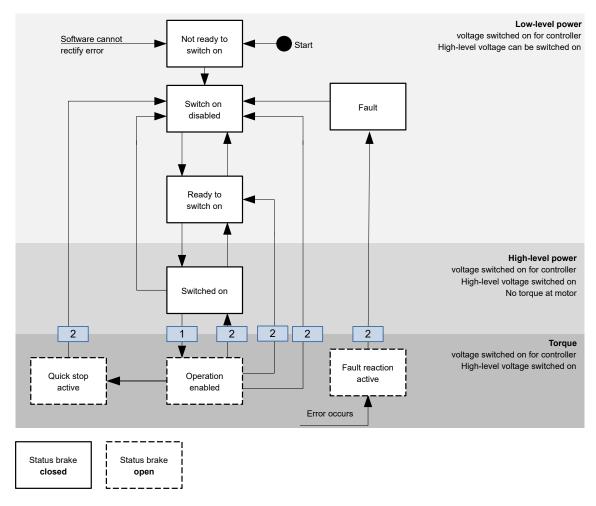
- Automatic: Setting bit 2 of object 3202<sub>h</sub> to "1" activates the brake control.
- Manual: Setting bit 2 of object 3202<sub>h</sub> to "0" deactivates the brake control; the brake can now be controlled with bit 0 in object 60FE<sub>h</sub>:01<sub>h</sub>.

#### 7.3.2.1 Connection

The brake output is located on X5 (see X5 – external holding brake)

#### 7.3.3 Brake control

The following graphic shows the states of the <u>CiA 402 Power State Machine</u> together with the states of the brake for the automatic mode.



The following steps are performed on the transition, which is marked with 1:



- 1. The motor current is switched on.
- 2. The time stored in 2038<sub>h</sub>:3<sub>h</sub> is allowed to elapse.
- 3. The brake releases.
- **4.** The time stored in 2038<sub>h</sub>:4<sub>h</sub> is allowed to elapse.
- **5.** The *Operation enabled* state is reached, the motor controller can perform travel commands.

The following steps are performed on all transitions that are marked with 2:

- 1. The motor is brought to a standstill.
- **2.** The time stored in  $2038_h$ :1<sub>h</sub> is allowed to elapse.
- 3. The brake is activated.
- **4.** The time stored in <u>2038</u><sub>h</sub>:2<sub>h</sub> is allowed to elapse.
- 5. The motor current is switched off.

#### 7.3.4 Brake PWM

The switched-on brake generates a PWM signal at the output of the controller that can be adjusted with respect to duty cycle and frequency. If an output pin without PWM is needed, a duty cycle of 100 percent can be set.

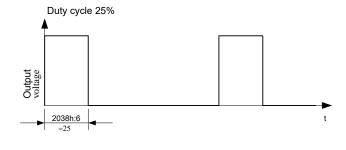
### **7.3.4.1 Frequency**

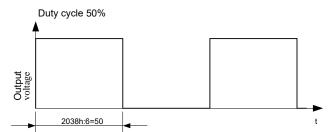
The frequency of the brake PWM can be set in object  $\underline{2038}_{h}$ :5<sub>h</sub>. The unit is Hertz; a value less than 50 or greater than 20000 is not possible.

# **7.3.4.2 Duty cycle**

The duty cycle – the ratio of pulse to period duration – is set in  $2038_h$ :6<sub>h</sub>. The value is a percentage and can be selected between 2 and 100. With a value of 100, the output pin is permanently switched on.

In the following figure, example duty cycles of 25 and 50 percent are shown, whereby the frequency is held constant.





# 7.4 I<sup>2</sup>t Motor overload protection

# 7.4.1 Description



#### **NOTICE**

For stepper motors, only the rated current is specified, not a maximum current. No liability is therefore assumed when using I<sup>2</sup>t with stepper motors.



The goal of I<sup>2</sup>t motor overload protection is to protect the motor from damage and, at the same time, operate it normally up to its thermal limit.

This function is only available if the controller is in the <u>closed loop mode</u> (bit 0 of object <u>3202</u><sub>h</sub> must be set to "1").

# 7.4.2 Object entries

The following objects affect I<sup>2</sup>t motor overload protection:

- 2031<sub>h</sub>: Max Motor Current specifies the maximum permissible motor current in mA.
- 203B<sub>h</sub>:1<sub>h</sub> Motor Rated Current specifies the rated current in mA.
- 6073<sub>h</sub> Max Current specifies the maximum current in tenths of a percent of the set rated current.
- 203B<sub>h</sub>:2<sub>h</sub> Maximum Duration Of Peak Current specifies the maximum duration of the maximum current in ms.

The following objects indicate the current state of I<sup>2</sup>t:

- 203B<sub>h</sub>:3<sub>h</sub> Threshold specifies the limit in A<sup>2</sup>ms that determines whether the maximum current or rated current is switched to.
- 203B<sub>h</sub>:4<sub>h</sub> CalcValue specifies the calculated value in A<sup>2</sup>ms that is compared with the threshold for setting the current.
- 203B<sub>h</sub>:5<sub>h</sub> LimitedCurrent shows the momentary current value in mA that was set by I<sup>2</sup>t.
- 203B<sub>h</sub>:6<sub>h</sub> Status:
  - $\Box$  Value = "0":  $I^2$ t deactivated
  - $\square$  Value = "1":  $I^2$ t activated

#### 7.4.3 Activation

Closed loop must be activated, (bit 0 of object 3202h set to "1", see also chapter Closed-Loop).

To activate the mode, you must appropriately specify the four object entries mentioned above ( $\underline{2031}_h$ ,  $\underline{6073}_h$ ,  $\underline{203B}_h$ :1<sub>h</sub>,  $\underline{203B}_h$ :2<sub>h</sub>). This means that the maximum current must be greater than the rated current and a time value for the maximum duration of the maximum current must be entered. If these conditions are not met, the I²t functionality remains deactivated.

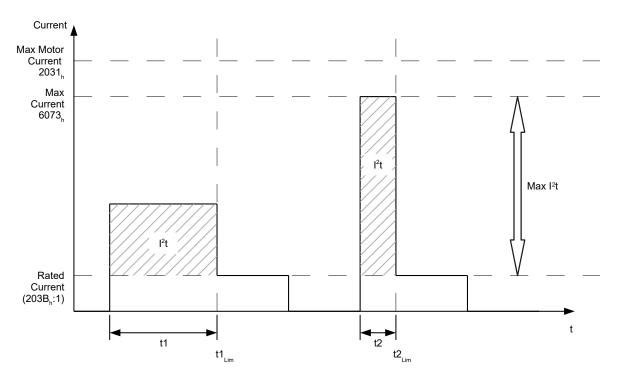
# 7.4.4 Function of I<sup>2</sup>t

From the specification of rated current, maximum current and maximum duration of the maximum current, an I<sup>2</sup>t<sub>Lim</sub> is calculated.

The motor can run with maximum current until the calculated  $I^2t_{Lim}$  is reached. The current is then immediately reduced to the rated current. The maximum current is limited by the maximum motor current  $(2031_h)$ .

The relationships are illustrated again in the following diagrams.





In the first section, t1, the current value is higher than the rated current. At time  $t1_{Lim}$ ,  $l^2t_{Lim}$  is reached and the current is limited to the rated current. A current that corresponds to the maximum current then occurs for a period of time t2. Hence, the value for  $l^2t_{Lim}$  is reached more quickly than in time t1.

# 7.5 Saving objects



### **NOTICE**

Improper use of the function can result in it no longer being possible to start the controller. Therefore, carefully read the entire chapter before using the function.





As an alternative, objects can also be set and saved using the configuration file. Note that this file has higher priority. Objects that are saved both with the mechanism described here as well as in the configuration file take the value of the configuration file.

#### **NOTICE**



Objects can be permanently saved via configuration file cfg.txt. The save mechanism described in this chapter can, with this controller, only be used with a *NanoJ program* or with the *Plug & Drive Studio* software.

### 7.5.1 General

Many objects in the object dictionary can be saved and then automatically reloaded the next time the controller is switched on or reset. Furthermore, the saved values are also retained following a firmware update.

Only entire collections of objects (referred to in the following as *categories*) can be saved together; individual objects cannot be saved.

An object can be assigned one of the following categories:



- Communication: Parameters related to external interfaces, such as PDO configuration etc.
- Application: Parameters related to operating modes.
- Customer: Parameters that are written and read by the customer/user only and are ignored by the controller firmware.
- Drive: Parameters related to the motor and the sensors (BLDC/Stepper, *closed/open-loop...*). Some are set and saved by auto setup.
- Tuning: Parameters related to motor and encoder that are set either by auto setup or that can be found in the data sheets, e.g., pole pairs and maximum current.
- CANopen: Parameters related to CANopen communication

If an object is not assigned one of these *categories*, it cannot be saved, e.g., statusword and all objects whose value is dependent on the current state of the controller.

The objects in each *category* are listed below. In chapter <u>Description of the object dictionary</u>, the corresponding *category* for each object is also specified.

# 7.5.2 Category: communication

- 1005<sub>h</sub>: COB-ID Sync
- 1006<sub>h</sub>: Communication Cycle Period
- 1007<sub>h</sub>: Synchronous Window Length
- 100C<sub>h</sub>: Guard Time
- 100D<sub>h</sub>: Live Time Factor
- 1014<sub>h</sub>: COB-ID EMCY
- 1016<sub>h</sub>: Consumer Heartbeat Time
- 1017<sub>h</sub>: Producer Heartbeat Time
- 1019<sub>h</sub>: Synchronous Counter Overflow Value
- 1029<sub>h</sub>: Error Behavior
- 1400<sub>h</sub>: Receive PDO 1 Communication Parameter
- 1401<sub>h</sub>: Receive PDO 2 Communication Parameter
- 1402<sub>h</sub>: Receive PDO 3 Communication Parameter
- 1403<sub>h</sub>: Receive PDO 4 Communication Parameter
- 1404<sub>h</sub>: Receive PDO 5 Communication Parameter
- 1405<sub>h</sub>: Receive PDO 6 Communication Parameter
- 1406<sub>h</sub>: Receive PDO 7 Communication Parameter
- 1407<sub>h</sub>: Receive PDO 8 Communication Parameter
- 1600<sub>h</sub>: Receive PDO 1 Mapping Parameter
- 1601<sub>h</sub>: Receive PDO 2 Mapping Parameter
- 1602<sub>h</sub>: Receive PDO 3 Mapping Parameter
- 1603<sub>h</sub>: Receive PDO 4 Mapping Parameter
- 1604<sub>h</sub>: Receive PDO 5 Mapping Parameter
- 1605<sub>h</sub>: Receive PDO 6 Mapping Parameter
- 1606<sub>h</sub>: Receive PDO 7 Mapping Parameter
- 1607<sub>h</sub>: Receive PDO 8 Mapping Parameter
- 1800<sub>h</sub>: Transmit PDO 1 Communication Parameter
- 1801<sub>h</sub>: Transmit PDO 2 Communication Parameter
- 1802<sub>h</sub>: Transmit PDO 3 Communication Parameter
- 1803<sub>h</sub>: Transmit PDO 4 Communication Parameter
- 1804<sub>h</sub>: Transmit PDO 5 Communication Parameter
- 1805<sub>h</sub>: Transmit PDO 6 Communication Parameter
- <u>1806</u><sub>h</sub>: Transmit PDO 7 Communication Parameter
- 1807<sub>h</sub>: Transmit PDO 8 Communication Parameter
- 1A00<sub>h</sub>: Transmit PDO 1 Mapping Parameter
- 1A01<sub>h</sub>: Transmit PDO 2 Mapping Parameter
- 1A02<sub>h</sub>: Transmit PDO 3 Mapping Parameter

# 7 Special functions



- 1A03<sub>h</sub>: Transmit PDO 4 Mapping Parameter
- 1A04<sub>h</sub>: Transmit PDO 5 Mapping Parameter
- 1A05<sub>h</sub>: Transmit PDO 6 Mapping Parameter
- 1A06<sub>h</sub>: Transmit PDO 7 Mapping Parameter
- 1A07<sub>h</sub>: Transmit PDO 8 Mapping Parameter
- 1F80<sub>h</sub>: NMT Startup
- 2102<sub>h</sub>: Fieldbus Module Control
- 3502<sub>h</sub>: MODBUS Rx PDO Mapping
- 3602<sub>h</sub>: MODBUS Tx PDO Mapping

# 7.5.3 Category: application

- 2034<sub>h</sub>: Upper Voltage Warning Level
- 2035<sub>h</sub>: Lower Voltage Warning Level
- 2036<sub>h</sub>: Open Loop Current Reduction Idle Time
- 2037<sub>h</sub>: Open Loop Current Reduction Value/factor
- 2038<sub>h</sub>: Brake Controller Timing
- 203A<sub>h</sub>: Homing On Block Configuration
- 203D<sub>h</sub>: Torque Window
- 203E<sub>h</sub>: Torque Window Time Out
- 203F<sub>h</sub>: Max Slippage Time Out
- 2057<sub>h</sub>: Clock Direction Multiplier
- 2058<sub>h</sub>: Clock Direction Divider
- 205B<sub>h</sub>: Clock Direction Or Clockwise/Counter Clockwise Mode
- 2084<sub>h</sub>: Bootup Delay
- 2290<sub>h</sub>: PDI Control
- 2300<sub>h</sub>: NanoJ Control
- 2410<sub>h</sub>: NanoJ Init Parameters
- 2800<sub>h</sub>: Bootloader And Reboot Settings
- 3210<sub>h</sub>: Motor Drive Parameter Set
- 3212<sub>h</sub>: Motor Drive Flags
- 321A<sub>h</sub>: Current Controller Parameters
- 321B<sub>h</sub>: Velocity Controller Parameters
- 321C<sub>h</sub>: Position Controller Parameters
- 321D<sub>h</sub>: Pre-control
- 321E<sub>h</sub>: Voltage Limit
- 3221<sub>h</sub>: Analog Inputs Control
- 3240<sub>h</sub>: Digital Inputs Control
- 3242<sub>h</sub>: Digital Input Routing
- 3243<sub>h</sub>: Digital Input Homing Capture
- 3250<sub>h</sub>: Digital Outputs Control
- 3252<sub>h</sub>: Digital Output Routing
- 3321<sub>h</sub>: Analog Input Offsets
- 3322<sub>h</sub>: Analog Input Numerators
- 3323<sub>h</sub>: Analog Input Denominators
- 3700<sub>h</sub>: Deviation Error Option Code
- 3701<sub>h</sub>: Limit Switch Error Option Code
- 4013<sub>h</sub>: HW Configuration
- 4015<sub>h</sub>: Special Drive Modes
- 6007<sub>h</sub>: Abort Connection Option Code
- 6040<sub>h</sub>: Controlword
- 6042<sub>h</sub>: VI Target Velocity
- 6046<sub>h</sub>: VI Velocity Min Max Amount

### 7 Special functions



- 6048<sub>h</sub>: VI Velocity Acceleration
- 6049<sub>h</sub>: VI Velocity Deceleration
- 604A<sub>h</sub>: VI Velocity Quick Stop
- 604C<sub>h</sub>: VI Dimension Factor
- 605A<sub>h</sub>: Quick Stop Option Code
- 605B<sub>h</sub>: Shutdown Option Code
- 605C<sub>h</sub>: Disable Option Code
- 605D<sub>h</sub>: Halt Option Code
- 605E<sub>h</sub>: Fault Option Code
- 6060<sub>h</sub>: Modes Of Operation
- 6065<sub>h</sub>: Following Error Window
- 6066<sub>h</sub>: Following Error Time Out
- 6067<sub>h</sub>: Position Window
- 6068<sub>h</sub>: Position Window Time
- 606D<sub>h</sub>: Velocity Window
- 606E<sub>h</sub>: Velocity Window Time
- 606F<sub>h</sub>: Velocity Threshold
- 6070<sub>h</sub>: Velocity Threshold Time
- 6071<sub>h</sub>: Target Torque
- 6072<sub>h</sub>: Max Torque
- 607A<sub>h</sub>: Target Position
- 607B<sub>h</sub>: Position Range Limit
- 607C<sub>h</sub>: Home Offset
- 607D<sub>h</sub>: Software Position Limit
- 607E<sub>h</sub>: Polarity
- 607F<sub>h</sub>: Max Profile Velocity
- 6081<sub>h</sub>: Profile Velocity
- 6082<sub>h</sub>: End Velocity
- 6083<sub>h</sub>: Profile Acceleration
- 6084<sub>h</sub>: Profile Deceleration
- 6085<sub>h</sub>: Quick Stop Deceleration
- 6086<sub>h</sub>: Motion Profile Type
- 6087<sub>h</sub>: Torque Slope
- 6091<sub>h</sub>: Gear Ratio
- 6092<sub>h</sub>: Feed Constant
- 6096<sub>h</sub>: Velocity Factor
- 6097<sub>h</sub>: Acceleration Factor
- 6098<sub>h</sub>: Homing Method
- 6099<sub>h</sub>: Homing Speed
- 609A<sub>h</sub>: Homing Acceleration
- 60A2<sub>h</sub>: Jerk Factor
- 60A4<sub>h</sub>: Profile Jerk
- 60A8<sub>h</sub>: SI Unit Position
- 60A9<sub>h</sub>: SI Unit Velocity
- 60B0<sub>h</sub>: Position Offset
- 60B1<sub>h</sub>: Velocity Offset
- 60B2<sub>h</sub>: Torque Offset
- 60C1<sub>h</sub>: Interpolation Data Record
- 60C2<sub>h</sub>: Interpolation Time Period
- <u>60C4</u><sub>h</sub>: Interpolation Data Configuration
- 60C5<sub>h</sub>: Max Acceleration
- 60C6<sub>h</sub>: Max Deceleration
- 60E8<sub>h</sub>: Additional Gear Ratio Motor Shaft Revolutions



- 60E9<sub>h</sub>: Additional Feed Constant Feed
- 60ED<sub>h</sub>: Additional Gear Ratio Driving Shaft Revolutions
- 60EE<sub>h</sub>: Additional Feed Constant Driving Shaft Revolutions
- 60F2<sub>h</sub>: Positioning Option Code
- 60F8<sub>h</sub>: Max Slippage
- 60FE<sub>h</sub>: Digital Outputs
- 60FF<sub>h</sub>: Target Velocity

# 7.5.4 Category: customer

■ 2701<sub>h</sub>: Customer Storage Area

# 7.5.5 Category: drive

- 3202<sub>h</sub>: Motor Drive Submode Select
- 320D<sub>h</sub>: Torque Of Inertia Factor
- 6073<sub>h</sub>: Max Current
- 6080<sub>h</sub>: Max Motor Speed

# 7.5.6 Category: tuning

- 2030<sub>h</sub>: Pole Pair Count
- 2031<sub>h</sub>: Max Motor Current
- 203B<sub>h</sub>: I2t Parameters
- 3203<sub>h</sub>: Feedback Selection
- 3380<sub>h</sub>: Feedback Sensorless
- 33A0<sub>h</sub>: Feedback Incremental A/B/I 1
- 33A1<sub>h</sub>: Feedback Incremental A/B/I 2
- 4021<sub>h</sub>: Ballast Configuration
- 6075<sub>h</sub>: Motor Rated Current
- 608F<sub>h</sub>: Position Encoder Resolution
- 6090<sub>h</sub>: Velocity Encoder Resolution
- 60E6<sub>h</sub>: Additional Position Encoder Resolution Encoder Increments
- 60EB<sub>h</sub>: Additional Position Encoder Resolution Motor Revolutions

# 7.5.7 Category: CANopen

- 2005<sub>h</sub>: CANopen Baudrate
- 2006<sub>h</sub>: CANopen WheelConfig
- 2007<sub>h</sub>: CANopen Config
- 2009<sub>h</sub>: CANopen NodeID

# 7.5.8 Starting the save process

#### **CAUTION!**



### **Uncontrolled motor movements!**

Control may be affected while saving. Unforeseen reactions can result.

▶ The motor must be at a standstill before starting the saving process. The motor must not be started while saving.



#### **NOTICE**



- Saving may take a few seconds. Never interrupt the power supply while saving. The state of the saved objects is otherwise undefined.
- Always wait until the controller has signaled that the save process has been successfully completed with the value "1" in the corresponding subindex in object 1010<sub>h</sub>.

There is a subindex in object  $\underline{1010}_h$  for each *category*. To save all objects of this *category*, the value "65766173<sub>h</sub>" must be written in the subindex. <sup>1</sup> The controller signals the end of the save process by overwriting the value with a "1".

The following table shows which subindex of object 1010<sub>h</sub> is responsible for which *category*.

Category
All categories with the exception of 0A <sub>h</sub> (CANopen)
Communication
Application
Customer
Drive
Tuning
CANopen

# 7.5.9 Discarding the saved data

If all objects or one *category* of saved objects is to be deleted, value "64616F6C $_{\rm h}$ " must be written in object 1011 $_{\rm h}$ . <sup>2</sup>

The following subindices correspond to a *category* here:

Subindex	Category				
01 <sub>h</sub>	All categories (reset to factory settings) with the exception of 06 <sub>h</sub> (Tuning) and 0A <sub>h</sub> (CANopen)				
02 <sub>h</sub>	Communication				
03 <sub>h</sub>	Application				
04 <sub>h</sub>	Customer				
05 <sub>h</sub>	Drive				
06 <sub>h</sub>	Tuning				
0A <sub>h</sub>	CANopen				

The saved objects are subsequently discarded; the change does not take effect until after the controller is restarted. You can restart the controller by entering the value " $746F6F62_h$ " in  $2800_h$ :01<sub>h</sub>.

This corresponds to the decimal of 1702257011<sub>d</sub> or the ASCII string save.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> This corresponds to the decimal of 1684107116<sub>d</sub> or the ASCII string load.



#### **NOTICE**



- Objects of category 06<sub>h</sub> (Tuning) are determined by <u>Auto setup</u> and are not reset when resetting to factory settings with subindex 01<sub>h</sub> (thereby making it unnecessary to again perform an auto setup). You can reset these objects with subindex 06<sub>h</sub>.
- Objects of *category* 0A<sub>h</sub> (CANopen) are not reset with subindex 01<sub>h</sub>.

# 7.5.10 Verifying the configuration

Object  $\underline{1020}_h$  can be used to verify the configuration. It acts as a modification marker similar to common text editors: as soon as a file is modified in the editor, a marker (usually an asterisk) is added.

The entries of object  $\underline{1020}_h$  can be written with a date and time and then saved together with all other savable objects with  $1010_h$ :01.

The entries of  $\underline{1020}_h$  are reset to "0" as soon as a savable object (including  $\underline{1010}_h$ :0x<sub>h</sub>, except for  $\underline{1010}_h$ :01<sub>h</sub> and  $\underline{1020}_h$ ) is written.

The following sequence makes verification possible:

- 1. An external tool or master configures the controller.
- 2. The tool or master sets the value in object 1020h.
- 3. The tool or master activates the saving of all objects  $\underline{1010}_h$ :01<sub>h</sub> = 65766173<sub>h</sub>. The date and time in object  $\underline{1020}_h$  are also saved.

After the controller is restarted, the master can check the value in  $\underline{1020}_h$ :01<sub>h</sub> and  $\underline{1020}$ :01<sub>h</sub>. If one of the values is "0", the object dictionary was changed after the saved values were loaded. If the date or time in  $\underline{1020}$  does not correspond to the expected value, objects were probably saved with values other than those that were expected.



# 8 CANopen

You can address the controller using CANopen. The controller can function in a network as a slave.

In this chapter, the services of the CANopen communication structure are described. The CANopen messages are individually broken down.

CANopen references: www.can-cia.org

- CiA 301 CANopen application layer and communication profile Application layer and communication profile, Date: 21.02.2011, Version: 4.2.0
- CiA 402 Device profile for drives and motion control Part 1: General definitions, Date: 14.12.2007, Version: 3.0.0
- CiA 402 Drives and motion control device profile Part 2: Operation modes and application data, Data 14.12.2007, Version: 3.0
- CiA 402 Drives and motion control device profile Part 3: PDO mapping, Date 14.12.2007, Version: 3.0
- CiA 306 Electronic device description Part 1: Electronic Data Sheet and Device Configuration File, Date: 08.02.2012, Version: 1.3.5
- CiA 305 Layer setting services (LSS) and protocols, Date: 08.05.2013, Version: 3.0.0

#### 8.1 General



- TIP
- Only 11-bit CAN-IDs are currently supported.
- With CANopen, the data are always sent over the bus in little-endian format.

# 8.1.1 CAN message

CAN messages are described in this chapter; these are written in the following format:

```
583 | 41 09 10 00 1E 00 00 00 183R | DLC=0
```

The individual messages are written as follows:

- All numbers are written in hexadecimal notation; due to the abbreviated notation, the leading 0x is omitted.
- Normal data message: The CAN-ID is prefixed to the CAN message; in the above example, the ID 583 (i.e., 583<sub>h</sub> or 1411<sub>d</sub>). The data and the CAN-ID are separated from the data with a pipe character.
- RTR message (remote transmission request): If an R follows the CAN-ID instead of the data, the length of the *DLC* (Download Content) is specified. In the above example, the length of the *DLC* is 0.

# 8.2 CANopen services

The CANopen stack offers the services listed in the following table; more detailed descriptions can be found in the respective chapters.

Default CAN-ID	Service	Description in
000 <sub>h</sub>	Network Management (NMT)	Section Network Management (NMT)
080 <sub>h</sub>	Synchronization Object	Section Synchronization object (SYNC)
080 <sub>h</sub> +Node-ID	Emergency	Section Emergency Object (EMCY)
180 <sub>h</sub> +Node-ID TX Process Data Objects (PDO)		Section Process Data Object (PDO)
200 <sub>h</sub> +Node-ID RX Process Data Objects (PDO)		
280 <sub>h</sub> +Node-ID TX Process Data Objects (PDO		
300 <sub>h</sub> +Node-ID	RX Process Data Objects (PDO)	



Default CAN-ID	Service	Description in
380 <sub>h</sub> +Node-ID	TX Process Data Objects (PDO)	
400 <sub>h</sub> +Node-ID	RX Process Data Objects (PDO)	
480 <sub>h</sub> +Node-ID	TX Process Data Objects (PDO)	
500 <sub>h</sub> +Node-ID	RX Process Data Objects (PDO)	
580 <sub>h</sub> +Node-ID	TX Service Data Objects (SDO)	Section Service Data Object (SDO)
600 <sub>h</sub> +Node-ID	RX Service Data Objects (SDO)	
700 <sub>h</sub> +Node-ID	BOOT-UP Protocol	Section Boot-Up Protocol
700 <sub>h</sub> +Node-ID	Nodeguarding and Heartbeat	Section <u>Heartbeat and Nodeguarding</u>

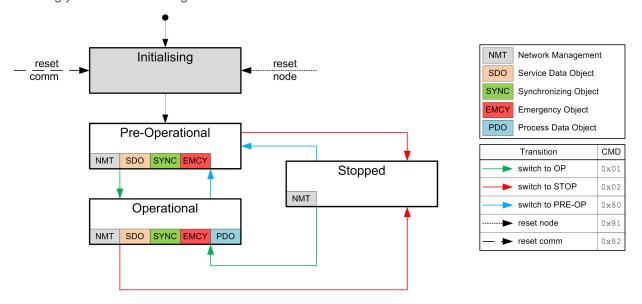
# 8.2.1 Network Management (NMT)

The network management follows a master-slave structure. NMT requires a CANopen device in the network that performs the role of the CANopen master.

All other devices have the role of the NMT slave. Each NMT slave can be addressed via its individual node-ID in the range from [1–127]. NMT services can be used to initiate, start, monitor, reset or stop CANopen devices.

In doing so, the controller follows the state diagram shown in the following figure. The "Initialization" state is only reached after switching on or by sending a "Reset Communication" or "Reset Node" NMT command. The "Pre-Operational" state is automatically activated after initialization.

In object  $\underline{1F80}_h$ , you can set whether the "Operational" state is automatically switched to afterwards, thereby allowing you to avoid sending an additional NMT command.



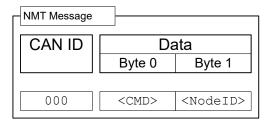
Shown in the following table is an overview of the activity of the services in the respective states.

Note that the *Stopped* state stops communication completely and only permits controller of the NMT state machine.

Service	Initializing	Pre-Operational	Operational	Stopped
PDO			Active	
SDO		Active	Active	
SYNC		Active	Active	
EMCY		Active	Active	
BOOT-UP	Active			
NMT		Active	Active	Active



The "Network Management" message has CAN-ID 0. A message is always two bytes long and has the following structure:



Here, the <CMD> corresponds to one of the following bytes (see also the legend in the figure of the NMT state diagram):

<cmd></cmd>	Meaning
01 <sub>h</sub>	Switch to the "Operational" state
02 <sub>h</sub>	Switch to the "Stop" state
80 <sub>h</sub>	Switch to the "Pre-Operational" state
81 <sub>h</sub>	Reset Node
82 <sub>h</sub>	Reset Communication

Completely restart the controller with the "Reset Node" command. Use the "Reset Communication" command to reset the CANopen settings and restart the communication.

The value for <Node-ID> can be 00h; in this case, the NMT command applies for all devices on the CAN bus (broadcast). If a number not equal to zero is used, only the device with the corresponding node-ID is addressed.

Example: If all devices on the CAN bus are to be switched to the "Stop" operating state, a broadcast with the "Switch to the Stop state" command can be used. The NMT message is structured as follows:

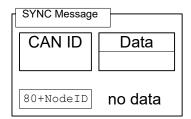
000 1 02 00

If only the device with node-ID 42 is to be completely restarted, the following CAN message is to be sent:

000 | 01 2A

# 8.2.2 Synchronization object (SYNC)

The Synchronization object is used to simultaneously validate the time of PDO data for all devices on the bus. The sync message is structured as follows:



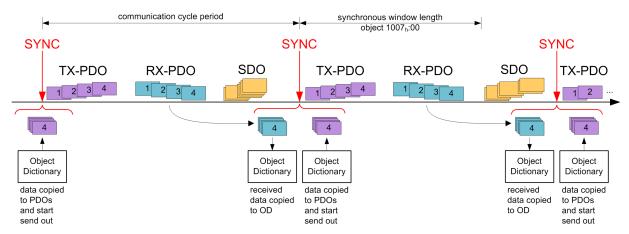
For SYNC operation, transmission mode (Transmission Type) 0 is usually used for the RX-PDOs (data are valid with the next SYNC); for TX-PDOs, a transmission mode between 1 and 240 is selected. (Details: see chapter Process Data Object (PDO)).

After receiving a SYNC message, there is a time window ("synchronous window") within which PDO messages can be sent and received. If the time of the window has elapsed, all devices must stop sending PDOs. The "synchronous window length" can be set in microseconds in object  $\underline{1007}_h$ :00<sub>h</sub>.



A typical CAN-SYNC operation is divided into four phases (see also the following figure):

- The SYNC message is received. The previously received RX-PDO data are thereby copied to the object dictionary (if present). At that time, the data are also sampled and copied to the TX-PDOs and the sending of these messages initiated.
- **2.** The TX-PDOs are then sent by all slaves on the bus.
- 3. Afterwards, the PDOs are sent by the CANopen master. After the "synchronous window length" time has elapsed, no further PDOs are permitted.
- 4. SDO messages can be exchanged at the latest when the "synchronous window" is closed again.



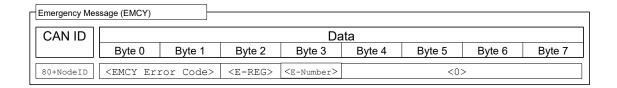
If the *Sync Producer* supports a *Sync Counter*, the sync message receives an additional 1-byte numerical value. This counter is increased by the value "1" per sent sync message and is reset each time the value 1019h Synchronous Counter Overflow Value is reached.

For each <u>TX-PDO</u>, a start value of the *Sync Counter* can be defined in subindex  $06_h$  of the corresponding communication parameter (e.g., in  $1800_h$ : $06_h$ ) beginning with which the *slave* is to respond to the sync for the first time and send the PDO. The function is not activated until a value greater than 1 is set in  $1019_h$ .

# 8.2.3 Emergency Object (EMCY)

A message of type "Emergency" is sent whenever an error occurs in the controller that was not caused by an SDO access. This service is unconfirmed and is sent with CAN-ID 80<sub>h</sub>+Node-ID.

The emergency message is structured as follows:



A total of three error codes are transferred here:

- the "Emergency Error Code" (<EMCY Error Code>)
- the content of the "Error Register" object (1001<sub>b</sub>), E-REG
- the "Error Number" (E-Number)

#### 8.2.3.1 Error handling

A module for error handling processes all errors that occur internally. Each error is classified into an error class.

Each error that occurs is handled as follows:

- 1. The bit that belongs to the error in the "Error Register" object (1001<sub>h</sub>) is set.
- 2. Three pieces of information are then written together in the "Pre-defined Error Field" object (1003<sub>h</sub>:01):



- The Emergency Error Code
- The Error Register
- The manufacturer-specific error code
- 3. If no further errors are pending, the following message is sent:

```
80 + Node-ID | 00 00 E-REG E-Number 00 00 00
```

In object  $\underline{1029}_h$ , you can configure whether and how the controller is to change its *NMT* state in case of an error.

# 8.2.4 Service Data Object (SDO)

A "Service Data Object" permits read or write access of the object dictionary.

In the following, the owner of the object dictionary is referred to as the "server"; the CAN node – which wants to request or write the data – is referred to as the "client".

An "upload" refers to the reading of a value of an object from the object dictionary; a "download" refers to the writing of a value in the object dictionary. In addition, the following abbreviations are used in the diagrams:

- <IDX>: Index of the object that is to be read or written in the object dictionary; the LSB of the index is in byte 1 here. Example: The statusword of the controller has index 6041h; byte 1 is then written with 41h and byte 2 with 60h. With Expedited Transfer, the SDO answer contains the same index as that of the request.
- SUBIDX>: Subindex of the object in the object dictionary from 00h to FFh. With Expedited Transfer, the answer of the SDO message of the controller also contains the subindex of the request.

Because CAN messages of type SDO contain a large amount of metadata, you should only use SDO messages to configure the controller. Should it be necessary to cyclically exchange data during running operation, use CANopen messages of type PDO (see subsection <u>Process Data Object</u>).

The SDO transfers are divided into three types of access:

- "expedited transfer" for transferring objects with up to four bytes.
- "normal transfer" for transferring any number of bytes, whereby each CAN message is confirmed individually.
- "block transfer" is also for any number of bytes; here, a given block of CAN tickets is confirmed at once.

An SDO message is sent to CAN-ID  $600_h$  + node-ID, the answer comes from CAN-ID  $580_h$  + node-ID.

#### 8.2.4.1 Expedited Transfer

This method is used to write (download) or read (upload) values in objects of type (UN)SIGNED8, INTEGER16 oder INTEGER32 in the object dictionary. This service is confirmed, i.e., each access is answered with data, with a confirmation or with an error message.

#### **SDO Download**

An expedited SDO message for writing data in the object dictionary of the server is structured as follows:

Client Server Init SDO Download request CAN ID Data Byte 1 Byte 2 Byte 4 Byte 5 Byte 6 Byte 7 Byte 0 Byte 3 600+NodeID <CMD> <IDX> <SUBIDX> <Data>

Here, the <CMD> byte is dependent on the length of the data that are to be written. <CMD> can be one of the following values:



■ 1 byte data length: 2Fh

■ 2 byte data length: 2Bh

3 byte data length: 27h

■ 4 byte data length: 23h

The <Data> field is written with the data that are to be written; the LSB of the data is entered in byte 4.

The answer from the server is either a confirmation of the write operation or an error message (structure of the messages: see following figure). In the latter case, the reason for the error is also sent with the data (see list of the SDO error messages in section <u>SDO error messages</u>).

Client Server Init SDO Download confirm (OK) CAN ID Data Byte 0 Byte 1 Byte 2 Byte 3 Byte 4 Byte 5 Byte 6 Byte 7 580+NodeID <IDX> <SUBIDX> 0x00 0x00 0x00 0x00 0x60 Init SDO Download confirm (error) CAN ID Data Byte 4 Byte 0 Byte 1 Byte 2 Byte 3 Byte 5 Byte 6 Byte 7 0x80 <IDX> <SUBIDX> <ERROR CODE> 580+NodeID

**Example**: Set object  $\underline{607A}_h$ :00<sub>h</sub> (target position, SIGNED32) to value  $3E8_h$  (=1000<sub>d</sub>) of a controller with node-ID 3:

603 | 23 7A 60 00 E8 03 00 00

#### Where

- Byte 1 (23<sub>h</sub>): SDO expedited download, 4 bytes of data (SIGNED32)
- Bytes 2 and 3 (7Ah 60h): index of object is 607Ah
- Byte 4 (00h): subindex of object is 00h
- Bytes 5 to 8 (E8h 03h 00h 00h): value of object: 000003E8h

If successful, the controller responds with this message:

583 | 60 7A 60 00 00 00 00 00

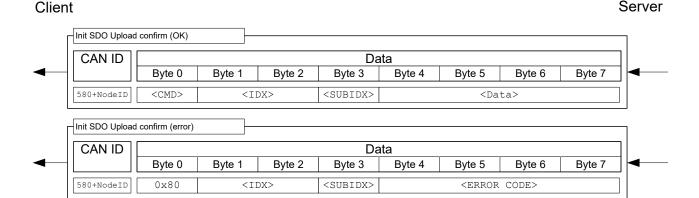
#### SDO upload

A CAN message for reading an object from the object dictionary has the following structure:

Client Server Init SDO Upload request CAN ID Data Byte 0 Byte 1 Byte 2 Byte 3 Byte 4 Byte 5 Byte 6 Byte 7 600+NodeID <IDX>  $0 \times 40$ <SUBIDX>  $0 \times 0.0$  $0 \times 00$  $0 \times 00$  $0 \times 0.0$ 

The server responds with one of the following messages.





The length of the data is encrypted in the <CMD> of the answer:

1 byte data length:	4F <sub>h</sub>
2 byte data length:	4B <sub>h</sub>
3 byte data length:	47 <sub>h</sub>
4 byte data length:	43 <sub>h</sub>

The LSB of the data is again in byte 4 here.

In case of an error, the reason for the error is also specified in the data (see list of SDO error messages in SDO error messages).

**Example**: To read the "statusword" object (6041<sub>h</sub>:00) from the object dictionary, it suffices to send the following message (always 8 bytes):

The controller generally responds with the following message:

#### Where

- Byte 1 (4Bh): SDO expedited upload, 2 bytes of data (UNSIGNED16)
- Bytes 2 and 3 (41<sub>h</sub> 60<sub>h</sub>): index of object is 6041<sub>h</sub>
- Byte 4 (00<sub>h</sub>): subindex of object is 00<sub>h</sub>
- Bytes 5 to 6 ( $40_h$  02<sub>h</sub>): value of object: 0240<sub>h</sub>
- Bytes 7 to 8 (00<sub>h</sub> 2<sub>h h h</sub>): empty. An SDO message always consists of 8 bytes.

# 8.2.4.2 Normal Transfer

Unlike "expedited" CANopen transfer, "normal transfer" is not limited to maximum four bytes. With this type of transfer, the content of multiple messages is grouped together with respect to content; such a block of messages is referred to in the following as a "transfer". Each message within a transfer is confirmed individually here.

#### NOTICE



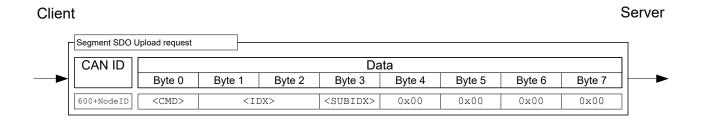
If your CANopen master does not support normal transfer, there is another way to access objects of data type String: each string can be read out character by character with an SDO upload to subindex 1 and the following subindicies.



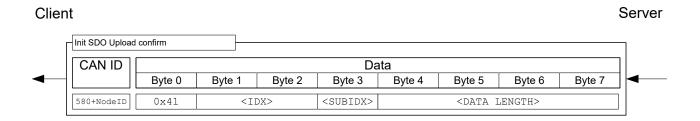
#### SDO upload

Shown in the following figure is the procedure for an "SDO upload" (client requests that the content of an object be sent to it). The transfer is broken down into two phases: an initialization phase and a transfer phase.

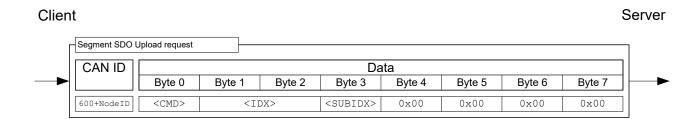
As with an "expedited transfer", the upload begins with the client sending an "Init SDO Update" to the server (see following figure).



The answer for a "normal transfer" does not contain the quantity of bytes to be received encoded in the <CMD>. It is instead entered in the data range as can be seen in the following figure in the <DATA LENGTH> area.



The initialization is thereby concluded; all that remains is the upload of the data. A data packet is requested with the following SDO request:

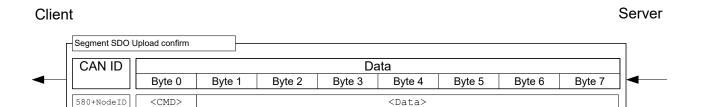


Byte 0 with command <CMD> is structured as follows:



The bit with designation t alternates with each request ("toggle bit"). It begins each transfer with 0, even if the previous transfer was aborted.

The controller responds to the above message with the data, whereby the message is structured as follows:



Byte 0 with <CMD> is structured as follows:

The bits have the following meaning here:

#### t (toggle bit)

The bit alternates with each message sequence; it does not change within a sequence between "request" and "response".

### n (number of bytes)

These three bits specify how many bytes contain no data. Example: If bits 2 and 1 are set to 0 and bit 3 is set to 1, then  $011_b = 03_d$  bytes are not valid. This, in turn, means that byte 1 to byte 4 contain allowed values and byte 5 to byte 7 should be disregarded.

# c (more segments)

If no further SDO segments are sent and this is the last segment, the bit is set to 1.

**Example**: In this example, the "Manufacturer Software Version" object  $(\underline{100A_h})$  is to be read. The node-ID of the node in this example is 3.

The corresponding SDO message sequence is listed in the following table. The string that is to be read out varies from controller to controller.

COB-ID	Data	Description
603 <sub>h</sub>	40 0A 10 00 00 00 00 00	Init Upload; Index: 100A <sub>h</sub> ; Subindex: 00
583 <sub>h</sub>	41 0A 10 00 11 00 00 00	Init Upload; Size: indicated; transfer type: normal; Num of bytes: 17; Index: 100A <sub>h</sub> ; Subindex: 00
603 <sub>h</sub>	60 0A 10 00 00 00 00 00	Upload Segment Req.; Toggle bit: not set
583 <sub>h</sub>	00 46 49 52 2D 76 31 37	Upload Segment Conf.; More segments: yes; num of bytes: 7; Toggle bit: not set
603 <sub>h</sub>	70 0A 10 00 00 00 00 00	Upload Segment Req.; Toggle bit: set
583 <sub>h</sub>	10 34 38 2D 42 35 33 38	Upload Segment Conf.; More segments: yes; num of bytes: 7; Toggle bit: set
603 <sub>h</sub>	60 0A 10 00 00 00 00 00	Upload Segment Req.; Toggle bit: not set
583 <sub>h</sub>	09 36 36 32 00 00 00 00	Upload Segment Conf.; More segments: no (last segment); num of bytes: 3; Toggle bit: not set

46 49 52 2D 76 31 37 34 38 2D 42 35 33 38 36 36 32



This corresponds to string: "FIR-v1748-B538662"

# Aborting the SDO transfer

Both the server and the client are authorized to abort the current transfer. To do this, an "Abort SDO Transfer" must be sent; this is depicted in the following.

Abort SDO Transfer								
CAN ID				Da	ta			
	Byte 0	Byte 1	Byte 2	Byte 3	Byte 4	Byte 5	Byte 6	Byte 7
600/580 + NodeID	0x80	<11	X>	<subidx></subidx>	SUBIDX> <error code=""></error>			

After receiving the message, the SDO transfer is considered ended; the service is not confirmed.

A new SDO transfer must then be started from the very beginning. Transfer of the <ERROR CODE> is optional; the controller does not evaluate the code.

### 8.2.4.3 SDO error messages

In case of an error, an error number specifying the reason for the error is also sent in the data area.

Error Code	Description
05030000 <sub>h</sub>	toggle bit not changed: Valid only with "normal transfer" or "block transfer". The bit, which is to alternate after each transfer, did not change its state.
05040001 <sub>h</sub>	command specifier unknown: Byte 0 of the data block contains a command that is not allowed.
06010000 <sub>h</sub>	unsupported access: If "complete access" was requested via CAN over EtherCAT (CoE) (is not supported.)
06010002 <sub>h</sub>	read only entry: An attempt was made to write to a constant or read-only object.
06020000 <sub>h</sub>	object not existing: An attempt was made to access a non-existing object (index incorrect).
06040041 <sub>h</sub>	object cannot be pdo mapped: An attempt was made to map an object in the PDO for which that is not permissible.
06040042 <sub>h</sub>	mapped pdo exceed pdo: If the desired object were to be attached to the PDO mapping, the 8 bytes of the PDO mapping would be exceeded.
06070012 <sub>h</sub>	parameter length too long: An attempt was made to write to an object with too much data; for example, with $<$ CMD>=23 $_h$ (4 bytes) to an object of type Unsigned8, $<$ CMD>=2 $F_h$ would be correct.
06070013 <sub>h</sub>	parameter length too short. At attempt was made to write to an object with too little data; for example, with $< CMD>=2F_h$ (1 byte) to an object of type Unsigned32, $< CMD>=23_h$ would be correct.
06090011 <sub>h</sub>	subindex not existing: An attempt was made to access an invalid subindex of an object; the index, on the other hand, would exist.
06090031 <sub>h</sub>	value too great. Some objects are subject to restrictions in the size of the value; in this case, an attempt was made to write an excessively large value to the object. For example, the "Pre-defined error field: Number of errors" object for 1003 <sub>h</sub> :00 may only be set to the value "0"; all other numerical values result in this error.
06090032 <sub>h</sub>	value too small: Some objects are subject to restrictions in the size of the value. In this case, an attempt was made to write a value that is too small to the object.
08000000 <sub>h</sub>	general error. General error that does not fit in any other category.



Error Code	Description
08000022 <sub>h</sub>	data cannot be read or stored in this state: The parameters of the PDOs may only be changed in the "Stopped" or "Pre-Operational" state. Write access of objects $1400_h$ to $1407_h$ , $1600_h$ to $1607_h$ , $1800_h$ to $1807_h$ and $1A00_h$ to $1A07_h$ is not permissible in the "Operational" state.

# 8.2.5 Process Data Object (PDO)

A message that only contains process data is referred to as a "Process Data Object" (PDO). The PDO is intended for data that need to be exchanged cyclically.

The idea behind a PDO message is to remove all additional information (index, subindex and data length) from a CAN message and to only fill the CAN message with data. The source and target information for the PDO are stored separately in the so-called PDO mapping.

PDOs can only be used if the NMT state machine is in the "Operational" state (see section <u>Network Management (NMT)</u>); the PDOs must be configured in the "Pre-Operational" NMT state.

The controller supports a total of 8 independent PDO mappings; each corresponding PDO message can have a maximum of eight bytes (=64 bit) of user data. It is thereby possible to, for example, transfer two UNSIGNED32 values or one UNSIGNED32 and one UNSIGNED08; the message does not need to use all eight data bytes.

The PDOs differ yet again in the configuration in the send and receive configuration. The receive configuration describes the processing for PDO messages that are sent, and the send configuration describes the PDO messages that are to be sent.

### 8.2.5.1 RX configuration

To configure an RX-PDO, you must take into account three object categories in the object dictionary:

- The objects that describe the functionality of the mapping.
- The objects that describe the content of the mapping.
- The objects that are to receive the received data.

#### Configuration of the functionality (communication parameter)

The configuration of the first mapping is stored in the subindices of object  $1400_h$ . The second mapping is configured in  $1401_h$  and so on. In the following, we refer to  $140N_h$ . Here, the configuration affects the COB-ID of the PDO message and the transfer type.

Objects 140N<sub>h</sub> have only three subindices:

- Subindex 0 (max. subindex): Total number of subindices
- Subindex 1 (COB-ID): The COB-ID is stored here. For PDO mappings 1–4 (1600<sub>h</sub>-1603<sub>h</sub>), the CAN-ID is fixed depending on the node-ID and only the valid bit (bit 31) can be set in the COB-ID. From 1604<sub>h</sub>–1607<sub>h</sub>, the CAN-ID can be set independently (with the restriction that it not be used by other services, see table at the start of chapter CANopen services) as can the valid bit.

Mapping		CAN-ID	
1600 <sub>h</sub>	200 <sub>h</sub> + Node-ID		
1601 <sub>h</sub>	300 <sub>h</sub> + Node-ID		
1602 <sub>h</sub>	400 <sub>h</sub> + Node-ID		
1603 <sub>h</sub>	500 <sub>h</sub> + Node-ID		
1604 <sub>h</sub>	xxx <sub>h</sub>		
1605 <sub>h</sub>	xxx <sub>h</sub>		
1606 <sub>h</sub>	xxx <sub>h</sub>		
1607 <sub>h</sub>	xxx <sub>h</sub>		



A COB-ID change does not take effect until *after* the controller or communication is restarted (see Network Management (NMT)).

Subindex 2 (transmission type): A number is stored in this subindex that defines the time at which the received data become valid. The number and the corresponding meaning can be found in the following table.

140N <sub>h</sub> :02 <sub>h</sub>	Meaning	
00 <sub>h</sub> -F0 <sub>h</sub>	Synchronous: The data are buffered and not until the next SYNC message is received do they become valid and are they taken over into the object dictionary.	
F1 <sub>h</sub> -FD <sub>h</sub>	Reserved	
FE <sub>h</sub> , FF <sub>h</sub>	Asynchronous: The data become valid when the PDO message is received and are taken over into the object dictionary.	

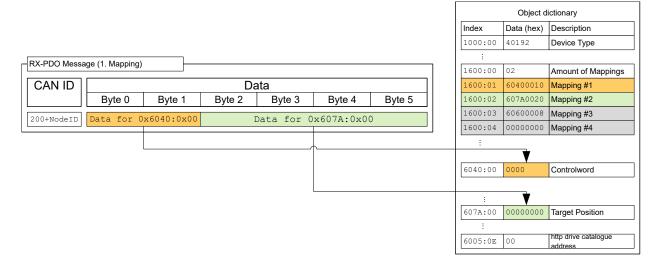
### Content of a mapping

The configuration of the content of a mapping is structured as follows (see also the following figure as an example):

- All subindices of a configuration object belong together. Thus, 1600<sub>h</sub> with all subindices describes the first mapping, 1601<sub>h</sub> the second RX-PDO mapping, etc.
- Subindex 00<sub>h</sub> specifies how many objects are in a mapping. It simultaneously specifies how many of the subindices are valid. If object 1600<sub>h</sub>:00<sub>h</sub> is set to "0", RX mapping is thereby completely switched off. In the example shown in the following figure, two objects are thus mapped; object 1600<sub>h</sub>:03<sub>h</sub> and 1600<sub>h</sub>:04<sub>h</sub> is, therefore, not active (shown in gray).
- Each subindex from 1600<sub>h</sub>:01<sub>h</sub> to 1600<sub>h</sub>:0F<sub>h</sub> describes one target of the mapping sequentially and without gaps. The index, subindex and bit length are thereby encoded. Example from the following figure: The first two bytes of the message are to be written in object 6040<sub>h</sub>:00<sub>h</sub>. In hexadecimal notation, the content of 1600<sub>h</sub>:01<sub>h</sub> then consists of

<Index><Subindex><Bit length>

or 60400010. The second mapping ( $1600_h$ : $02_h$ ) contains the entry 607A0020. Thus, it maps the following four bytes ( $=20_h$ Bit) in object  $607A_h$ : $00_h$ 



### **Dummy objects**

You can configure RX-PDOs so that more than one node can respond. In this case, it may be desirable for only part of the data contained in the PDO to be evaluated in one of the devices. For data not used locally, you can include a dummy object of one of the supported data types in the mapping of the PDO:



Index	Data type
0002 <sub>h</sub>	INTEGER8
0003 <sub>h</sub>	INTEGER16
0004 <sub>h</sub>	INTEGER32
"	UNSIGNED08
	UNSIGNED16
0007 <sub>h</sub>	UNSIGNED32

# 8.2.5.2 TX configuration

To configure a TX-PDO, you must take into account three object categories in the object dictionary:

- The objects that describe the functionality of the mapping.
- The objects that describe the content of the mapping.
- The objects that are to receive the data that are to be sent.

Also note that the time at which the data are copied to the TX-PDO message and the time of sending do not need to be the same (dependent on mode).

#### Configuration of the functionality (communication parameter)

The configuration of the functionality of the first mapping is stored in the subindices of object  $1800_h$ . The second mapping is configured in  $1801_h$  and so on. In the following, we refer to  $180N_h$ . Here, the configuration affects the COB-ID of the PDO message and the transfer type.

Objects 180N<sub>h</sub> have the following subindices:

- Subindex 0 (max. subindex): Total number of subindices
- Subindex 1 (COB-ID): The COB-ID is stored here. For PDO mappings 1–4 (1A00<sub>h</sub>–1A03<sub>h</sub>), the CAN-ID is fixed depending on the node-ID and only the valid bit (bit 31) can be set in the COB-ID. From 1A04<sub>h</sub>–1A07<sub>h</sub>, the CAN-ID can be set independently (with the restriction that it not be used by other services, see table at the start of chapter <u>CANopen services</u>) as can the valid bit.

Mapping	I	CAN-ID	
1A00 <sub>h</sub>	180 <sub>h</sub> + Node-ID		
1A01 <sub>h</sub>	280 <sub>h</sub> + Node-ID		
1A02 <sub>h</sub>	$380_h + Node-ID$		
1A03 <sub>h</sub>	$480_h + Node-ID$		
1A04 <sub>h</sub>	xxx <sub>h</sub>		
1A05 <sub>h</sub>	xxx <sub>h</sub>		
1A06 <sub>h</sub>	xxx <sub>h</sub>		
1A07 <sub>h</sub>	xxx <sub>h</sub>		

A COB-ID change does not take effect until *after* the controller or communication is restarted (see <u>Network Management (NMT)</u>).

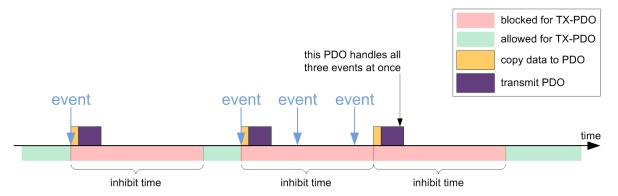
- Subindex 2 (transmission type): A number is stored in this subindex that defines the time at which the data are to be copied into the PDO message and when this is to be sent. The number and the corresponding meaning can be found in the following table. Below, we refer to an *Event* that can trigger the copying and/or sending of the data. This *Event* consists of three events, which can be considered independently of one another:
  - ☐ The NMT state machine is switched to "operational".
  - The current data have changed with respect to the last PDO message.
  - ☐ The *Event Timer* has expired (see 180N<sub>h</sub>:5).



If the *Event Timer* is used, it is handled independently of the changes; the *Event Timer* is not restarted until the current event timer expires, not because of another *Event*.

180N <sub>h</sub> :02 <sub>h</sub>	Meaning	
0	Synchronous (acyclic): The data are copied to the TX-PDO upon arrival of the SYNC but are not sent until the <i>Event</i> .	
01 <sub>h</sub> -F0 <sub>h</sub>	Synchronous (cyclic): The data are copied upon arrival of the nth SNCY message and are sent immediately thereafter (n corresponds to the number 1 to 240, transmission type "1" sends the new data on each SYNC).	
F1 <sub>h</sub> -FB <sub>h</sub>	Reserved	
FC <sub>h</sub>	RTR-Only (synchronous): The data are copied upon arrival of each SYNC message but are sent only upon request with an RTR message.	
FD <sub>h</sub>	RTR-Only (event-driven): The data are copied to the TX-PDO message upon receipt of an RTR message and sent immediately thereafter.	
FE <sub>h</sub> , FF <sub>h</sub>	The data are copied upon arrival of the Event and sent immediately.	

- Subindex 3 (inhibit time): This subindex contains a time lock in 100 µs steps (see following figure). This can be used to set a time that must elapse after the sending of a PDO before the PDO is sent another time. This time only applies for asynchronous PDOs. This is intended to prevent PDOs from being sent continuously if the mapped object constantly changes.
- Subindex 4 (compatibility entry): This subindex has no function and exists only for compatibility reasons.
- Subindex 5 (event timer): This time (in ms) can be used to trigger an Event which handles the copying of the data and the sending of the PDO.
- Subindex 6 (sync start value): Here, the start value of the Sync Counter is entered beginning with which the slave is to initially respond to the sync and send the PDO. Not globally activated until a value greater than 1 is set in 1019h Synchronous Counter Overflow Value.



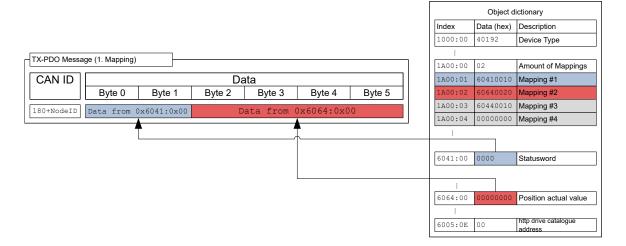
#### Content of a mapping

The configuration of the content of a mapping is structured as follows (see the following figure as an example):

- All subindices of a configuration object belong together. Thus, 1A00<sub>h</sub> with all subindices describes the first mapping, 1A01<sub>h</sub> the second TX-PDO mapping, etc.
- Subindex 00 specifies how many objects are in a mapping. It simultaneously specifies how many of the subindices are valid. If object 1A00<sub>h</sub>:00<sub>h</sub> is set to "0", TX mapping is thereby completely switched off. In the following example, two objects are thereby mapped in entries 1A00<sub>h</sub>:01<sub>h</sub> − 1A00<sub>h</sub>:02<sub>h</sub>. The objects in entries 1A00<sub>h</sub>:03<sub>h</sub> − 1A00<sub>h</sub>:04<sub>h</sub> are, thus, not mapped (shown in gray).
- Each subindex from 1A00<sub>h</sub>:01<sub>h</sub> to 1A00<sub>h</sub>:0F<sub>h</sub> respectively describes sequentially and without gaps (dummy objects can be used for gaps) one source of the mapping. The index, subindex and bit length are thereby encoded. Example from the following figure: The first two bytes of the message are to be read from object 6041<sub>h</sub>:00<sub>h</sub>. In hexadecimal notation, the content of 1A00<sub>h</sub>:01<sub>h</sub> then consists of <Index><Subindex><Bit Length>, or 60410010. The second mapping (1A00<sub>h</sub>:02<sub>h</sub>) contains the



entry 60640020. Thus, it maps the following four bytes (corresponds to 32 bits) from object  $6064_h:00_h$  in the TX-PDO message.



### 8.2.5.3 Presetting

The following configuration is preset:

#### **RX-PDO**

- 1. Mapping (CAN-ID: 200<sub>h</sub> + Node-ID):
- 6040<sub>h</sub>:00<sub>h</sub> (controlword)
- $\bullet$  6060<sub>h</sub>:00<sub>h</sub> (mode of operation)
- 2. Mapping (CAN-ID: 300<sub>h</sub> + Node-ID):
- 607A<sub>h</sub>:00<sub>h</sub> (target position)
- 6081<sub>h</sub>:00<sub>h</sub> (profile velocity)
- 3. Mapping (CAN-ID: 400<sub>h</sub> + Node-ID): object 6042<sub>h</sub>:00<sub>h</sub> (vI target velocity)
- 4. Mapping (CAN-ID: 500<sub>h</sub> + Node-ID): object <u>60FE<sub>h</sub></u>:01<sub>h</sub> (digital outputs)

# TX-PDO

- 1. Mapping (CAN-ID: 180<sub>h</sub> + Node-ID):
- $\bullet$  6041<sub>h</sub>:00<sub>h</sub> (statusword)
- 6061<sub>h</sub>:00<sub>h</sub> (Modes Of Operation Display)
- 2. Mapping (CAN-ID: 280<sub>h</sub> + Node-ID): 6064<sub>h</sub>:00<sub>h</sub> (Position actual value)
- 3. Mapping (CAN-ID: 380<sub>h</sub> + Node-ID): <u>6044</u><sub>h</sub>:00<sub>h</sub> (vI velocity actual value)
- 4. Mapping (CAN-ID: 480<sub>h</sub> + Node-ID): object 60FD<sub>h</sub>:00<sub>h</sub> (digital inputs)

#### 8.2.5.4 Changing PDO mapping

You change the PDO mapping in the "Pre-operational" NMT state as follows:

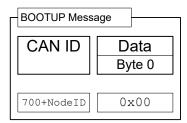
- **1.** Deactivate the PDO by setting the *Valid Bit* (bit 31) of subindex 01h of the corresponding communication parameter (e.g., 1400<sub>h</sub>:01<sub>h</sub>) to "1".
- 2. Deactivate the mapping by setting subindex 00h of the corresponding mapping parameter (e.g.,  $1600_h:00_h$ ) to "0".
- **3.** Change the mapping in the desired subindices (e.g., 1600<sub>h</sub>:01<sub>h</sub>).
- **4.** Activate the mapping by writing the number of objects that are to be mapped in subindex 00h of the corresponding mapping parameter (e.g., 1600<sub>h</sub>:00<sub>h</sub>).



- **5.** Activate the PDO by setting bit 31 of subindex 01h of the corresponding communication parameter (e.g., 1400<sub>h</sub>:01<sub>h</sub>) to "0".
- **6.** Store the configuration by writing the value "65766173h" in 1010<sub>h</sub>:02<sub>h</sub>.

# 8.2.6 Boot-Up Protocol

If the CAN slave reaches the "Pre-Operational" NMT state (see following figure), the following message is sent to signal operational readiness.



This service is unconfirmed; there is no response.



#### **NOTICE**

The boot loader sends its own boot-up message. This can be suppressed, see object 2007<sub>h</sub>:00

# 8.2.7 Heartbeat and Nodeguarding

With the "Heartbeat" and "Nodeguarding" services (often also referred to as "Liveguarding"), switchedoff or hung devices on the CAN bus can be found. For this purpose, the NMT master cyclically requests a message with the current NMT state of the slave (Nodeguarding).

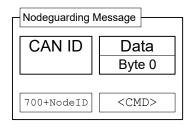
The alternative is that each slave sends a message unprompted and cyclically (Heartbeat). A combination of Nodeguarding and Heartbeat is not permissible. Furthermore, it is recommended that Heartbeat be given preference over Nodeguarding, as Nodeguarding results in a higher load on the CAN bus.

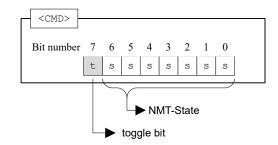
### 8.2.7.1 Nodeguarding

This service is based on the fact that the NMT master sends an RTR message with CAN-ID  $700_h$  + node-ID to the respective slave.

The slave must then send a message as response; this message is structured as follows. Bit 7 alternates here on each transfer, thereby allowing one to determine if a message was lost. Entered in bits 6 to 0 is the current NMT status of the slave.

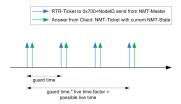






With Nodeguarding, there exist three time intervals (see also the following figure):

- guard time: The time between two RTR messages. This can be different for each CAN node and is stored in the slave in object 100C<sub>h</sub>:00 (unit: milliseconds)
- *live time factor*. A multiplier for the *guard time*; this is stored in the CAN slave in object 100D<sub>h</sub>:00 and can be different for each slave on the CAN bus.
- possible live time: The time produced by multiplying guard time and live time factor.



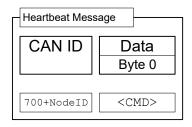
The following conditions are checked during Nodeguarding:

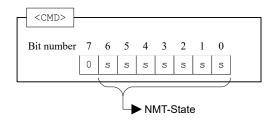
- The NMT master must send the RTR request within the "possible live time".
- The slave must send the response to the RTR request within the "possible live time".
- The slave must respond with its NMT state. In addition, the "toggle bit" must be set correctly.

#### 8.2.7.2 Heartbeat

If Heartbeat is activated, the slave sends its NMT state to the CAN bus unprompted and cyclically. You activate this service by setting the *Producer Heartbeat Time* time in object  $\underline{1017}_h:00_h$  to a value other than zero. The *Producer Heartbeat Time* is measured in milliseconds. The message sent by the slave has the form shown below:







The slave must send the Heartbeat message within the *Heartbeat Consumer Time*. This time is known only to the master and is not stored in the controller.

The slave can also monitor a *Heartbeat* from another *producer* (master or another slave). To do this, enter the *Consumer Heartbeat Time* and the node-ID of the *producer* in object 1016<sub>h</sub>.

Errors that occur during this monitoring are reset if either the function is deactivated or the *Heartbeat* is again sent within the correct time.

# 8.3 LSS protocol

The services of the LSS protocol (Layer Settings Services) are used to assign the node-ID and/or the baud rate of the controller directly via the CANopen bus. This is especially useful with devices that have no means for the mechanical configuration (e.g., rotary switches) of the parameters.



#### **NOTICE**

If a rotary switch is available for configuring the node-ID and the baud rate, you must set it to the position in which both values are read from the respective objects. See chapter Rotary switch.

#### 8.3.1 General

The LSS protocol requires a CANopen device in the network that performs the role of the LSS master. All other devices have the role of the LSS slave.

Each LSS slave is equipped with a unique LSS address that consists of the four 32-bit entries of object 1018h Identity Object.

An LSS slave may either be in configuration mode or in wait mode. The LSS master is responsible for switching between the two modes. Some LSS services (Configuration, Inquiry) are only available in configuration mode.

#### 8.3.2 LSS message

All messages of the LSS protocol consist of 8 bytes (DLC=8), whereby byte 0 always contains the Command Specifier (CS) of the service.

Two CAN IDs are reserved for the LSS protocol:

- 7E5<sub>h</sub>: For the messages from the *LSS master* to the *LSS slaves* (request)
- 7E4<sub>h</sub>: For the messages from the LSS slaves to the LSS master (response)



#### 8.3.3 LSS services

Four service categories are supported:

- Switch state services
- Configuration services
- Inquiry services
- Identification services

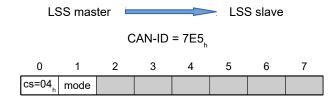
#### 8.3.3.1 Switch state services

With these services, the LSS master can switch the LSS slaves to configuration mode or to wait mode.

The node-ID and baud rate can only be changed with the <u>Configuration services</u> and <u>Inquiry services</u> while in *configuration mode*.

# Switch state global service

With this service, the LSS master switches all LSS slaves in the network to configuration mode or to wait mode.



# Byte 0 : CS (Command Specifier)

Value =  $04_h$ 

#### Byte 1: mode

Value = "00<sub>h</sub>": Switches to wait mode

Value = "01<sub>h</sub>": Switches to configuration mode

# Bytes 2-7:

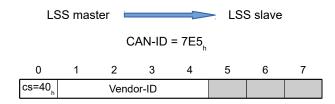
reserved (=0<sub>h</sub>)

#### Switch state selective service

With this service, the LSS master switches the LSS slaves with the (or parts of the) corresponding LSS address to configuration mode.

The LSS master sends four messages, which contain the LSS address:

1. The LSS master switches the LSS slaves with the corresponding vendor ID to configuration mode:



# Byte 0 : CS (Command Specifier)

Value = "40<sub>h</sub>"

### Bytes 1-4: Vendor-ID

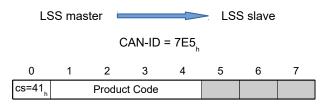
Vendor-ID: see 1018h:01h



### **Bytes 5-7:**

reserved (=0<sub>h</sub>)

2. The LSS master switches the LSS slaves with the corresponding product code to configuration mode:



# Byte 0 : CS (Command Specifier)

Value = "41<sub>h</sub>"

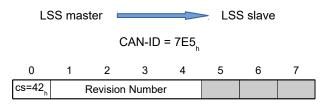
# **Bytes 1-4: Product Code**

Product code: see 1018<sub>h</sub>:02<sub>h</sub>

# **Bytes 5-7:**

reserved ( $=0_h$ )

3. The LSS master switches the LSS slaves with the corresponding revision number to configuration mode:



# Byte 0 : CS (Command Specifier)

Value = "42<sub>h</sub>"

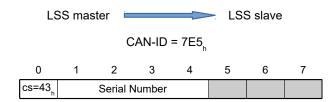
#### **Bytes 1-4: Revision Number**

Revision number: see 1018h:03h

# **Bytes 5-7:**

reserved (=0<sub>h</sub>)

**4.** The LSS master switches the LSS slaves with the corresponding serial number to configuration mode:



# Byte 0 : CS (Command Specifier)

Value =  $^{43}h$ 

#### Bytes 1-4: mode

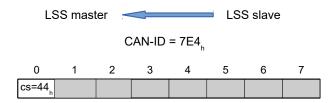
Serial number: see 1018<sub>h</sub>:04<sub>h</sub>

#### **Bytes 5-7:**

reserved (=0<sub>h</sub>)



The LSS slave with the corresponding LSS address was switched to configuration mode and sends a confirmation:



Byte 0 : CS (Command Specifier)

Value =  $44_h$ 

Bytes 1-7:

reserved (=0<sub>h</sub>)

# 8.3.3.2 Configuration services

With these services, the *LSS master* can change and, if necessary, store the node-ID or baud rate of the *LSS slaves*.

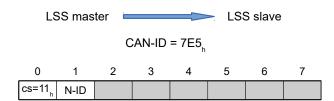


#### **NOTICE**

The LSS slaves must be in configuration mode. See chapter Switch state services.

# Configure node-ID service

The LSS master sends a message with the new node-ID to an LSS slave:



Byte 0 : CS (Command Specifier)

Value = "11<sub>h</sub>"

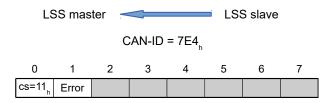
Byte 1: N-ID (Node-ID)

Valid node-ID between 01<sub>h</sub> and 7F<sub>h</sub>

Bytes 2-7:

reserved (=0<sub>h</sub>)

The LSS slave responds with a confirmation/error code:





Byte 0 : CS (Command Specifier)

Value = "11<sub>h</sub>"

**Byte 1: Error Code** 

Value = "00<sub>h</sub>": Not an error

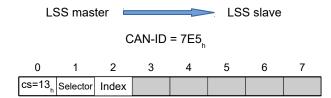
Value = "01<sub>h</sub>": Invalid node-ID

Bytes 2-7:

reserved ( $=0_h$ )

# Configure bit timing parameters service

The LSS master sends a message with the new baud rate to an LSS slave:



# Byte 0 : CS (Command Specifier)

Value = "13<sub>h</sub>"

Byte 1: Table Selector

Value =  $"00_h"$ : The table for the baud rate from the *CiA 301* standard is used.

# Byte 2: Table Index

The value for the index is taken from the following table.

# Bytes 3-7:

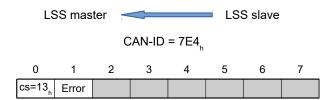
reserved (=0<sub>h</sub>)

The following values are supported for the *Table Index*:

	Table Index	Baud rate in kBd
0		1000
2		500
3		250
4		125
6		50
7		20
8		10

The LSS slave responds with a confirmation/error code:





# Byte 0: CS (Command Specifier)

Value = "13<sub>h</sub>"

#### **Byte 1: Error Code**

Value = "00<sub>h</sub>": Not an error

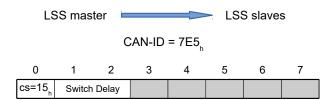
Value = "01<sub>h</sub>": Invalid *Table Index*/baud rate is not supported

#### Bytes 2-7:

reserved (=0<sub>h</sub>)

### Activate bit timing parameters service

The LSS master uses this command to activate the set baud rate of all LSS slaves in the network simultaneously:



# Byte 0 : CS (Command Specifier)

Value = "51<sub>h</sub>"

#### Bytes 1-2: Switch Delay

Delay in ms. It is thereby ensured that all *LSS slaves* in the network have the same baud rate before messages may again be sent.

After receiving this messages from each *LSS slave*, the time that is stored here is allowed to elapse. Only then is the new baud rate accepted.

The same time is allowed to elapse a second time; only then may an *LSS slave* send messages again.

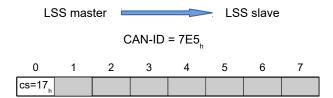
#### Bytes 3-7:

reserved (=0<sub>h</sub>)

# Store configuration service

With this command, the LSS master saves the set node-ID and baud rate of an LSS slave. The LSS master must ensure that at that moment only one LSS slave in the network is in configuration mode.





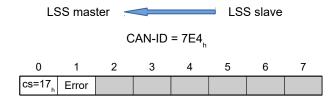
# Byte 0: CS (Command Specifier)

Value = "17<sub>h</sub>"

#### Bytes 1-7:

reserved (=0<sub>h</sub>)

The LSS slave responds with a confirmation/error code:



# Byte 0 : CS (Command Specifier)

Value =  $17_h$ 

# **Byte 1: Error Code**

Value = "00<sub>h</sub>": Not an error

Value = "02<sub>h</sub>": Access of non-volatile memory failed

# Bytes 2-7:

reserved (=0<sub>h</sub>)

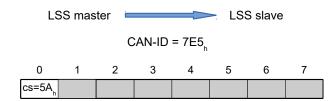
### 8.3.3.3 Inquiry services

With these services, the LSS master can query the LSS address or the node-ID of an LSS slave. The LSS master must ensure that only one LSS slave in the network is in configuration mode.

#### Inquire LSS address service

With this service, the LSS master queries the LSS address of a slave.

1. The LSS master queries the vendor ID:



#### Byte 0 : CS (Command Specifier)

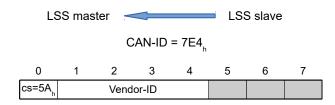
Value = "5A<sub>h</sub>"

#### Bytes 1-7:

reserved (=0<sub>h</sub>)



The LSS slave returns its vendor ID:



# Byte 0 : CS (Command Specifier)

 $Value = "5A_h"$ 

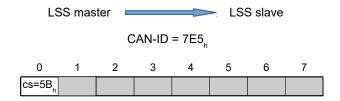
# Bytes 1-4: Vendor-ID

Vendor-ID: see 1018h:01h

#### **Bytes 5-7:**

reserved ( $=0_h$ )

**2.** The LSS master queries the product code:



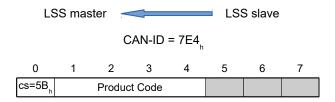
# Byte 0 : CS (Command Specifier)

Value = "5B<sub>h</sub>"

# Bytes 1-7:

reserved (= $0_h$ )

The LSS slave returns its product code:



# Byte 0 : CS (Command Specifier)

 $Value = "5B_h"$ 

# **Bytes 1-4: Produt Code**

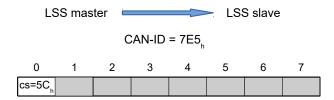
Product code: see 1018h:02h

# Bytes 5-7:

reserved ( $=0_h$ )

**3.** The LSS master queries the revision number.

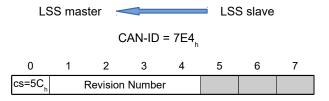




Byte 0 : CS (Command Specifier)

Value =  $5C_h$ 

The LSS slave returns its revision number.



Byte 0 : CS (Command Specifier)

 $Value = "5C_h"$ 

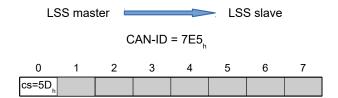
# **Bytes 1-4: Revision Number**

Revision number: see 1018h:03h

**Bytes 5-7:** 

reserved (=0<sub>h</sub>)

**4.** The LSS master queries the serial number.



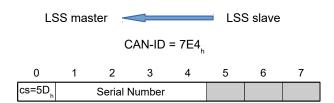
Byte 0: CS (Command Specifier)

$$Value = "5D_h"$$

#### Bytes 1-7:

reserved (= $0_h$ )

The LSS slave returns its serial number.



Byte 0 : CS (Command Specifier)

Value = "5D<sub>h</sub>"



### Bytes 1-4: Serial Number

Serial number: see 1018<sub>h</sub>:04<sub>h</sub>

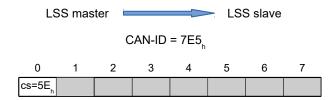
#### **Bytes 5-7:**

reserved (=0<sub>h</sub>)

### Inquire node-ID service

With this service, the LSS master queries the node-ID of a slave.

The LSS master queries the node-ID:



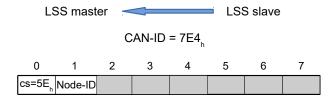
### Byte 0: CS (Command Specifier)

Value =  $5E_h$ 

#### Bytes 1-7:

reserved (=0<sub>h</sub>)

The LSS slave responds with its node-ID:



## Byte 0 : CS (Command Specifier)

Value =  $5E_h$ 

## Byte 1: Node-ID

Node-ID of the LSS slave

### Bytes 2-7:

reserved (=0<sub>h</sub>)

### 8.3.3.4 Identification services

With these services, the LSS master can ask the LSS slaves to identify themselves based on their LSS address.

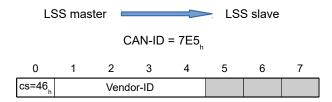
## LSS identify remote slave service

With this service, the *LSS master* asks the *LSS slaves* to identify themselves with the (or parts of the) corresponding *LSS address* with the <u>LSS identify slave service</u>.

A range can be defined for the *revision number* and the *serial number*. All *LSS slaves* whose numbers are in the corresponding range must identify themselves. It is the task of the *LSS master* to restrict the range so that ultimately only one *LSS slave* responds.

1. The LSS master defines the Vendor-ID of the LSS slaves that are to identify themselves:





## Byte 0 : CS (Command Specifier)

Value = "46<sub>h</sub>"

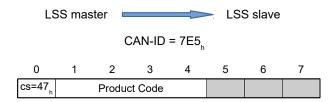
## Bytes 1-4: Vendor-ID

Vendor-ID: see 1018h:01h

### **Bytes 5-7:**

reserved (=0<sub>h</sub>)

2. The LSS master defines the product code of the LSS slaves that are to identify themselves.:



## Byte 0 : CS (Command Specifier)

Value = "47<sub>h</sub>"

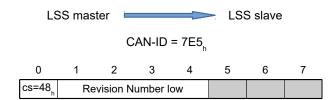
### **Bytes 1-4: Product Code**

Product code: see 1018h:02h

## Bytes 5-7:

reserved (=0<sub>h</sub>)

**3.** The *LSS master* defines the lowest and highest *revision number* of a range. All *LSS slaves* whose *revision number* is within this range are to identify themselves:



### Byte 0: CS (Command Specifier)

Value = "48<sub>h</sub>"

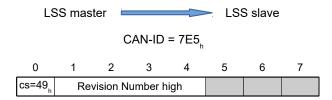
### **Bytes 1-4: Revision Number low**

Lowest revision number of the range: see 1018h:03h

### **Bytes 5-7:**

reserved (=0<sub>h</sub>)





## Byte 0 : CS (Command Specifier)

Value = "49<sub>h</sub>"

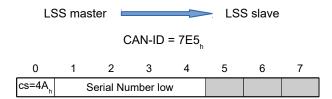
## Bytes 1-4: Revision Number high

Highest revision number of the range: see 1018h:03h

### **Bytes 5-7:**

reserved ( $=0_h$ )

**4.** The *LSS master* defines the lowest and highest *serial number* of a range. All *LSS slaves* whose *serial number* is within this range are to identify themselves:



## Byte 0 : CS (Command Specifier)

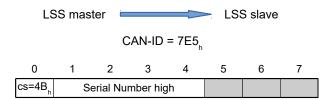
Value =  $^{4}A_{h}$ 

### Bytes 1-4: Serial Number low

Lowest serial number of the range: see 1018h:04h

### **Bytes 5-7:**

reserved (=0<sub>h</sub>)



## Byte 0 : CS (Command Specifier)

 $Value = "4B_h"$ 

## Bytes 1-4: Serial Number high

Highest serial number of the range: see 1018h:04h

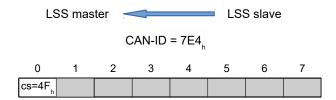
#### **Bytes 5-7:**

reserved (=0<sub>h</sub>)

## LSS identify slave service

The LSS slave whose LSS address was defined with the LSS identify remote slave service by the LSS master identifies itself:





### Byte 0: CS (Command Specifier)

 $Value = "4F_h"$ 

### Bytes 1-7:

reserved (=0<sub>h</sub>)

## 8.3.4 Example

The controller (LSS slave) is delivered with the following parameters:

- Node-ID =  $7F_h$  (=127<sub>d</sub>)
- Baud rate = 1000 kBd

The parameters are to be set as follows:

- Node-ID =  $05_h$  (= $5_d$ )
- Baud rate = 125 kBd

It is assumed that only one LSS slave is currently present in the network.

1. The LSS master switches the LSS slave to configuration mode (see Switch state global service):

7E5 | 04 01 00 00 00 00 00 00

2. The LSS master queries the node-ID of the LSS slave (see Inquire node-ID service):

7E5 | 5E 00 00 00 00 00 00 00

The LSS slave responds with its node-ID:

7E4 | 5E 7F 00 00 00 00 00 00

3. The LSS master sets the node-ID to "05h" (see Configure node-ID service):

7E5 | 11 05 00 00 00 00 00 00

The LSS slave confirms (error code=00h):

7E4 | 11 00 00 00 00 00 00 00

**4.** The LSS master sets the baud rate to 125 kBd (*Table Index*=4) (see <u>Configure bit timing parameters service</u>):

7E5 | 13 00 04 00 00 00 00 00

The LSS slave confirms (error code=00h):

7E4 | 13 00 00 00 00 00 00 00

5. The LSS master sends the command to save the changes (see Store configuration service):

7E5 | 17 00 00 00 00 00 00 00

6. The LSS master switches the LSS slave to wait mode (see Switch state global service):

7E5 | 04 00 00 00 00 00 00 00

The LSS slave confirms (error code= $00_h$ ):

7E4 | 17 00 00 00 00 00 00 00

7. The new parameters are accepted after the controller is restarted.

The controller registers with node-ID 5 and baud rate 125 kBd:

705 | 00



# 9 Programming with NanoJ

NanoJ is a programming language similar to C or C++. NanoJ is integrated in the Plug & Drive Studio 3 software. You can find further information in the document Plug & Drive Studio 3: User Manual at nanotec.com.

## 9.1 NanoJ program

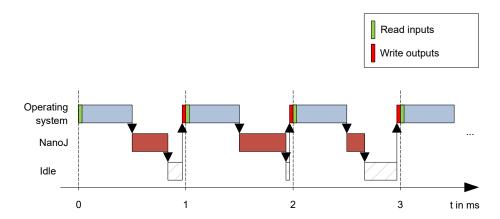
A *NanoJ program* makes a protected runtime environment available within the firmware. Here, the user can create his own processes. These can then trigger functions in the controller by, for example, reading or writing entries in the object dictionary.

Through the use of protective mechanisms, a *NanoJ program* is prevented from crashing the firmware. In the worst case, the execution is interrupted with an error code stored in the object dictionary.

If the *NanoJ program* was loaded on the controller, it is automatically executed after the controller is switched on or restarted, as long as you do not set bit 0 in object 2300<sub>h</sub> to "0".

## 9.1.1 Available computing time

A NanoJ program receives computing time cyclically in a 1 ms clock (see following figure). Because computing time is lost through interrupts and system functions of the firmware, only a portion of the computing time is available to the user program (depending on control mode and application). In this time, the user program must run through the cycle and either complete the cycle or yield the computing time by calling the yield() function. In the former case, the user program is restarted with the start of the next 1 ms cycle; the latter results in the program being continued on the next 1 ms cycle with the command that follows the yield() function.



If the *NanoJ program* needs more time than was allotted, it is ended and an error code set in the object dictionary.





When developing user programs, the runtime behavior must be carefully examined, especially for more time-intensive tasks. For example, it is therefore recommended that tables be used instead of calculating a sine value using a sin function.



#### **NOTICE**



If the NanoJ program does not yield the computing time after too long a time, it is ended by the operating system. In this case, the number 4 is entered in the statusword for object  $2301_h$ ; in the error register for object  $2302_h$ , the number 5 (timeout) is noted, see  $\underline{2301h}$  NanoJ Status and  $\underline{2302h}$  NanoJ Error Code.

To keep the *NanoJ program* from stopping, you can activate *AutoYield* mode by writing value "5" in <u>2300</u><sub>h</sub>. In *AutoYield* mode, however, the *NanoJ program* is no longer real-time capable and no longer runs every 1 ms.

#### 9.1.2 Protected runtime environment

Using process-specific properties, a so-called *protected runtime environment* is generated. A user program in the protected runtime environment is only able to access specially allocated memory areas and system resources. For example, an attempt to directly write to a processor IO register is acknowledged with an *MPU Fault* and the user program terminated with the corresponding error code in the object dictionary.

### 9.1.3 NanoJ program – communication possibilities

A NanoJ program has a number of possibilities for communicating with the controller:

- Read and write OD values using PDO mapping
- Directly read and write OD values via NanoJ functions
- Call other NanoJ functions (e.g., write <u>debug output</u>)

The OD values of the user program are made available in the form of variables via *PDO mapping*. Before a user program receives the 1 ms time slot, the firmware transfers the values from the object dictionary to the variables of the user program. As soon as the user program receives computing time, it can manipulate these variables as regular C variables. At the end of the time slot, the new values are then automatically copied by the firmware back to the respective OD entries.

To optimize the performance, three types of mapping are defined: input, output, and input/output (In, Out, InOut).

- Input mappings can only be read; they are not transferred back to the object dictionary.
- Output mappings can only be written.
- Input/output mappings, on the other hand, can both be read and written.

The set mappings can be read and checked via the GUI for objects  $2310_h$ ,  $2320_h$ , and  $2330_h$ . Up to 16 entries are allowed for each mapping.

Whether a variable is stored in the input, output or data range is controlled in *Plug & Drive Studio* via the specification of the *linker section*.

## NanoJ inputs and NanoJ outputs

To communicate with the NanoJ program via the respective interface, you can use the following objects:

- 2400h NanoJ Inputs: Array with thirty-two S32 values for passing values to the NanoJ program
- 2410h NanoJ Init Parameters: Array with thirty-two S32 values. This object can be stored, unlike 2400<sub>h</sub>.
- 2500h NanoJ Outputs: Array with thirty-two S32 values, where the *NanoJ program* can store values that can be read out via the fieldbus

### 9.1.4 Executing a NanoJ program

When executing a cycle, the *NanoJ program* essentially consists of the following three steps with respect to the PDO mapping:

- 1. Read values from the object dictionary and copy them to the input and output areas
- 2. Execute a user program
- 3. Copy values from the output and input areas back to the object dictionary



The configuration of the copy processes is based on the CANopen standard.

In addition, values of the object dictionary can be accessed via NanoJ functions. This is generally slower; mappings are therefore to be preferred. The number of mappings is limited (16 entries each in In/Out/InOut).



**TIP** 

Nanotec recommends: Map OD entries that are used and changed frequently and use NanoJ function to access OD entries that are used less frequently.

A list of available NanoJ functions can be found in chapter NanoJ functions in the NanoJ program.



TIP

Nanotec recommends accessing a given OD value either by mapping or using a NanoJ function with od write(). If both are used simultaneously, the NanoJ function has no effect.

## 9.1.5 NanoJ program - OD entries

The NanoJ program is controlled and configured in object range 2300<sub>h</sub> to 2330<sub>h</sub> (see 2300h NanoJ Control).

	OD-Index	Name and description
2300 <sub>h</sub>		2300h NanoJ Control
2301 <sub>h</sub>		2301h NanoJ Status
2302 <sub>h</sub>		2302h NanoJ Error Code
2310 <sub>h</sub>		2310h NanoJ Input Data Selection
2320 <sub>h</sub>		2320h NanoJ Output Data Selection
2330 <sub>h</sub>		2330h NanoJ In/output Data Selection

#### **Example:**

To start the TEST1.USR user program, the following sequence can, for example, be used:

- Check entry 2302<sub>h</sub> for error code.
- If no error: Start the *NanoJ program* by writing object <u>2300</u><sub>h</sub>, bit 0 = "1" or by restarting the controller.



### **NOTICE**

It can take up to 200 ms for the NanoJ program to start.

• Check entry  $\underline{2302}_h$  for error code and object  $\underline{2301}_h$ , bit 0 = "1".

To stop a running program: write entry  $2300_h$  with bit 0 value = "0".

## 9.1.6 Structure of a NanoJ program

A user program consists of at least two instructions:

- the preprocessor instruction #include "wrapper.h"
- the void user() {} function

The code to be executed can be stored in the void user() function.





#### **NOTICE**

The file names of the user programs must not be longer than eight characters plus three characters in the suffix; file name main.cpp is permissible, file name alongFileName.cpp is not permissible.

#### NOTICE



In NanoJ programs, global variables may only be initialized within functions. It then follows:

- No new operator
- No constructors
- No initialization of global variables outside of functions

### **Examples:**

The global variable is to be initialized within the void user() function:

```
unsigned int i;
void user() {
  i = 1;
  i += 1;
}
```

The following assignment results in an error during compilation:

```
unsigned int i = 1;
void user() {
  i += 1;
}
```

## 9.1.7 NanoJ program example

The example shows the programming of a square wave signal in object 2500<sub>h</sub>:01<sub>h</sub>.

```
// file main.cpp
map S32 outputReg1 as inout 0x2500:1
#include "wrapper.h"
// user program
void user()
  U16 counter = 0;
  while(1)
    ++counter;
    if( counter < 100 )
    InOut.outputReg1 = 0;
    else if( counter < 200 )
     InOut.outputReg1 = 1;
    else
     counter = 0;
    // yield() 5 times (delay 5ms)
    for (U08 i = 0; i < 5; ++i)
      yield();
}// eof
```

You can find other examples at nanotec.com.



## 9.2 Mapping in the NanoJ program

With this method, a variable in the *NanoJ program* is linked directly with an entry in the object dictionary. The creation of the mapping must be located at the start of the file here, even before the #include "wrapper.h" instruction.

#### **TIP**

Nanotec recommends:



- Use mapping if you need to access an object in the object dictionary frequently, e. g., controlword 6040<sub>h</sub> or statusword 6041<sub>h</sub>.
- The od\_write() and od\_read() functions are better suited for accessing objects a single time, see Accessing the object dictionary.

## 9.2.1 Declaration of the mapping

The declaration of the mapping is structured as follows:

```
map <TYPE> <NAME> as <input|output|inout> <INDEX>:<SUBINDEX>
```

### Where:

<TYPE>

The data type of the variable; U32, U16, U08, S32, S16 or S08.

<NAME>

The name of the variable as it is used in the user program.

<input|output|inout>

The read and write permission of a variable: a variable can be declared as an input, output or inout. This defines whether a variable is readable (input), writable (output) or both (inout) and the structure by means of which it must be addressed in the program.

<INDEX>:<SUBINDEX>

Index and subindex of the object to be mapped in the object dictionary.

Each declared variable is addressed in the user program via one of the three structures: *In*, *Out* or *InOut* depending on the defined write and read direction.



## **NOTICE**

A comment is only permitted above the respective mapping declaration in the code, not on the same line.

### 9.2.2 Example of mapping

Example of a mapping and the corresponding variable accesses:

```
// 6040_h:00_h is UNSIGNED16 map U16 controlWord as output 0x6040:00 // 6041_h:00_h is UNSIGNED16 map U16 statusWord as input 0x6041:00 // 6060_h:00_h is SIGNED08 (INTEGER8) map S08 modeOfOperation as inout 0x6060:00
```



```
#include "wrapper.h"

void user()
{
   [...]
   Out.controlWord = 1;
   U16 tmpVar = In.statusword;
   InOut.modeOfOperation = tmpVar;
   [...]
}
```

## 9.2.3 Possible error at od write()

A possible source of errors is a write access with the od\_write() function (see NanoJ functions in the NanoJ program) of an object in the object dictionary that was simultaneously created as mapping. The code listed in the following is incorrect:

```
map U16 controlWord as output 0x6040:00
#include " wrapper.h"
void user()
{
  [...]
  Out.controlWord = 1;
  [...]
  od_write(0x6040, 0x00, 5 ); // der Wert wird durch das Mapping überschrieben
  [...]
}
```

The line with the od\_write (0x6040, 0x00, 5); command has no effect. As described in the introduction, all mappings are copied to the object dictionary at the end of each millisecond.

This results in the following sequence:

- 1. The od write function writes the value 5 in object 6040h:00h.
- 2. At the end of the 1 ms cycle, the mapping is written that also specifies object 6040<sub>h</sub>:00<sub>h</sub>, however, with the value 1.
- 3. From the perspective of the user, the od write command thus serves no purpose.

## 9.3 NanoJ functions in the NanoJ program

With NanoJ functions, it is possible to call up functions integrated in the firmware directly from a user program. Code can only be directly executed in the protected area of the protected execution environment and is realized via so-called *Cortex Supervisor Calls* (Svc Calls). Here, an interrupt is triggered when the function is called, thereby giving the firmware the possibility to temporarily permit code execution outside of the protected execution environment. Developers of user programs do not need to worry about this mechanism – for them, the NanoJ functions can be called up like normal C functions. Only the *wrapper.h* file needs to be integrated as usual.

## 9.3.1 Accessing the object dictionary

void od\_write (U32 index, U32 subindex, U32 value)

This function writes the transferred value to the specified location in the object dictionary.

index	Index of the object to be written in the object dictionary
subindex	Subindex of the object to be written in the object dictionary
value	Value to be written



## NOTICE



It is highly recommended that the processor time be passed on with yield() after calling a  $od\_write()$ . The value is immediately written to the OD. For the firmware to be able to trigger actions that are dependent on this, however, it must receive computing time. This, in turn, means that the user program must either be ended or interrupted with yield().

U32 od\_read (U32 index, U32 subindex)

This function reads the value at the specified location in the object dictionary and returns it.

index	Index of the object to be read in the object dictionary
subindex	Subindex of the object to be read in the object dictionary
Output value	Content of the OD entry



#### **NOTICE**

Active waiting for a value in the object dictionary should always be associated with a yield().

### **Example**

```
while (od_read(2400,2) != 0) // wait until 2400:2 is set
{ yield(); }
```

#### 9.3.2 Process control

```
void yield()
```

This function returns the processor time to the operating system. In the next time slot, the program continues at the location after the call.

```
void sleep (U32 ms)
```

This function returns the processor time to the operating system for the specified number of milliseconds. The user program is then continued at the location after the call.

ms	Time to be waited in milliseconds
1110	Timo to be waited in minibocoride



## 9.3.3 Debug output

The following functions output a value in the debug console. They differ with respect to the data type of the parameter to be passed.

bool VmmDebugOutputInt (const U32 val)

bool VmmDebugOutputByte (const U08 val)

bool VmmDebugOutputHalfWord (const U16 val)

bool VmmDebugOutputWord (const U32 val)

### NOTICE



The debug outputs are first written to a separate area of the object dictionary and read from there by the *Plug & Drive Studio*.

This OD entry has index  $2600_h$  and is 64 characters long, see  $\underline{2600h}$  NanoJ Debug Output. Subindex 00 always contains the number of characters already written.

If the buffer is full, VmmDebugOutputxxx() initially fails; execution of the user program ceases and it stops at the location of the debug output. Only after the GUI has read the buffer and after subindex 00 has been reset does the program continue and VmmDebugOutputxxx() returns to the user program.



## **NOTICE**

Debug outputs may therefore only be used during the test phase when developing a user program.



## **NOTICE**

Do not use the debug output if Auto Yield mode is activated (see Available computing time).

## 9.4 Restrictions and possible problems

bool VmmDebugOutputFloat (const float val)

Restrictions and possible problems when working with NanoJ are listed below:

Restriction/problem	Measure
	Instead use od_read / od_write to access the object.
of the object was never defined before starting the	Initialize the values of the mapped objects in your NanoJ program to ensure that it behaves deterministically.



Restriction/problem	Measure
The array initialization must not be used with more than 16 entries.	Use constant array instead.
Too many local variables and arrays within functions may result in a stack overflow.	Declare the variables globally. Memory requirements are monitored already during compilation; errors do not occur at runtime.
Functions that are too deeply nested may result in a stack overflow.	Observe a maximum nesting depth of 2.
float must not be used with comparison operators.	Use int instead.
double must not be used.	
If a NanoJ program restarts the controller (either directly with an explicit restart or indirectly, e. g., through the use of the Reset function), the controller may fall into a restart loop that can be exited only with difficulty if at all.	
math or cmath cannot be included.	



# 10 Description of the object dictionary

### 10.1 Overview

This chapter contains a description of all objects.

You will find information here on:

- Functions
- Object descriptions ("Index")
- Value descriptions ("Subindices")
- Descriptions of bits
- Description of the object

## 10.2 Structure of the object description

The description of the object entries always has the same structure and usually consists of the following sections:

#### **Function**

The function of the object dictionary is briefly described in this section.

#### **Object description**

This table provides detailed information on the data type, preset values and similar. An exact description can be found in section "Object description"

### Value description

This table is only available with the "Array" or "Record" data type and provides exact information about the sub-entries. A more exact description of the entries can be found in section "Value description"

#### Description

Here, more exact information on the individual bits of an entry is provided or any compositions explained. A more exact description can be found in section "Description"

## 10.3 Object description

The object description consists of a table that contains the following entries:

#### Index

Designates the object index in hexadecimal notation.

#### Object name

The name of the object.

#### **Object Code**

The type of object. This can be one of the following entries:

- VARIABLE: In this case, the object consists of only a variable that is indexed with subindex 0.
- ARRAY: These objects always consists of a subindex 0 which specifies the number of subentries and the sub-entries themselves, beginning with index 1. The data type within an array never changes, i.e., sub-entry 1 and all subsequent entries are always of the same data type.
- RECORD: These objects always consists of a subindex 0 which specifies the number of subentries and the sub-entries themselves, beginning with index 1. Unlike an ARRAY, the data type of the sub-entries can vary. This means that, e.g., sub-entry 1 may be of a different data type than sub-entry 2.



■ VISIBLE\_STRING: The object describes a character string coded in ASCII. The length of the string is specified in subindex 0; the individual characters are stored beginning in subindex 1. These character strings are **not** terminated by a null character.

#### Data type

The size and interpretation of the object is specified here. The following notation is used for the "VARIABLE" object code:

- A distinction is made between entries that are signed; these are designated with the prefix "SIGNED". For entries that are unsigned, the prefix "UNSIGNED" is used.
- The size of the variable in bits is placed before the prefix and can be 8, 16 or 32.

#### Savable

Described here is whether this object is savable and, if so, in which category.

#### Firmware version

The firmware version beginning with which the object is available is entered here.

### Change history (ChangeLog)

Any changes to the object are noted here.

There are also the following table entries for the "VARIABLE" data type:

#### Access

The access restriction is entered here. The following restrictions are available:

- "read/write": The object can both be read as well as written
- "read only": The object can only be read from the object dictionary. It is not possible to set a value.

### **PDO** mapping

Some bus systems, such as CANopen or EtherCAT, support PDO mapping. Described in this table entry is whether the object can be inserted into a mapping and, if so, into which. The following designations are available here:

- "no": The object may not be entered in a mapping.
- "TX-PDO": The object may be entered in an RX mapping.
- "RX-PDO": The object may be entered in a TX mapping.

#### Allowed values

In some cases, only certain values may be written in the object. If this is the case, these values are listed here. If there are no restrictions, the field is empty.

#### **Preset value**

To bring the controller to a secured state when switching on, it is necessary to preset a number of objects with values. The value that is written in the object when the controller is started is noted in this table entry.

# 10.4 Value description



## **NOTICE**

For the sake of clarity, a number of subindices are grouped together if the entries all have the same name.



Listed in the table with the "Value description" heading are all data for sub-entries with subindex 1 or higher. The table contains the following entries:

#### Subindex

Number of the currently written sub-entry.

#### Name

Name of the sub-entry.

#### Data type

The size and interpretation of the sub-entry is specified here. The following notation always applies here:

- A distinction is made between entries that are signed; these are designated with the prefix "SIGNED". For entries that are unsigned, the prefix "UNSIGNED" is used.
- The size of the variable in bits is placed before the prefix and can be 8, 16 or 32.

#### **Access**

The access restriction for the sub-entry is entered here. The following restrictions are available:

- "read/write": The object can both be read as well as written
- "read only": The object can only be read from the object dictionary. It is not possible to set a value.

### **PDO** mapping

Some bus systems, such as CANopen or EtherCAT, support PDO mapping. Described in this table entry is whether the sub-entry can be inserted into a mapping and, if so, into which. The following designations are available here:

- "no": The object may not be entered in a mapping.
- "TX-PDO": The object may be entered in an RX mapping.
- "RX-PDO": The object may be entered in a TX mapping.

### Allowed values

In some cases, only certain values may be written in the sub-entry. If this is the case, these values are listed here. If there are no restrictions, the field is empty.

#### Preset value

To bring the controller to a secured state when switching on, it is necessary to preset a number of sub-entries with values. The value that is written in the sub-entry when the controller is started is noted in this table entry.

## 10.5 Description

This section may be present if use requires additional information. If individual bits of an object or sub-entry have different meaning, diagrams as shown in the following example are used.

**Example:** The object is 8 bits in size; bit 0 and bit 1 have different functions. Bits 2 and 3 are grouped into one function; the same applies for bits 4 to 7.

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
	Example [4]				nple [2]	В	Α

#### Example [4]

Description of bit 4 up to and including bit 7; these bits are logically related. The 4 in square brackets specifies the number of related bits. A list with possible values and their description is often attached at this point.



### Example [2]

Description of bits 3 and 2; these bits are logically related. The 2 in square brackets specifies the number of related bits.

- Value 00<sub>b</sub>: The description here applies if bit 2 and bit 3 are "0".
- Value 01<sub>b</sub>: The description here applies if bit 2 is "0" and bit 3 is "1".
- Value 10<sub>b</sub>: The description here applies if bit 2 is "1" and bit 3 is "0".
- Value 11<sub>b</sub>: The description here applies if bit 2 and bit 3 are "1".

В

Description of bit B; no length is specified for a single bit.

Α

Description of bit A; bits with a gray background are not used.

# 1000h Device Type

## **Function**

Describes the controller type.

## **Object description**

	4000					
Index	1000 <sub>h</sub>					
Object name	Device Type					
Object Code	VARIABLE					
Data type	UNSIGNED32					
Savable	no					
Access	read only					
PDO mapping	no					
Allowed values						
Preset value	<ul> <li>■ PD6-E891L95-E-65-2: 00040192<sub>h</sub></li> <li>■ PD6-E890CD-E-65-2: 00020192<sub>h</sub></li> <li>■ PD6-EB80CD-ES-65-2: 00020192<sub>h</sub></li> <li>■ PD6-E891S95-E-65-2: 00040192<sub>h</sub></li> <li>■ PD6-E891S95-ES-65-2: 00040192<sub>h</sub></li> <li>■ PD6-E891M95-E-65-2: 00040192<sub>h</sub></li> <li>■ PD6-E891M95-ES-65-2: 00040192<sub>h</sub></li> <li>■ PD6-E890SD-ES-65-2: 00040192<sub>h</sub></li> <li>■ PD6-EB80SD-E-65-2: 00020192<sub>h</sub></li> <li>■ PD6-EB80MD-ES-65-2: 00020192<sub>h</sub></li> <li>■ PD6-EB80MD-ES-65-2: 00020192<sub>h</sub></li> <li>■ PD6-EB80LD-E-65-2: 00020192<sub>h</sub></li> <li>■ PD6-EB80LD-E-65-2: 00020192<sub>h</sub></li> <li>■ PD6-EB80LD-E-65-2: 00020192<sub>h</sub></li> <li>■ PD6-EB80LD-E-65-2: 00020192<sub>h</sub></li> </ul>					
Firmware version Change history	FIR-v1426					



## **Description**

31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
							Motor T	ype [16]							
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
						Devi	ce profile	numbe	r [16]						

## Motor Type[16]

Describes the supported motor type. The following values are possible:

- Bit 23 to bit 16: Value "2": BLDC motor
- Bit 23 to bit 16: Value "4": Stepper motor
- Bit 23 to bit 16: Value "6": Stepper motor as well as BLDC motor

## Device profile number[16]

Describes the supported CANopen standard.

Values:

0192<sub>h</sub> or 0402<sub>d</sub> (preset value): The CiA 402 standard is supported.

# 1001h Error Register

### **Function**

Error register: In the event of an error, the corresponding error bit(s) is/are set. If the error no longer exists, it is deleted automatically.



### **NOTICE**

For each error that occurs, a more precise error code is stored in object 1003<sub>h</sub>.

## **Object description**

Index	1001 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Error Register
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Savable	no
Access	read only
PDO mapping	TX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00 <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

## **Description**

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
MAN	RES	PROF	COM	TEMP	VOL	CUR	GEN



**GEN** 

General error, always set in the event of an error

**CUR** 

Current

**VOL** 

Voltage

**TEMP** 

Temperature

COM

Communication

**PROF** 

Relates to the device profile

**RES** 

Reserved, always "0"

MAN

Manufacturer-specific

## 1003h Pre-defined Error Field

## **Function**

This object contains an error stack with up to eight entries.

## **Object description**

Index 1003<sub>h</sub>

Object name Pre-defined Error Field

Object Code ARRAY

Data type UNSIGNED32

Savable no

Firmware version FIR-v1426

Change history

## Value description

Subindex 00<sub>h</sub>

Name Number Of Errors
Data type UNSIGNED8
Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 00<sub>h</sub>

Subindex 01<sub>h</sub>

## 10 Description of the object dictionary



1st Standard Error Field Name

no

Data type **UNSIGNED32** Access read only

PDO mapping Allowed values

Preset value  $00000000_{h}$ 

Subindex 02<sub>h</sub>

Name 2nd Standard Error Field

**UNSIGNED32** Data type Access read only PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 0000000<sub>h</sub>

Subindex  $03_h$ 

Name 3th Standard Error Field

**UNSIGNED32** Data type Access read only no

PDO mapping

Allowed values

Preset value 0000000<sub>h</sub>

Subindex  $04_h$ 

Name 4th Standard Error Field

**UNSIGNED32** Data type Access read only PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 0000000<sub>h</sub>

Subindex  $05_h$ 

Name 5th Standard Error Field

**UNSIGNED32** Data type Access read only

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 0000000<sub>h</sub>

Subindex 06<sub>h</sub>

6th Standard Error Field Name

**UNSIGNED32** Data type Access read only



PDO mapping	no					
Allowed values						
Preset value	00000000 <sub>h</sub>					
Subindex	07 <sub>h</sub>					
Name	7th Standard Error Field					
Data type	UNSIGNED32					
Access	read only					
PDO mapping	no					
Allowed values						
Preset value	00000000 <sub>h</sub>					
Subindex	08 <sub>h</sub>					
Name	8th Standard Error Field					
Data type	UNSIGNED32					
Access	read only					
PDO mapping	no					
Allowed values						
Preset value	00000000 <sub>h</sub>					

## **Description**

### **General function**

If a new error occurs, it is entered in subindex 1. The already existing entries in subindices 1 to 7 are moved back one position. The error in subindex 7 is thereby removed.

The number of errors that have already occurred can be read from the object with subindex 0. If no error is currently entered in the error stack, it is not possible to read one of the eight subindices 1-8 and an error (abort code =  $08000024_h$ ) is sent in response. If a "0" is written in subindex 0, counting starts again from the beginning.

## **Bit description**

31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
	Error Number [8]							Error Class [8]							
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
	Error Code [16]														

## **Error Number [8]**

This can be used to pinpoint the cause of the error. The meaning of the number can be found in the following table.

Error number	Description	
0	Watchdog-Reset	
1	Input voltage (+Ub) too high	
2	Output current too high	
3	Input voltage (+Ub) too low	
4	Error at fieldbus	



Error number	Description										
6	CANopen only: NMT master takes too long to send Nodeguarding request										
7	Sensor 1 (see <u>3204</u> <sub>h</sub> ): Error through electrical fault or defective hardware										
8	Sensor 2 (see 3204 <sub>h</sub> ): Error through electrical fault or defective hardware										
9	Sensor 3 (see 3204 <sub>h</sub> ): Error through electrical fault or defective hardware										
10	Warning: Positive limit switch exceeded										
11	Warning: Negative limit switch exceeded										
12	Overtemperature error										
13	The values of object <u>6065</u> <sub>h</sub> (Following Error Window) and object <u>6066</u> <sub>h</sub> (Following Error Time Out) were exceeded; a fault was triggered.										
14	Warning: Nonvolatile memory full. The current save process could not be completed; parts of the data of the save process are lost. Controller must be restarted for cleanup work.										
15	Motor blocked										
16	Warning: Nonvolatile memory damaged; controller must be restarted for cleanup work (all saved objects are reset to default).										
17	CANopen only: Slave took too long to send PDO messages.										
18	Sensor n (see $\underline{3204}_h$ ), where n is greater than 3: Error through electrical fault or defective hardware										
19	CANopen only: PDO not processed due to a length error										
20	CANopen only: PDO length exceeded										
21	Warning: Restart the controller to avoid future errors when saving (nonvolatile memory full/corrupt).										
22	Rated current must be set (203B <sub>h</sub> :01 <sub>h</sub> /6075 <sub>h</sub> )										
23	Encoder resolution, number of pole pairs and some other values are incorrect.										
24	Motor current is too high, adjust the PI parameters.										
25	Internal software error, generic										
26	Current too high at digital output										
27	CANopen only: Unexpected sync length										
30	Error in speed monitoring: slippage error too large										
32	Internal error: Correction factor for reference voltage missing in the OTP										
35	STO Fault: STO was requested but not via both STO inputs.										
36	STO Changeover. STO was requested but not via both STO inputs. If this state lasts longer than 100 ms, the controller switches to the STO Fault state.										
37	STO Active: STO is active, it generates no torque or holding torque.										
38	STO Self-Test: Error during self-test of the firmware. Contact Nanotec.										
40	Warning: Ballast resistor thermally overloaded										
41	Only EtherCAT: Sync Manager Watchdog: The controller has not received any PDO data for an excessively long period of time; check the software and hardware connections.										
43	Input voltage (+Ub Logic) too high										
44	Input voltage (+Ub Logic) too low										
46	Interlock error: Bit 3 in $60FD_h$ is set to "0", the motor may not start (see the section <i>Interlock function</i> in the chapter <u>Digital inputs</u> )										
48	Only CANopen: NMT status has been set to stopped										



## **Error Class[8]**

This byte is identical to object 1001<sub>h</sub>

## Error Code[16]

Refer to the following table for the meaning of the bytes.

Error Code	Description
1000 <sub>h</sub>	General error
2300 <sub>h</sub>	Current at the controller output too large
3100 <sub>h</sub>	Overvoltage/undervoltage at controller input
4200 <sub>h</sub>	Temperature error within the controller
5440 <sub>h</sub>	Interlock error: Bit 3 in 60FD <sub>h</sub> is set to "0", the motor may not start (see the section <i>Interlock function</i> in the chapter <u>Digital inputs</u> )
6010 <sub>h</sub>	Software reset (watchdog)
6100 <sub>h</sub>	Internal software error, generic
6320 <sub>h</sub>	Rated current must be set (203B <sub>h</sub> :01 <sub>h</sub> /6075 <sub>h</sub> )
7113 <sub>h</sub>	Warning: Ballast resistor thermally overloaded
7121 <sub>h</sub>	Motor blocked
7200 <sub>h</sub>	Internal error: Correction factor for reference voltage missing in the OTP
7305 <sub>h</sub>	Sensor 1 (see <u>3204</u> <sub>h</sub> ) faulty
7306 <sub>h</sub>	Sensor 2 (see <u>3204</u> <sub>h</sub> ) faulty
7307 <sub>h</sub>	Sensor n (see 3204 <sub>h</sub> ), where n is greater than 2
7600 <sub>h</sub>	Warning: Nonvolatile memory full or corrupt; restart the controller for cleanup work
8100 <sub>h</sub>	Error during fieldbus monitoring
8130 <sub>h</sub>	CANopen only: "Life Guard" error or "Heartbeat" error
8200 <sub>h</sub>	CANopen only: Slave took too long to send PDO messages.
8210 <sub>h</sub>	CANopen only: PDO was not processed due to a length error
8220 <sub>h</sub>	CANopen only: PDO length exceeded
8240 <sub>h</sub>	CANopen only: unexpected sync length
8400 <sub>h</sub>	Error in speed monitoring: slippage error too large
8611 <sub>h</sub>	Position monitoring error: Following error too large
8612 <sub>h</sub>	Position monitoring error: Limit switch exceeded

# 1005h COB-ID Sync

## **Function**

Defines the COB-ID of the SYNC message for the SYNC protocol. The value must correspond to an 11-bit-long CAN-ID and is evaluated when the controller is restarted or on a Reset Communication command.



## **NOTICE**

If the CAN-ID is not to correspond to the default value of  $80_h$ , it must be ensured that only not-yet unassigned or reserved CAN-IDs are used.



You can activate the generation of sync messages (the controller becomes the *sync master of the network*) by setting bit 30 to "1". Set the cycle time in object 1006<sub>h</sub>.

## **Object description**

Index 1005<sub>h</sub> Object name COB-ID Sync **Object Code VARIABLE UNSIGNED32** Data type Savable yes, category: communication Access read / write PDO mapping nο Allowed values Preset value 00000080<sub>h</sub> Firmware version FIR-v1426 Change history

## 1006h Communication Cycle Period

## **Function**

Contains the cycle time for the generated sync messages (see  $\underline{1005}_h$ ) in  $\mu s$ . Only multiples of 1000  $\mu s$  are permitted.

## **Object description**

Index 1006<sub>h</sub> Object name Communication Cycle Period **VARIABLE Object Code** Data type **UNSIGNED32** Savable yes, category: communication Access read / write PDO mapping Allowed values Preset value 0000000<sub>h</sub> Firmware version FIR-v2013-B726332 Change history

# 1007h Synchronous Window Length

#### **Function**

This object contains the length of the time window in microseconds for synchronous PDOs. If the synchronous time window has elapsed, all synchronous TxPDOs are rejected. The RxPDOs are also rejected up to the next SYNC message.

The value "0" switches off the time window, thereby allowing the PDOs to be sent at any time.

This object is only available in device variants with CANopen connection.



## **Object description**

Index 1007<sub>h</sub>

Object name Synchronous Window Length

Object Code VARIABLE
Data type UNSIGNED32

Savable yes, category: communication

Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000<sub>h</sub> Firmware version FIR-v1426

Change history

## 1008h Manufacturer Device Name

## **Function**

Contains the device name as character string.

# **Object description**

Index	1008 <sub>h</sub>									
Object name	Manufacturer Device Name									
Object Code	VARIABLE									
Data type	VISIBLE_STRING									
Savable	no									
Access	read only									
PDO mapping	no									
Allowed values										
Preset value	<ul> <li>PD6-E891L95-E-65-2: PD6-E891L95-E-65-2</li> <li>PD6-E891L95-ES-65-2: PD6-E891L95-ES-65-2</li> <li>PD6-EB80CD-E-65-2: PD6-EB80CD-E-65-2</li> <li>PD6-EB80CD-ES-65-2: PD6-EB80CD-ES-65-2</li> <li>PD6-E891S95-E-65-2: PD6-E891S95-E-65-2</li> <li>PD6-E891S95-ES-65-2: PD6-E891S95-ES-65-2</li> <li>PD6-E891M95-E-65-2: PD6-E891M95-E-65-2</li> <li>PD6-E891M95-ES-65-2: PD6-E891M95-ES-65-2</li> <li>PD6-E890SD-E-65-2: PD6-E80SD-E-65-2</li> <li>PD6-EB80SD-E-65-2: PD6-EB80SD-E-65-2</li> <li>PD6-EB80MD-ES-65-2: PD6-EB80MD-ES-65-2</li> <li>PD6-EB80MD-ES-65-2: PD6-EB80MD-ES-65-2</li> <li>PD6-EB80MD-E-65-2: PD6-EB80MD-E-65-2</li> <li>PD6-EB80MD-E-65-2: PD6-EB80MD-E-65-2</li> <li>PD6-EB80LD-E-65-2: PD6-EB80LD-E-65-2</li> </ul>									
Firmware version Change history	FIR-v1426									



## 1009h Manufacturer Hardware Version

### **Function**

This object contains the hardware version as character string.

## **Object description**

Index 1009<sub>h</sub>

Object name Manufacturer Hardware Version

Object Code VARIABLE

Data type VISIBLE\_STRING

Savable no

Access read only

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 0

Firmware version FIR-v1426

Change history

## 100Ah Manufacturer Software Version

### **Function**

This object contains the software version as character string.

## **Object description**

Index 100A<sub>h</sub>

Object name Manufacturer Software Version

Object Code VARIABLE

Data type VISIBLE\_STRING

Savable no

Access read only

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value FIR-v2213-B1029645

Firmware version FIR-v1426

Change history

## 100Ch Guard Time

## **Function**

Object 100C<sub>h</sub> multiplied by object 100Dh Live Time Factor yields the so-called lifetime for the Lifeguarding / Nodeguarding protocol. The value is specified in milliseconds. See also Nodeguarding.





#### **NOTICE**

The *Heartbeat protocol* has a higher priority than *Nodeguarding*. If both protocols are activated simultaneously, the Node Guarding Timer is suppressed, but no EMCY message is sent either.

## **Object description**

Index 100C<sub>h</sub> Object name **Guard Time** Object Code **VARIABLE** Data type **UNSIGNED16** Savable yes, category: communication read / write Access PDO mapping no Allowed values Preset value  $0000_{h}$ FIR-v1426 Firmware version

## 100Dh Live Time Factor

Change history

### **Function**

This object is a multiplier which, multiplied by object  $\underline{100C_h}$ , yields the time window for the *Nodeguarding* protocol in milliseconds. See also  $\underline{Nodeguarding}$ .



### **NOTICE**

The *Heartbeat protocol* has a higher priority than *Nodeguarding*. If both protocols are activated simultaneously, the Node Guarding Timer is suppressed, but no EMCY message is sent either.

This object is only available in device variants with CANopen connection.

## Object description

Index	100D <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Live Time Factor
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Savable	yes, category: communication
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	00 <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	



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## 1010h Store Parameters

### **Function**

This object is used to start the saving of objects. See chapter Saving objects.

## **Object description**

Index 1010<sub>h</sub>

Object name Store Parameters

Object Code ARRAY

Data type UNSIGNED32

Savable no

Access read only

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value

Firmware version FIR-v1426

Change history Firmware version FIR-v1436: "Object name" entry changed from "Store

Parameter" to "Store Parameters".

Firmware version FIR-v1436: The number of entries was changed from

3 to 4.

Firmware version FIR-v1512: The number of entries was changed from

4 to 5.

Firmware version FIR-v1540: The number of entries was changed from

5 to 7.

Firmware version FIR-v1738-B501312: The number of entries was

changed from 7 to 14.

## Value description

Subindex 00<sub>h</sub>

Name Number Of Entries
Data type UNSIGNED8
Access read only

no

PDO mapping

Allowed values

Preset value 0D<sub>h</sub>

Subindex 01<sub>h</sub>

Name Save All Parameters To Non-volatile Memory

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 00000001<sub>h</sub>

# 10 Description of the object dictionary



Subindex	02 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Save Communication Parameters To Non-volatile Memory
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000001 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	03 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Save Application Parameters To Non-volatile Memory
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000001 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	04 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Save Customer Parameters To Non-volatile Memory
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000001 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	05 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Save Drive Parameters To Non-volatile Memory
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000001 <sub>h</sub>
-	
Subindex	06 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Save Tuning Parameters To Non-volatile Memory
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000001 <sub>h</sub>
i 1030t Value	0000001h
Subindex	07 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Save Miscellaneous Configurations To Non-volatile Memory
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Data type	UNUIGHEDUZ

## 10 Description of the object dictionary



Access read / write PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 0000001<sub>h</sub>

Subindex 08<sub>h</sub>

Name Save Reserved1 Configurations To Non-volatile Memory

Data type **UNSIGNED32** read / write Access

PDO mapping

Allowed values

Preset value 0000000<sub>h</sub>

Subindex 09<sub>h</sub>

Name Save Reserved2 Configurations To Non-volatile Memory

**UNSIGNED32** Data type Access read / write no

PDO mapping Allowed values

Preset value 0000000<sub>h</sub>

Subindex

Name Save CANopen Configurations To Non-volatile Memory

**UNSIGNED32** Data type read / write Access no

PDO mapping

Allowed values

Preset value 0000001<sub>h</sub>

Subindex  $0B_h$ 

Name Save Modbus RTU Configurations To Non-volatile Memory

Data type **UNSIGNED32** read / write Access

PDO mapping Allowed values

Preset value 0000001<sub>h</sub>

Subindex  $0C_h$ 

Name Save Ethernet Configurations To Non-volatile Memory

**UNSIGNED32** Data type read / write Access

PDO mapping no

Allowed values



00000001 <sub>h</sub>								
$0D_h$								
Save Profibus Configurations To Non-volatile Memory								
UNSIGNED32								
read / write								
no								
00000001 <sub>h</sub>								
	0D <sub>h</sub> Save Profibus Configurations To Non-volatile Memory UNSIGNED32 read / write no							

## **Description**

Each subindex of the object stands for a certain memory class. By reading out the entry, it is possible to determine whether (value "1") or not (value="0") this memory category can be saved.

To start the save process of a memory category, value " $65766173_h$ " must be written in the corresponding subindex. This corresponds to the decimal of  $1702257011_d$  or the ASCII string save. As soon as the saving process is completed, the save command is again overwritten with the value "1", since saving is possible again.

For a detailed description, see chapter <u>Saving objects</u>.

## **1011h Restore Default Parameters**

### **Function**

This object can be used to reset all or part of the object dictionary to the default values. See chapter <u>Saving objects</u>.

## **Object description**

Index	1011 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Restore Default Parameters
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	no
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1436: "Object Name" entry changed from "Restore Default Parameter" to "Restore Default Parameters".
	Firmware version FIR-v1436: The number of entries was changed from 2 to 4.
	Firmware version FIR-v1512: The number of entries was changed from 4 to 5.
	Firmware version FIR-v1512: "Name" entry changed from "Restore The Comm Default Parameters" to "Restore Communication Default Parameters".



Firmware version FIR-v1512: "Name" entry changed from "Restore The Application Default Parameters" to "Restore Application Default Parameters".

Firmware version FIR-v1540: The number of entries was changed from 5 to 7.

Firmware version FIR-v1738-B501312: The number of entries was changed from 7 to 14.

# Value description

Subindex	00 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Number Of Entries
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	$0D_h$
Subindex	01 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Restore All Default Parameters
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000001 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	02 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Restore Communication Default Parameters
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000001 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	03 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Restore Application Default Parameters
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000001 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	04 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Restore Customer Default Parameters

## 10 Description of the object dictionary



Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write

PDO mapping

Allowed values
Preset value

00000001<sub>h</sub>

Subindex 05<sub>h</sub>

Name Restore Drive Default Parameters

no

Data type UNSIGNED32 Access read / write

PDO mapping

Allowed values
Preset value

00000001<sub>h</sub>

no

Subindex 06<sub>h</sub>

Name Restore Tuning Default Parameters

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write

PDO mapping

Allowed values

Preset value 00000001<sub>h</sub>

Subindex 07<sub>h</sub>

Name Restore Miscellaneous Configurations

Data type UNSIGNED32 Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 00000001<sub>h</sub>

Subindex 08<sub>h</sub>

Name Restore Reserved1 Configurations To Non-volatile Memory

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000<sub>h</sub>

Subindex 09<sub>h</sub>

Name Restore Reserved2 Configurations To Non-volatile Memory

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write

PDO mapping no



Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	0A <sub>h</sub>
Name	Restore CANopen Configurations To Non-volatile Memory
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000001 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	0B <sub>h</sub>
Name	Restore Modbus RTU Configurations To Non-volatile Memory
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000001 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	0C <sub>h</sub>
Name	Restore Ethernet Configurations To Non-volatile Memory
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000001 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	0D <sub>h</sub>
Name	Restore Profibus Configurations To Non-volatile Memory
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000001 <sub>h</sub>

# **Description**

If the value  $64616F6C_h$  (or  $1684107116_d$  or ASCII load) is written in this object, part or all of the object dictionary is reset to the default values. The subindex that is used decides which range is reset.

For a detailed description, see chapter <u>Discarding the saved data</u>.

## 1014h COB-ID EMCY

## **Function**

This object describes the COB-ID of the "Emergency Service" under CANopen.



With the *Valid Bit* (bit 31) = "1", the <u>Emergency Service</u> can be deactivated; the service is active with the value "0". Every time the controller is restarted, bits 0 to 30 are generated according to the node-ID.

## **Object description**

Index1014hObject nameCOB-ID EMCYObject CodeVARIABLEData typeUNSIGNED32

Savable yes, category: communication

Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000<sub>h</sub> Firmware version FIR-v1426

Change history Firmware version FIR-v1540: "Access" table entry for subindex 00

changed from "read only" to "read/write".

## 1016h Consumer Heartbeat Time

### **Function**

This object defines the cycle time of the *Consumer Heartbeat* of the *Network Management* CANopen service and the Node-ID of the *Producer* of the *Heartbeat*.

If the cycle time or node-ID is set to the value 0, there is no response to the Heartbeat message. See also chapter <u>Heartbeat</u>.

## **Object description**

Index 1016<sub>h</sub>

Object name Consumer Heartbeat Time

Object Code ARRAY

Data type UNSIGNED32

Savable yes, category: communication

Access read only

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value

Firmware version FIR-v1738-B501312

Change history

## Value description

Subindex 00<sub>h</sub>

Name Number Of Entries

Data type UNSIGNED8

Access read only



PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 01<sub>h</sub>

Subindex 01<sub>h</sub>

Name Consumer Heartbeat Time

no

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write

PDO mapping

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000<sub>h</sub>

## **Description**

Subindex 01<sub>h</sub> contains:

- Bits 0 to 15: The time of the Consumer Heartbeat in ms.
- Bits 16 to 23: The node-ID of the *Producer* whose *Heartbeat* is to be monitored.

31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
	reserved (00h)							Node-ID							
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
	Time														

## 1017h Producer Heartbeat Time

## **Function**

This object defines the cycle time of the *Heartbeat* of the *Network Management* CANopen service in milliseconds. If the object is set to the value 0, no Heartbeat message is sent. See also <u>Heartbeat</u>.



## **NOTICE**

The *Heartbeat protocol* has a higher priority than *Nodeguarding*. If both protocols are activated simultaneously, the Node Guarding Timer is suppressed, but no EMCY message is sent either.

This object is only available in device variants with CANopen connection.

## Object description

Index 1017<sub>h</sub>

Object name Producer Heartbeat Time

Object Code VARIABLE
Data type UNSIGNED16

Savable yes, category: communication

Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 0000<sub>h</sub>



Firmware version FIR-v1426

Change history

# 1018h Identity Object

### **Function**

This object returns general information on the device, such as manufacturer, product code, revision and serial number.



TIP

Have these values ready in the event of service inquiries.

# **Object description**

Index 1018<sub>h</sub>
Object name Identity Object
Object Code RECORD
Data type IDENTITY
Savable no
Firmware version FIR-v1426
Change history

## Value description

Subindex	00 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Number Of Entries
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	04 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	01 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Vendor-ID
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000026C <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	02 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Product Code
Data type	UNSIGNED32



Access read only
PDO mapping no
Allowed values
Preset value

PD6-E891L95-E-65-2: 0000012Dh
PD6-E891L95-ES-65-2: 00000136h
PD6-EB80CD-E-65-2: 0000013Fh
PD6-EB80CD-ES-65-2: 00000151h
PD6-E891S95-E-65-2: 00000151h
PD6-E891M95-E-65-2: 00000163h
PD6-E891M95-E-65-2: 0000016Ch
PD6-E880SD-E-65-2: 00000175h

08A50000<sub>h</sub>

PD6-EB80MD-ES-65-2: 00000259<sub>h</sub>
 PD6-EB80MD-E-65-2: 00000262<sub>h</sub>
 PD6-EB80LD-E-65-2: 0000026B<sub>h</sub>
 PD6-EB80LD-ES-65-2: 00000274<sub>h</sub>

■ PD6-EB80SD-ES-65-2: 0000017E<sub>h</sub>

Subindex 03<sub>h</sub>
Name Revision Number
Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read only
PDO mapping no
Allowed values

Subindex 04<sub>h</sub>
Name Serial Number
Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read only
PDO mapping no
Allowed values

Preset value 00000000<sub>h</sub>

## 1019h Synchronous Counter Overflow Value

#### **Function**

The value from which the *Sync Counter* is to begin counting anew is entered here. See chapter <u>Synchronization object (SYNC)</u>.

### **Object description**

Preset value

Index 1019<sub>h</sub>

Object name Synchronous Counter Overflow Value

Object Code VARIABLE
Data type UNSIGNED8



Savable yes, category: communication

Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 00<sub>h</sub>

Firmware version FIR-v1426

Change history Firmware Version FIR-v1738-B501312: "Object Name" entry changed

from "Synchronous counter overflow value" to "Synchronous Counter

Overflow Value".

Firmware version FIR-v1738-B501312: "Data type" entry changed from

"UNSIGNED16" to "UNSIGNED8".

## **Description**

Allowed values:  $02_h$  to  $F0_h$  and 0. If the value is "0", the sync message is transmitted as a CAN message with a data length of 0.

## 1020h Verify Configuration

### **Function**

This object indicates the date and time that the configuration was stored.

A configuration tool or a master can use this object to verify the configuration after a reset and, if necessary, perform a new configuration.

The tool must set the date and time before the storage mechanism is started (see chapter Saving objects).

### **Object description**

Index 1020<sub>h</sub>

Object name Verify Configuration

Object Code ARRAY

Data type UNSIGNED32

Savable yes, category: verify

Access read only

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value

Firmware version FIR-v1540

Change history

### Value description

Subindex 00<sub>h</sub>

Name Number Of Entries
Data type UNSIGNED8
Access read only
PDO mapping no

Allowed values



Preset value	02 <sub>h</sub>	
Subindex	01 <sub>h</sub>	
Name	Configuration Date	
Data type	UNSIGNED32	
Access	read / write	
PDO mapping	no	
Allowed values		
Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>	
Subindex	02 <sub>h</sub>	
Name	Configuration Time	
Data type	UNSIGNED32	
Access	read / write	
PDO mapping	no	
Allowed values		
Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>	

## **Description**

Subindex 01<sub>h</sub> (configuration date) is to contain the number of days since 1 January 1984.

Subindex 02<sub>h</sub> (configuration time) is to contain the number of milliseconds since midnight.

### 1029h Error Behavior

### **Function**

This object is used to define what the *NMT state* of the controller should be in case of an error. See also chapter <u>Network Management (NMT)</u>.

## **Object description**

Index	1029 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Error Behavior
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Savable	yes, category: communication
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	
Firmware version	FIR-v1738-B501312
Change history	

## Value description

Subindex	00 <sub>h</sub>



Name Number Of Entries
Data type UNSIGNED8
Access read only
PDO mapping no
Allowed values

Subindex 01<sub>h</sub>

Name Communication Error

02<sub>h</sub>

Data type UNSIGNED8
Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value

Preset value 00<sub>h</sub>

Subindex 02<sub>h</sub>

Name Internal Device Error
Data type UNSIGNED8

Data type UNSIGNED8
Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 01<sub>h</sub>

#### **Description**

The subindices have the following function:

- 01<sub>h</sub>: This subindex is used to define how to respond in case of a communication error:
  - □ Value "00"<sub>h</sub>: The controller switches to the *Pre-Operational* state (if previously in the *Operational* state).
  - □ Value "01"<sub>h</sub>: The controller does not change state.
  - □ Value "02"<sub>h</sub>: The controller switches to the *Stopped* state.
- 02h: This subindex is used to define how to respond to the remaining errors (except for communication errors):
  - □ Value "00"<sub>h</sub>: The controller switches to the *Pre-Operational* state (if previously in the *Operational* state).
  - □ Value "01"<sub>h</sub>: The controller does not change state.
  - □ Value "02"<sub>h</sub>: The controller switches to the *Stopped* state.

#### 1400h Receive PDO 1 Communication Parameter

### **Function**

Contains the communication parameters for the receiving-side mapping (RX-PDO) in object 1600<sub>h</sub>. See chapter <u>Process Data Object (PDO)</u>.

#### **Object description**

Index	1400 <sub>b</sub>
maex	1400h
	II .



Object name Receive PDO 1 Communication Parameter

Object Code RECORD

Data type PDO\_COMMUNICATION\_PARAMETER

Savable yes, category: communication

Firmware version FIR-v1426

Change history

## Value description

Subindex	00 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Number Of Entries
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	02 <sub>h</sub>

Subindex	01 <sub>h</sub>
Name	COB-ID
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>

Subindex	$02_{h}$
Name	Transmission Type
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	FF <sub>h</sub>

### **Description**

Subindex 01<sub>h</sub> (COB-ID): The COB-ID is stored here.

Subindex 02<sub>h</sub> (transmission type): A number is stored in this subindex that defines the time at which the received data become valid.

For details see chapter on configuring the RX-PDO mapping.

### 1401h Receive PDO 2 Communication Parameter

#### **Function**

Contains the communication parameters for the receiving-side mapping (RX-PDO) in object 1601<sub>h</sub>. See chapter <u>Process Data Object (PDO)</u>.



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# **Object description**

Index	1401 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Receive PDO 2 Communication Parameter
Object Code	RECORD
Data type	PDO_COMMUNICATION_PARAMETER
Savable	yes, category: communication
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

# Value description

00 <sub>h</sub>
Number Of Entries
UNSIGNED8
read only
no
02 <sub>h</sub>
01 <sub>h</sub>
COB-ID
UNSIGNED32
read / write
no
00000000 <sub>h</sub>
02 <sub>h</sub>
Transmission Type
UNSIGNED8
read / write
no
FF <sub>h</sub>

## **Description**

Subindex 01<sub>h</sub> (COB-ID): The COB-ID is stored here.

Subindex  $02_h$  (transmission type): A number is stored in this subindex that defines the time at which the received data become valid.

For details see chapter on configuring the RX-PDO mapping.



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### 1402h Receive PDO 3 Communication Parameter

### **Function**

Contains the communication parameters for the receiving-side mapping (RX-PDO) in object  $1602_h$ . See chapter <u>Process Data Object (PDO)</u>.

## **Object description**

Index	1402 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Receive PDO 3 Communication Parameter
Object Code	RECORD
Data type	PDO_COMMUNICATION_PARAMETER
Savable	yes, category: communication
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

## Value description

00 <sub>h</sub>
Number Of Entries
UNSIGNED8
read only
no
02 <sub>h</sub>
01 <sub>h</sub>
COB-ID
UNSIGNED32
read / write
no
00000000 <sub>h</sub>
02 <sub>h</sub>
Transmission Type
UNSIGNED8
read / write
no
FFh

# **Description**

Subindex  $01_h$  (COB-ID): The COB-ID is stored here.



Subindex  $02_h$  (transmission type): A number is stored in this subindex that defines the time at which the received data become valid.

For details see chapter on configuring the RX-PDO mapping.

### 1403h Receive PDO 4 Communication Parameter

### **Function**

Contains the communication parameters for the receiving-side mapping (RX-PDO) in object  $1603_h$ . See chapter <u>Process Data Object (PDO)</u>.

## **Object description**

Index	1403 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Receive PDO 4 Communication Parameter
Object Code	RECORD
Data type	PDO_COMMUNICATION_PARAMETER
Savable	yes, category: communication
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

# Value description

Subindex	00 <sub>h</sub>						
Name	Number Of Entries						
Data type	UNSIGNED8						
Access	read only						
PDO mapping	no						
Allowed values							
Preset value	02 <sub>h</sub>						
Subindex	01 <sub>h</sub>						
Name	COB-ID						
Data type	UNSIGNED32						
Access	read / write						
PDO mapping	no						
Allowed values							
Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>						
Subindex	02 <sub>h</sub>						
Name	Transmission Type						
Data type	UNSIGNED8						
Access	read / write						
PDO mapping	no						
Allowed values							
Preset value	FF <sub>h</sub>						



## **Description**

Subindex 01<sub>h</sub> (COB-ID): The COB-ID is stored here.

Subindex  $02_h$  (transmission type): A number is stored in this subindex that defines the time at which the received data become valid.

For details see chapter on configuring the RX-PDO mapping.

### 1404h Receive PDO 5 Communication Parameter

#### **Function**

Contains the communication parameters for the receiving-side mapping (RX-PDO) in object  $1604_h$ . See chapter <u>Process Data Object (PDO)</u>.

### **Object description**

Index	1404 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Receive PDO 5 Communication Parameter
Object Code	RECORD
Data type	PDO_COMMUNICATION_PARAMETER
Savable	yes, category: communication
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	
Firmware version	FIR-v1614
Change history	

### Value description

Subindex	$00_{h}$					
Name	Number Of Entries					
Data type	UNSIGNED8					
Access	read only					
PDO mapping	no					
Allowed values						
Preset value	02 <sub>h</sub>					
Subindex	01 <sub>h</sub>					
Name	COB-ID					
Data type	UNSIGNED32					
Access	read / write					
PDO mapping	no					
Allowed values						
Preset value	80000000 <sub>h</sub>					
Subindex	02 <sub>h</sub>					
	11					



Name Transmission Type

Data type UNSIGNED8
Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value FF<sub>h</sub>

## **Description**

Subindex 01<sub>h</sub> (COB-ID): The COB-ID is stored here.

Subindex 02<sub>h</sub> (transmission type): A number is stored in this subindex that defines the time at which the received data become valid.

For details see chapter on configuring the RX-PDO mapping.

### 1405h Receive PDO 6 Communication Parameter

### **Function**

Contains the communication parameters for the receiving-side mapping (RX-PDO) in object  $1605_h$ . See chapter <u>Process Data Object (PDO)</u>.

## **Object description**

Index	1405 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Receive PDO 6 Communication Parameter
Object Code	RECORD
Data type	PDO_COMMUNICATION_PARAMETER
Savable	yes, category: communication
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	
Firmware version	FIR-v1614
Change history	

## Value description

Subindex	00 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Number Of Entries
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	02 <sub>h</sub>

Subindex	01 <sub>h</sub>
Name	COB-ID



Data type **UNSIGNED32** read / write Access

PDO mapping

Allowed values Preset value

80000000<sub>h</sub>

no

Subindex 02<sub>h</sub>

Name Transmission Type **UNSIGNED8** Data type read / write Access no

PDO mapping

Allowed values

Preset value  $FF_h$ 

## **Description**

Subindex 01<sub>h</sub> (COB-ID): The COB-ID is stored here.

Subindex 02<sub>h</sub> (transmission type): A number is stored in this subindex that defines the time at which the received data become valid.

For details see chapter on configuring the RX-PDO mapping.

### 1406h Receive PDO 7 Communication Parameter

#### **Function**

Contains the communication parameters for the receiving-side mapping (RX-PDO) in object 1606<sub>h</sub>. See chapter Process Data Object (PDO).

## Object description

Index 1406<sub>h</sub>

Object name Receive PDO 7 Communication Parameter

**RECORD Object Code** 

PDO\_COMMUNICATION\_PARAMETER Data type

Savable yes, category: communication

Access read only

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value

Firmware version FIR-v1614

Change history

### Value description

Subindex  $00_h$ 

Number Of Entries Name Data type **UNSIGNED8** 



Access read only

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 02<sub>h</sub>

Subindex 01<sub>h</sub>

Name COB-ID

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 80000000<sub>h</sub>

Subindex 02<sub>h</sub>

Name Transmission Type
Data type UNSIGNED8
Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value FF<sub>h</sub>

## **Description**

Subindex 01<sub>h</sub> (COB-ID): The COB-ID is stored here.

Subindex 02<sub>h</sub> (transmission type): A number is stored in this subindex that defines the time at which the received data become valid.

For details see chapter on configuring the RX-PDO mapping.

#### 1407h Receive PDO 8 Communication Parameter

#### **Function**

Contains the communication parameters for the receiving-side mapping (RX-PDO) in object 1607<sub>h</sub>. See chapter <u>Process Data Object (PDO)</u>.

### Object description

Index 1407<sub>h</sub>

Object name Receive PDO 8 Communication Parameter

Object Code RECORD

Data type PDO\_COMMUNICATION\_PARAMETER

Savable yes, category: communication

Access read only

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value

Firmware version FIR-v1614



#### Change history

## Value description

Subindex	00 <sub>h</sub>					
Name	Number Of Entries					
Data type	UNSIGNED8					
Access	read only					
PDO mapping	no					
Allowed values						
Preset value	02 <sub>h</sub>					
Subindex	01 <sub>h</sub>					
Name	COB-ID					
Data type	UNSIGNED32					
Access	read / write					
PDO mapping	no					
Allowed values						
Preset value	80000000 <sub>h</sub>					
Subindex	02 <sub>h</sub>					
Name	Transmission Type					
Data type	UNSIGNED8					
Access	read / write					
PDO mapping	no					
Allowed values						
Preset value	FF <sub>h</sub>					

### **Description**

Subindex 01<sub>h</sub> (COB-ID): The COB-ID is stored here.

Subindex 02<sub>h</sub> (transmission type): A number is stored in this subindex that defines the time at which the received data become valid.

For details see chapter on configuring the RX-PDO mapping.

# 1600h Receive PDO 1 Mapping Parameter

### **Function**

This object contains the mapping parameters for PDOs that the controller can receive (RX-PDO 1). The PDO was previously configured via 1400h Receive PDO 1 Communication Parameter. See chapter Process Data Object (PDO).

## **Object description**

Index	1600 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Receive PDO 1 Mapping Parameter



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Object Code RECORD

Data type PDO\_MAPPING

Savable yes, category: communication

Firmware version FIR-v1426

Change history Firmware version FIR-v1426: "Heading" entry changed from "1600h

Drive Control" to "1600h Receive PDO 1 Mapping Parameter".

Firmware version FIR-v1426: "Object Name" entry changed from "Drive

Control" to "Receive PDO 1 Mapping Parameter".

### Value description

Subindex 00<sub>h</sub>

Name Number Of Entries

Data type UNSIGNED8

Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 02<sub>h</sub>

Subindex 01<sub>h</sub>

Name 1st Object To Be Mapped

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 60400010<sub>h</sub>

Subindex 02<sub>h</sub>

Name 2nd Object To Be Mapped

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 60600008<sub>h</sub>

Subindex 03<sub>h</sub>

Name 3rd Object To Be Mapped

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000<sub>h</sub>



Subindex	04 <sub>h</sub>					
Name	4th Object To Be Mapped					
Data type	UNSIGNED32					
Access	read / write					
PDO mapping	no					
Allowed values						
Preset value	00000000 <sub>h</sub>					
Subindex	05 <sub>h</sub>					
Name	5th Object To Be Mapped					
Data type	UNSIGNED32					
Access	read / write					
PDO mapping	no					
Allowed values						
Preset value	00000000 <sub>h</sub>					
Subindex	06 <sub>h</sub>					
Name	6th Object To Be Mapped					
Data type	UNSIGNED32					
Access	read / write					
PDO mapping	no					
Allowed values						
Preset value	00000000 <sub>h</sub>					
Subindex	07 <sub>h</sub>					
Name	7th Object To Be Mapped					
Data type	UNSIGNED32					
Access	read / write					
PDO mapping	no					
Allowed values						
Preset value	00000000 <sub>h</sub>					
Subindex	08 <sub>h</sub>					
Name	8th Object To Be Mapped					
Data type	UNSIGNED32					
Access	read / write					
PDO mapping	no					
Allowed values						
Preset value	00000000 <sub>h</sub>					

# **Description**

Each subindex (1–8) describes a different mapped object.

A mapping entry consists of four bytes, which are structured according to the following graphic.



31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
							Inde	x [16]							
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
	SubIndex [8]								Leng	th [8]					

#### Index [16]

This contains the index of the object to be mapped.

### Subindex [8]

This contains the subindex of the object to be mapped.

### Length [8]

This contains the length of the object to be mapped in units of bits.

## 1601h Receive PDO 2 Mapping Parameter

### **Function**

This object contains the mapping parameters for PDOs that the controller can receive (RX-PDO 2). The PDO was previously configured via 1401h Receive PDO 2 Communication Parameter. See chapter Process Data Object (PDO).

### **Object description**

Index	1601 <sub>h</sub>				
Object name	Receive PDO 2 Mapping Parameter				
Object Code	RECORD				
Data type	PDO_MAPPING				
Savable	yes, category: communication				
Firmware version Change history	FIR-v1426				
	Firmware version FIR-v1426: "Heading" entry changed from "1601h Positioning Control" to "1601h Receive PDO 2 Mapping Parameter".				
	Firmware version FIR-v1426: "Object Name" entry changed from "Positioning Control" to "Receive PDO 2 Mapping Parameter".				

### Value description

Subindex	00 <sub>h</sub>	
Name	Number Of Entries	
Data type	UNSIGNED8	
Access	read / write	
PDO mapping	no	
Allowed values		
Preset value	02 <sub>h</sub>	

Subindex 01<sub>h</sub>

Name 1st Object To Be Mapped

Data type UNSIGNED32



Access read / write

PDO mapping

Allowed values

Preset value 607A0020<sub>h</sub>

Subindex 02<sub>h</sub>

Name 2nd Object To Be Mapped

no

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 60810020<sub>h</sub>

Subindex 03<sub>h</sub>

Name 3rd Object To Be Mapped

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write
PDO mapping no

PDO mapping
Allowed values

Preset value 00000000<sub>h</sub>

Subindex 04<sub>h</sub>

Name 4th Object To Be Mapped

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write
PDO mapping no

PDO mapping
Allowed values

Preset value 00000000<sub>h</sub>

Subindex 05<sub>h</sub>

Name 5th Object To Be Mapped

Data type UNSIGNED32 Access read / write

PDO mapping

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000<sub>h</sub>

Subindex 06<sub>h</sub>

Name 6th Object To Be Mapped

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values



Preset value	00000000 <sub>h</sub>				
Subindex	07 <sub>h</sub>				
Name	7th Object To Be Mapped				
Data type	UNSIGNED32				
Access	read / write				
PDO mapping	no				
Allowed values					
Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>				
Subindex	08 <sub>h</sub>				
Name	8th Object To Be Mapped				
Data type	UNSIGNED32				
Access	read / write				
PDO mapping	no				
Allowed values					
Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>				

### **Description**

Each subindex (1–8) describes a different mapped object.

A mapping entry consists of four bytes, which are structured according to the following graphic.

31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
							Inde	x [16]							
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
			Sublno	dex [8]							Leng	th [8]			

#### Index [16]

This contains the index of the object to be mapped.

### Subindex [8]

This contains the subindex of the object to be mapped.

### Length [8]

This contains the length of the object to be mapped in units of bits.

## 1602h Receive PDO 3 Mapping Parameter

### **Function**

This object contains the mapping parameters for PDOs that the controller can receive (RX-PDO 3). The PDO was previously configured via 1402h Receive PDO 3 Communication Parameter. See chapter Process Data Object (PDO).

## **Object description**

Index	1602 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Receive PDO 3 Mapping Parameter



Object Code RECORD

Data type PDO\_MAPPING

Savable yes, category: communication

Firmware version FIR-v1426

Change history Firmware version FIR-v1426: "Heading" entry changed from "1602h

Velocity Control" to "1602h Receive PDO 3 Mapping Parameter".

Firmware version FIR-v1426: "Object Name" entry changed from

"Velocity Control" to "Receive PDO 3 Mapping Parameter".

### Value description

Subindex 00<sub>h</sub>

Name Number Of Entries

Data type UNSIGNED8

Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 01<sub>h</sub>

Subindex 01<sub>h</sub>

Name 1st Object To Be Mapped

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 60420010<sub>h</sub>

Subindex 02<sub>h</sub>

Name 2nd Object To Be Mapped

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000<sub>h</sub>

Subindex 03<sub>h</sub>

Name 3rd Object To Be Mapped

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000<sub>h</sub>



Subindex	04 <sub>h</sub>
Name	4th Object To Be Mapped
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000000 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	05 <sub>h</sub>
Name	5th Object To Be Mapped
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000000 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	06 <sub>h</sub>
Name	6th Object To Be Mapped
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000000 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	07 <sub>h</sub>
Name	7th Object To Be Mapped
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000000 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	08 <sub>h</sub>
Name	8th Object To Be Mapped
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000000 <sub>h</sub>



# 1603h Receive PDO 4 Mapping Parameter

### **Function**

This object contains the mapping parameters for PDOs that the controller can receive (RX-PDO 4). The PDO was previously configured via <u>1403h Receive PDO 4 Communication Parameter</u>. See chapter <u>Process Data Object (PDO)</u>.

## **Object description**

Index	1603 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Receive PDO 4 Mapping Parameter
Object Code	RECORD
Data type	PDO_MAPPING
Savable	yes, category: communication
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1426: "Heading" entry changed from "1603h Output Control" to "1603h Receive PDO 4 Mapping Parameter".
	Firmware version FIR-v1426: "Object Name" entry changed from "Output Control" to "Receive PDO 4 Mapping Parameter".

# Value description

Subindex	00 <sub>h</sub>				
Name	Number Of Entries				
Data type	UNSIGNED8				
Access	read / write				
PDO mapping	no				
Allowed values					
Preset value	01 <sub>h</sub>				
Subindex	01 <sub>h</sub>				
Name	1st Object To Be Mapped				
Data type	UNSIGNED32				
Access	read / write				
PDO mapping	no				
Allowed values					
Preset value	60FE0120 <sub>h</sub>				
Subindex	02 <sub>h</sub>				
Name	2nd Object To Be Mapped				
Data type	UNSIGNED32				
Access	read / write				
PDO mapping	no				
Allowed values					
Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>				



Subindex	03 <sub>h</sub>
Name	3rd Object To Be Mapped
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000000 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	04 <sub>h</sub>
Name	4th Object To Be Mapped
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000000 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	05 <sub>h</sub>
Name	5th Object To Be Mapped
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000000 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	06 <sub>h</sub>
Name	6th Object To Be Mapped
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000000 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	07 <sub>h</sub>
Name	7th Object To Be Mapped
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000000 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	08 <sub>h</sub>
Name	8th Object To Be Mapped
Data type	UNSIGNED32



Access read / write

PDO mapping

no

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000<sub>h</sub>

## 1604h Receive PDO 5 Mapping Parameter

### **Function**

This object contains the mapping parameters for PDOs that the controller can receive (RX-PDO 5). The PDO was previously configured via 1404h Receive PDO 5 Communication Parameter. See chapter Process Data Object (PDO).

### **Object description**

Index 1604<sub>h</sub>

Object name Receive PDO 5 Mapping Parameter

Object Code RECORD

Data type PDO\_MAPPING

Savable yes, category: communication

Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value

Firmware version FIR-v1614

Change history

## Value description

Subindex 00<sub>h</sub>

Name Number Of Entries
Data type UNSIGNED8
Access read / write

PDO mapping

Allowed values

Preset value 00<sub>h</sub>

Subindex 01<sub>h</sub>

Name 1st Object To Be Mapped

no

no

Data type UNSIGNED32 Access read / write

PDO mapping

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000<sub>h</sub>

Subindex 02<sub>h</sub>



Name 2nd Object To Be Mapped

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000<sub>h</sub>

Subindex 03<sub>h</sub>

Name 3rd Object To Be Mapped

Data type UNSIGNED32 Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000<sub>h</sub>

Subindex 04<sub>h</sub>

Name 4th Object To Be Mapped

Data type UNSIGNED32 Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000<sub>h</sub>

Subindex 05<sub>h</sub>

Name 5th Object To Be Mapped

Data type UNSIGNED32 Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000<sub>h</sub>

Subindex 06<sub>h</sub>

Name 6th Object To Be Mapped

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000<sub>h</sub>

Subindex 07<sub>h</sub>

Name 7th Object To Be Mapped

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write



PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000<sub>h</sub>

Subindex 08<sub>h</sub>

Name 8th Object To Be Mapped

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000<sub>h</sub>

## 1605h Receive PDO 6 Mapping Parameter

#### **Function**

This object contains the mapping parameters for PDOs that the controller can receive (RX-PDO 6). The PDO was previously configured via 1405h Receive PDO 6 Communication Parameter. See chapter Process Data Object (PDO).

### Object description

Index 1605<sub>h</sub>

Object name Receive PDO 6 Mapping Parameter

Object Code RECORD

Data type PDO\_MAPPING

Savable yes, category: communication

Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value

Firmware version FIR-v1614

Change history

# Value description

Subindex 00<sub>h</sub>

Name Number Of Entries

Data type UNSIGNED8

Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 00<sub>h</sub>

Subindex 01<sub>h</sub>

Name 1st Object To Be Mapped



Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write

PDO mapping

Allowed values
Preset value

00000000<sub>h</sub>

no

Subindex 02<sub>h</sub>

Name 2nd Object To Be Mapped

no

Data type UNSIGNED32 Access read / write

PDO mapping

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000<sub>h</sub>

Subindex 03<sub>h</sub>

Name 3rd Object To Be Mapped

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write

PDO mapping

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000<sub>h</sub>

Subindex 04<sub>h</sub>

Name 4th Object To Be Mapped

Data type UNSIGNED32 Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000<sub>h</sub>

Subindex 05<sub>h</sub>

Name 5th Object To Be Mapped

Data type UNSIGNED32 Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000<sub>h</sub>

Subindex 06<sub>h</sub>

Name 6th Object To Be Mapped

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write

PDO mapping no



ΔΙ	lowed	Va	عمررا
AI	icivveci	Va	เนยร

Preset value 00000000<sub>h</sub>

Subindex 07<sub>h</sub>

Name 7th Object To Be Mapped

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000<sub>h</sub>

Subindex 08<sub>h</sub>

Name 8th Object To Be Mapped

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write
PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000<sub>h</sub>

## 1606h Receive PDO 7 Mapping Parameter

### **Function**

This object contains the mapping parameters for PDOs that the controller can receive (RX-PDO 7). The PDO was previously configured via 1406h Receive PDO 7 Communication Parameter. See chapter Process Data Object (PDO).

### **Object description**

Index 1606<sub>h</sub>

Object name Receive PDO 7 Mapping Parameter

Object Code RECORD

Data type PDO MAPPING

Savable yes, category: communication

Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values
Preset value

Firmware version FIR-v1614

Change history

### Value description

Subindex 00<sub>h</sub>

Name Number Of Entries
Data type UNSIGNED8



Access read / write PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 00<sub>h</sub>

Subindex 01<sub>h</sub>

Name 1st Object To Be Mapped

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000<sub>h</sub>

Subindex 02<sub>h</sub>

Name 2nd Object To Be Mapped

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write
PDO mapping no

PDO mapping
Allowed values

Preset value 00000000<sub>h</sub>

Subindex 03<sub>h</sub>

Name 3rd Object To Be Mapped

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write
PDO mapping no

PDO mapping
Allowed values

D . . .

Preset value 00000000<sub>h</sub>

Subindex 04<sub>h</sub>

Name 4th Object To Be Mapped

Data type UNSIGNED32 Access read / write

PDO mapping
Allowed values

Preset value 00000000<sub>h</sub>

Subindex 05<sub>h</sub>

Name 5th Object To Be Mapped

Data type UNSIGNED32 Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values



Preset value	00000000 <sub>h</sub>	
Subindex	06 <sub>h</sub>	
Name	6th Object To Be Mapped	
Data type	UNSIGNED32	
Access	read / write	
PDO mapping	no	
Allowed values		
Preset value	00000000 <sub>h</sub>	
Subindex	07 <sub>h</sub>	
Name	7th Object To Be Mapped	
Data type	UNSIGNED32	
Access	read / write	
PDO mapping	no	
Allowed values		
Preset value	00000000 <sub>h</sub>	
Subindex	08 <sub>h</sub>	
Name	8th Object To Be Mapped	
Data type	UNSIGNED32	
Access	read / write	
PDO mapping	no	
Allowed values		
Preset value	00000000 <sub>h</sub>	

# 1607h Receive PDO 8 Mapping Parameter

### **Function**

This object contains the mapping parameters for PDOs that the controller can receive (RX-PDO 8). The PDO was previously configured via 1407h Receive PDO 8 Communication Parameter. See chapter Process Data Object (PDO).

## **Object description**

Index	1607 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Receive PDO 8 Mapping Parameter
Object Code	RECORD
Data type	PDO_MAPPING
Savable	yes, category: communication
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	
Firmware version	FIR-v1614



# Change history

# Value description

Subindex	00 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Number Of Entries
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	00 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	01 <sub>h</sub>
Name	1st Object To Be Mapped
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000000 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	02 <sub>h</sub>
Name	2nd Object To Be Mapped
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000000 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	03 <sub>h</sub>
Name	3rd Object To Be Mapped
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000000 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	04 <sub>h</sub>
Name	4th Object To Be Mapped
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000000 <sub>h</sub>



Subindex	05 <sub>h</sub>
Subiliuex	UJh

Name 5th Object To Be Mapped

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000<sub>h</sub>

Subindex 06<sub>h</sub>

Name 6th Object To Be Mapped

Data type UNSIGNED32 Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000<sub>h</sub>

Subindex 07<sub>h</sub>

Name 7th Object To Be Mapped

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000<sub>h</sub>

Subindex 08<sub>h</sub>

Name 8th Object To Be Mapped

Data type UNSIGNED32 Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000<sub>h</sub>

### **1800h Transmit PDO 1 Communication Parameter**

#### **Function**

Contains the communication parameters for the sending-side mapping (TX-PDO) 1. See chapter <u>Process</u> <u>Data Object (PDO)</u>.

### **Object description**

Index 1800<sub>h</sub>

Object name Transmit PDO 1 Communication Parameter

Object Code RECORD

Data type PDO\_COMMUNICATION\_PARAMETER

Savable yes, category: communication



213

Access read only

PDO mapping no

Allowed values
Preset value

Firmware version FIR-v1426

Change history Firmware version FIR-v1738-B501312: The number of entries was

changed from 6 to 7.

### Value description

Subindex 00<sub>h</sub> Name Numbe

Name Number Of Entries
Data type UNSIGNED8
Access read only

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 06<sub>h</sub>

Subindex 01<sub>h</sub>
Name COB-ID

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write
PDO mapping no

Allowed volume

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000<sub>h</sub>

Subindex 02<sub>h</sub>

Name Transmission Type
Data type UNSIGNED8
Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value FF<sub>h</sub>

Subindex 03<sub>h</sub>

Name Inhibit Time
Data type UNSIGNED16
Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 0064<sub>h</sub>

Subindex 04<sub>h</sub>



Name Compatibility Entry
Data type UNSIGNED8
Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 00<sub>h</sub>

Subindex 05<sub>h</sub>
Name Event Timer
Data type UNSIGNED16
Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 0000<sub>h</sub>

Subindex 06<sub>h</sub>

Name SYNC Start Value
Data type UNSIGNED8
Access read / write
PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 00<sub>h</sub>

#### **Description**

Subindex 01<sub>h</sub> (COB-ID): The COB-ID is stored here.

Subindex 02<sub>h</sub> (transmission type): A number is stored in this subindex that defines the time at which the received data become valid.

Subindex 3 (inhibit time): This can be used to set a time in  $100 \mu s$  steps that must elapse after the sending of a PDO before the PDO is sent another time. This time only applies for asynchronous PDOs.

Subindex 4 (compatibility entry): This subindex has no function and exists only for compatibility reasons.

Subindex 5 (event timer): This time (in ms) can be used to trigger an *Event* which handles the copying of the data and the sending of the PDO.

Subindex 6 (sync start value): Here, the start value of the *Sync Counter* is entered beginning with which the *slave* is to initially respond to the sync and send the PDO. Thereafter, sending of the PDO is only dependent on *Transmission Type* (subindex 02<sub>h</sub>). Not globally activated until a value greater than 1 is set in 1019h Synchronous Counter Overflow Value.

For details, see chapter on configuring the Tx-PDO mapping.

## **1801h Transmit PDO 2 Communication Parameter**

#### **Function**

Contains the communication parameters for the sending-side mapping (TX-PDO) 2. See chapter <u>Process</u> <u>Data Object (PDO)</u>.



## **Object description**

Index 1801<sub>h</sub>

Object name Transmit PDO 2 Communication Parameter

Object Code RECORD

Data type PDO\_COMMUNICATION\_PARAMETER

Savable yes, category: communication

Access read only

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value

Firmware version FIR-v1426

Change history Firmware version FIR-v1738-B501312: The number of entries was

changed from 6 to 7.

## Value description

Subindex 00<sub>h</sub>

Name Number Of Entries

Data type UNSIGNED8

Access read only

no

no

PDO mapping

Allowed values

Preset value 06<sub>h</sub>

 $\begin{array}{cc} \text{Subindex} & & \text{01}_{\text{h}} \\ \text{Name} & & \text{COB-ID} \end{array}$ 

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write

PDO mapping

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000<sub>h</sub>

Subindex 02<sub>h</sub>

Name Transmission Type
Data type UNSIGNED8
Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value FF<sub>h</sub>

Subindex 03<sub>h</sub>

Name Inhibit Time
Data type UNSIGNED16



Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0064 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	04 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Compatibility Entry
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	00 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	05 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Event Timer
Data type	UNSIGNED16
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	06 <sub>h</sub>
Name	SYNC Start Value
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	00 <sub>h</sub>

### **Description**

Subindex 01<sub>h</sub> (COB-ID): The COB-ID is stored here.

Subindex 02<sub>h</sub> (transmission type): A number is stored in this subindex that defines the time at which the received data become valid.

Subindex 3 (inhibit time): This can be used to set a time in 100  $\mu$ s steps that must elapse after the sending of a PDO before the PDO is sent another time. This time only applies for asynchronous PDOs.

Subindex 4 (compatibility entry): This subindex has no function and exists only for compatibility reasons.

Subindex 5 (event timer): This time (in ms) can be used to trigger an *Event* which handles the copying of the data and the sending of the PDO.

Subindex 6 (sync start value): Here, the start value of the *Sync Counter* is entered beginning with which the *slave* is to initially respond to the sync and send the PDO. Thereafter, sending of the PDO is only dependent on *Transmission Type* (subindex 02<sub>h</sub>). Not globally activated until a value greater than 1 is set in 1019h Synchronous Counter Overflow Value.

For details, see chapter on configuring the Tx-PDO mapping.



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## 1802h Transmit PDO 3 Communication Parameter

#### **Function**

Contains the communication parameters for the sending-side mapping (TX-PDO) 3. See chapter Process Data Object (PDO).

# **Object description**

Index 1802<sub>h</sub>

Transmit PDO 3 Communication Parameter Object name

Object Code **RECORD** 

Data type PDO\_COMMUNICATION\_PARAMETER

Savable yes, category: communication

Access read only

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value

Firmware version FIR-v1426

Change history Firmware version FIR-v1738-B501312: The number of entries was

changed from 6 to 7.

# Value description

Subindex  $00_h$ 

Number Of Entries Name Data type **UNSIGNED8** read only Access

no

PDO mapping

Allowed values

Preset value 06<sub>h</sub>

Subindex  $01_h$ Name COB-ID

**UNSIGNED32** Data type read / write Access

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 0000000<sub>h</sub>

Subindex 02<sub>h</sub>

Name Transmission Type **UNSIGNED8** Data type read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Access



Preset value	FF <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	03 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Inhibit Time
Data type	UNSIGNED16
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0064 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	04 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Compatibility Entry
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	00 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	05 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Event Timer
Data type	UNSIGNED16
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	06 <sub>h</sub>
Name	SYNC Start Value
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	00 <sub>h</sub>

Subindex 01<sub>h</sub> (COB-ID): The COB-ID is stored here.

Subindex 02<sub>h</sub> (transmission type): A number is stored in this subindex that defines the time at which the received data become valid.

Subindex 3 (inhibit time): This can be used to set a time in  $100 \mu s$  steps that must elapse after the sending of a PDO before the PDO is sent another time. This time only applies for asynchronous PDOs.

Subindex 4 (compatibility entry): This subindex has no function and exists only for compatibility reasons.

Subindex 5 (event timer): This time (in ms) can be used to trigger an *Event* which handles the copying of the data and the sending of the PDO.



Subindex 6 (sync start value): Here, the start value of the *Sync Counter* is entered beginning with which the *slave* is to initially respond to the sync and send the PDO. Thereafter, sending of the PDO is only dependent on *Transmission Type* (subindex  $02_h$ ). Not globally activated until a value greater than 1 is set in 1019h Synchronous Counter Overflow Value.

For details, see chapter on configuring the Tx-PDO mapping.

### **1803h Transmit PDO 4 Communication Parameter**

#### **Function**

Contains the communication parameters for the sending-side mapping (TX-PDO) 4. See chapter <u>Process</u> <u>Data Object (PDO)</u>.

# **Object description**

Index	1803 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Transmit PDO 4 Communication Parameter
Object Code	RECORD
Data type	PDO_COMMUNICATION_PARAMETER
Savable	yes, category: communication
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1738-B501312: The number of entries was changed from 6 to 7.

# Value description

Subindex	00 <sub>h</sub>	
Name	Number Of Entries	
Data type	UNSIGNED8	
Access	read only	
PDO mapping	no	
Allowed values		
Preset value	06 <sub>h</sub>	
Subindex	01 <sub>h</sub>	
Name	COB-ID	
Data type	UNSIGNED32	
Access	read / write	
PDO mapping	no	
Allowed values		
Preset value	00000000 <sub>h</sub>	
Subindex	02	
Subilidex	02 <sub>h</sub>	



Name	Transmission Type	
Data type	UNSIGNED8	
Access	read / write	
PDO mapping	no	
Allowed values		
Preset value	FF <sub>h</sub>	
-		
Cubinday		
Subindex	03 <sub>h</sub>	
Name	Inhibit Time	
Data type	UNSIGNED16	
Access	read / write	
PDO mapping	no	
Allowed values	0004	
Preset value	0064 <sub>h</sub>	
Subindex	04 <sub>h</sub>	
Name	Compatibility Entry	
Data type	UNSIGNED8	
Access	read / write	
PDO mapping	no	
Allowed values		
Preset value	00 <sub>h</sub>	
Subindex	05 <sub>h</sub>	
Name	Event Timer	
Data type	UNSIGNED16	
Access	read / write	
PDO mapping	no	
Allowed values		
Preset value	0000 <sub>h</sub>	
Subindex	06 <sub>h</sub>	
Name	SYNC Start Value	
Data type	UNSIGNED8	
Access	read / write	
PDO mapping	no	
Allowed values		
Preset value	00 <sub>h</sub>	

# **Description**

Subindex  $01_h$  (COB-ID): The COB-ID is stored here.

Subindex  $02_h$  (transmission type): A number is stored in this subindex that defines the time at which the received data become valid.



Subindex 3 (inhibit time): This can be used to set a time in  $100 \mu s$  steps that must elapse after the sending of a PDO before the PDO is sent another time. This time only applies for asynchronous PDOs.

Subindex 4 (compatibility entry): This subindex has no function and exists only for compatibility reasons.

Subindex 5 (event timer): This time (in ms) can be used to trigger an *Event* which handles the copying of the data and the sending of the PDO.

Subindex 6 (sync start value): Here, the start value of the *Sync Counter* is entered beginning with which the *slave* is to initially respond to the sync and send the PDO. Thereafter, sending of the PDO is only dependent on *Transmission Type* (subindex 02<sub>h</sub>). Not globally activated until a value greater than 1 is set in 1019h Synchronous Counter Overflow Value.

For details, see chapter on configuring the Tx-PDO mapping.

#### **1804h Transmit PDO 5 Communication Parameter**

#### **Function**

Contains the communication parameters for the sending-side mapping (TX-PDO) 5. See chapter <u>Process</u> <u>Data Object (PDO)</u>.

## **Object description**

Index	1804 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Transmit PDO 5 Communication Parameter
Object Code	RECORD
Data type	PDO_COMMUNICATION_PARAMETER
Savable	yes, category: communication
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	
Firmware version	FIR-v1614
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1738-B501312: The number of entries was changed from 6 to 7.

### Value description

Subindex	00 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Number Of Entries
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	06 <sub>h</sub>

Subindex 01<sub>h</sub>
Name COB-ID
Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write



222

PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	C0000000 <sub>h</sub>

Subindex	02 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Transmission Type
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read / write

PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	

reset value	F	F	ŀ
10001 10100	•	•	I

Subindex	03 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Inhibit Time
Data type	UNSIGNED16
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no

Allowed values	
Preset value	0064 <sub>h</sub>

Preset value

Subindex	04 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Compatibility Entry
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	00 <sub>h</sub>

Subindex	05 <sub>h</sub>	
Name	Event Timer	
Data type	UNSIGNED16	
Access	read / write	
PDO mapping	no	
Allowed values		

 $0000_{h}$ 

Subindex	06 <sub>h</sub>	
Name	SYNC Start Value	
Data type	UNSIGNED8	
Access	read / write	

Data type	SITSIGNEDS
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	00 <sub>h</sub>



Subindex 01<sub>h</sub> (COB-ID): The COB-ID is stored here.

Subindex 02<sub>h</sub> (transmission type): A number is stored in this subindex that defines the time at which the received data become valid.

Subindex 3 (inhibit time): This can be used to set a time in  $100 \mu s$  steps that must elapse after the sending of a PDO before the PDO is sent another time. This time only applies for asynchronous PDOs.

Subindex 4 (compatibility entry): This subindex has no function and exists only for compatibility reasons.

Subindex 5 (event timer): This time (in ms) can be used to trigger an *Event* which handles the copying of the data and the sending of the PDO.

Subindex 6 (sync start value): Here, the start value of the Sync Counter is entered beginning with which the Slave is to initially respond to the sync and send the PDO. Thereafter, sending of the PDO is only dependent on Transmission Type (subindex  $O2_h$ ). Not globally activated until a value greater than 1 is set in 1019h Synchronous Counter Overflow Value.

For details, see chapter on configuring the Tx-PDO mapping.

### 1805h Transmit PDO 6 Communication Parameter

#### **Function**

Contains the communication parameters for the sending-side mapping (TX-PDO) 6. See chapter <u>Process</u> <u>Data Object (PDO)</u>.

### **Object description**

Index	1805 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Transmit PDO 6 Communication Parameter
Object Code	RECORD
Data type	PDO_COMMUNICATION_PARAMETER
Savable	yes, category: communication
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	
Firmware version	FIR-v1614
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1738-B501312: The number of entries was changed from 6 to 7.

# Value description

Subindex	00 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Number Of Entries
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	06 <sub>h</sub>



Subindex	01 <sub>h</sub>
Name	COB-ID
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	C0000000 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	02 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Transmission Type
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	FF <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	03 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Inhibit Time
Data type	UNSIGNED16
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	110
Preset value	0064 <sub>h</sub>
1 Teset value	0004h
Subindex	04 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Compatibility Entry
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	110
Preset value	$00_{ m h}$
1 Teset value	00h
Subindex	05 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Event Timer
Data type	UNSIGNED16
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	110
Preset value	0000 <sub>h</sub>
i ieset value	
Subindex	06 <sub>h</sub>
Name	SYNC Start Value
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Data typo	CHOICHEDO



Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 00<sub>h</sub>

### **Description**

Subindex 01<sub>h</sub> (COB-ID): The COB-ID is stored here.

Subindex 02<sub>h</sub> (transmission type): A number is stored in this subindex that defines the time at which the received data become valid.

Subindex 3 (inhibit time): This can be used to set a time in  $100 \mu s$  steps that must elapse after the sending of a PDO before the PDO is sent another time. This time only applies for asynchronous PDOs.

Subindex 4 (compatibility entry): This subindex has no function and exists only for compatibility reasons.

Subindex 5 (event timer): This time (in ms) can be used to trigger an *Event* which handles the copying of the data and the sending of the PDO.

Subindex 6 (sync start value): Here, the start value of the *Sync Counter* is entered beginning with which the *slave* is to initially respond to the sync and send the PDO. Thereafter, sending of the PDO is only dependent on *Transmission Type* (subindex 02<sub>h</sub>). Not globally activated until a value greater than 1 is set in 1019h Synchronous Counter Overflow Value.

For details, see chapter on configuring the Tx-PDO mapping.

#### 1806h Transmit PDO 7 Communication Parameter

#### **Function**

Contains the communication parameters for the sending-side mapping (TX-PDO) 7. See chapter <u>Process</u> <u>Data Object (PDO)</u>.

#### Object description

Index	1806ե
Index	18006

Object name Transmit PDO 7 Communication Parameter

Object Code RECORD

Data type PDO\_COMMUNICATION\_PARAMETER

Savable yes, category: communication

Access read only

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value

Firmware version FIR-v1614

Change history Firmware version FIR-v1738-B501312: The number of entries was

changed from 6 to 7.

# Value description

Subindex 00<sub>h</sub>

Name Number Of Entries
Data type UNSIGNED8



Access read only PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 06<sub>h</sub>

Subindex 01<sub>h</sub>
Name COB-ID
Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write

PDO mapping

Allowed values

Preset value C0000000<sub>h</sub>

Subindex 02<sub>h</sub>

Name Transmission Type
Data type UNSIGNED8
Access read / write
PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value FF<sub>h</sub>

Subindex 03<sub>h</sub>

Name Inhibit Time
Data type UNSIGNED16
Access read / write

no

no

PDO mapping

Allowed values

Preset value 0064<sub>h</sub>

Subindex 04<sub>h</sub>

Name Compatibility Entry
Data type UNSIGNED8
Access read / write

PDO mapping
Allowed values

Preset value 00<sub>h</sub>

Subindex 05<sub>h</sub>

Name Event Timer
Data type UNSIGNED16
Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values



Preset value	0000 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	06 <sub>h</sub>
Name	SYNC Start Value
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	00 <sub>h</sub>

Subindex 01<sub>h</sub> (COB-ID): The COB-ID is stored here.

Subindex 02<sub>h</sub> (transmission type): A number is stored in this subindex that defines the time at which the received data become valid.

Subindex 3 (inhibit time): This can be used to set a time in 100  $\mu$ s steps that must elapse after the sending of a PDO before the PDO is sent another time. This time only applies for asynchronous PDOs.

Subindex 4 (compatibility entry): This subindex has no function and exists only for compatibility reasons.

Subindex 5 (event timer): This time (in ms) can be used to trigger an *Event* which handles the copying of the data and the sending of the PDO.

Subindex 6 (sync start value): Here, the start value of the *Sync Counter* is entered beginning with which the *slave* is to initially respond to the sync and send the PDO. Thereafter, sending of the PDO is only dependent on *Transmission Type* (subindex 02<sub>h</sub>). Not globally activated until a value greater than 1 is set in 1019h Synchronous Counter Overflow Value.

For details, see chapter on configuring the Tx-PDO mapping.

### **1807h Transmit PDO 8 Communication Parameter**

#### **Function**

Contains the communication parameters for the sending-side mapping (TX-PDO) 8. See chapter <u>Process</u> <u>Data Object (PDO)</u>.

### **Object description**

Index	1807 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Transmit PDO 8 Communication Parameter
Object Code	RECORD
Data type	PDO_COMMUNICATION_PARAMETER
Savable	yes, category: communication
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	
Firmware version	FIR-v1614
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1738-B501312: The number of entries was changed from 6 to 7.



# Value description

Subindex	00 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Number Of Entries
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	06 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	01 <sub>h</sub>
Name	COB-ID
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	C0000000 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	02 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Transmission Type
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	FF <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	03 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Inhibit Time
Data type	UNSIGNED16
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0064 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	04 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Compatibility Entry
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	00 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	05 <sub>h</sub>



Name Event Timer
Data type UNSIGNED16
Access read / write

PDO mapping r

Allowed values

Preset value 0000<sub>h</sub>

Subindex 06<sub>h</sub>

Name SYNC Start Value
Data type UNSIGNED8
Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 00<sub>h</sub>

# **Description**

Subindex 01<sub>h</sub> (COB-ID): The COB-ID is stored here.

Subindex 02<sub>h</sub> (transmission type): A number is stored in this subindex that defines the time at which the received data become valid.

Subindex 3 (inhibit time): This can be used to set a time in  $100 \mu s$  steps that must elapse after the sending of a PDO before the PDO is sent another time. This time only applies for asynchronous PDOs.

Subindex 4 (compatibility entry): This subindex has no function and exists only for compatibility reasons.

Subindex 5 (event timer): This time (in ms) can be used to trigger an *Event* which handles the copying of the data and the sending of the PDO.

Subindex 6 (sync start value): Here, the start value of the *Sync Counter* is entered beginning with which the *slave* is to initially respond to the sync and send the PDO. Thereafter, sending of the PDO is only dependent on *Transmission Type* (subindex 02<sub>h</sub>). Not globally activated until a value greater than 1 is set in 1019h Synchronous Counter Overflow Value.

For details, see chapter on configuring the Tx-PDO mapping.

# 1A00h Transmit PDO 1 Mapping Parameter

#### **Function**

This object contains the mapping parameters for PDOs that the controller can send (TX-PDO 1). The PDO was previously configured via 1800h Transmit PDO 1 Communication Parameter. See chapter Process Data Object (PDO).

## **Object description**

Index 1A00<sub>h</sub>

Object name Transmit PDO 1 Mapping Parameter

Object Code RECORD

Data type PDO\_MAPPING

Savable yes, category: communication

Firmware version FIR-v1426



Change history Firmware version FIR-v1426: "Heading" entry changed from "1A00h

Drive Status" to "1A00h Transmit PDO 1 Mapping Parameter".

Firmware version FIR-v1426: "Object Name" entry changed from "Drive

Status" to "Transmit PDO 1 Mapping Parameter".

# Value description

Subindex	00 <sub>h</sub>	
Name	Number Of Entries	
Data type	UNSIGNED8	
Access	read / write	
PDO mapping	no	
Allowed values		

Preset value 02<sub>h</sub>

Subindex	01 <sub>h</sub>	
----------	-----------------	--

Name 1st Object To Be Mapped

Data type UNSIGNED32 Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 60410010<sub>h</sub>

Subindex	02 <sub>h</sub>

Name 2nd Object To Be Mapped

Data type UNSIGNED32 Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 60610008<sub>h</sub>

Subindex 03<sub>h</sub>

Name 3rd Object To Be Mapped

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write
PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000<sub>h</sub>

Subindex 04<sub>h</sub>

Name 4th Object To Be Mapped

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write



231

PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000000 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	05 <sub>h</sub>
Name	5th Object To Be Mapped
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000000 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	06 <sub>h</sub>
Name	6th Object To Be Mapped
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000000 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	07 <sub>h</sub>
Name	7th Object To Be Mapped
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000000 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	08 <sub>h</sub>
Name	8th Object To Be Mapped
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000000 <sub>h</sub>

# **Description**

Each subindex (1–8) describes a different mapped object.

A mapping entry consists of four bytes, which are structured according to the following graphic.



31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
							Inde	x [16]							
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
	SubIndex [8]										Leng	th [8]			

#### Index [16]

This contains the index of the object to be mapped.

### Subindex [8]

This contains the subindex of the object to be mapped.

#### Length [8]

This contains the length of the object to be mapped in units of bits.

# **1A01h Transmit PDO 2 Mapping Parameter**

### **Function**

This object contains the mapping parameters for PDOs that the controller can send (TX-PDO 2). The PDO was previously configured via 1801h Transmit PDO 2 Communication Parameter. See chapter Process Data Object (PDO).

## **Object description**

Index	1A01 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Transmit PDO 2 Mapping Parameter
Object Code	RECORD
Data type	PDO_MAPPING
Savable	yes, category: communication
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1426: "Heading" entry changed from "1A01h Positioning Status" to "1A01h Transmit PDO 2 Mapping Parameter".
	Firmware version FIR-v1426: "Object Name" entry changed from "Positioning Status" to "Transmit PDO 2 Mapping Parameter".

### Value description

Subindex	00 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Number Of Entries
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	01 <sub>h</sub>

Subindex 01<sub>h</sub>

Name 1st Object To Be Mapped

Data type UNSIGNED32



Access read / write

PDO mapping

Allowed values

Preset value 60640020<sub>h</sub>

Subindex 02<sub>h</sub>

Name 2nd Object To Be Mapped

no

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000<sub>h</sub>

Subindex 03<sub>h</sub>

Name 3rd Object To Be Mapped

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write
PDO mapping no

PDO mapping
Allowed values

Preset value 00000000<sub>h</sub>

Subindex 04<sub>h</sub>

Name 4th Object To Be Mapped

no

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write

PDO mapping
Allowed values

Preset value 00000000<sub>h</sub>

Subindex 05<sub>h</sub>

Name 5th Object To Be Mapped

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write

PDO mapping

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000<sub>h</sub>

Subindex 06<sub>h</sub>

Name 6th Object To Be Mapped

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values



00000000 <sub>h</sub>								
07 <sub>h</sub>								
7th Object To Be Mapped								
UNSIGNED32								
read / write								
no								
00000000 <sub>h</sub>								
08 <sub>h</sub>								
8th Object To Be Mapped								
UNSIGNED32								
read / write								
no								
00000000 <sub>h</sub>								

Each subindex (1–8) describes a different mapped object.

A mapping entry consists of four bytes, which are structured according to the following graphic.

31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
							Inde	x [16]							
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
	SubIndex [8]										Leng	th [8]			

#### Index [16]

This contains the index of the object to be mapped.

### Subindex [8]

This contains the subindex of the object to be mapped.

### Length [8]

This contains the length of the object to be mapped in units of bits.

# **1A02h Transmit PDO 3 Mapping Parameter**

### **Function**

This object contains the mapping parameters for PDOs that the controller can send (TX-PDO 3). The PDO was previously configured via 1802h Transmit PDO 3 Communication Parameter. See chapter Process Data Object (PDO).

# **Object description**

Index	1A02 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Transmit PDO 3 Mapping Parameter



Object Code RECORD

Data type PDO\_MAPPING

Savable yes, category: communication

Firmware version FIR-v1426

Change history Firmware version FIR-v1426: "Heading" entry changed from "1A02h

Velocity Status" to "1A02h Transmit PDO 3 Mapping Parameter".

Firmware version FIR-v1426: "Object Name" entry changed from

"Velocity Status" to "Transmit PDO 3 Mapping Parameter".

## Value description

Subindex 00<sub>h</sub>

Name Number Of Entries

Data type UNSIGNED8

Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 01<sub>h</sub>

Subindex 01<sub>h</sub>

Name 1st Object To Be Mapped

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 60440010<sub>h</sub>

Subindex 02<sub>h</sub>

Name 2nd Object To Be Mapped

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000<sub>h</sub>

Subindex 03<sub>h</sub>

Name 3rd Object To Be Mapped

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000<sub>h</sub>



Subindex	04 <sub>h</sub>
Name	4th Object To Be Mapped
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000000 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	05 <sub>h</sub>
Name	5th Object To Be Mapped
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000000 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	06 <sub>h</sub>
Name	6th Object To Be Mapped
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000000 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	07 <sub>h</sub>
Name	7th Object To Be Mapped
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000000 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	08 <sub>h</sub>
Name	8th Object To Be Mapped
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000000 <sub>h</sub>

Each subindex (1–8) describes a different mapped object.

A mapping entry consists of four bytes, which are structured according to the following graphic.



31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
							Inde	x [16]							
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
	SubIndex [8]										Leng	th [8]			

#### Index [16]

This contains the index of the object to be mapped.

### Subindex [8]

This contains the subindex of the object to be mapped.

#### Length [8]

This contains the length of the object to be mapped in units of bits.

# **1A03h Transmit PDO 4 Mapping Parameter**

### **Function**

This object contains the mapping parameters for PDOs that the controller can send (TX-PDO 4). The PDO was previously configured via 1803h Transmit PDO 4 Communication Parameter. See chapter Process Data Object (PDO).

## **Object description**

Index	1A03 <sub>h</sub>						
Object name	Transmit PDO 4 Mapping Parameter						
Object Code	RECORD						
Data type	PDO_MAPPING						
Savable	yes, category: communication						
Firmware version	FIR-v1426						
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1426: "Heading" entry changed from "1A03h Input Status" to "1A03h Transmit PDO 4 Mapping Parameter".						
	Firmware version FIR-v1426: "Object Name" entry changed from "Input Status" to "Transmit PDO 4 Mapping Parameter".						

### Value description

Subindex	00 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Number Of Entries
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	01 <sub>h</sub>

Subindex 01<sub>h</sub>

Name 1st Object To Be Mapped

Data type UNSIGNED32



Access read / write

PDO mapping

Allowed values

Preset value 60FD0020<sub>h</sub>

Subindex 02<sub>h</sub>

Name 2nd Object To Be Mapped

no

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000<sub>h</sub>

Subindex 03<sub>h</sub>

Name 3rd Object To Be Mapped

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write
PDO mapping no

PDO mapping
Allowed values

Preset value 00000000<sub>h</sub>

Subindex 04<sub>h</sub>

Name 4th Object To Be Mapped

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write
PDO mapping no

PDO mapping
Allowed values

Preset value 00000000<sub>h</sub>

Subindex 05<sub>h</sub>

Name 5th Object To Be Mapped

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write

PDO mapping
Allowed values

Preset value 00000000<sub>h</sub>

Subindex 06<sub>h</sub>

Name 6th Object To Be Mapped

Data type UNSIGNED32 Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values



00000000 <sub>h</sub>
07 <sub>h</sub>
7th Object To Be Mapped
UNSIGNED32
read / write
no
00000000 <sub>h</sub>
08 <sub>h</sub>
8th Object To Be Mapped
UNSIGNED32
read / write
no
00000000 <sub>h</sub>

Each subindex (1–8) describes a different mapped object.

A mapping entry consists of four bytes, which are structured according to the following graphic.

31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
							Inde	x [16]							
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
SubIndex [8]											Leng	th [8]			

#### Index [16]

This contains the index of the object to be mapped.

### Subindex [8]

This contains the subindex of the object to be mapped.

### Length [8]

This contains the length of the object to be mapped in units of bits.

# **1A04h Transmit PDO 5 Mapping Parameter**

### **Function**

This object contains the mapping parameters for PDOs that the controller can send (TX-PDO 5). The PDO was previously configured via 1804h Transmit PDO 5 Communication Parameter. See chapter Process Data Object (PDO).

# **Object description**

Index	1A04 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Transmit PDO 5 Mapping Parameter



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Object Code RECORD

Data type PDO\_MAPPING

Savable yes, category: communication

Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value

Firmware version FIR-v1614

Change history

# Value description

Subindex 00<sub>h</sub>

Name Number Of Entries

Data type UNSIGNED8

Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 00<sub>h</sub>

Subindex 01<sub>h</sub>

Name 1st Object To Be Mapped

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000<sub>h</sub>

Subindex 02<sub>h</sub>

Name 2nd Object To Be Mapped

no

Data type UNSIGNED32 Access read / write

PDO mapping

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000<sub>h</sub>

Subindex 03<sub>h</sub>

Name 3rd Object To Be Mapped

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000<sub>h</sub>



Subindex	04 <sub>h</sub>							
Name	4th Object To Be Mapped							
Data type	UNSIGNED32							
Access	read / write							
PDO mapping	no							
Allowed values								
Preset value	00000000 <sub>h</sub>							
Subindex	05 <sub>h</sub>							
Name	5th Object To Be Mapped							
Data type	UNSIGNED32							
Access	read / write							
PDO mapping	no							
Allowed values								
Preset value	00000000 <sub>h</sub>							
Subindex	06 <sub>h</sub>							
Name	6th Object To Be Mapped							
Data type	UNSIGNED32							
Access	read / write							
PDO mapping	no							
Allowed values								
Preset value	00000000 <sub>h</sub>							
Subindex	07 <sub>h</sub>							
Name	7th Object To Be Mapped							
Data type	UNSIGNED32							
Access	read / write							
PDO mapping	no							
Allowed values								
Preset value	00000000 <sub>h</sub>							
Subindex	08 <sub>h</sub>							
Name	8th Object To Be Mapped							
Data type	UNSIGNED32							
Access	read / write							
PDO mapping	no							
Allowed values								
Preset value	00000000 <sub>h</sub>							

Each subindex (1–8) describes a different mapped object.

A mapping entry consists of four bytes, which are structured according to the following graphic.



31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
							Inde	x [16]							
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
			SubIn	dex [8]							Leng	th [8]			

#### Index [16]

This contains the index of the object to be mapped.

### Subindex [8]

This contains the subindex of the object to be mapped.

#### Length [8]

This contains the length of the object to be mapped in units of bits.

# **1A05h Transmit PDO 6 Mapping Parameter**

### **Function**

This object contains the mapping parameters for PDOs that the controller can send (TX-PDO 6). The PDO was previously configured via 1805h Transmit PDO 6 Communication Parameter. See chapter Process Data Object (PDO).

## **Object description**

Index	1A05 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Transmit PDO 6 Mapping Parameter
Object Code	RECORD
Data type	PDO_MAPPING
Savable	yes, category: communication
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	
Firmware version	FIR-v1614
Change history	

## Value description

Subindex	00 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Number Of Entries
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	00 <sub>h</sub>

Subindex 01<sub>h</sub>

Name 1st Object To Be Mapped

Data type UNSIGNED32



Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000<sub>h</sub>

Subindex 02<sub>h</sub>

Name 2nd Object To Be Mapped

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000<sub>h</sub>

Subindex 03<sub>h</sub>

Name 3rd Object To Be Mapped

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write
PDO mapping no

PDO mapping
Allowed values

Preset value 00000000<sub>h</sub>

Subindex 04<sub>h</sub>

Name 4th Object To Be Mapped

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write
PDO mapping no

PDO mapping
Allowed values

Preset value 00000000<sub>h</sub>

Subindex 05<sub>h</sub>

Name 5th Object To Be Mapped

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write

PDO mapping

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000<sub>h</sub>

Subindex 06<sub>h</sub>

Name 6th Object To Be Mapped

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values



00000000 <sub>h</sub>
07 <sub>h</sub>
7th Object To Be Mapped
UNSIGNED32
read / write
no
00000000 <sub>h</sub>
08 <sub>h</sub>
8th Object To Be Mapped
UNSIGNED32
read / write
no
00000000 <sub>h</sub>

Each subindex (1–8) describes a different mapped object.

A mapping entry consists of four bytes, which are structured according to the following graphic.

31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
							Inde	x [16]							
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
SubIndex [8]											Leng	th [8]			

#### Index [16]

This contains the index of the object to be mapped.

### Subindex [8]

This contains the subindex of the object to be mapped.

### Length [8]

This contains the length of the object to be mapped in units of bits.

# **1A06h Transmit PDO 7 Mapping Parameter**

### **Function**

This object contains the mapping parameters for PDOs that the controller can send (TX-PDO 7). The PDO was previously configured via 1806h Transmit PDO 7 Communication Parameter. See chapter Process Data Object (PDO).

# **Object description**

Index	1A06 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Transmit PDO 7 Mapping Parameter



Object Code RECORD

Data type PDO\_MAPPING

Savable yes, category: communication

Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value

Firmware version FIR-v1614

Change history

# Value description

Subindex 00<sub>h</sub>

Name Number Of Entries

Data type UNSIGNED8

Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 00<sub>h</sub>

Subindex 01<sub>h</sub>

Name 1st Object To Be Mapped

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000<sub>h</sub>

Subindex 02<sub>h</sub>

Name 2nd Object To Be Mapped

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000<sub>h</sub>

Subindex 03<sub>h</sub>

Name 3rd Object To Be Mapped

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000<sub>h</sub>



Subindex	04 <sub>h</sub>							
Name	4th Object To Be Mapped							
Data type	UNSIGNED32							
Access	read / write							
PDO mapping	no							
Allowed values								
Preset value	00000000 <sub>h</sub>							
Subindex	05 <sub>h</sub>							
Name	5th Object To Be Mapped							
Data type	UNSIGNED32							
Access	read / write							
PDO mapping	no							
Allowed values								
Preset value	00000000 <sub>h</sub>							
Subindex	06 <sub>h</sub>							
Name	6th Object To Be Mapped							
Data type	UNSIGNED32							
Access	read / write							
PDO mapping	no							
Allowed values								
Preset value	00000000 <sub>h</sub>							
Subindex	07 <sub>h</sub>							
Name	7th Object To Be Mapped							
Data type	UNSIGNED32							
Access	read / write							
PDO mapping	no							
Allowed values								
Preset value	00000000 <sub>h</sub>							
Subindex	08 <sub>h</sub>							
Name	8th Object To Be Mapped							
Data type	UNSIGNED32							
Access	read / write							
PDO mapping	no							
Allowed values								
Preset value	00000000 <sub>h</sub>							

Each subindex (1–8) describes a different mapped object.

A mapping entry consists of four bytes, which are structured according to the following graphic.



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31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
							Inde	x [16]							
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
	SubIndex [8]										Leng	th [8]			

#### Index [16]

This contains the index of the object to be mapped.

### Subindex [8]

This contains the subindex of the object to be mapped.

#### Length [8]

This contains the length of the object to be mapped in units of bits.

# **1A07h Transmit PDO 8 Mapping Parameter**

### **Function**

This object contains the mapping parameters for PDOs that the controller can send (TX-PDO 8). The PDO was previously configured via 1807h Transmit PDO 8 Communication Parameter. See chapter Process Data Object (PDO).

## **Object description**

Index	1A07 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Transmit PDO 8 Mapping Parameter
Object Code	RECORD
Data type	PDO_MAPPING
Savable	yes, category: communication
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	
Firmware version	FIR-v1614
Change history	

## Value description

Subindex	00 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Number Of Entries
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	00 <sub>h</sub>

Subindex 01<sub>h</sub>

Name 1st Object To Be Mapped

Data type UNSIGNED32



Access read / write

PDO mapping

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000<sub>h</sub>

Subindex 02<sub>h</sub>

Name 2nd Object To Be Mapped

no

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000<sub>h</sub>

Subindex 03<sub>h</sub>

Name 3rd Object To Be Mapped

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write
PDO mapping no

PDO mapping
Allowed values

Preset value 00000000<sub>h</sub>

Subindex 04<sub>h</sub>

Name 4th Object To Be Mapped

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write
PDO mapping no

PDO mapping Allowed values

Preset value 00000000<sub>h</sub>

Subindex 05<sub>h</sub>

Name 5th Object To Be Mapped

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write

PDO mapping
Allowed values

Preset value 00000000<sub>h</sub>

Subindex 06<sub>h</sub>

Name 6th Object To Be Mapped

Data type UNSIGNED32 Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values



Preset value	00000000 <sub>h</sub>						
Subindex	07 <sub>h</sub>						
Name	7th Object To Be Mapped						
Data type	UNSIGNED32						
Access	read / write						
PDO mapping	no						
Allowed values							
Preset value	00000000 <sub>h</sub>						
Subindex	08 <sub>h</sub>						
Name	8th Object To Be Mapped						
Data type	UNSIGNED32						
Access	read / write						
PDO mapping	no						
Allowed values							
Preset value	00000000 <sub>h</sub>						

Each subindex (1–8) describes a different mapped object.

A mapping entry consists of four bytes, which are structured according to the following graphic.

31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
							Inde	x [16]							
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
	SubIndex [8]										Leng	th [8]			

#### Index [16]

This contains the index of the object to be mapped.

### Subindex [8]

This contains the subindex of the object to be mapped.

### Length [8]

This contains the length of the object to be mapped in units of bits.

# **1F50h Program Data**

### **Function**

This object is used to program memory areas of the controller. Each entry stands for a certain memory area.

# **Object description**

Index	1F50 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Program Data
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	DOMAIN



Savable no

Access read only PDO mapping no

PDO mapping
Allowed values

Preset value

Firmware version FIR-v1540

Change history

# Value description

Subindex 00<sub>h</sub>

Name Number Of Entries
Data type UNSIGNED8
Access read only

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 02<sub>h</sub>

Subindex 01<sub>h</sub>

Name Program Data Bootloader/firmware

Data type DOMAIN
Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 0

Subindex 02<sub>h</sub>

Name Program Data NanoJ

Data type DOMAIN
Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 0

# **1F51h Program Control**

#### **Function**

This object is used to control the programming of memory areas of the controller. Each entry stands for a certain memory area.

## **Object description**

Index 1F51<sub>h</sub>

Object name Program Control

Object Code ARRAY



Data type UNSIGNED8

Savable no

Access read only

PDO mapping

Allowed values

Preset value

Firmware version FIR-v1540

Change history

# Value description

Subindex 00<sub>h</sub>

Name Number Of Entries
Data type UNSIGNED8
Access read only

PDO mapping Allowed values

Preset value 02<sub>h</sub>

Subindex 01<sub>h</sub>

Name Program Control Bootloader/firmware

no

Data type UNSIGNED8
Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 00<sub>h</sub>

Subindex 02<sub>h</sub>

Name Program Control NanoJ

Data type UNSIGNED8
Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 00<sub>h</sub>

# **1F57h Program Status**

## **Function**

This object indicates the programming status during the programming of memory areas of the controller. Each entry stands for a certain memory area.

# **Object description**

Index 1F57<sub>h</sub>

Object name Program Status



Object Code ARRAY

Data type UNSIGNED32

Savable no

Access read only

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value

Firmware version FIR-v1540

Change history

# Value description

Subindex 00<sub>h</sub>

Name Number Of Entries

Data type UNSIGNED8

Access read only

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 02<sub>h</sub>

Subindex 01<sub>h</sub>

Name Program Status Bootloader/firmware

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read only
PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000<sub>h</sub>

Subindex 02<sub>h</sub>

Name Program Status NanoJ

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read only
PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000<sub>h</sub>

## 1F80h NMT Startup

#### **Function**

In this object you can set whether, after starting the controller, the state is automatically switched to the NMT state *Operational*. See also chapter <u>Network Management (NMT)</u>.

## **Object description**

1 1	4500
Index	1F80 <sub>h</sub>
maox	11 00



Object name NMT Startup
Object Code VARIABLE
Data type UNSIGNED32

Savable yes, category: communication

Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000<sub>h</sub>

Firmware version FIR-v1748-B531667

Change history

# **Description**

■ Value "0"<sub>h</sub>: The state of the NMT state machine after initialization is *Pre-Operational*.

■ Value "8"<sub>h</sub> (bit 3): The state of the NMT state machine after initialization is *Operational*.

# 2005h CANopen Baudrate

### **Function**

This object contains the baud rate of the CANopen bus.

# **Object description**

Index	2005 <sub>h</sub>	
Object name	CANopen Baudrate	
Object Code	VARIABLE	
Data type	UNSIGNED8	
Savable	yes, category: CANopen	
Access	read / write	
PDO mapping	no	
Allowed values		
Preset value	88 <sub>h</sub>	
Firmware version	FIR-v1426	
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1748-B531667: "Savable" entry changed from "yes, category: communication" to "yes, category: CANopen".	

# **Description**

The baud rates are to be set according to the following table. Each value outside of this table is interpreted as 1000 kBd.

1	/alue	,	Baud rate
dec	hex	_	in kBd
129	81	10	
130	82	20	
131	83	50	
132	84	125	



\	/alue		Baud rate	
dec	hex	_	in kBd	
133	85	250		
134	86	500		
135	87	1000		

# 2006h CANopen WheelConfig

# **Function**

This object switches the counting method of the CANopen rotary switch.

# **Object description**

Index	2006 <sub>h</sub>	
Object name	CANopen WheelConfig	
Object Code	ARRAY	
Data type	UNSIGNED8	
Savable	yes, category: CANopen	
Access	read only	
PDO mapping	no	
Allowed values		
Preset value		
Firmware version	FIR-v1426	
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1540: "Object Name" entry changed from "CANopen WheelConf" to "CANopen WheelConfig".	
	Firmware version FIR-v1748-B531667: "Savable" entry changed from "yes, category: communication" to "yes, category: CANopen".	
	Firmware version FIR-v2039-B807052: "Name" entry changed from "Highest Sub-index Supported" to "Number Of Entries".	

# Value description

Subindex	00 <sub>h</sub>	
Name	Number Of Entries	
Data type	UNSIGNED8	
Access	read only	
PDO mapping	no	
Allowed values		
Preset value	02 <sub>h</sub>	

Subindex 01<sub>h</sub>

Name Wheel Mode

Data type UNSIGNED8

Access read / write



PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	0 or 1
Preset value	$00_{h}$

Subindex  $02_h$ Name NodeID Offset Data type **UNSIGNED8** read / write Access PDO mapping no 0 ... 112 Allowed values

 $00_h$ 

### **Description**

The subindices have the following functions:

■ 01<sub>h</sub>: Offset setting

Preset value

- □ Value "0": The value of the CANopen rotary switch is accepted unchanged.
- □ Value "1": The value of the CANopen rotary switch is added to the offset in subindex 02<sub>h</sub>.
- 02: Node-ID Offset; the value may be between 0 and 112 and is added to the value of the CANopen rotary switch if subindex 01<sub>h</sub> is set to the value "1".

# 2007h CANopen Config

#### **Function**

This object can be used to perform various settings for CANopen.

### **Object description**

Index	2007 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	CANopen Config
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	yes, category: CANopen
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	
Firmware version	FIR-v1540
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1748-B531667: "Savable" entry changed from "yes, category: communication" to "yes, category: CANopen".

### Value description

Subindex	00 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Number Of Entries
Data type	UNSIGNED8



Access read only

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 01<sub>h</sub>

Subindex 01<sub>h</sub>

Name BL Config

Data type UNSIGNED32

Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000<sub>h</sub>

### **Description**

The subindices have the following functions:

Subindex 01: If the value "1" is written in the object, the boot loader suppresses the boot-up message and only the firmware sends a BOOTUP message. With a "0", the boot loader and the firmware each send a BOOTUP message.

# 2009h CANopen NodelD

#### **Function**

This object contains the node-ID of the controller. See chapter Commissioning.

### Object description

Index 2009<sub>h</sub> **CANopen NodeID** Object name **Object Code VARIABLE** Data type **UNSIGNED8** Savable yes, category: CANopen Access read / write PDO mapping no Allowed values Preset value  $7F_h$ FIR-v1426 Firmware version Change history Firmware version FIR-v1748-B531667: "Savable" entry changed from

"yes, category: communication" to "yes, category: CANopen".

### 2030h Pole Pair Count

#### **Function**

Contains the number of pole pairs of the connected motor.



# **Object description**

2030<sub>h</sub> Index Object name Pole Pair Count Object Code **VARIABLE** Data type **UNSIGNED32** Savable yes, category: tuning Access read / write PDO mapping no Allowed values Preset value ■ PD6-E891L95-E-65-2: 00000032h PD6-E891L95-ES-65-2: 00000032h ■ PD6-EB80CD-E-65-2: 00000004<sub>h</sub> ■ PD6-EB80CD-ES-65-2: 00000004<sub>h</sub> PD6-E891S95-E-65-2: 00000032h ■ PD6-E891S95-ES-65-2: 00000032<sub>h</sub> ■ PD6-E891M95-E-65-2: 00000032h ■ PD6-E891M95-ES-65-2: 00000032<sub>h</sub> ■ PD6-EB80SD-E-65-2: 00000004h ■ PD6-EB80SD-ES-65-2: 00000004<sub>h</sub> ■ PD6-EB80MD-ES-65-2: 00000004<sub>h</sub> ■ PD6-EB80MD-E-65-2: 00000004<sub>h</sub> PD6-EB80LD-E-65-2: 00000004<sub>h</sub> PD6-EB80LD-ES-65-2: 00000004<sub>h</sub> Firmware version FIR-v1426 Change history Firmware version FIR-v1540: "Savable" entry changed from "no" to "yes, category: tuning". Firmware version FIR-v2315-B1040535: "Data type" entry changed

from "UNSIGNED32" to "UNSIGNED16".

# 2031h Max Motor Current

#### **Function**

Enter the maximum permissible motor current in milliamperes here. All current values are limited by this value.

Within the controller, the entered value is always interpreted as the root mean square.

### **Object description**

Index

Object name

Max Motor Current

Object Code

VARIABLE

Data type

UNSIGNED32

Savable

yes, category: tuning

Access

read / write

PDO mapping

Allowed values



Preset value

■ PD6-E891L95-E-65-2: 0000251C<sub>h</sub>

■ PD6-E891L95-ES-65-2: 0000251C<sub>h</sub>

■ PD6-EB80CD-E-65-2: 000124F8<sub>h</sub>

■ PD6-EB80CD-ES-65-2: 000124F8<sub>h</sub>

■ PD6-E891S95-E-65-2: 00002508<sub>h</sub>

■ PD6-E891S95-ES-65-2: 00002508<sub>h</sub>

■ PD6-E891M95-E-65-2: 000024FE<sub>h</sub>

■ PD6-E891M95-ES-65-2: 000024FE<sub>h</sub>

■ PD6-EB80SD-E-65-2: 00004E20h

■ PD6-EB80SD-ES-65-2: 00004E20h

PD0 ED004D E0 05 0 00000040

■ PD6-EB80MD-ES-65-2: 00009C40<sub>h</sub>

■ PD6-EB80MD-E-65-2: 00009C40<sub>h</sub>

■ PD6-EB80LD-E-65-2: 0000FDE8<sub>h</sub>

■ PD6-EB80LD-ES-65-2: 0000FDE8<sub>h</sub>

Firmware version Change history FIR-v1426

Firmware version FIR-v1614: "Savable" entry changed from "yes,

category: application" to "yes, category: tuning".

Firmware version FIR-v1614: "Object Name" entry changed from "Peak

Current" to "Max Current".

Firmware version FIR-v1748-B538662: "Object Name" entry changed

from "Maximum Current" to "Max Motor Current".

Firmware version FIR-v1825-B577172: "Object Name" entry changed

from "Max Motor Current" to "Maximum Current".

Firmware version FIR-v1825-B577172: "Object Name" entry changed

from "Maximum Current" to "Max Motor Current".

Firmware version FIR-v1825-B577172: "Object Name" entry changed

from "Max Motor Current" to "Maximum Current".

Firmware version FIR-v1825-B577172: "Object Name" entry changed

from "Maximum Current" to "Max Motor Current".

# 2034h Upper Voltage Warning Level

### **Function**

This object contains the threshold value for the "overvoltage" error in millivolts.

### **Object description**

Index 2034<sub>h</sub>

Object name Upper Voltage Warning Level

Object Code VARIABLE
Data type UNSIGNED32

Savable yes, category: application

Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

 $\begin{array}{ll} \text{Preset value} & 0000\text{F5B3}_{\text{h}} \\ \text{Firmware version} & \text{FIR-v1426} \end{array}$ 



#### Change history

# **Description**

If the input voltage of the controller exceeds this threshold value, the motor is switched off and an error triggered. This error is reset automatically if the input voltage is less than (voltage of object  $2034_h$  minus 2 volts).

# 2035h Lower Voltage Warning Level

### **Function**

This object contains the threshold value for the "Undervoltage" error in millivolts.

### **Object description**

Index	2035 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Lower Voltage Warning Level
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	00002C52 <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

### **Description**

If the input voltage of the controller falls below this threshold value, the motor is switched off and an error triggered. The error is reset automatically if the input voltage exceeds the voltage of object  $2035_h$  plus 1.5 volts.

# 2036h Open Loop Current Reduction Idle Time

### **Function**

This object describes the time in milliseconds that the motor must be at a standstill before current reduction is activated.

### **Object description**

Index	2036 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Open Loop Current Reduction Idle Time
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	



 $\begin{array}{ll} \text{Preset value} & \text{000003E8}_{\text{h}} \\ \text{Firmware version} & \text{FIR-v1426} \end{array}$ 

Change history

# 2037h Open Loop Current Reduction Value/factor

#### **Function**

This object describes the rms current to which the motor current in open loop is to be reduced if the motor is at a standstill.

### **Object description**

Index 2037<sub>h</sub>

Object name Open Loop Current Reduction Value/factor

Object Code VARIABLE
Data type INTEGER32

Savable yes, category: application

Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value FFFFFCE<sub>h</sub> Firmware version FIR-v1426

Change history

# **Description**

#### Value of 2037<sub>h</sub> greater than or equal to 0 and less than value 6075<sub>h</sub>

Current is reduced to the value entered here. The value is in mA and interpreted as root mean square.

#### Value of 2037<sub>h</sub> in the range from -1 to -100

The entered value is interpreted as a percentage and determines the reduction of the rated current in  $2037_h$ . The value in  $6075_h$  is used for the calculation.

Example: Object  $\underline{6075}_h$  has the value 4200 mA. The value -60 in  $\underline{2037}_h$  reduces the current by 60% of  $\underline{6075}_h$ . The result is a current reduction to a root mean square of  $\underline{6075}_h$  \*  $(\underline{2037}_h + 100) / 100 = 1680$  mA.

The value -100 in 2037<sub>h</sub> would, for example, mean that a current reduction is set to a root mean square of 0 mA.

# 2038h Brake Controller Timing

#### **Function**

This object contains the times for the *brake control* in milliseconds as well as the PWM frequency and the duty cycle.

### **Object description**

Index 2038 <sub>h</sub>	
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### 10 Description of the object dictionary



Object name **Brake Controller Timing** 

Object Code **ARRAY** 

**UNSIGNED32** Data type

Savable yes, category: application

Firmware version FIR-v1426

Change history

# Value description

Cubindou	00
Subindex	00 <sub>h</sub>

Name Number Of Entries **UNSIGNED8** Data type Access read only

no

PDO mapping Allowed values

Preset value  $06_h$ 

Subindex  $01_h$ 

Name Close Brake Idle Time

Data type **UNSIGNED32** Access read / write no

PDO mapping

Allowed values

Preset value 000003E8<sub>h</sub>

Subindex  $02_h$ 

Name Shutdown Power Idle Time

**UNSIGNED32** Data type Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 000003E8<sub>h</sub>

Subindex  $03_h$ 

Name Open Brake Delay Time

**UNSIGNED32** Data type Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 000003E8<sub>h</sub>

Subindex  $04_{h}$ 

Name Start Operation Delay Time



Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write

no

PDO mapping

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000<sub>h</sub>

Subindex 05<sub>h</sub>

Name PWM Frequency
Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values between 0 and 50 (brake output) and 2000 (7D0<sub>h</sub>) 20000 (4E20<sub>h</sub>)

Preset value 00000000<sub>h</sub>

Subindex 06<sub>h</sub>

Name PWM Duty Cycle
Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values 0, between 2 and 100 (64<sub>h</sub>)

Preset value 00000000<sub>h</sub>

### **Description**

The subindices have the following functions:

- 01<sub>h</sub>: Time between motor standstill and the closing of the brake.
- 02h: Time between the closing of the brake and the switching off of the motor current.
- 03h: Time between the switching on of the motor current and opening of the brake.
- 04<sub>h</sub>: Time between the opening of the brake and when the Operation enabled state of the CiA 402 Power State Machine is reached.
- 05<sub>h</sub>: Frequency of the PWM signal (software PWM) in hertz.
- 06<sub>h</sub>: Duty cycle of the PWM signal (software PWM) in percent.

### 2039h Motor Currents

#### **Function**

This object contains the measured motor currents in mA. All values are peak values, (#2\*rms).

### Object description

Index 2039<sub>h</sub>

Object name Motor Currents

Object Code ARRAY
Data type INTEGER32

Savable no

Access read only

PDO mapping no

### 10 Description of the object dictionary



Allowed values Preset value

FIR-v1426 Firmware version

Change history Firmware version FIR-v1504: "PDO mapping" table entry for subindex

01 changed from "no" to "TX-PDO".

Firmware version FIR-v1504: "PDO mapping" table entry for subindex

02 changed from "no" to "TX-PDO".

Firmware version FIR-v1504: "PDO mapping" table entry for subindex

03 changed from "no" to "TX-PDO".

Firmware version FIR-v1504: "PDO mapping" table entry for subindex

04 changed from "no" to "TX-PDO".

Firmware version FIR-v2213: subindex 05<sub>h</sub>, "Actual Current" added. Phase currents Ia and Ib changed to I $\alpha$  and I $\beta$  (Clarke transformation).

# Value description

Subindex	00 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Num

Number Of Entries **UNSIGNED8** Data type Access read only no

PDO mapping Allowed values

Preset value  $05_h$ 

Subindex  $01_h$ Name ld

Data type **INTEGER32** Access read only PDO mapping TX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 0000000<sub>h</sub>

Subindex 02<sub>h</sub>Name Iq

**INTEGER32** Data type Access read only TX-PDO PDO mapping

Allowed values

Preset value 0000000<sub>h</sub>

Subindex  $03_h$ Name Ια

Data type **INTEGER32** Access read only



PDO mapping	TX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	04 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Ιβ
Data type	INTEGER32
Access	read only
PDO mapping	TX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000000 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	05 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Actual Current
Data type	INTEGER32
Access	read only
PDO mapping	TX-PDO
Allowed values	

# **Description**

Preset value

- 01<sub>h</sub>: Field-forming components of the current
- 02<sub>h</sub>: Torque-forming components of the current
- 03<sub>h</sub>: Ia
- 04<sub>h</sub>: Iβ
- $05_h$ : total current divided by  $\sqrt{2}$ , i.e., calculated down to a motor phase. In *closed-loop*, the sign of Iq is also used. The current value can then be placed on a scale to compare with the current from  $6075_h$ ,  $2031_h$  and  $203B_h$ : $05_h$ .

0000000<sub>h</sub>

open-loop:  $I = \sqrt{(|\alpha|^2 + |\beta|^2)} / \sqrt{2}$ 

Closed Loop:  $I = sgn(Iq) * \sqrt{(I\alpha^2 + I\beta^2)} / \sqrt{2}$ 



### **NOTICE**

Motor currents  $I_d$  (subindex  $01_h$ ) and  $I_q$  (subindex  $02_h$ ) are only displayed if <u>closed-loop</u> was activated; the value 0 is otherwise output.

# 203Ah Homing On Block Configuration

### **Function**

This object contains the parameters for *Homing on Block* (see chapter <u>Homing</u>).

# **Object description**

Index	203A <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Homing On Block Configuration
Object Code	ARRAY

### 10 Description of the object dictionary



Data type INTEGER32

Savable yes, category: application

Access

PDO mapping Allowed values Preset value

Firmware version FIR-v1426

Change history Firmware version FIR-v1540: The number of entries was changed from

4 to 3.

Firmware version FIR-v1540: "Name" entry changed from "Period Of

Blocking" to "Block Detection time".

Firmware version FIR-v1614: "Data Type" entry changed from

"UNSIGNED32" to "INTEGER32".

Firmware version FIR-v1614: "Savable" entry changed from "no" to

"yes, category: application".

Firmware version FIR-v1614: "Data Type" entry changed from

"UNSIGNED32" to "INTEGER32".

Firmware version FIR-v1614: "Data Type" entry changed from

"UNSIGNED32" to "INTEGER32".

# Value description

Subindex 00<sub>h</sub>

Name Number Of Entries

Data type UNSIGNED8

Access read only

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 02<sub>h</sub>

Subindex 01<sub>h</sub>

Name Minimum Current For Block Detection

Data type INTEGER32 Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value

■ PD6-E891L95-E-65-2: 00000947<sub>h</sub>

PD6-E891L95-ES-65-2: 00000947<sub>h</sub>

■ PD6-EB80CD-E-65-2: 0000186A<sub>h</sub>

■ PD6-EB80CD-ES-65-2: 0000186A<sub>h</sub>

■ PD6-E891S95-E-65-2: 00000942h

■ PD6-E891S95-ES-65-2: 00000942<sub>h</sub>

■ PD6-E891M95-E-65-2: 0000093F<sub>h</sub>

■ PD6-E891M95-ES-65-2: 0000093F<sub>h</sub>

PD6-EB80SD-E-65-2: 000006BD<sub>h</sub>

■ PD6-EB80SD-ES-65-2: 000006BD<sub>h</sub>



■ PD6-EB80MD-ES-65-2: 00000DAC<sub>h</sub> ■ PD6-EB80MD-E-65-2: 00000DAC<sub>h</sub> ■ PD6-EB80LD-E-65-2: 0000124F<sub>h</sub> ■ PD6-EB80LD-ES-65-2: 0000124F<sub>h</sub>

Subindex 02<sub>h</sub>

Name **Block Detection Time** 

no

INTEGER32 Data type Access read / write PDO mapping

Allowed values

Preset value 000000C8<sub>h</sub>

### **Description**

The subindices have the following function:

- 01<sub>h</sub>: Specifies the current limit value above which blocking is to be detected. Positive numerical values specify the current limit in mA, negative numbers specify a percentage of object 2031<sub>h</sub>. Example: The value "1000" corresponds to 1000 mA (= 1 A); the value "-70" corresponds to 70% of 2031h.
- 02<sub>h</sub>: Specifies the time in ms that the motor is to continue to travel against the block after block detection.

#### 203Bh I2t Parameters

#### **Function**

This object contains the parameters for I<sup>2</sup>t monitoring.

I<sup>2</sup>t monitoring is activated by entering a value greater than 0 in 203B<sub>h</sub>:01 and 203B<sub>h</sub>:02 and a value greater than 1000 in 6073<sub>h</sub> (see I2t Motor overload protection).

With one exception, I<sup>2</sup>t monitoring can only be used for *closed loop* mode: If I<sup>2</sup>t is activated in *open loop* mode, the current is reduced to the smaller of 203B<sub>h</sub>:01<sub>h</sub>, 6073<sub>h</sub> and 2031<sub>h</sub>.

### **Object description**

Index	203B <sub>h</sub>
Object name	I2t Parameters
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	yes, category: tuning
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1512: "Savable" entry changed from "no" to "yes, category: application".
	Firmware version FIR-v1512: The number of entries was changed from 7 to 8.
	Firmware version FIR-v1614: "Savable" entry changed from "yes, category: application" to "yes, category: tuning".
	Firmware version FIR-v1748-B538662: "Name" entry changed from "Nominal Current" to "Motor Rated Current".



Firmware version FIR-v1825-B577172: "Name" entry changed from "Motor Rated Current" to "Nominal Current".

Firmware version FIR-v1825-B577172: "Name" entry changed from "Nominal Current" to "Motor Rated Current".

Firmware version FIR-v1825-B577172: "Name" entry changed from "Motor Rated Current" to "Nominal Current".

Firmware version FIR-v1825-B577172: "Name" entry changed from "Nominal Current" to "Motor Rated Current".

Firmware version FIR-v1825-B577172: The number of entries was changed from 8 to 7.

Firmware version FIR-v1926-B648637: "Name" entry changed from "Maximum Duration Of Peak Current" to "Maximum Duration Of Max Current".

# Value description

Subindex	00 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Number Of Entries
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	06 <sub>h</sub>

Subindex	01 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Motor Rated Current
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	■ PD6-E891L95-E-65-2: 0000251C <sub>b</sub>
	■ PD6-E891L95-ES-65-2: 0000251C <sub>h</sub>
	■ PD6-EB80CD-E-65-2: 000061A8 <sub>h</sub>
	■ PD6-EB80CD-ES-65-2: 000061A8 <sub>h</sub>
	■ PD6-E891S95-E-65-2: 00002508 <sub>h</sub>
	■ PD6-E891S95-ES-65-2: 00002508 <sub>h</sub>
	■ PD6-E891M95-E-65-2: 000024FE <sub>h</sub>
	■ PD6-E891M95-ES-65-2: 000024FE <sub>h</sub>
	■ PD6-EB80SD-E-65-2: 00001AF4 <sub>h</sub>
	■ PD6-EB80SD-ES-65-2: 00001AF4 <sub>h</sub>
	■ PD6-EB80MD-ES-65-2: 000036B0 <sub>h</sub>
	■ PD6-EB80MD-E-65-2: 000036B0 <sub>h</sub>
	■ PD6-EB80LD-E-65-2: 0000493E <sub>h</sub>
	■ PD6-EB80LD-ES-65-2: 0000493E <sub>h</sub>

Subindex 02<sub>h</sub>

### 10 Description of the object dictionary



Name Maximum Duration Of Max Current
Data type UNSIGNED32

Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values
Preset value

■ PD6-E891L95-E-65-2: 00000000<sub>h</sub>

PD6-E891L95-ES-65-2: 00000000<sub>h</sub>

PD6-EB80CD-E-65-2: 00001388<sub>h</sub>

PD6-EB80CD-ES-65-2: 00001388<sub>h</sub>

■ PD6-E891S95-E-65-2: 00000000<sub>h</sub>

■ PD6-E891S95-ES-65-2: 00000000<sub>h</sub>

■ PD6-E891M95-E-65-2: 00000000<sub>h</sub>

PD6-E891M95-ES-65-2: 00000000<sub>h</sub>

PD6-EB80SD-E-65-2: 00001388<sub>h</sub>

PD6-EB80SD-ES-65-2: 00001388<sub>h</sub>

PD6-EB80MD-ES-65-2: 00001388<sub>h</sub>

■ PD6-EB80MD-E-65-2: 00001388<sub>h</sub>

PD6-EB80LD-E-65-2: 00001388<sub>h</sub>

■ PD6-EB80LD-ES-65-2: 00001388<sub>h</sub>

Subindex 03<sub>h</sub>

Name Threshold
Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000<sub>h</sub>

Subindex 04<sub>h</sub>

Name CalcValue
Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write

no

PDO mapping

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000<sub>h</sub>

Subindex 05<sub>h</sub>

Name LimitedCurrent
Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000<sub>h</sub>

Subindex 06<sub>h</sub>



Name Status

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000<sub>h</sub>

### **Description**

The subindices are divided into two groups: subindex  $01_h$  and  $02_h$  contain parameters for control, subindices  $03_h$  to  $06_h$  are status values. The functions are as follows:

- 01<sub>h</sub>: The rated current specified in the motor data sheet is entered here in mA. This must be smaller than the current entered in 2031<sub>h</sub> and 6073<sub>h</sub>, otherwise monitoring is not activated. The specified value is interpreted as root mean square.
- 02<sub>h</sub>: Specifies the maximum duration of the maximum current (6073<sub>h</sub>) in ms.
- 03<sub>h</sub>: Threshold, specifies the limit in A<sup>2</sup>ms that determines whether the maximum current or rated current is switched to.
- 04<sub>h</sub>: CalcValue, specifies the calculated value in A<sup>2</sup>ms that is compared with the threshold for setting the current.
- 05<sub>h</sub>: LimitedCurrent, contains the momentary current as root mean square set by I<sup>2</sup>t.
- 06<sub>h</sub>: Current status. If the sub-entry value is "0", I<sup>2</sup>t is deactivated; if the value is "1", I<sup>2</sup>t is activated.

# 203Dh Torque Window

### **Function**

Specifies a symmetrical range relative to the target torque within which the target is considered having been met.

If the value is set to "FFFFFFF" $_h$ , monitoring is switched off, the "Target reached" bit in object  $\underline{6041}_h$  (statusword) is never set.

### Object description

Index 203D<sub>h</sub>

Object name Torque Window
Object Code VARIABLE
Data type UNSIGNED16

Savable yes, category: application

Access read / write PDO mapping RX-PDO

Allowed values

 $\begin{array}{ll} \text{Preset value} & \text{0000}_{\text{h}} \\ \text{Firmware version} & \text{FIR-v1540} \end{array}$ 

Change history Firmware version FIR-v1614: "Savable" entry changed from "no" to

"yes, category: application".



# 203Eh Torque Window Time Out

### **Function**

The current torque must be within the "Torque Window"  $(203D_h)$  for this time (in milliseconds) for the target torque to be considered having been met.

# **Object description**

Index	203E <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Torque Window Time Out
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	UNSIGNED16
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000 <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1540
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1614: "Savable" entry changed from "no" to "yes, category: application".
	Firmware version FIR-v1738-B501312: "Object Name" entry changed from "Torque Window Time" to "Torque Window Time Out".

# 203Fh Max Slippage Time Out

### **Function**

Time in milliseconds until an excessively large slippage error in <u>Profile Velocity</u> mode results in an error message.

# **Object description**

Index	203F <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Max Slippage Time Out
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	UNSIGNED16
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0064 <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1738-B501312
Change history	



### **Description**

If the actual speed deviates so much from the set speed that the value (absolute value) of the object  $\underline{60F8}_h$  (Max Slippage) is exceeded, bit 13 in object  $\underline{6041}_h$  is set. The deviation must last longer than the time in object  $\underline{203F}_h$ .

A reaction to the slippage error can be set in object  $\underline{3700}_h$ . If a reaction is defined, an error is also entered in object  $\underline{1003}_h$ .

# 2057h Clock Direction Multiplier

### **Function**

The clock count value in <u>Clock-direction mode</u> is multiplied by this value before it is processed further.

# **Object description**

Index	2057 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Clock Direction Multiplier
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	INTEGER32
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000080 <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

### 2058h Clock Direction Divider

### **Function**

The clock count value in <u>Clock-direction mode</u> is divided by this value before it is processed further.

### **Object description**

Index	2058 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Clock Direction Divider
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	INTEGER32
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000001 <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	



# 205Ah Absolute Sensor Boot Value (in User Units)

### **Function**

The initial encoder position when switching on the controller (in <u>user-defined units</u>) can be read from this object.

# **Object description**

Index	205A <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Absolute Sensor Boot Value (in User Units)
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	INTEGER32
Savable	no
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000000 <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1446
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1512: "Access" table entry for subindex 00 changed from "read/write" to "read only".
	Firmware version FIR-v1738-B501312: "Object Name" entry changed from "Encoder Boot Value" to "Absolute Sensor Boot Value (in User Units)".
	Firmware version FIR-v1738-B501312: "Data type" entry changed from "UNSIGNED32" to "INTEGER32".

# 205Bh Clock Direction Or Clockwise/Counter Clockwise Mode

### **Function**

This object can be used to switch the clock-direction mode (value = "0") to the <u>right/left rotation mode</u> (value = "1").

### **Object description**

Index	205B <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Clock Direction Or Clockwise/Counter Clockwise Mode
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000000 <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1504
Change history	



# 2084h Bootup Delay

### **Function**

Defines the period between the time that supply voltage is applied to the controller and the functional readiness of the controller in milliseconds.

### **Object description**

Index 2084<sub>h</sub> Object name **Bootup Delay** Object Code **VARIABLE UNSIGNED32** Data type Savable yes, category: application Access read / write PDO mapping no Allowed values Preset value 0000000<sub>h</sub> Firmware version FIR-v1426 Change history

# 2101h Fieldbus Module Availability

#### **Function**

Shows the available fieldbuses.

# Object description

Index 2101<sub>h</sub> Object name Fieldbus Module Availability Object Code **VARIABLE** Data type **UNSIGNED32** Savable no Access read only PDO mapping no Allowed values Preset value 00190009<sub>h</sub> FIR-v1426 Firmware version Change history Firmware version FIR-v1626: "Object Name" entry changed from "Fieldbus Module" to "Fieldbus Module Availability".

### **Description**

Bits 0 to 15 represent the physical interface, bits 16 to 31 the used protocol (if necessary).



31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
													E-IP	МТСР	MRTU
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
									SPI	E-CAT	E-NET	CAN	RS232	RS485	USB

#### **USB**

Value = "1": The USB fieldbus is available.

#### **RS-485**

Value = "1": An RS-485 interface is available.

#### **RS-232**

Value = "1": An RS-232 interface is available.

#### **CAN**

Value = "1": The CANopen fieldbus is available.

#### **E-NET**

Value = "1": An Ethernet interface is available.

#### **E-CAT**

Value = "1": An EtherCAT interface is available.

#### SPI

Value = "1": An SPI interface is available.

#### **MRTU**

Value = "1": The used protocol is Modbus RTU.

#### **MTCP**

Value = "1": The used protocol is Modbus TCP

#### E-IP

Value = "1": The used protocol is EtherNet/IP™

### 2102h Fieldbus Module Control

### **Function**

This object can be used to activate/deactivate certain fieldbuses (physical interfaces and protocols).

# **Object description**

Index 2102<sub>h</sub>

Object name Fieldbus Module Control

Object Code VARIABLE
Data type UNSIGNED32

Savable yes, category: communication

Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 00190009<sub>h</sub> Firmware version FIR-v1540



Change history

Firmware version FIR-v1626: "Savable" entry changed from "yes, category: application" to "yes, category: communication".

# **Description**

Object  $\underline{2103}_h$ :1<sub>h</sub> contains all physical interfaces/protocols that can be activated/deactivated. These can be switched in this object  $(2102_h)$ . The current status of the activated fieldbuses is in object  $\underline{2103}_h$ :2<sub>h</sub>.

The following distribution of the bits applies here:

31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
													E-IP	MTCP	MRTU
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
									SPI	E-CAT	E-NET	CAN	RS232	RS485	USB

**USB** 

**USB** interface

**RS-485** 

RS-485 interface

**RS-232** 

RS-232 interface

**CAN** 

CANopen interface

**E-NET** 

EtherNet interface

E-CAT

EtherCAT interface

**SPI** 

SPI interface

**MRTU** 

Modbus RTU protocol

**MTCP** 

Modbus TCP protocol

E-IP

EtherNet/IP<sup>™</sup> protocol

### 2103h Fieldbus Module Status

#### **Function**

Shows the active fieldbuses.

### **Object description**

Index 2103<sub>h</sub>

### 10 Description of the object dictionary



Object name Fieldbus Module Status

Object Code ARRAY

Data type UNSIGNED32

Savable

Access read only

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value

Firmware version FIR-v1540

Change history

# Value description

Subindex 00<sub>h</sub>

Name Number Of Entries

Data type UNSIGNED8

Access read only

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 02<sub>h</sub>

Subindex 01<sub>h</sub>

Name Fieldbus Module Disable Mask

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read only
PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 00000008<sub>h</sub>

Subindex 02<sub>h</sub>

Name Fieldbus Module Enabled

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read only
PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 00190009<sub>h</sub>

### **Description**

Subindex 1 (Fieldbus Module Disable Mask): This subindex contains all physical interfaces and protocols that can be activated or deactivated. The set bit means that this fieldbus can be deactivated.

Subindex 2 (Fieldbus Module Enabled): This subindex contains all currently activated physical interfaces and protocols. The set bit means that the fieldbus is active.

The following distribution of the bits applies for subindices 1 and 2:



31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
													E-IP	MTCP	MRTU
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
									SPI	E-CAT	E-NET	CAN	RS232	RS485	USB

**USB** 

**USB** interface

**RS-485** 

RS-485 interface

**RS-232** 

RS-232 interface

CAN

CANopen interface

**E-NET** 

EtherNet interface

**E-CAT** 

EtherCAT interface

SPI

SPI interface

**MRTU** 

Modbus RTU protocol

**MTCP** 

Modbus TCP protocol

E-IP

EtherNet/IP<sup>™</sup> protocol

### 2290h PDI Control

### **Function**

With this object, you can activate the *Plug&Drive interface*. You can find additional information in document *Function description Plug&Drive interface*.

### **Object description**

Index2290hObject namePDI ControlObject CodeVARIABLEData typeUNSIGNED8

Savable yes, category: application

Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 01<sub>h</sub>



Firmware version FIR-v1748-B531667

Change history Firmware version FIR-v1748-B538662: "Access" table entry for

subindex 00 changed from "read only" to "read/write".

### **Description**

To activate the Plug&Drive interface, set bit 0 to "1".

## 2291h PDI Input

### **Function**

If you use the *Plug&Drive interface*, you can use this object to select and start the operating mode and set the corresponding target values (target position, speed, etc.). You can find additional information in document *Function description Plug&Drive interface*.

### **Object description**

Index	2291 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	PDI Input
Object Code	RECORD
Data type	PDI_INPUT
Savable	no
Access	read only
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	
Firmware version	FIR-v1748-B531667
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v2013-B726332: "Savable" entry changed from "yes, category: application" to "no".
	Firmware version FIR-v2315-B1040535: "Data type" entry changed from "INTEGER8" to "UNSIGNED8".

# Value description

Subindex	00 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Number Of Entries
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	04 <sub>h</sub>

Subindex 01<sub>h</sub>

Name PDI Set Value 1
Data type INTEGER32
Access read / write



PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	$00000000_{h}$

Subindex	02 <sub>h</sub>	
Name	PDI Set Value 2	
Data type	INTEGER16	
Access	read / write	
PDO mapping	RX-PDO	
Allowed values		
Preset value	0000 <sub>h</sub>	

Subindex	03 <sub>h</sub>	
Name	PDI Set Value 3	
Data type	INTEGER8	
Access	read / write	
PDO mapping	RX-PDO	
Allowed values		
Preset value	00 <sub>h</sub>	

Subindex	04 <sub>h</sub>	
Name	PDI Command	
Data type	INTEGER8	
Access	read / write	
PDO mapping	RX-PDO	
Allowed values		
Preset value	00 <sub>h</sub>	

# 2292h PDI Output

### **Function**

If you use the *Plug&Drive interface*, you can, in this object, read the status and a return value that is dependent on the used operating mode. You can find additional information in document *Function description Plug&Drive interface*.

# **Object description**

Index	2292 <sub>h</sub>	
Object name	PDI Output	
Object Code	RECORD	
Data type	PDI_OUTPUT	
Savable	no	
Access	read only	
PDO mapping	TX-PDO	
Allowed values		



Preset value

Firmware version FIR-v1748-B531667

Change history Firmware version FIR-v2315-B1040535: "Data type" entry changed

from "INTEGER16" to "UNSIGNED16".

# Value description

Subindex 00<sub>h</sub>

Name Number Of Entries
Data type UNSIGNED8
Access read only
PDO mapping TX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 02<sub>h</sub>

Subindex 01<sub>h</sub>

Name PDI Status
Data type INTEGER16
Access read only
PDO mapping TX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 0000<sub>h</sub>

Subindex 02<sub>h</sub>

Name PDI Return Value
Data type INTEGER32
Access read only
PDO mapping TX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000<sub>h</sub>

### 2300h NanoJ Control

### **Function**

Controls the execution of a NanoJ program.

### **Object description**

Index 2300<sub>h</sub>

Object name NanoJ Control
Object Code VARIABLE
Data type UNSIGNED32

Savable yes, category: application

Access read / write



PDO mapping RX-PDO

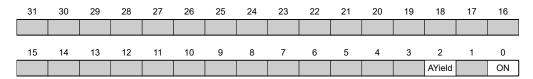
Allowed values

Preset value 00000000<sub>h</sub> Firmware version FIR-v1426

Change history Firmware version FIR-v1436: "Object Name" entry changed from "VMM

Control" to "NanoJ Control".

## **Description**



#### ON

Switches the NanoJ program on (value = "1") or off (value = "0").

With a rising edge in bit 0, the program is first reloaded and the variable range reset.



#### **NOTICE**

Startup of the NanoJ program can take up to 200 ms.

When switching on, a check is performed to determine whether a *NanoJ program* is present. If present, "1" is entered in 2300 and the *NanoJ program* is started.

#### AYield (AutoYield)

If this feature is activated (bit set to "1"), the *NanoJ program* is no longer stopped if it runs longer than it is allowed to. The *NanoJ program* is, thus, no longer real-time capable and no longer runs every 1 ms (see <u>Available computing time</u>).



#### **NOTICE**

Do not use the <u>Debug output</u> if *AutoYield* mode is activated.

### 2301h NanoJ Status

#### **Function**

Indicates the operating state of the user program.

### Object description

Index 2301<sub>h</sub>
Object name Nano.

Object name NanoJ Status
Object Code VARIABLE
Data type UNSIGNED32

Savable no



Access read only PDO mapping TX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000<sub>h</sub> Firmware version FIR-v1426

Change history Firmware version FIR-v1436: "Object Name" entry changed from "VMM

Status" to "NanoJ Status".

### **Description**

31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
													ERR	RES	RUN

### RUN

Value = "0": Program is stopped, value = "1": NanoJ program is running.

#### **RES**

Reserved.

#### **ERR**

Program was ended with an error. Cause of the error can be read from object 2302h.

### 2302h NanoJ Error Code

### **Function**

Indicates which error occurred during the execution of the user program.

# **Object description**

Index 2302<sub>h</sub>

Object name NanoJ Error Code

Object Code VARIABLE
Data type UNSIGNED32

Savable no

Access read only PDO mapping TX-PDO

Allowed values

 $\begin{array}{ll} \text{Preset value} & \text{00000000}_{\text{h}} \\ \text{Firmware version} & \text{FIR-v1426} \end{array}$ 

Change history Firmware version FIR-v1436: "Object Name" entry changed from "VMM

Error Code" to "NanoJ Error Code".

### **Description**

Error codes during program execution:



Number	Description
0001 <sub>h</sub>	Firmware does not support the used function (e.g., sin, cos, etc.)
0005 <sub>h</sub>	Time Out: Code executed too long without yield() or sleep()
0007 <sub>h</sub>	Too many variables on the stack
0100 <sub>h</sub>	Invalid NanoJ program file
0101 <sub>h</sub>	Invalid NanoJ version of the program file
0102 <sub>h</sub>	CRC error in the NanoJ program file

Error when accessing an object:

Number	Description
1xxxxyy <sub>h</sub>	Invalid mapping in the NanoJ program file: The value in "xxxx" specifies the index, the value in "yy" specifies the subindex of the object that should – but cannot – be mapped.
2000000 <sub>h</sub> + number of surplus variables	Invalid mapping in the NanoJ program file: too many variables of type input were declared (see 2310h NanoJ Input Data Selection)
3000000 <sub>h</sub> + number of surplus variables	Invalid mapping in the NanoJ program file: too many variables of type output were declared (see 2320h NanoJ Output Data Selection)
4000000 <sub>h</sub> + number of surplus variables	Invalid mapping in the NanoJ program file: too many variables of type inout were declared (see 2330h NanoJ In/output Data Selection)
1000 <sub>h</sub>	Access of a nonexistent object in the object dictionary
1001 <sub>h</sub>	Write access of a write-protected entry in the OD
1002 <sub>h</sub>	An attempt was made to write a value that is too low or too high to an object.
1003 <sub>h</sub>	An attempt was made to read out an object that permits only write access.
1FFF <sub>h</sub>	Unauthorized access of an object

### 230Eh Timer

# **Function**

This object contains the operating time in milliseconds since the last time the controller was started.



### **NOTICE**

This object is not stored; counting begins with "0" again after switching on or an overflow.

# **Object description**

Index	230E <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Timer
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	no
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	



Firmware version FIR-v2139-B1020888

Change history

## Value description

00<sub>h</sub> Subindex **Number Of Entries** Name **UNSIGNED8** Data type read only Access PDO mapping no Allowed values Preset value  $01_h$ Subindex  $01_{h}$ Name 1ms Timer **UNSIGNED32** Data type Access read only PDO mapping no Allowed values Preset value 0000000<sub>h</sub>

# 230Fh Uptime Seconds

### **Function**

This object contains the operating time in seconds since the last time the controller was started.



### **NOTICE**

This object is not stored; counting begins with "0" again after switching on or an overflow.

# **Object description**

Index	230F <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Uptime Seconds
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	no
Access	read only
PDO mapping	TX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1436
Change history	



# 2310h NanoJ Input Data Selection

### **Function**

Describes the object dictionary entries that are copied to the PDO mapping input of the NanoJ program.

### **Object description**

Index 2310<sub>h</sub>

Object name NanoJ Input Data Selection

Object Code ARRAY

Data type UNSIGNED32

Savable no

Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values
Preset value

Firmware version

FIR-v1650-B472161

Change history Firmware version FIR-v1436: "Object Name" entry changed from "VMM

Input Data Selection" to "NanoJ Input Data Selection".

Firmware version FIR-v1650-B472161: "Savable" entry changed from

"yes, category: application" to "no".

Firmware version FIR-v1650-B472161: "Access" table entry for

subindex 00 changed from "read/write" to "read only".

Firmware version FIR-v1650-B472161: "Access" table entry for

subindex 01 changed from "read/write" to "read only".

### Value description

Subindex 00<sub>h</sub>

Name Number Of Entries
Data type UNSIGNED8
Access read only

no

PDO mapping

Allowed values

Preset value 10<sub>h</sub>

Subindex  $01_h - 10_h$ 

Name Mapping #1 - #16
Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read only
PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000<sub>h</sub>



# **Description**

Each subindex (1–16) describes a different mapped object.

A mapping entry consists of four bytes, which are structured according to the following graphic.

31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
	Index [16]														
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
	SubIndex [8]										Leng	th [8]			

#### Index [16]

This contains the index of the object to be mapped

#### Subindex [8]

This contains the subindex of the object to be mapped

### Length [8]

This contains the length of the object to be mapped in units of bits.

# 2320h NanoJ Output Data Selection

# **Function**

Describes the object dictionary entries that are copied into the output PDO mapping of the *NanoJ program* after it is executed.

# Object description

Index	2320 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	NanoJ Output Data Selection
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	no
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	
Firmware version	FIR-v1650-B472161
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1436: "Object Name" entry changed from "VMM Output Data Selection" to "NanoJ Output Data Selection".
	Firmware version FIR-v1650-B472161: "Savable" entry changed from "yes, category: application" to "no".
	Firmware version FIR-v1650-B472161: "Access" table entry for subindex 00 changed from "read/write" to "read only".
	Firmware version FIR-v1650-B472161: "Access" table entry for subindex 01 changed from "read/write" to "read only".

### Value description



Name Number Of Entries
Data type UNSIGNED8

no

Access read only

PDO mapping
Allowed values

Preset value 10<sub>h</sub>

Subindex 01<sub>h</sub> - 10<sub>h</sub>

Name Mapping #1 - #16
Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read only

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000<sub>h</sub>

# **Description**

Each subindex (1–16) describes a different mapped object.

A mapping entry consists of four bytes, which are structured according to the following graphic.

31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
	Index [16]														
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
SubIndex [8]										Leng	th [8]				

#### Index [16]

This contains the index of the object to be mapped

### Subindex [8]

This contains the subindex of the object to be mapped

### Length [8]

This contains the length of the object to be mapped in units of bits.

# 2330h NanoJ In/output Data Selection

### **Function**

Describes the object dictionary entries that are first copied to the input PDO mapping of the NanoJ program and, after it is executed, are copied back to the output PDO mapping.

### **Object description**

Index 2330<sub>h</sub>

Object name NanoJ In/output Data Selection

Object Code ARRAY

Data type UNSIGNED32

Savable no

Access read / write

PDO mapping no



Allowed values
Preset value

Firmware version FIR-v1650-B472161

Change history Firmware version FIR-v1436: "Object Name" entry changed from "VMM

In/output Data Selection" to "NanoJ In/output Data Selection".

Firmware version FIR-v1650-B472161: "Savable" entry changed from

"yes, category: application" to "no".

Firmware version FIR-v1650-B472161: "Access" table entry for

subindex 00 changed from "read/write" to "read only".

Firmware version FIR-v1650-B472161: "Access" table entry for

subindex 01 changed from "read/write" to "read only".

# Value description

00 <sub>h</sub>
Number Of Entries
UNSIGNED8
read only
no
10 <sub>h</sub>

Subindex	01 <sub>h</sub> - 10 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Mapping #1 - #16
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000000 <sub>h</sub>

### **Description**

Each subindex (1–16) describes a different mapped object.

A mapping entry consists of four bytes, which are structured according to the following graphic.

31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
	Index [16]														
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
	SubIndex [8]										Leng	th [8]			

#### Index [16]

This contains the index of the object to be mapped

#### Subindex [8]

This contains the subindex of the object to be mapped



#### Length [8]

This contains the length of the object to be mapped in units of bits.

## 2400h NanoJ Inputs

### **Function**

Located here is an array with 32, 32-bit integer values that is not used within the firmware and serves only for communicating with the user program via the fieldbus.

### **Object description**

Index	2400 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	NanoJ Inputs
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	INTEGER32
Savable	no
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	The number of entries was changed from 2 to 33
	Firmware version FIR-v1436: "Object Name" entry changed from "VMM Inputs" to "NanoJ Inputs".
	Firmware version FIR-v1436: "Name" entry changed from "VMM Input N#" to "NanoJ Input N#".

### Value description

Subindex	00 <sub>h</sub>	
Name	Number Of Entries	
Data type	UNSIGNED8	
Access	read only	
PDO mapping	no	
Allowed values		
Preset value	20 <sub>h</sub>	
Subindex	01 20.	
Subindex Name	01 <sub>h</sub> - 20 <sub>h</sub> Nano J Input #1 - #32	
Name	01 <sub>h</sub> - 20 <sub>h</sub> NanoJ Input #1 - #32 INTEGER32	
	NanoJ Input #1 - #32	
Name Data type	NanoJ Input #1 - #32 INTEGER32	
Name Data type Access	NanoJ Input #1 - #32 INTEGER32 read / write	

### **Description**

Here, it is possible to pass, e.g., preset values, to the NanoJ program.



#### 2410h NanoJ Init Parameters

#### **Function**

This object functions identically to object <u>2400</u><sub>h</sub> with the difference that this object can be stored.

### **Object description**

Index 2410<sub>h</sub>

Object name NanoJ Init Parameters

Object Code ARRAY
Data type INTEGER32

Savable yes, category: application

Access read only

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value

Firmware version FIR-v1450

Change history Firmware version FIR-v1450: "Data Type" entry changed from

"INTEGER32" to "UNSIGNED8".

### Value description

Subindex 00<sub>h</sub> Name Num

Name Number Of Entries
Data type UNSIGNED8
Access read only

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 20<sub>h</sub>

Subindex  $01_h - 20_h$ 

Name NanoJ Init Parameter #1 - #32

Data type INTEGER32
Access read / write
PDO mapping RX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000<sub>h</sub>

## 2500h NanoJ Outputs

#### **Function**

Located here is an array with 32, 32-bit integer values that is not used within the firmware and serves only for communicating with the user program via the fieldbus.



## **Object description**

Index 2500<sub>h</sub>

Object name NanoJ Outputs

Object Code ARRAY
Data type INTEGER32

Savable no

Firmware version FIR-v1426

Change history Firmware version FIR-v1436: "Object Name" entry changed from "VMM

Outputs" to "NanoJ Outputs".

Firmware version FIR-v1436: "Name" entry changed from "VMM

Output N#" to "NanoJ Output N#".

### Value description

Subindex 00<sub>h</sub>

Name Number Of Entries
Data type UNSIGNED8
Access read only
PDO mapping no

PDO mapping
Allowed values

Preset value 20<sub>h</sub>

Subindex 01<sub>h</sub> - 20<sub>h</sub>

Name NanoJ Output #1 - #32

Data type INTEGER32
Access read / write
PDO mapping TX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000<sub>h</sub>

#### **Description**

Here, the NanoJ program can store results which can then be read out via the fieldbus.

## 2600h NanoJ Debug Output

#### **Function**

This object contains debug output of a user program.

#### Object description

Index 2600<sub>h</sub>

Object name NanoJ Debug Output

Object Code ARRAY
Data type UNSIGNED8



Savable no

Firmware version FIR-v1426

Change history Firmware version FIR-v1436: "Object Name" entry changed from "VMM

Debug Output" to "NanoJ Debug Output".

### Value description

Subindex  $00_h$ 

Name **Number Of Entries** Data type **UNSIGNED8** Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value  $00_h$ 

Subindex  $01_{h} - 40_{h}$ Name Value #1 - #64 **UNSIGNED8** Data type Access read only PDO mapping no Allowed values

Preset value  $00_h$ 

#### **Description**

Here, the NanoJ program stores the debug output that was called up with the VmmDebugOutputString() and VmmDebugOutputInt().

## 2701h Customer Storage Area

#### **Function**

Data can be deposited and stored in this object.

### **Object description**

Index 2701<sub>h</sub>

Object name Customer Storage Area

Object Code **ARRAY** 

Data type **UNSIGNED32** 

Savable yes, category: customer

Access read only

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value

Firmware version FIR-v1540



Change history Firmware version FIR-v1540: "Data Type" entry changed from

"UNSIGNED32" to "UNSIGNED8".

# Value description

Subindex  $00_{h}$ Number Of Entries Name Data type **UNSIGNED8** Access read only PDO mapping no Allowed values Preset value  $FE_h$ Subindex 01<sub>h</sub> - FE<sub>h</sub> Name Storage #1 - #254 **UNSIGNED32** Data type read / write Access

### 2800h Bootloader And Reboot Settings

no

0000000<sub>h</sub>

#### **Function**

With this object, a reboot of the firmware can be triggered and the short circuiting of the motor windings in boot loader mode switched off and on.

### **Object description**

PDO mapping

Allowed values
Preset value

Index 2800<sub>h</sub> Object name **Bootloader And Reboot Settings** Object Code **ARRAY UNSIGNED32** Data type Savable yes, category: application Access read only PDO mapping no Allowed values Preset value Firmware version FIR-v1540 Change history

#### Value description

Subindex	$00_{h}$



Name	Number Of Entries
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	03 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	01 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Reboot Command
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000000 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	02 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Reboot Delay Time In Ms
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000000 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	03 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Bootloader HW Config
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000000 <sub>h</sub>

### **Description**

The subindices have the following function:

- 01<sub>h</sub>: If the value "746F6F62<sub>h</sub>" is entered here, the firmware is rebooted.
- 02<sub>h</sub>: Time in milliseconds: delays the reboot of the firmware by the respective time.
- 03<sub>h</sub>: Bit 0 can be used to switch short circuiting of the motor windings in boot loader mode off and on:
  - □ Bit 0 = 1: Short circuiting of the motor windings in boot loader mode is switched off.
  - □ Bit 0 = 0: Short circuiting of the motor windings in boot loader mode is switched on.

#### 3202h Motor Drive Submode Select

#### **Function**

Controls the controller mode, such as the changeover between *closed loop / open loop* and whether Velocity Mode is simulated via the S-controller or functions with a real V-controller in *closed loop*.



### **Object description**

Index	3202 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Motor Drive Submode Select
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	yes, category: drive
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	<ul> <li>■ PD6-E891L95-E-65-2: 00000001<sub>h</sub></li> <li>■ PD6-E891L95-ES-65-2: 00000001<sub>h</sub></li> <li>■ PD6-EB80CD-E-65-2: 00000041<sub>h</sub></li> <li>■ PD6-EB80CD-ES-65-2: 00000041<sub>h</sub></li> <li>■ PD6-E891S95-E-65-2: 00000001<sub>h</sub></li> <li>■ PD6-E891M95-E-65-2: 00000001<sub>h</sub></li> <li>■ PD6-E891M95-ES-65-2: 00000001<sub>h</sub></li> <li>■ PD6-E891M95-ES-65-2: 00000001<sub>h</sub></li> <li>■ PD6-EB80SD-E-65-2: 00000041<sub>h</sub></li> <li>■ PD6-EB80SD-ES-65-2: 00000041<sub>h</sub></li> <li>■ PD6-EB80MD-ES-65-2: 00000041<sub>h</sub></li> <li>■ PD6-EB80MD-E-65-2: 00000041<sub>h</sub></li> <li>■ PD6-EB80MD-E-65-2: 00000041<sub>h</sub></li> <li>■ PD6-EB80MD-E-65-2: 00000041<sub>h</sub></li> </ul>
	■ PD6-EB80LD-ES-65-2: 00000041 <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1540: "Savable" entry changed from "yes category: application" to "yes, category: travel".
	Firmware version FIR-v1540: "Savable" entry changed from "yes category: travel" to "yes, category: movement".

### **Description**



### CL/OL

Changeover between open loop and closed loop (see chapter Control modes)

Value = "0": open loopValue = "1": closed loop

Toggling is not possible in the Operation enabled state.

#### VoS

Value = "1": Simulate V-controller with an S-ramp: simulate the speed modes through continuous position changes



#### **Brake**

Value = "1": Switch on automatic brake control.

#### **CurRed (Current Reduction)**

Current reduction in *open loop*: Since version *FIR-v2213*, this remains activated provided that objects 2036<sub>h</sub> and 2037<sub>h</sub> are not both set to "0".

#### **Torque**

only active in operating modes Profile Torque and Cyclic Synchronous Torque

Value = "1": M-controller is active, otherwise a V-controller is superimposed: no V-controller is used in the torque modes for speed limiting, thus object  $\underline{6080_h}$  is ignored;  $\underline{3210_h}$ :3 and  $\underline{3210_h}$ :4 have no effect on the control.

#### **BLDC**

Value = "1": Motor type "BLDC" (brushless DC motor)

#### Slow ( slow speed)

Value = "1": The slow speed mode is activated ( closed loop must already be activated)

#### 3203h Feedback Selection

#### **Function**

In this object, the sources of the presets are defined for the commutation and the velocity and position control.

A value change in the *Operation enabled* state shows no immediate effect. Value changes in objects are buffered and read out upon changing to the *Operation enabled* state.

## **Object description**

Index	3203 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Feedback Selection
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Savable	yes, category: tuning
Access	read only
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	
Firmware version	FIR-v1748-B538662
Change history	

### Value description

Subindex	00 <sub>h</sub>	
Name	Number Of Entries	
Data type	UNSIGNED8	
Access	read only	
PDO mapping	RX-PDO	
Allowed values		



Preset value	03 <sub>h</sub>	
Subindex	01 <sub>h</sub>	
Name	1st Feedback Interface	
Data type	UNSIGNED8	
Access	read / write	
PDO mapping	RX-PDO	
Allowed values		
Preset value	00 <sub>h</sub>	
Subindex	02 <sub>h</sub>	
Name	2nd Feedback Interface	
Data type	UNSIGNED8	
Access	read / write	
PDO mapping	RX-PDO	
Allowed values		
Preset value	00 <sub>h</sub>	
Subindex	03 <sub>h</sub>	
Name	3rd Feedback Interface	
Data type	UNSIGNED8	
Access	read / write	
PDO mapping	RX-PDO	
Allowed values		
Preset value	00 <sub>h</sub>	

### **Description**

The subindices have the following function:

- 00<sub>h</sub>: Value="1" to "n", where "n" is the number of existing feedbacks.
- n<sub>h</sub>:

Subindex n contains a bit mask for the respective feedback n. The bits have the following meaning here:

- Bit 0: If the bit is set to "1", this sensor is used for position feedback.
- Bit 1: If the bit is set to "1", this sensor is used for velocity feedback.
- Bit 2: If the bit is set to "1", this sensor is used for commutation feedback in Closed-Loop.

Subindex 01<sub>h</sub> always corresponds to the first (and always existing) *sensorless* feedback. The order of the remaining feedbacks corresponds to the table in chapter <u>Configuring the sensors</u>.

Which sensor the controller takes into account for the individual controllers (commutation, velocity, position) is implicitly specified by the order of the sensors.

The search always begins with sensor 2 and continues in ascending order until all existing sensors have been queried. If a sensor is found whose feedback is set, it is assigned to the corresponding controller and the search ended.





#### **NOTICE**

If bit 0 in 3202<sub>h</sub> is set to "0", *closed loop* is deactivated; bit 2 (commutation) then has no meaning. Bit 1 for the velocity and bit 0 for the position in the respective subindices are still used for the display of the actual position and speed values.

# 3204h Feedback Mapping

### **Function**

This object contains information on the existing feedbacks.

## **Object description**

Index	3204 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Feedback Mapping
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	UNSIGNED16
Savable	no
Access	read only
PDO mapping	TX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	
Firmware version	FIR-v1748-B538662
Change history	

### Value description

Subindex	00 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Number Of Entries
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	TX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	03 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	01 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Index Of 1st Feedback Interface
Data type	UNSIGNED16
Access	read only
PDO mapping	TX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	3380 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	02 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Index Of 2nd Feedback Interface

#### 10 Description of the object dictionary



Data type UNSIGNED16
Access read only
PDO mapping TX-PDO

PDO mapping Allowed values

Preset value 33A0<sub>h</sub>

Subindex 03<sub>h</sub>

Name Index Of 3rd Feedback Interface

Data type UNSIGNED16
Access read only
PDO mapping TX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 33A1<sub>h</sub>

### **Description**

The subindices have the following function:

■ 00<sub>h</sub>: Value="1" to "n", where "n" is the number of existing feedbacks.

■ n<sub>h</sub>:

Subindex n refers to the index of the respective object for the configuration of the corresponding feedback.

Subindex 01<sub>h</sub> always corresponds to the first (and always existing) *sensorless* feedback. The order of the remaining feedbacks corresponds to the table in chapter <u>Configuring the sensors</u>.

## 320Dh Torque Of Inertia Factor

#### **Function**

This factor is used for calculating the acceleration feed forward (see <u>321D</u>). Default is 0 (feed forward inactive).

Acceleration feed forward applies during deceleration as well.

## **Object description**

Index 320D<sub>h</sub>

Object name Torque Of Inertia Factor

Object Code ARRAY

Data type UNSIGNED32 Savable yes, category: drive

Access read only PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value

Firmware version FIR-v1825-B577172

Change history



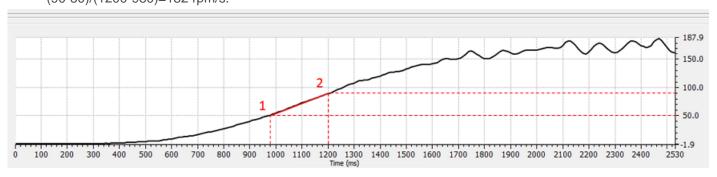
### Value description

Subindex	00 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Number Of Entries
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	02 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	01 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Current
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000000 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	02 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Acceleration
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>

#### **Description**

The value is dependent on the inertia of the load. To determine the factor:

- 1. Activate <u>closed loop</u> and select the <u>profile torque</u> mode.
- 2. Set a target for the torque and enter the corresponding current value (mA) in 320D<sub>h</sub>:01<sub>h</sub>.
- 3. Record (e. g., in *Plug & Drive Studio*) the current speed (object 606C<sub>h</sub>). Calculate the acceleration in the set <u>user-defined units</u> for the speed range, where this is constant. Enter the value in 320D<sub>h</sub>:02<sub>h</sub>. Using the speed curve in the following figure as an example: (90-50)/(1200-980)=182 rpm/s.





#### 3210h Motor Drive Parameter Set

#### **Function**

Contains the P and I components of the current, speed and position controllers for *open-loop* (only current controller activated) and *closed-loop*.

### **Object description**

Index 3210<sub>h</sub>

Object name Motor Drive Parameter Set

Object Code ARRAY

Data type UNSIGNED32

Savable yes, category: application

Access read only PDO mapping RX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value

Firmware version FIR-v1426

Change history Firmware version FIR-v1626: "Name" entry changed from "S P" to

"Position Loop, Proportional Gain (closed-loop)".

Firmware version FIR-v1626: "Name" entry changed from "S\_I" to

"Position Loop, Integral Gain (closed-loop)".

Firmware version FIR-v1626: "Name" entry changed from "V\_P" to "Velocity Loop, Proportional Gain (closed-loop)".

Firmware version FIR-v1626: "Name" entry changed from "V\_I" to "Velocity Loop, Integral Gain (closed-loop)".

Firmware version FIR-v1626: "Name" entry changed from "Id\_P" to "Flux Current Loop, Proportional Gain (closed-loop)".

Firmware version FIR-v1626: "Name" entry changed from "Id\_I" to "Flux Current Loop, Integral Gain (closed-loop)".

Firmware version FIR-v1626: "Name" entry changed from "Iq\_P" to "Torque Current Loop, Proportional Gain (closed-loop)".

Firmware version FIR-v1626: "Name" entry changed from "Iq\_I" to "Torque Current Loop, Integral Gain (closed-loop)".

Firmware version FIR-v1626: "Name" entry changed from "I\_P" to "Torque Current Loop, Proportional Gain (dspDrive – Stepper Motor, open-loop)".

Firmware version FIR-v1626: "Name" entry changed from "I\_I" to "Torque Current Loop, Integral Gain (dspDrive – Stepper Motor, open-loop)".

Firmware version FIR-v1650-B472161: "Name" entry changed from "Torque Current Loop, Proportional Gain (dspDrive – Stepper Motor, open-loop)" to "Torque Current Loop, Proportional Gain (open-loop)".

Firmware version FIR-v1650-B472161: "Name" entry changed from "Torque Current Loop, Integral Gain (dspDrive – Stepper Motor, open-loop)" to "Torque Current Loop, Integral Gain (open-loop)".

Firmware version FIR-v1650-B472161: "Data type" entry changed from "INTEGER32" to "UNSIGNED32".

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Firmware version FIR-v1650-B472161: "Data type" entry changed from "INTEGER32" to "UNSIGNED32".

Firmware version FIR-v1738-B501312: The number of entries was changed from 11 to 13.

Firmware version FIR-v1738-B501312: "PDO mapping" table entry for subindex 00 to 0A changed from "no" to "RX-PDO".

## Value description

Subindex	00 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Number Of Entries
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	$0C_h$
Subindex	01 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Position Loop, Proportional Gain (closed Loop)
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000800 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	02 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Position Loop, Integral Gain (closed Loop)
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	03 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Velocity Loop, Proportional Gain (closed Loop)
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00002EE0 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	04 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Velocity Loop, Integral Gain (closed Loop)

#### 10 Description of the object dictionary



Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write
PDO mapping RX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 0000001E<sub>h</sub>

Subindex 05<sub>h</sub>

Name Flux Current Loop, Proportional Gain (closed Loop)

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write
PDO mapping RX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 00881EE0<sub>h</sub>

Subindex 06<sub>h</sub>

Name Flux Current Loop, Integral Gain (closed Loop)

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write
PDO mapping RX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 0007C740<sub>h</sub>

Subindex 07<sub>h</sub>

Name Torque Current Loop, Proportional Gain (closed Loop)

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write
PDO mapping RX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 00881EE0<sub>h</sub>

Subindex 08<sub>h</sub>

Name Torque Current Loop, Integral Gain (closed Loop)

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write
PDO mapping RX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 0007C740<sub>h</sub>

Subindex 09<sub>h</sub>

Name Torque Current Loop, Proportional Gain (open Loop)

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write
PDO mapping RX-PDO



Allowed values					
Preset value	004DC880 <sub>h</sub>				
Subindex	0A <sub>h</sub>				
Name	Torque Current Loop, Integral Gain (open Loop)				
Data type	UNSIGNED32				
Access	read / write				
PDO mapping	RX-PDO				
Allowed values					
Preset value	001D2B30 <sub>h</sub>				
Subindex	0B <sub>h</sub>				
Name	Velocity Feed Forward Factor In Per Mille				
Data type	UNSIGNED32				
Access	read / write				
PDO mapping	RX-PDO				
Allowed values					
Preset value	000003E8 <sub>h</sub>				
Subindex	0C <sub>h</sub>				
Name	Acceleration Feed Forward Factor				
Data type	UNSIGNED32				
Access	read / write				
PDO mapping	RX-PDO				
Allowed values					
Preset value	00000000 <sub>h</sub>				

#### **Description**

- Subindex 00<sub>h</sub>: Number of entries
- Subindex 01<sub>h</sub>: Proportional component of the S-controller (position)
- Subindex 02<sub>h</sub>: Integral component of the S-controller (position)
- Subindex 03<sub>h</sub>: Proportional component of the V-controller (speed)
- Subindex 04<sub>h</sub>: Integral component of the V-controller (speed)
- Subindex 05<sub>h</sub>: (Closed loop) Proportional component of the current controller of the field-forming component
- Subindex 06<sub>h</sub>: (Closed loop) Integral component of the current controller of the field-forming component
- Subindex 07<sub>h</sub>: (Closed loop) Proportional component of the current controller of the torque-forming component
- Subindex 08<sub>h</sub>: (Closed loop) Integral component of the current controller of the torque-forming component
- Subindex 09<sub>h</sub>: (Open loop) Proportional component of the current controller of the field-building component
- Subindex 0A<sub>h</sub>: (Open loop) Integral component of the current controller of the field-forming component
- Subindex 0B<sub>h</sub>: (Closed loop) Speed feed forward in tenths of a percent. Default is 1000 and, thus, a factor of 1.
- Subindex 0C<sub>h</sub>: (Closed loop) Acceleration feed forward. Default is 0 (feed forward inactive). It applies during deceleration as well.



### 3212h Motor Drive Flags

#### **Function**

This object is used to specify whether or not <u>auto setup</u> is to adapt the controller parameters. In addition, the direction of the rotary field and the objects for the control parameters can be changed.



#### NOTICE

Changes in subindex 02<sub>h</sub> do not take effect until after the controller is restarted. Afterwards, <u>Auto setup</u> must again be performed.

## **Object description**

Index 3212<sub>h</sub>

Object name Motor Drive Flags

Object Code ARRAY
Data type INTEGER8

Savable yes, category: application

Access read only

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value

Firmware version FIR-v1450

Change history Firmware version FIR-v1512: The number of entries was changed from

2 to 3.

Firmware version FIR-v1738-B501312: "Name" entry changed from

"Enable Legacy Power Mode" to "Reserved".

Firmware version FIR-v2213: The number of entries was changed from

3 to 4.

### Value description

Subindex 00<sub>h</sub>

Name Number Of Entries
Data type UNSIGNED8
Access read only

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 04<sub>h</sub>

Subindex 01<sub>h</sub>

Name Reserved
Data type INTEGER8
Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values



Preset value	00 <sub>h</sub>					
Subindex	02 <sub>h</sub>					
Name	Override Field Inversion					
Data type	INTEGER8					
Access	read / write					
PDO mapping	no					
Allowed values						
Preset value	00 <sub>h</sub>					
Subindex	03 <sub>h</sub>					
Name	Auto-setup With Current Controller Parameters From The OD					
Data type	INTEGER8					
Access	read / write					
PDO mapping	no					
Allowed values						
Preset value	00 <sub>h</sub>					
Subindex	04 <sub>h</sub>					
Name	Use 321Ah, 321Bh, 321Ch, 321Dh, Instead Of 3210h					
Data type	INTEGER8					
Access	read / write					
PDO mapping	no					
Allowed values						
Preset value	01 <sub>h</sub>					

#### **Description**

Valid values for subindex 02h:

- Value = "0": Use default values of the firmware
- Value = "1": Force non-inversion of the rotating field (mathematically positive)
- Value = "-1": Force inversion of the rotating field (mathematically negative)

Valid values for subindex 03<sub>h</sub>:

- Value = "0": <u>Auto setup</u> detects the motor type (stepper motor or BLDC motor) and uses the corresponding pre-configured parameter set.
- Value = "1": Perform <u>auto setup</u> with the control parameters that were entered in object <u>3210</u><sub>h</sub> or 321A<sub>h</sub> to 321E<sub>h</sub> before the auto setup. The control parameters are not changed.

Valid values for subindex 04h:

- Value = "0": The old control parameters from object  $\underline{3210}_h$  are used.
- Value = "1": The new control parameters (see <u>Controller structure</u>) are used.



#### 321Ah Current Controller Parameters

#### **Function**

Contains the parameters for the current controller (commutation). As a rule, the values for Iq (subindex  $01_h/02_h$ ) and Id (subindex  $03_h/04_h$ ) should be the same. See chapter <u>Controller structure</u>.

### **Object description**

Index 321A<sub>h</sub> Object name **Current Controller Parameters** Object Code **ARRAY UNSIGNED32** Data type Savable yes, category: application Access read only PDO mapping no Allowed values Preset value Firmware version FIR-v2213-B1028181 Change history

#### Value description

Subindex	00 <sub>h</sub>	
Name	Number Of Entries	
Data type	UNSIGNED8	
Access	read only	
PDO mapping	no	
Allowed values		
Preset value	04 <sub>b</sub>	

Subindex  $01_h$ Name Proportional Gain Kp For Iq [mV/A] Data type **UNSIGNED32** read / write Access PDO mapping no Allowed values Preset value PD6-E891L95-E-65-2: 00002A30<sub>h</sub> PD6-E891L95-ES-65-2: 00002A30h PD6-EB80CD-E-65-2: 00000258<sub>h</sub> PD6-EB80CD-ES-65-2: 00000258<sub>h</sub> ■ PD6-E891S95-E-65-2: 00000820<sub>h</sub> ■ PD6-E891S95-ES-65-2: 00000820<sub>h</sub> PD6-E891M95-E-65-2: 000020D0<sub>h</sub> ■ PD6-E891M95-ES-65-2: 000020D0<sub>h</sub>

PD6-EB80SD-E-65-2: 00000A28<sub>h</sub>
 PD6-EB80SD-ES-65-2: 00000A28<sub>h</sub>
 PD6-EB80MD-ES-65-2: 000004B0<sub>h</sub>



PD6-EB80MD-E-65-2: 000004B0<sub>h</sub>
 PD6-EB80LD-E-65-2: 00000320<sub>h</sub>

■ PD6-EB80LD-ES-65-2: 00000320<sub>h</sub>

Subindex 02<sub>h</sub>

Name Integrator Time Ti For Iq [μs]

no

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write

PDO mapping
Allowed values

Preset value

PD6-E891L95-E-65-2: 00002891<sub>h</sub>

PD6-E891L95-ES-65-2: 00002891<sub>h</sub>

■ PD6-EB80CD-E-65-2: 00001207<sub>h</sub>

PD6-EB80CD-ES-65-2: 00001207<sub>h</sub>

PD6-E891S95-E-65-2: 00001450<sub>h</sub>

PD6-E891S95-ES-65-2: 00001450<sub>h</sub>

■ PD6-E891M95-E-65-2: 000023AA<sub>h</sub>

■ PD6-E891M95-ES-65-2: 000023AA<sub>h</sub>

■ PD6-EB80SD-E-65-2: 00001223<sub>h</sub>

PD6-EB80SD-ES-65-2: 00001223<sub>h</sub>

PD6-EB80MD-ES-65-2: 00001770<sub>h</sub>

PD6-EB80MD-E-65-2: 00001770<sub>h</sub>

PD6-EB80LD-E-65-2: 00001262<sub>h</sub>

■ PD6-EB80LD-ES-65-2: 00001262h

Subindex 03<sub>h</sub>

Name Proportional Gain Kp For Id [mV/A]

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value

■ PD6-E891L95-E-65-2: 00002A30<sub>h</sub>

PD6-E891L95-ES-65-2: 00002A30<sub>h</sub>

■ PD6-EB80CD-E-65-2: 00000258<sub>h</sub>

PD6-EB80CD-ES-65-2: 00000258<sub>h</sub>

PD6-E891S95-E-65-2: 00000820<sub>h</sub>

PD6-E891S95-ES-65-2: 00000820<sub>h</sub>

■ PD6-E891M95-E-65-2: 000020D0<sub>h</sub>

■ PD6-E891M95-ES-65-2: 000020D0<sub>h</sub>

■ PD6-EB80SD-E-65-2: 00000A28<sub>h</sub>

■ PD6-EB80SD-ES-65-2: 00000A28<sub>h</sub>

PD6-EB80MD-ES-65-2: 000004B0<sub>h</sub>

■ PD6-EB80MD-E-65-2: 000004B0<sub>h</sub>

PD6-EB80LD-E-65-2: 00000320<sub>h</sub>

PD6-EB80LD-ES-65-2: 00000320<sub>h</sub>



Subindex 04<sub>h</sub>

Name Integrator Time Ti For Id [µs]

Data type UNSIGNED32 Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value

■ PD6-E891L95-E-65-2: 00002891<sub>h</sub>

PD6-E891L95-ES-65-2: 00002891<sub>h</sub>

■ PD6-EB80CD-E-65-2: 00001207<sub>h</sub>

PD6-EB80CD-ES-65-2: 00001207<sub>h</sub>

■ PD6-E891S95-E-65-2: 00001450<sub>h</sub>

■ PD6-E891S95-ES-65-2: 00001450<sub>h</sub>

■ PD6-E891M95-E-65-2: 000023AA<sub>h</sub>

■ PD6-E891M95-ES-65-2: 000023AA<sub>h</sub>

■ PD6-EB80SD-E-65-2: 00001223<sub>h</sub>

PD6-EB80SD-ES-65-2: 00001223<sub>h</sub>

PD6-EB80MD-ES-65-2: 00001770<sub>h</sub>

PD6-EB80MD-E-65-2: 00001770<sub>h</sub>
 PD6-EB80LD-E-65-2: 00001262<sub>h</sub>

■ PD6-EB80LD-ES-65-2: 00001262<sub>h</sub>

### 321Bh Velocity Controller Parameters

#### **Function**

Contains the parameters for the velocity controller. See chapter Controller structure.

### **Object description**

Index 321B<sub>h</sub>

Object name Velocity Controller Parameters

Object Code ARRAY

Data type UNSIGNED32

Savable yes, category: application

Access read only

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value

Firmware version FIR-v2213-B1028181

Change history

### Value description

Subindex 00<sub>h</sub>

Name Number Of Entries
Data type UNSIGNED8
Access read only

PDO mapping no

#### 10 Description of the object dictionary



Allowed values

Preset value 02<sub>h</sub>

Subindex 01<sub>h</sub>

Name Proportional Gain Kp [mA/Hz]

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value

■ PD6-E891L95-E-65-2: 00000140<sub>h</sub>

PD6-E891L95-ES-65-2: 00000140<sub>h</sub>

PD6-EB80CD-E-65-2: 00000280<sub>h</sub>

PD6-EB80CD-ES-65-2: 00000280<sub>h</sub>

PD6-E891S95-E-65-2: 00000140<sub>h</sub>

PD6-E891S95-ES-65-2: 00000140<sub>h</sub>

PD6-E891M95-E-65-2: 00000140<sub>h</sub>

PD6-E891M95-ES-65-2: 00000140<sub>h</sub>

PD6-EB80SD-E-65-2: 00000280h

PD6-EB80SD-ES-65-2: 00000280<sub>h</sub>

PD6-EB80MD-ES-65-2: 00000280<sub>h</sub>

PD6-EB80MD-E-65-2: 00000280<sub>h</sub>

PD6-EB80LD-E-65-2: 00000280<sub>h</sub>

PD6-EB80LD-ES-65-2: 00000280<sub>h</sub>

Subindex 02<sub>h</sub>

Name Integrator Time Ti [µs]

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value

■ PD6-E891L95-E-65-2: 00007A12h

PD6-E891L95-ES-65-2: 00007A12<sub>h</sub>

■ PD6-EB80CD-E-65-2: 0000F424<sub>h</sub>

PD6-EB80CD-ES-65-2: 0000F424<sub>h</sub>

PD6-E891S95-E-65-2: 00007A12h

PD6-E891S95-ES-65-2: 00007A12<sub>h</sub>

■ PD6-E891M95-E-65-2: 00007A12<sub>h</sub>

PD6-E891M95-ES-65-2: 00007A12h

■ PD6-EB80SD-E-65-2: 0000F424<sub>h</sub>

PD6-EB80SD-ES-65-2: 0000F424h

PD6-EB80MD-ES-65-2: 0000F424<sub>h</sub>

PD6-EB80MD-E-65-2: 0000F424<sub>h</sub>

■ PD6-EB80LD-E-65-2: 0000F424<sub>h</sub>

PD6-EB80LD-ES-65-2: 0000F424<sub>h</sub>



#### 321Ch Position Controller Parameters

#### **Function**

Contains the parameters for the position controller. See chapter Controller structure.

#### **Object description**

Index 321C<sub>h</sub>

Object name Position Controller Parameters

Object Code ARRAY

Data type UNSIGNED32

Savable yes, category: application

Access read only

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value

Firmware version FIR-v2213-B1028181

Change history

### Value description

Subindex	00 <sub>h</sub>

Name Number Of Entries
Data type UNSIGNED8
Access read only

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 02<sub>h</sub>

Subindex 01<sub>h</sub>

Name Proportional Gain Kp [Hz]

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value

■ PD6-E891L95-E-65-2: 00000166<sub>h</sub>

■ PD6-E891L95-ES-65-2: 00000166<sub>h</sub>

■ PD6-EB80CD-E-65-2: 0000001D<sub>h</sub>

■ PD6-EB80CD-ES-65-2: 0000001D<sub>h</sub>

■ PD6-E891S95-E-65-2: 00000166<sub>h</sub>

■ PD6-E891S95-ES-65-2: 00000166<sub>h</sub>

■ PD6-E891M95-E-65-2: 00000166<sub>h</sub>

PD6-E891M95-ES-65-2: 00000166<sub>h</sub>

■ PD6-EB80SD-E-65-2: 0000001D<sub>h</sub>

■ PD6-EB80SD-ES-65-2: 0000001D<sub>h</sub>

PD6-EB80MD-ES-65-2: 0000001D<sub>h</sub>

PD6-EB80MD-E-65-2: 0000001D<sub>h</sub>



■ PD6-EB80LD-E-65-2: 0000001D<sub>h</sub>

■ PD6-EB80LD-ES-65-2: 0000001Dh

Subindex 02<sub>h</sub>

Name Integrator Time Ti [µs]

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000<sub>h</sub>

#### 321Dh Pre-control

#### **Function**

Contains the parameters for the feed forward. See chapter Controller structure.

#### **Object description**

 $\begin{array}{lll} \text{Index} & & 321 D_h \\ \text{Object name} & & \text{Pre-control} \\ \text{Object Code} & & \text{ARRAY} \\ \end{array}$ 

Data type UNSIGNED32

Savable yes, category: application

Access read only

PDO mapping no

Allowed values
Preset value

Firmware version FIR-v2213-B1028181

Change history Firmware version FIR-v2315-B1040535: "Data type" entry changed

from "UNSIGNED32" to "UNSIGNED16".

Firmware version FIR-v2315-B1040535: "Data type" entry changed

from "UNSIGNED32" to "UNSIGNED16".

Firmware version FIR-v2315-B1040535: "Data type" entry changed

from "UNSIGNED32" to "UNSIGNED16".

Firmware version FIR-v2315-B1040535: "Data type" entry changed

from "UNSIGNED32" to "UNSIGNED16".

### Value description

Subindex 00<sub>h</sub>

Name Number Of Entries
Data type UNSIGNED8
Access read only

no

PDO mapping

Allowed values



Preset value	03 <sub>h</sub>						
Subindex	01 <sub>h</sub>						
Name	Voltage Pre-control [‰]						
Data type	UNSIGNED32						
Access	read / write						
PDO mapping	no						
Allowed values							
Preset value	000003E8 <sub>h</sub>						
Subindex	02 <sub>h</sub>						
Name	Acceleration Pre-control [‰]						
Data type	UNSIGNED32						
Access	read / write						
PDO mapping	no						
Allowed values							
Preset value	000003E8 <sub>h</sub>						
Subindex	03 <sub>h</sub>						
Name	Velocity Pre-control [%]						
Data type	UNSIGNED32						
Access	read / write						
PDO mapping	no						
Allowed values							
Preset value 000003E8 <sub>h</sub>							

# 321Eh Voltage Limit

### **Function**

Maximum permissible PWM voltage (duty cycle). Values ≤ 1000 are interpreted as per mil values (of the available voltage). Values > 1000 as millivolt. See also chapter Controller structure.

### **Object description**

Index	321E <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Voltage Limit
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	000186A0 <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v2213-B1028181
Change history	



### **Description**

Also dependent on this value is whether the *overmodulation* of the voltage vector is used. If *overmodulation* is used, a higher torque can be achieved. The resulting voltage is no longer sinusoidal, which can result in harmonics and higher losses.

Value in mV	Overmodulation
1001U <sub>o_low</sub>	None; the voltage vector describes a circle.
$U_{o\_low}U_{o\_high}$	The voltage vector describes a circle that is increasingly flattened on four/six sides in proportion to the set value.
≥U <sub>o_high</sub>	Full; the voltage vector describes a square or a hexagon.

# $U_{o\_low}$

The lowest voltage above which overmodulation occurs. Is calculated as follows:

Operating voltage\*0.9425

## $U_{o\_high}$

The maximum overmodulation occurs above this voltage. Is calculated as follows:

With two-phase stepper motors: operating voltage\*1.063

With three-phase BLDC motors: operating voltage\*0.99

### 3220h Analog Input Digits

#### **Function**

Displays the instantaneous values of the analog inputs in ADC digits.

With object 3221<sub>h</sub>, the respective analog input can be configured as current or voltage input.

### **Object description**

Index	3220 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Analog Input Digits
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	INTEGER16
Savable	no
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

### Value description

Subindex	00 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Number Of Analog Input Digits
Data type	UNSIGNED8

#### 10 Description of the object dictionary



Access read only

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 01<sub>h</sub>

Subindex 01<sub>h</sub>

Name Analog Input #1 Digit

Data type INTEGER16
Access read only
PDO mapping TX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 0000<sub>h</sub>

### **Description**

Formulas for converting from [digits] to the respective unit:

■ Voltage input: x digits \* 10 V / 1023 digits

■ Current input (if configurable): x digits \* 20 mA / 1023 digits

## 3221h Analog Inputs Control

#### **Function**

With this object, an analog input can be switched from voltage measurement to current measurement if permitted by the hardware (see technical data).

### **Object description**

Index 3221<sub>h</sub>

Object name Analog Inputs Control

Object Code VARIABLE
Data type INTEGER32

Savable yes, category: application

Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000<sub>h</sub> Firmware version FIR-v1426

Change history

#### **Description**

31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
														AC2	AC1



In general: If a bit is set to the value "0", the analog input measures the voltage; if the bit is set to the value "1", the current is measured.

AC1

Setting for analog input 1

AC2

Setting for analog input 2

## 3225h Analog Input Switches

#### **Function**

This object contains the value of the rotary switch that is used to configure the address of the controller . The switch position is only read during a restart one time.

### **Object description**

Index	3225 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Analog Input Switches
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	UNSIGNED16
Savable	no
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	

Allowed values
Preset value

Firmware version FIR-v1436

Change history Firmware version FIR-v1436: "PDO mapping" table entry for subindex

01 changed from "RX-PDO" to "TX-PDO".

### Value description

Subindex	00 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Number Of Entries
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	01 <sub>h</sub>

Subindex 01<sub>h</sub>

Name Analog Input Switch #1

Data type UNSIGNED16

Access read only

PDO mapping TX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 0000<sub>h</sub>



### **Description**

If the controller is equipped with a rotary switch, the value of the rotary switch is displayed in subindex  $01_h$ . If the controller is equipped with two rotary switches, the value of the rotary switch is displayed in subindex  $01_h$ , which consists of switch 1 and 2.

# 3240h Digital Inputs Control

#### **Function**

With this object, digital inputs can be manipulated as described in chapter Digital inputs and outputs.

### **Object description**

Index	3240 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Digital Inputs Control
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	yes, category: application
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1426: Subindex 01 <sub>h</sub> : "Name" entry changed from "Special Function Disable" to "Special Function Enable"
	Firmware version FIR-v1512: The number of entries was changed from 8 to 9.

### Value description

Data type

Access

Subindex	00 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Number Of Entries
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	08 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	01 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Special Function Enable
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000000 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	02 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Function Inverted

Version: 1.1.1 / FIR-v2213 317

**UNSIGNED32** 

read / write

# 10 Description of the object dictionary



PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000000 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	03 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Force Enable
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000000 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	04 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Force Value
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	0000000
Preset value	00000000 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	05 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Raw Value
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000000 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	06 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Input Range Select
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000000 <sub>h</sub>
Cubindo	07
Subindex Name	07 <sub>h</sub> Differential Select
	UNSIGNED32
Data type Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	IX-T DO
Allowed values	

Version: 1.1.1 / FIR-v2213

Preset value

 $00000000_{h}$ 



Subindex	08 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Routing Enable
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000000 <sub>h</sub>

### **Description**

The subindices have the following function:

3240<sub>h</sub>:01<sub>h</sub> (Special Function Enable): This bit allows special functions of an input to be switched off (value "0") or on (value "1"). If input 1 is not used as, e.g., a negative limit switch, the special function must be switched off to prevent an erroneous response to the signal generator. The object has no effect on bits 16 to 31.

The firmware evaluates the following bits:

- □ Bit 0: Negative limit switch
- □ Bit 1: Positive limit switch
- □ Bit 2: Home switch
- □ Bit 3: Interlock

If, for example, two limit switches and one home switch are used, bits 0–2 in 3240h:01h must be set to "1".

- 3240<sub>h</sub>:02<sub>h</sub> (Function Inverted): This subindex switches from normally open logic (a logical high level at the input yields the value "1" in object 60FD<sub>h</sub>) to normally closed logic (the logical high level at the input yields the value "0").
  - This applies for the special functions (except for the clock and direction inputs) and for the normal inputs. If the bit has the value "0", normally open logic applies; for the value "1", normally closed logic applies. Bit 0 changes the logic of input 1, bit 1 changes the logic of input 2, etc.
- 3240<sub>h</sub>:03<sub>h</sub> (Force Enable): This subindex switches on the software simulation of input values if the corresponding bit is set to "1".
  - In this case, the actual values are no longer used in object 3240<sub>h</sub>:04<sub>h</sub>, but rather the set values for the respective input. Bit 0 corresponds to input 1 here, bit 1 to input 2, etc.
- $3240_h:04_h$  (Force Value): This bit specifies the value that is to be read as the input value if the same bit was set in object  $3240_h:03_h$ .
- 3240<sub>h</sub>:05<sub>h</sub> (Raw Value): This object contains the unmodified input value.
- 3240<sub>h</sub>:06<sub>h</sub> (Input Range Select): This can be used to switch inputs that are equipped with this function from the switching threshold of 5 V (bit is "0") to the switching threshold of 24 V (bit is "1"). Bit 0 corresponds to input 1 here, bit 1 to input 2, etc.
- 3240<sub>h</sub>:07<sub>h</sub> (Differential Select): With the inputs, this subindex switches between "single-ended input" (value "0" in the subindex) and "differential input" (value "1" in the subindex) once for all inputs.
- 3240<sub>h</sub>:08<sub>h</sub> (Routing Enable): The value "1" in this subindex activates <u>Input Routing</u>.

## 3242h Digital Input Routing

#### **Function**

This object determines the source of the input routing that ends in 60FD<sub>h</sub>.

### **Object description**

Index	3242 <sub>h</sub>	
Object name	Digital Input Routing	
Object Code	ARRAY	



Data type UNSIGNED8

Savable yes, category: application

Access read only

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value

Firmware version FIR-v1504

Change history

### Value description

Subindex 00<sub>h</sub>

Name Number Of Entries
Data type UNSIGNED8
Access read only
PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 20<sub>h</sub>

Subindex 01<sub>h</sub> - 20<sub>h</sub>

Name Input Source For Bit #1 - #32

Data type UNSIGNED8
Access read / write
PDO mapping TX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 00<sub>h</sub>

# 3243h Digital Input Homing Capture

#### **Function**

With this object, the current position can be noted automatically if a level change occurs at the digital input that is used for the home switch.



#### **NOTICE**

Do not use this function in combination with a homing operation. The homing operation cannot otherwise be successfully completed.

## **Object description**

Index 3243<sub>h</sub>

Object name Digital Input Homing Capture

Object Code ARRAY

Data type UNSIGNED32

Savable yes, category: application

### 10 Description of the object dictionary



Access read only

PDO mapping no

Allowed values
Preset value

Firmware version FIR-v1738-B501312

Change history

### Value description

Subindex 00<sub>h</sub>

Name Number Of Entries
Data type UNSIGNED8
Access read only

no

PDO mapping
Allowed values

Preset value 04<sub>h</sub>

Subindex 01<sub>h</sub>
Name Control

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write
PDO mapping RX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000<sub>h</sub>

Subindex 02<sub>h</sub>

Name Capture Count
Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write
PDO mapping RX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000<sub>h</sub>

Subindex 03<sub>h</sub>
Name Value

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write
PDO mapping RX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000<sub>h</sub>

Subindex 04<sub>h</sub>

Name Sensor Raw Value

#### 10 Description of the object dictionary



Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write
PDO mapping RX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000<sub>h</sub>

### **Description**

Subindex 01<sub>h</sub>: This is used to select the type of level change:

Deactivate function: Value "0"
With rising edge: Value "1"
With falling edge: Value "2"
Both edges: Value "3"

- Subindex 02<sub>h</sub>: Specifies the number of the noted level changes since the time the function was started; is reset to 0 if subindex 01<sub>h</sub> is set to 1,2 or 3
- Subindex 03<sub>h</sub>: Encoder position of the level change (in absolute user units from 6064<sub>h</sub>)
- Subindex 04<sub>h</sub>: Encoder position of the level change

## 3250h Digital Outputs Control

#### **Function**

This object can be used to control the digital outputs as described in chapter "Digital inputs and outputs".

The following applies for all subindices:

- Bits 0 to 15 control the special functions.
- Bits 16 to 31 control the level of the outputs.

## Object description

Index	3250 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Digital Outputs Control
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1426: Subindex 01 <sub>h</sub> : "Name" entry changed from "Special Function Disable" to "Special Function Enable"
	Firmware version FIR-v1446: "Name" entry changed from "Special Function Enable" to "No Function".
	Firmware version FIR-v1512: The number of entries was changed from 6 to 9.

Firmware version FIR-v2039: Subindex 09 added



# Value description

Subindex	00 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Number Of Entries
	UNSIGNED8
Data type	
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	09 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	01 <sub>h</sub>
Name	No Function
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000000 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	02 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Function Inverted
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000000 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	03 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Force Enable
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	04 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Force Value
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000000 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	05 <sub>h</sub>



Name	Raw Value
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000000 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	06 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Reserved1
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000000 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	07 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Reserved2
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000000 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	08 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Routing Enable
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000000 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	09 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Enable Mask [Bit0=StatusLed, Bit1=ErrorLed]
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	FFFFFFF <sub>h</sub>

## **Description**

The subindices have the following function:

- 01<sub>h</sub>: No function.
- 02<sub>h</sub>: This subindex is used to invert the logic (from normally closed logic to normally open logic).



- 03<sub>h</sub>: This subindex is used to force the output value if the bit has the value "1". The level of the output is defined in subindex 4<sub>h</sub>.
- 04<sub>h</sub>: This subindex is used to define the level to be applied to the output. The value "0" returns a logical low level at the digital output; the value "1", on the other hand, returns a logical high level.
- 05<sub>h</sub>: The bit combination applied to the outputs is stored in this subindex.
- 08<sub>h</sub>: If the subindex is set to "1", *Output Routing* is activated.



#### **NOTICE**

Entries  $\underline{3250}_h:01_h$  to  $\underline{3250}:04_h$  then have no function until Output Routing is again switched off.

■ 09<sub>h</sub>: For switching control of the <u>Power LED</u> on/off. If bit 0 is set to "1", the green LED is activated (flashes in normal operation). If bit 1 is set to "1", the red LED is activated (flashes in case of an error). If the bit is set to "0", the respective LED remains off.

## 3252h Digital Output Routing

#### **Function**

This object assigns a signal source to an output; this signal source can be controlled with  $\underline{60FE}_h$ . You can find details in chapter *Output Routing*.

### Object description

Index	3252 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Digital Output Routing
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	UNSIGNED16
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	
Firmware version	FIR-v1540
Change history	

## Value description

Subindex	00 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Number Of Entries
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	03 <sub>h</sub>

Subindex 01<sub>h</sub>

Name Control Bit Of 60FEh:1h And Source For Brake Output

Data type UNSIGNED16
Access read / write



326

PDO mapping TX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 1080<sub>h</sub>

Subindex 02<sub>h</sub>

Name Control Bit Of 60FEh:1h And Source For Output #1

Data type UNSIGNED16
Access read / write
PDO mapping TX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 0090<sub>h</sub>

Subindex 03<sub>h</sub>

Name Control Bit Of 60FEh:1h And Source For Output #2

Data type UNSIGNED16
Access read / write
PDO mapping TX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 0091<sub>h</sub>

## 3320h Analog Input Values

## **Function**

This object displays the instantaneous values of the analog inputs in user-defined units.

## **Object description**

Index 3320<sub>h</sub>

Object name Analog Input Values

Object Code ARRAY
Data type INTEGER32

Savable no

Access read only

PDO mapping no

Allowed values
Preset value

Firmware version FIR-v1426

Change history

## Value description

Subindex 00<sub>h</sub>

Name Number Of Analog Input Values

Data type UNSIGNED8



Access read only

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 01<sub>h</sub>

Subindex 01<sub>h</sub>

Name Analog Input #1 Value

Data type INTEGER32
Access read only
PDO mapping TX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000<sub>h</sub>

## **Description**

The user-defined units are made up of offset  $(3321_h)$  and scaling value  $(3322_h/3323_h)$ . If both are still set to the default values, the value in  $3320_h$  is specified in the *ADC Digits* unit.

Formula for converting from digits to the respective unit:

- Voltage input: x digits \* 10 V / 1023 digits
- Current input (if configurable): x digits \* 20 mA / 1023 digits

The following applies for the sub-entries:

- Subindex 00<sub>h</sub>: Number of analog inputs
- Subindex 01<sub>h</sub>: Analog value 1
- Subindex 02<sub>h</sub>: Analog value 2 (if present)

#### 3321h Analog Input Offsets

#### **Function**

Offset that is added to the read analog value ( $\underline{3220}_h$ ) before scaling (multiplier from object  $\underline{3322}$  and divisor from object  $\underline{3323}_h$ ).

#### **Object description**

Index 3321<sub>h</sub>

Object name Analog Input Offsets

Object Code ARRAY
Data type INTEGER16

Savable yes, category: application

Access read only

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value

Firmware version FIR-v2139-B1022383

Change history



## Value description

Subindex  $00_h$ Name Number Of Analog Input Offsets Data type **UNSIGNED8** Access read only PDO mapping no Allowed values Preset value  $01_h$ Subindex  $01_h$ Name Analog Input #1 Offset **INTEGER16** Data type read / write Access PDO mapping no Allowed values

## 3322h Analog Input Numerators

#### **Function**

Value by which the read analog value (3220<sub>h</sub>, 3321<sub>h</sub>) is multiplied before it is written in object 3320<sub>h</sub>.

 $0000_{h}$ 

#### Object description

Preset value

Index 3322<sub>h</sub> Object name **Analog Input Numerators** Object Code **ARRAY** Data type **INTEGER16** Savable yes, category: application Access read only PDO mapping no Allowed values Preset value Firmware version FIR-v1426 Change history

#### Value description

Subindex 00<sub>h</sub>
Name Number Of Analog Input Numerators
Data type UNSIGNED8
Access read only
PDO mapping no
Allowed values



Preset value	01 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	01 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Analog Input #1 Numerator
Data type	INTEGER16
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0001 <sub>h</sub>

## **Description**

The subindices contain:

- Subindex 01<sub>h</sub>: Multiplier for analog input 1
- Subindex 02<sub>h</sub>: Multiplier for analog input 2 (if present)

## 3323h Analog Input Denominators

## **Function**

Value by which the read analog value (3220<sub>h</sub>+ 3321<sub>h</sub>) is divided before it is written in object 3320<sub>h</sub>.

## **Object description**

Index	3323 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Analog Input Denominators
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	INTEGER16
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	
Firmware version	FIR-v1926-B648637
Change history	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

## Value description

Subindex	00 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Number Of Analog Input Denominators
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	01 <sub>h</sub>



Subindex 01<sub>h</sub>

Name Analog Input #1 Denominator

Data type INTEGER16
Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 0001<sub>h</sub>

## **Description**

The subindices contain:

■ Subindex 01<sub>h</sub>: Divisor for analog input 1

Subindex 02<sub>h</sub>: Divisor for analog input 2 (if present)

## 3380h Feedback Sensorless

#### **Function**

Contains measurement and configuration values that are necessary for the sensorless control and field weakening in <u>Closed-Loop</u>.

## **Object description**

Index 3380<sub>h</sub>

Object name Feedback Sensorless

Object Code ARRAY

Data type UNSIGNED32

Savable yes, category: tuning

Access read only PDO mapping RX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value

Firmware version FIR-v2013-B726332

Change history Firmware version FIR-v2013-B726332: The number of entries was

changed from 7 to 6.

#### Value description

Subindex 00<sub>h</sub>

Name Number Of Entries
Data type UNSIGNED8
Access read only
PDO mapping RX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 05<sub>h</sub>

Subindex 01<sub>h</sub>



Name	Resistance [Ohm]
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000000 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	02 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Inductance [H]
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000000 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	03 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Magnetic Flux [Vs]
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000000 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	04 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Switch On Speed [rpm]
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000078 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	05 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Switch Off Speed [rpm]
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000064 <sub>h</sub>

## **Description**

The subindices have the following function:

- 01<sub>h</sub>: Winding resistance. Float value, shown here as UNSIGNED32. Is determined by <u>Auto setup</u>.
- 02<sub>h</sub>: Winding inductance. Float value, shown here as UNSIGNED32. Is determined by <u>Auto setup</u>.



- 03<sub>h</sub>: Interlinking flux. Float value, shown here as UNSIGNED32. Is determined by <u>Auto setup</u>.
- 04<sub>h</sub>: Switch-on speed in RPM. *Closed loop* ( *sensorless*) is activated above this speed if no sensors were detected by <u>Auto setup</u>.
- 05<sub>h</sub>: Switch-off speed in RPM. *Closed loop* ( *sensorless*) is deactivated below this speed if no sensors were detected by <u>Auto setup</u>.

#### 33A0h Feedback Incremental A/B/I 1

#### **Function**

Contains configuration values for the first incremental encoder. The values are determined by the Auto setup.

## **Object description**

Index	33A0 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Feedback Incremental A/B/I 1
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	UNSIGNED16
Savable	yes, category: tuning
Access	read only
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	
Firmware version	FIR-v1738-B501312
Change history	

## Value description

Subindex	00 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Number Of Entries
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	02 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	01 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Configuration
Data type	UNSIGNED16
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	8001 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	02 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Alignment
Data type	UNSIGNED16



Access read / write PDO mapping RX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 0000<sub>h</sub>

## **Description**

The subindices have the following function:

- 01<sub>h</sub> (Configuration): The following bits have a meaning:
  - □ Bit 0: Value = "0": The encoder does not have an index. Value = "1": Encoder index exists and is to be used.
  - □ Bit 15: Value = "1": The encoder is a single-turn absolute encoder.
- 02<sub>h</sub> (Alignment): This value specifies the offset between the index of the encoder and the rotor's magnets. The exact determination is possible via <u>auto setup</u>. The presence of this value is necessary for *closed-loop* mode with encoder.

## 33A1h Feedback Incremental A/B/I 2

#### **Function**

Contains configuration values for the second incremental encoder. The values are determined by the <u>Auto setup</u>.

## **Object description**

Index	33A1 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Feedback Incremental A/B/I 2
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	UNSIGNED16
Savable	yes, category: tuning
Access	read only
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	
Firmware version	FIR-v1748-B533384
Change history	

## Value description

Subindex	00 <sub>h</sub>	
Name	Number Of Entries	
Data type	UNSIGNED8	
Access	read only	
PDO mapping	RX-PDO	
Allowed values		
Preset value	02 <sub>h</sub>	
Subindex	01 <sub>h</sub>	



Name Configuration
Data type UNSIGNED16
Access read / write
PDO mapping RX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 0000<sub>h</sub>

Subindex 02<sub>h</sub>

Name Alignment

Data type UNSIGNED16

Access read / write

PDO mapping RX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 0000<sub>h</sub>

## **Description**

#### **Description**

The subindices have the following function:

- 01<sub>h</sub> (Configuration): The following bits have a meaning:
  - □ Bit 0: Value = "0": The encoder does not have an index. Value = "1": Encoder index exists and is to be used.
  - □ Bit 15: Value = "1": The encoder is a single-turn absolute encoder.
- 02<sub>h</sub> (Alignment): This value specifies the offset between the index of the encoder and the rotor's magnets. The exact determination is possible via <u>auto setup</u>. The presence of this value is necessary for *closed-loop* mode with encoder.

## 3502h MODBUS Rx PDO Mapping

#### **Function**

The objects for RX mapping can be written in this object.

#### **NOTICE**



To be able to change the mapping, you must first deactivate it by setting subindex  $0_h$  to "0".

After writing the objects to the respective subindices, enter the number of mapped objects in subindex  $0_h$ .

## **Object description**

Index 3502<sub>h</sub>

Object name MODBUS Rx PDO Mapping

Object Code ARRAY

Data type UNSIGNED32

Savable yes, category: communication

Access read / write



PDO mapping no

Allowed values
Preset value

Firmware version FIR-v1748-B538662

Change history Firmware version FIR-v1738-B505321: "Object Name" entry changed

from "MODBUS Rx PDO-Mapping" to "MODBUS Rx PDO Mapping".

## Value description

Subindex 00<sub>h</sub>

Name Number Of Entries

Data type UNSIGNED8

Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 07<sub>h</sub>

Subindex 01<sub>h</sub>

Name 1st Object To Be Mapped

Data type UNSIGNED32 Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 60400010<sub>h</sub>

Subindex 02<sub>h</sub>

Name 2nd Object To Be Mapped

Data type UNSIGNED32 Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 00050008<sub>h</sub>

Subindex 03<sub>h</sub>

Name 3rd Object To Be Mapped

no

Data type UNSIGNED32 Access read / write

PDO mapping
Allowed values

Preset value 60600008<sub>h</sub>

Subindex 04<sub>h</sub>

Name 4th Object To Be Mapped



Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write

PDO mapping

Allowed values
Preset value

607A0020<sub>h</sub>

no

Subindex 05<sub>h</sub>

Name 5th Object To Be Mapped

Data type UNSIGNED32 Access read / write

PDO mapping

Allowed values
Preset value

60810020<sub>h</sub>

no

Subindex 06<sub>h</sub>

Name 6th Object To Be Mapped

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write

PDO mapping

Allowed values

Preset value 60420010<sub>h</sub>

Subindex 07<sub>h</sub>

Name 7th Object To Be Mapped

Data type UNSIGNED32 Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 60FE0120<sub>h</sub>

Subindex 08<sub>h</sub>

Name 8th Object To Be Mapped

Data type UNSIGNED32 Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000<sub>h</sub>

Subindex 09<sub>h</sub>

Name 9th Object To Be Mapped

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write

PDO mapping no



ΑI	lowed	va	lues
----	-------	----	------

Preset va	lue	00000000 <sub>h</sub>
Preset va	llue	$00000000_{h}$

Subindex 0A<sub>h</sub>

Name 10th Object To Be Mapped

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000<sub>h</sub>

Subindex 0B<sub>h</sub>

Name 11th Object To Be Mapped

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000<sub>h</sub>

Subindex 0C<sub>h</sub>

Name 12th Object To Be Mapped

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write
PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000<sub>h</sub>

Subindex 0D<sub>h</sub>

Name 13th Object To Be Mapped

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000<sub>h</sub>

Subindex 0E<sub>h</sub>

Name 14th Object To Be Mapped

Data type UNSIGNED32 Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000<sub>h</sub>



Subindex 0F<sub>h</sub>

Name 15th Object To Be Mapped

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000<sub>h</sub>

Subindex 10<sub>h</sub>

Name 16th Object To Be Mapped

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000<sub>h</sub>

## 3602h MODBUS Tx PDO Mapping

#### **Function**

The objects for TX mapping can be written in this object.

## **NOTICE**



To be able to change the mapping, you must first deactivate it by setting subindex 0<sub>h</sub> to "0".

After writing the objects to the respective subindices, enter the number of mapped objects in subindex  $0_h$ .

### **Object description**

Index 3602<sub>h</sub>

Object name MODBUS Tx PDO Mapping

Object Code ARRAY

Data type UNSIGNED32

Savable yes, category: communication

Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value

Firmware version FIR-v1748-B538662

Change history Firmware version FIR-v1738-B505321: "Object Name" entry changed

from "MODBUS Tx PDO-Mapping" to "MODBUS Tx PDO Mapping".



# Value description

Subindex	00 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Number Of Entries
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	06 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	01 <sub>h</sub>
Name	1st Object To Be Mapped
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	60410010 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	02 <sub>h</sub>
Name	2nd Object To Be Mapped
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	00050008 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	03 <sub>h</sub>
Name	3rd Object To Be Mapped
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	60610008 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	04 <sub>h</sub>
Name	4th Object To Be Mapped
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	60640020 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	05 <sub>h</sub>



Name 5th Object To Be Mapped

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 60440010<sub>h</sub>

Subindex 06<sub>h</sub>

Name 6th Object To Be Mapped

Data type UNSIGNED32 Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 60FD0020<sub>h</sub>

Subindex 07<sub>h</sub>

Name 7th Object To Be Mapped

no

Data type UNSIGNED32 Access read / write

PDO mapping

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000<sub>h</sub>

Subindex 08<sub>h</sub>

Name 8th Object To Be Mapped

Data type UNSIGNED32 Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000<sub>h</sub>

Subindex 09<sub>h</sub>

Name 9th Object To Be Mapped

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000<sub>h</sub>

Subindex 0A<sub>h</sub>

Name 10th Object To Be Mapped

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write



PDO mapping no Allowed values

Preset value 00000000<sub>h</sub>

Subindex 0B<sub>h</sub>

Name 11th Object To Be Mapped

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000<sub>h</sub>

Subindex 0C<sub>h</sub>

Name 12th Object To Be Mapped

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000<sub>h</sub>

Subindex 0D<sub>h</sub>

Name 13th Object To Be Mapped

Data type UNSIGNED32 Access read / write

PDO mapping

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000<sub>h</sub>

Subindex 0E<sub>h</sub>

Name 14th Object To Be Mapped

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000<sub>h</sub>

Subindex 0F<sub>h</sub>

Name 15th Object To Be Mapped

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000<sub>h</sub>



Subindex	10 <sub>h</sub>
Name	16th Object To Be Mapped
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000000 <sub>h</sub>

# 3700h Deviation Error Option Code

## **Function**

The object contains the action that is to be executed if a following or slippage error is triggered.

## **Object description**

Index	3700 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Deviation Error Option Code
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	INTEGER16
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	FFFF <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1738-B501312: "Object Name" entry changed from "Following Error Option Code" to "Deviation Error Option Code".

## Description

Value	Description
-327682	Reserved
-1	no reaction
0	Switch off driver without deceleration ramp; drive function blocked – motor can turn freely
1	Braking with slow down ramp (braking deceleration depending on operating mode)
2	Braking with quick stop ramp (6085h)
3 32767	reserved



# 3701h Limit Switch Error Option Code

#### **Function**

If a limit switch is triggered, the limit switch position is stored internally, bit 7 ( *Warning*) in <u>6041</u><sub>h</sub> ( *statusword*) is set and the <u>CiA 402 Power State Machine</u> is set to the *Quick Stop Active* state. The action stored in this object is executed in the process. See chapter <u>Limitation of the range of motion</u>.

## **Object description**

Index	3701 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Limit Switch Error Option Code
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	INTEGER16
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	FFFF <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1748-B538662
Change history	

## **Description**

Value in object 3701 <sub>h</sub>	Description
-2	No reaction, discard the limit switch position
-1 (factory settings)	No reaction (e.g., to execute a homing operation) except noting the limit switch position
0	Switch off driver without deceleration ramp; drive function blocked – motor can turn freely ( Switch on disabled state)
1	Braking with slow down ramp (deceleration ramp depending on operating mode) and subsequent state change to Switch on disabled
2	Braking with <i>quick stop ramp</i> and subsequent state change to <i>Switch</i> on <i>disabled</i>
5	Braking with <i>slow down ramp</i> (deceleration ramp depending on operating mode) and subsequent state change to <i>Quick stop active</i> ; control does not switch off and the motor remains energized. You can switch back to the <i>Operation enabled</i> state.
6	Braking with <i>quick stop ramp</i> and subsequent state change to <i>Quick Stop Active</i> ; control does not switch off and the motor remains energized. You can switch back to the <i>Operation enabled</i> state.

## **4012h HW Information**

#### **Function**

This object contains information about the hardware.



## **Object description**

Index 4012<sub>h</sub> Object name **HW Information** Object Code **ARRAY** Data type **UNSIGNED32** Savable Access read only PDO mapping no Allowed values Preset value Firmware version FIR-v1540 Change history

## Value description

Subindex	00 <sub>h</sub>	
Name	Number Of Entries	
Data type	UNSIGNED8	
Access	read only	
PDO mapping	no	
Allowed values		
Preset value	01 <sub>h</sub>	
Subindex	01 <sub>h</sub>	
Name	EEPROM Size In Bytes	
Data type	UNSIGNED32	
Access	read only	
PDO mapping	no	
Allowed values		
Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>	

## **Description**

Subindex 01: Contains the size of the connected EEPROM in bytes. The value "0" means that no EEPROM is connected.

## **4013h HW Configuration**

### **Function**

This object is used to set certain hardware configurations.

## **Object description**

Index	4013 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	HW Configuration



Object Code ARRAY

Data type UNSIGNED32

Savable yes, category: application

Access read only

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value

Firmware version FIR-v1540

Change history

## Value description

Subindex 00<sub>h</sub>

Name Number Of Entries

Data type UNSIGNED8

Access read only

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 01<sub>h</sub>

Subindex 01<sub>h</sub>

Name HW Configuration #1
Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000<sub>h</sub>

## **Description**

reserved

## **4014h Operating Conditions**

#### **Function**

This object is used to read out the current environment values for the controller.

## **Object description**

Index 4014<sub>h</sub>

Object name Operating Conditions

Object Code ARRAY
Data type INTEGER32

Savable no

Access read only

PDO mapping no



Allowed values
Preset value

Firmware version FIR-v1540

Change history Firmware version FIR-v1650-B472161: "Access" table entry for

subindex 01 changed from "read/write" to "read only".

Firmware version FIR-v1650-B472161: "Access" table entry for

subindex 02 changed from "read/write" to "read only".

Firmware version FIR-v1650-B472161: "Name" entry changed from "Temperature PCB [d?C]" to "Temperature PCB [Celsius \* 10]".

Firmware version FIR-v1650-B472161: "Access" table entry for

subindex 03 changed from "read/write" to "read only".

Firmware version FIR-v1738-B501312: The number of entries was

changed from 4 to 6.

## Value description

Subindex	$00_{h}$
----------	----------

Name Number Of Entries
Data type UNSIGNED8
Access read only

PDO mapping

Allowed values

Preset value 05<sub>h</sub>

Subindex 01<sub>h</sub>

Name Voltage UB Power [mV]

no

Data type INTEGER32
Access read only
PDO mapping TX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000<sub>h</sub>

Subindex 02<sub>h</sub>

Name Voltage UB Logic [mV]

Data type INTEGER32
Access read only
PDO mapping TX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000<sub>h</sub>

Subindex 03<sub>h</sub>

Name Temperature PCB [Celsius \* 10]

Data type INTEGER32 Access read only



PDO mapping TX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000<sub>h</sub>

Subindex 04<sub>h</sub>

Name Temperature Motor [Celsius \* 10]

Data type INTEGER32
Access read only
PDO mapping TX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000<sub>h</sub>

Subindex 05<sub>h</sub>

Name Temperature Microcontroller Chip [Celsius \* 10]

Data type INTEGER32
Access read only
PDO mapping TX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000<sub>h</sub>

## **Description**

The subindices contain:

■ 01<sub>h</sub>: Current voltage supply voltage in [mV]

02<sub>h</sub>: Current logic voltage in [mV]

03<sub>h</sub>: Current temperature of the control board in [d°C] (tenths of degree)

■ 04<sub>h</sub>: Reserves

■ 05<sub>h</sub>: Current temperature of the processor in [d°C] (tenths of degree)

## **4015h Special Drive Modes**

#### **Function**

With this object, you can switch the *special drive modes* off or on. See chapter <u>Special drive modes</u> (clock-direction and analog speed).

## **Object description**

Index 4015<sub>h</sub>

Object name Special Drive Modes

Object Code ARRAY
Data type UNSIGNED8

Savable yes, category: application

Access read only

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value

Firmware version FIR-v1738-B501312



### Change history

## Value description

Subindex	00
	00 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Number Of Entries
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	02 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	01 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Special Drive Mode Configuration
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	00 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	02 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Virtual Config Switch Value
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	00 <sub>h</sub>

## **Description**

The subindices have the following functions:

- 01<sub>h</sub>:
  - □ Value ="0"h: The *special drive modes* are switched off
  - □ Value="2"<sub>h</sub>: The *special drive modes* are switched on and the mode is set in subindex 02<sub>h</sub>.
- 02<sub>h</sub>: Defines the used mode.

## **4016h Factory Settings**

## **Function**

This object indicates whether Auto setup was executed in production.

## **Object description**

Index	4016 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Factory Settings



Object Code ARRAY
Data type UNSIGNED8

Savable no

Access read only

PDO mapping no

Allowed values
Preset value

Firmware version FIR-v1738-B501312

Change history Firmware version FIR-v2013-B726332: "Access" table entry for

subindex 01 changed from "read/write" to "read only".

#### Value description

Subindex 00<sub>h</sub>

Name Number Of Entries

Data type UNSIGNED8

Access read only

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 01<sub>h</sub>

Subindex 01<sub>h</sub>

Name Factory Autosetup Done

Data type UNSIGNED8
Access read only
PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 00<sub>h</sub>

#### **Description**

Valid values for subindex 01<sub>h</sub>:

■ Value = "0": Auto setup was not executed.

■ Value = "1": *Auto setup* was executed.

## **4021h Ballast Configuration**

## **Function**

With this object, you switch the ballast circuit on or off and determine its response threshold.

#### **Object description**

Index 4021<sub>h</sub>

Object name Ballast Configuration

Object Code ARRAY

Data type UNSIGNED32



Savable yes, category: tuning

Access read only

PDO mapping no

Allowed values Preset value

Firmware version FIR-v2013-B726332

Change history Firmware version FIR-v2315-B1040535: "Name" entry changed from

"Settings [Bit0: On/Off, Bit1: Polarity]" to "Settings [Bit0: On/Off, Bit1:

Polarity, Bit2: Internal/External]".

## Value description

Subindex  $00_h$ 

Name Number Of Entries **UNSIGNED8** Data type Access read only

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value  $03_h$ 

Subindex  $01_h$ 

Name Settings [Bit0: On/Off]

**UNSIGNED32** Data type read / write Access

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 0000001<sub>h</sub>

Subindex  $02_h$ 

Name UB Power Limit [mV] **UNSIGNED32** Data type Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 0000F3BF<sub>h</sub>

Subindex

Name UB Power Hysteresis [mV]

no

**UNSIGNED32** Data type Access read / write PDO mapping

Allowed values

Preset value 000001F4<sub>h</sub>



## **Description**

The subindices have the following function:

- 01<sub>h</sub>:
  - $\Box$  Bit 0: Switches the ballast on (value = "1") or off (value = "0")
- 02<sub>h</sub>: Response threshold (switch on/off) of the ballast circuit
- 03<sub>h</sub>: Hysteresis for the response threshold (switch on/off)

#### 4040h Drive Serial Number

## **Function**

This object contains the serial number of the controller.

## **Object description**

Index	4040 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Drive Serial Number
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	VISIBLE_STRING
Savable	no
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0
Firmware version	FIR-v1450
Change history	

## 4041h Device Id

#### **Function**

This object contains the ID of the device.

## **Object description**

Index	4041 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Device Id
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	OCTET_STRING
Savable	no
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0
Firmware version	FIR-v1540
Change history	



#### 4042h Bootloader Infos

## **Object description**

Index 4042<sub>h</sub>

Object name Bootloader Infos

Object Code ARRAY

Data type UNSIGNED32

Savable no

Access read only

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value

Firmware version FIR-v2013-B726332

Change history

## Value description

Subindex 00<sub>h</sub>

Name Number Of Entries
Data type UNSIGNED8
Access read only

no

PDO mapping

Allowed values

Preset value 03<sub>h</sub>

Subindex 01<sub>h</sub>

Name Bootloader Version
Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read only
PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000<sub>h</sub>

Subindex 02<sub>h</sub>

Name Bootloader Supported Fieldbus

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read only
PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000<sub>h</sub>

Subindex 03<sub>h</sub>

Name Bootloader Hw-group



Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000000 <sub>h</sub>

## **Description**

The subindices have the following functions:

- 01<sub>h</sub>: Version of the boot loader. The 4 most significant bytes contain the main version number; the 4 least significant bytes contain the minor version number. Example for version 4.2: 00040002<sub>h</sub>
- 02<sub>h</sub>: Fieldbuses supported by the boot loader. The bits have the same function as the bits of object <u>2101h</u> Fieldbus Module Availability.

## **6007h Abort Connection Option Code**

#### **Function**

If an error (watchdog, heartbeat, etc.) occurs on the bus, the controller automatically switches to the SAFEOPERATIONAL state. With this object, you can set the reaction.

#### Object description

Index	6007 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Abort Connection Option Code
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	INTEGER16
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0001 <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v2013-B726332
Change history	

## **Description**

You can set the following reactions:

Value	Reaction
-1	The controller (slave) sets all input values (RX-PDO) to the value "0". This also sets the object $\underline{6040}_h$ (controlword) to "0", which causes the motor to coast to a stop.
0	no reaction
1	Fault: The action stored in object 605Eh is executed.
2	Disable voltage: Transition to the Switched on disabled state without halt motion reaction (the motor coasts to a stop)
3	Quick stop: The action stored in object 605A <sub>h</sub> is executed.



## 603Fh Error Code

#### **Function**

This object returns the error code of the last error that occurred.

It corresponds to the lower 16 bits of object  $\underline{1003}_h$ . For the description of the error codes, refer to object  $\underline{1003}_h$ .

## **Object description**

Index	603F <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Error Code
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	UNSIGNED16
Savable	no
Access	read only
PDO mapping	TX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000 <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

## **Description**

For the meaning of the error, see object  $\underline{1003}_h$  (Pre-defined Error Field).

If the error is reset by setting bit 7 in 6040h Controlword, this object is also automatically reset to "0".

#### 6040h Controlword

### **Function**

This object controls the CiA 402 Power State Machine.

## **Object description**

Index	6040 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Controlword
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	UNSIGNED16
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000 <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1626: "Savable" entry changed from "no" to "yes, category: application".



## **Description**

Parts of the object are, with respect to function, dependent on the currently selected mode.

15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
						OMS	HALT	FR		OMS [3]		EO	QS	EV	SO

#### SO (Switched On)

Value = "1": Switches to the "Switched on" state

#### **EV (Enable Voltage)**

Value = "1": Switches to the "Enable voltage" state

#### QS (Quick Stop)

Value = "0": Switches to the "Quick stop" state

#### **EO (Enable Operation)**

Value = "1": Switches to the "Enable operation" state

#### **OMS (Operation Mode Specific)**

Meaning is dependent on the selected operating mode

#### FR (Fault Reset)

Resets an error or a warning (if possible)

#### **HALT**

Value = "1": Triggers a halt; valid in the following modes:

- Profile Position
- Velocity
- Profile Velocity
- Profile Torque
- Interpolated Position Mode

### 6041h Statusword

#### **Function**

This object returns information about the status of the CiA 402 Power State Machine.

## **Object description**

Index	6041 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Statusword
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	UNSIGNED16
Savable	no
Access	read only
PDO mapping	TX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000 <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	



#### **Description**

Parts of the object are, with respect to function, dependent on the currently selected mode. Refer to the corresponding section in chapter operating modes.

15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
CLA		OMS	S [2]	ILA	TARG	REM	SYNC	WARN	SOD	QS	VE	FAULT	OE	SO	RTSO

#### RTSO (Ready To Switch On)

Value = "1": Controller is in the "Ready to switch on" state

#### SO (Switched On)

Value = "1": Controller is in the "Switched on" state

#### **OE** (Operation Enabled)

Value = "1": Controller is in the "Operation enabled" state

#### **FAULT**

Error occurred (see 1003h)

#### **VE (Voltage Enabled)**

Voltage applied

#### QS (Quick Stop)

Value = "0": Controller is in the "Quick stop" state

#### SOD (Switched On Disabled)

Value = "1": Controller is in the "Switched on disabled" state

#### WARN (Warning)

Value = "1": Warning

#### **SYNC** (synchronization)

Value = "1": Controller is in sync with the fieldbus; value = "0": Controller is not in sync with the fieldbus

#### **REM (Remote)**

Remote (value of the bit is always "1" unless the special drive modes are activated )

#### **TARG**

Target reached

#### **ILA (Internal Limit Active)**

Limit exceeded

#### **OMS (Operation Mode Specific)**

Meaning is dependent on the selected operating mode

#### **CLA (Closed Loop Active)**

Value = "1": The controller is in the Operation enabled state and the Closed-Loop is activated.

Listed in the following table are the bit masks that break down the state of the controller.

Statusword (6041 <sub>h</sub> )	State
xxxx xxxx x0xx 0000	Not ready to switch on
xxxx xxxx x1xx 0000	Switch on disabled
xxxx xxxx x01x 0001	Ready to switch on



Statusword (6041 <sub>h</sub> )		State
xxxx xxxx x01x 0011	Switched on	
xxxx xxxx x01x 0111	Operation enabled	
xxxx xxxx x00x 0111	Quick stop active	
xxxx xxxx x0xx 1111	Fault reaction active	
xxxx xxxx x0xx 1000	Fault	

# 6042h VI Target Velocity

## **Function**

Specifies the target speed in <u>user-defined units</u> for <u>Velocity</u> mode.

## **Object description**

Index	6042 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	VI Target Velocity
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	INTEGER16
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00C8 <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1626: "Savable" entry changed from "no" to "yes, category: application".

## 6043h VI Velocity Demand

## **Function**

Speed specification in  $\underline{\mathsf{user-defined}\ \mathsf{units}}$  for the controller in  $\underline{\mathsf{Velocity}}\ \mathsf{mode}.$ 

## **Object description**

Index	6043 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	VI Velocity Demand
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	INTEGER16
Savable	no
Access	read only
PDO mapping	TX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000 <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	



## 6044h VI Velocity Actual Value

#### **Function**

Specifies the current actual speed in <u>user-defined units</u> in <u>Velocity</u> mode.

## **Object description**

Index 6044<sub>h</sub>

Object name VI Velocity Actual Value

Object Code **VARIABLE** Data type **INTEGER16** 

Savable no

Access read only PDO mapping TX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value  $0000_{h}$ Firmware version FIR-v1426

Change history

## 6046h VI Velocity Min Max Amount

### **Function**

This object can be used to set the minimum speed and maximum speed in user-defined units.

## **Object description**

Index 6046<sub>h</sub>

Object name VI Velocity Min Max Amount

Object Code **ARRAY** 

Data type **UNSIGNED32** 

Savable yes, category: application

Firmware version FIR-v1426

Change history

## Value description

Subindex 00<sub>h</sub>

Name Number Of Entries **UNSIGNED8** Data type Access read only no

PDO mapping

Allowed values

 $02_h$ Preset value

Subindex  $01_h$ 



Name MinAmount
Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write
PDO mapping RX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000<sub>h</sub>

Subindex 02<sub>h</sub>

Name MaxAmount

Data type UNSIGNED32

Access read / write

PDO mapping RX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 00007530<sub>h</sub>

## **Description**

Subindex 1 contains the minimum speed.

Subindex 2 contains the maximum speed.

If the value of the target speed (object <u>6042</u><sub>h</sub>) specified here is less than the minimum speed, the minimum speed applies and bit 11 (Internal Limit Reached) in <u>6041h Statusword</u><sub>h</sub> is set.

A target speed greater than the maximum speed sets the speed to the maximum speed and bit 11 (Internal Limit Reached) in 6041h Statuswordh is set.

## 6048h VI Velocity Acceleration

#### **Function**

Sets the acceleration ramp in Velocity Mode (see Velocity).

## **Object description**

Index	6048 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	VI Velocity Acceleration
Object Code	RECORD
Data type	VELOCITY_ACCELERATION_DECELERATION
Savable	yes, category: application
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

#### Value description

Subindex	00 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Number Of Entries
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no



Allowed values

Preset value  $02_h$ 

Subindex  $01_{h}$ 

Name DeltaSpeed **UNSIGNED32** Data type Access read / write **RX-PDO** PDO mapping

Allowed values

Preset value 000001F4<sub>h</sub>

Subindex 02<sub>h</sub>

Name DeltaTime Data type **UNSIGNED16** Access read / write **RX-PDO** PDO mapping Allowed values

Preset value  $0001_{h}$ 

## **Description**

The acceleration is specified as a fraction in user-defined units:

Speed change per change in time.

Subindex 01<sub>h</sub>: Contains the change in speed.

Subindex 02<sub>h</sub>: Contains the change in time.

## 6049h VI Velocity Deceleration

#### **Function**

Sets the deceleration (deceleration ramp) in Velocity Mode (see Velocity).

## **Object description**

Index 6049<sub>h</sub>

Object name VI Velocity Deceleration

Object Code **RECORD** 

Data type VELOCITY\_ACCELERATION\_DECELERATION

Savable yes, category: application

Firmware version FIR-v1426

Change history

## Value description

Subindex  $00_h$ 

**Number Of Entries** Name

#### 10 Description of the object dictionary



Data type UNSIGNED8
Access read only
PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 02<sub>h</sub>

Subindex 01<sub>h</sub>

Name DeltaSpeed
Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write
PDO mapping RX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 000001F4<sub>h</sub>

Subindex 02<sub>h</sub>

Name DeltaTime

Data type UNSIGNED16

Access read / write

PDO mapping RX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 0001<sub>h</sub>

# **Description**

The deceleration is specified as a fraction in user-defined units:

Speed change per change in time.

Subindex 01<sub>h</sub>: Contains the change in speed.

Subindex 02<sub>h</sub>: Contains the change in time.

# 604Ah VI Velocity Quick Stop

### **Function**

This object defines the deceleration (deceleration ramp) if the Quick Stop state is initiated in velocity mode.

# **Object description**

Index 604A<sub>h</sub>

Object name VI Velocity Quick Stop

Object Code RECORD

Data type VELOCITY\_ACCELERATION\_DECELERATION

Savable yes, category: application

Firmware version FIR-v1426

Change history



### Value description

Subindex	00 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Number Of Entries
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	02 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	01 <sub>h</sub>
Name	DeltaSpeed
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00001388 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	02 <sub>h</sub>
Name	DeltaTime
Data type	UNSIGNED16
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0001 <sub>h</sub>

### **Description**

The deceleration is specified as a fraction in user-defined units:

Speed change per change in time.

Subindex 01<sub>h</sub>: Contains the change in speed.

Subindex 02<sub>h</sub>: Contains the change in time.

### **604Ch VI Dimension Factor**

#### **Function**

The unit for speed values is defined here for the objects associated with velocity mode.

### **Object description**

Index 604C<sub>h</sub>

Object name VI Dimension Factor

Object Code ARRAY
Data type INTEGER32

Savable yes, category: application

Firmware version FIR-v1426



#### Change history

### Value description

Subindex	00 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Number Of Entries
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	02 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	01 <sub>h</sub>
Name	VI Dimension Factor Numerator
Data type	INTEGER32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000001 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	02 <sub>h</sub>
Name	VI Dimension Factor Denominator
Data type	INTEGER32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000001 <sub>h</sub>

### **Description**

Subindex 1 contains the numerator (multiplier) and subindex 2 contains the denominator (divisor) with which the internal speed values are converted to revolutions per minute. If, for example, subindex 1 is set to the value "60" and subindex 2 is set to the value "1", the speed is specified in revolutions per second (60 revolutions per 1 minute).

# 605Ah Quick Stop Option Code

#### **Function**

The object contains the action that is to be executed on a transition of the <u>CiA 402 Power State Machine</u> to the *Quick Stop active* state.

#### **Object description**

Index	605A <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Quick Stop Option Code
Object Code	VARIABLE

### 10 Description of the object dictionary



Data type INTEGER16

Savable yes, category: application

Access read / write

PDO mapping r

Allowed values

Preset value 0002<sub>h</sub>
Firmware version FIR-v1426

Change history

#### **Description**

	Value in object 605A <sub>h</sub>	Description
0		Immediate stop with subsequent state change to Switch on disabled
1		Braking with slow down ramp (deceleration ramp depending on operating mode) and subsequent state change to Switch on disabled
2		Braking with $quick\ stop\ ramp\ (\underline{6085}_h)$ and subsequent state change to $Switch\ on\ disabled$
5		Braking with <i>slow down ramp</i> (deceleration ramp depending on operating mode) and subsequent state change to <i>Quick stop active</i> ; control does not switch off and the motor remains energized. You can switch back to the <i>Operation enabled</i> state.
6		Braking with <i>quick stop ramp</i> (6085 <sub>h</sub> ) and subsequent state change to <i>Quick Stop Active</i> ; control does not switch off and the motor remains energized. You can switch back to the <i>Operation enabled</i> state.

In the mode <u>Homing</u>, the deceleration ramp set in  $\underline{609A_h}$  (Homing Acceleration) is used, instead of  $\underline{6085_h}$ .

# 605Bh Shutdown Option Code

#### **Function**

This object contains the action that is to be executed on a transition of the <u>CiA 402 Power State Machine</u> from the *Operation enabled* state to the *Ready to switch on* state.

### **Object description**

Index	605B <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Shutdown Option Code
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	INTEGER16
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0001 <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	



### **Description**

Value in object 605B <sub>h</sub>	Description
-327681	Reserved
0	Blocking of the drive function – motor can turn freely
1	Braking with slow down ramp (braking deceleration depending on operating mode) and subsequent state change to Ready to switch on
2 32767	Reserved

# 605Ch Disable Option Code

#### **Function**

This object contains the action that is to be executed on a transition of the <u>CiA 402 Power State Machine</u> from the *Operation enabled* state to the *Switched on* state.

### **Object description**

Index	605C <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Disable Option Code
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	INTEGER16
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0001 <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

# **Description**

Value in object 605C <sub>h</sub>	Description
-327681	Reserved
0	Switch off driver without deceleration ramp; drive function blocked
1	Braking with slow down ramp (braking deceleration depending on operating mode) and subsequent state change to Switched on
2 32767	Reserved

# 605Dh Halt Option Code

#### **Function**

The object contains the action that is to be executed if bit 8 (Halt) is set in controlword 6040<sub>h</sub>.

### **Object description**

Index	605D <sub>b</sub>	



Object name Halt Option Code

Object Code VARIABLE
Data type INTEGER16

Savable yes, category: application

Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 0001<sub>h</sub>
Firmware version FIR-v1426

Change history

### **Description**

Value in object 605D <sub>h</sub>	Description
-32768 0	Reserved
1	Braking with slow down ramp (braking deceleration depending on operating mode)
2	Braking with quick stop ramp (6085h)
3 32767	Reserved

# 605Eh Fault Option Code

### **Function**

The object contains the action specifying how the motor is to be brought to a standstill in case of an error.

### **Object description**

Index	605E <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Fault Option Code
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	INTEGER16
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0002 <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

# **Description**

Value in object 605E <sub>h</sub>	Description
-327681	Reserved
0	Blocking of the drive function – motor can turn freely



Value in object 605E <sub>h</sub>	Description
1	Braking with slow down ramp (braking deceleration depending on operating mode)
2	Braking with <i>quick stop ramp</i> (6085 <sub>h</sub> )
3 32767	Reserved

# 6060h Modes Of Operation

### **Function**

The desired operating mode is entered in this object.

# **Object description**

Index	6060 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Modes Of Operation
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	INTEGER8
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00 <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1626: "Savable" entry changed from "no" to "yes, category: application".

# **Description**

Mode	Description
-2	Auto setup
-1	Clock-direction mode
0	No mode change/no mode assigned
1	Profile Position Mode
2	Velocity Mode
3	Profile Velocity Mode
4	Profile Torque Mode
5	Reserved
6	Homing Mode
7	Interpolated Position Mode
8	Cyclic Synchronous Position Mode
9	Cyclic Synchronous Velocity Mode
10	Cyclic Synchronous Torque Mode



### 6061h Modes Of Operation Display

#### **Function**

Indicates the current operating mode. See also 6060h Modes Of Operation.

#### **Object description**

Index 6061<sub>h</sub>

Object name Modes Of Operation Display

Object Code VARIABLE
Data type INTEGER8

Savable no

Access read only PDO mapping TX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 00<sub>h</sub>

Firmware version FIR-v1426

Change history

#### 6062h Position Demand Value

#### **Function**

Indicates the current demand position in user-defined units.

### **Object description**

Index 6062<sub>h</sub>

Object name Position Demand Value

Object Code VARIABLE
Data type INTEGER32

Savable no

Access read only PDO mapping TX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000<sub>h</sub> Firmware version FIR-v1426

Change history

#### 6063h Position Actual Internal Value

#### **Function**

Contains the current actual position in encoder increments. Unlike objects  $\underline{6062}_h$  and  $\underline{6064}_h$ , this value is not set to "0" following a <u>Homing</u> operation. The source is determined in  $\underline{3203h}$  Feedback Selection.



#### **NOTICE**

If the encoder resolution in object  $\underline{608F_h}$  = zero, the numerical values of this object are invalid.



### **Object description**

Index 6063<sub>h</sub>

Object name Position Actual Internal Value

Object Code VARIABLE
Data type INTEGER32

Savable no

Access read only PDO mapping TX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000<sub>h</sub> Firmware version FIR-v1426

Change history

#### 6064h Position Actual Value

#### **Function**

Contains the current actual position in <u>user-defined units</u>. The source is determined in <u>3203h Feedback</u> Selection.

### **Object description**

Index 6064<sub>h</sub>

Object name Position Actual Value

Object Code VARIABLE
Data type INTEGER32

Savable no

Access read only PDO mapping TX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000<sub>h</sub> Firmware version FIR-v1426

Change history

# 6065h Following Error Window

#### **Function**

Defines the maximum allowed following error in user-defined units symmetrically to the demand position.

#### **Object description**

Index 6065<sub>h</sub>

Object name Following Error Window

Object Code VARIABLE
Data type UNSIGNED32

Savable yes, category: application



Access read / write
PDO mapping RX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 00000100<sub>h</sub> Firmware version FIR-v1426

Change history Firmware version FIR-v1504: "Savable" entry changed from "no" to

"yes, category: application".

### **Description**

If the actual position deviates so much from the demand position that the value of this object is exceeded, bit 13 in object  $\underline{6041}_h$  is set. The deviation must last longer than the time in object  $\underline{6066}_h$ .

If the value of the "Following Error Window" is set to "FFFFFFFF"<sub>h</sub>, following error monitoring is switched off.

A reaction to the following error can be set in object  $\underline{3700}_h$ . If a reaction is defined, an error is also entered in object  $\underline{1003}_h$ .

# 6066h Following Error Time Out

#### **Function**

Time in milliseconds until a larger following error results in an error message.

### **Object description**

Index 6066<sub>h</sub>

Object name Following Error Time Out

Object Code VARIABLE
Data type UNSIGNED16

Savable yes, category: application

Access read / write PDO mapping RX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 0064<sub>h</sub>
Firmware version FIR-v1426

Change history Firmware version FIR-v1504: "Savable" entry changed from "no" to

"yes, category: application".

#### **Description**

If the actual position deviates so much from the demand position that the value of object  $\underline{6065}_h$  is exceeded, bit 13 in object  $\underline{6041}_h$  is set. The deviation must persist for longer than the time defined in this object.

A reaction to the following error can be set in object  $3700_h$ . If a reaction is defined, an error is also entered in object  $1003_h$ .

#### 6067h Position Window

#### **Function**

Specifies a range symmetrical to the target position within which that target is considered having been met in modes <u>Profile Position</u> and <u>Interpolated Position Mode</u>.



### **Object description**

Index 6067<sub>h</sub>

Object name Position Window
Object Code VARIABLE
Data type UNSIGNED32

Savable yes, category: application

Access read / write PDO mapping RX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 0000000A<sub>h</sub> Firmware version FIR-v1426

Change history Firmware version FIR-v1504: "Savable" entry changed from "no" to

"yes, category: application".

### **Description**

If the current position deviates from the target position by less than the value of this object, bit 10 in object  $6041_h$  is set. The condition must be satisfied for longer than the time defined in object  $6068_h$ .

If the value is set to "FFFFFFF"<sub>h</sub>, monitoring is switched off.

#### 6068h Position Window Time

#### **Function**

The current position must be within the "Position Window" (6067<sub>h</sub>) for this time in milliseconds for the target position to be considered having been met in the <u>Profile Position</u> and <u>Interpolated Position Mode</u> modes.

#### Object description

Index 6068<sub>h</sub>

Object name Position Window Time

Object Code VARIABLE
Data type UNSIGNED16

Savable yes, category: application

Access read / write
PDO mapping RX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 0064<sub>h</sub>
Firmware version FIR-v1426

Change history Firmware version FIR-v1504: "Savable" entry changed from "no" to

"yes, category: application".

#### **Description**

If the current position deviates from the target position by less than the value of object  $\underline{6067}_h$ , bit 10 in object  $\underline{6041}_h$  is set. The condition must be satisfied for longer than the time defined in object  $\underline{6068}_h$ .



# 606Bh Velocity Demand Value

#### **Function**

Speed specification in <u>user-defined units</u> for the velocity controller.

### **Object description**

Index606BhObject nameVelocity Demand ValueObject CodeVARIABLEData typeINTEGER32SavablenoAccessread onlyPDO mappingTX-PDOAllowed valuesPreset valuePreset value00000000hFirmware versionFIR-v1426Change history		
Object Code VARIABLE  Data type INTEGER32  Savable no  Access read only  PDO mapping TX-PDO  Allowed values  Preset value 00000000h  Firmware version FIR-v1426	Index	606B <sub>h</sub>
Data type INTEGER32 Savable no Access read only PDO mapping TX-PDO Allowed values Preset value 00000000h Firmware version FIR-v1426	Object name	Velocity Demand Value
Savable no Access read only PDO mapping TX-PDO Allowed values Preset value 00000000h Firmware version FIR-v1426	Object Code	VARIABLE
Access read only PDO mapping TX-PDO Allowed values Preset value 00000000h Firmware version FIR-v1426	Data type	INTEGER32
PDO mapping TX-PDO Allowed values Preset value 00000000h Firmware version FIR-v1426	Savable	no
Allowed values  Preset value 00000000h  Firmware version FIR-v1426	Access	read only
Preset value 00000000 <sub>h</sub> Firmware version FIR-v1426	PDO mapping	TX-PDO
Firmware version FIR-v1426	Allowed values	
	Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>
Change history	Firmware version	FIR-v1426
	Change history	

### **Description**

This object contains the output of the ramp generator, which simultaneously serves as the preset value for the velocity controller.

# 606Ch Velocity Actual Value

### **Function**

Current actual speed in user-defined units.

### **Object description**

Index	606C <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Velocity Actual Value
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	INTEGER32
Savable	no
Access	read only
PDO mapping	TX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

# 606Dh Velocity Window

### **Function**

Specifies a symmetrical range relative to the target speed within which the target is considered having been met in the <u>Profile Velocity</u> mode.



### **Object description**

Index 606D<sub>h</sub>

Object name Velocity Window
Object Code VARIABLE
Data type UNSIGNED16

Savable yes, category: application

Access read / write PDO mapping RX-PDO

Allowed values

 $\begin{array}{ll} \text{Preset value} & \text{001E}_{\text{h}} \\ \text{Firmware version} & \text{FIR-v1426} \end{array}$ 

Change history Firmware version FIR-v1614: "Savable" entry changed from "no" to

"yes, category: application".

### Description

If the current speed deviates from the set speed by less than the value of this object, bit 10 in object  $\underline{6041}_h$  is set. The condition must be satisfied for longer than the time defined in object  $\underline{606E}_h$  (see also  $\underline{\text{statusword in}}$   $\underline{\text{Profile Velocity Mode}}$ ).

# 606Eh Velocity Window Time

#### **Function**

The current speed must be within the "Velocity Window" ( $\underline{606D}_h$ ) for this time (in milliseconds) for the target to be considered having been met.

### **Object description**

Index 606E<sub>h</sub>

Object name Velocity Window Time

Object Code VARIABLE
Data type UNSIGNED16

Savable yes, category: application

Access read / write PDO mapping RX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 0000<sub>h</sub>
Firmware version FIR-v1426

Change history Firmware version FIR-v1614: "Savable" entry changed from "no" to

"yes, category: application".



### **Description**

#### **Description**

If the current speed deviates from the set speed by less than the value of object  $\underline{606D}_h$ , bit 10 in object  $\underline{6041}_h$  is set. The condition must be satisfied for longer than the time defined in object 606E (see also <u>statusword in Profile Velocity Mode</u>).

### 606Fh Velocity Threshold

#### **Function**

Speed in <u>user-defined units</u> above which the actual speed in <u>Profile Velocity</u> mode is considered to be nonzero.

### **Object description**

Index	606F <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Velocity Threshold
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	UNSIGNED16
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000 <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v2013-B726332

### **Description**

Change history

If the actual speed is greater than the value in  $\underline{606F_h}$  (Velocity Threshold) for a time of  $\underline{6070_h}$  (Velocity Threshold Time), bit 12 in  $\underline{6041_h}$  (Statusword) has the value "0". The bit otherwise remains set to "1".

### 6070h Velocity Threshold Time

#### **Function**

Time in milliseconds above which an actual speed greater than the value in  $\underline{606F_h}$  in  $\underline{Profile\ Velocity}$  mode is considered to be nonzero.

### **Object description**

Index	6070 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Velocity Threshold Time
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	UNSIGNED16
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000 <sub>h</sub>



Firmware version FIR-v2013-B726332

Change history

### **Description**

If the actual speed is greater than the value in  $\underline{606F_h}$  (Velocity Threshold) for a time of  $\underline{6070_h}$  (Velocity Threshold Time), bit 12 in  $\underline{6041_h}$  (Statusword) has the value "0". The bit otherwise remains set to "1".

# 6071h Target Torque

#### **Function**

This object contains the target torque for the <u>Profile Torque</u> and <u>Cyclic Synchronous Torque</u> modes in tenths of a percent of the rated torque.

### **Object description**

Index 6071<sub>h</sub>
Object name Target Torque
Object Code VARIABLE
Data type INTEGER16

Savable yes, category: application

Access read / write PDO mapping RX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 0000<sub>h</sub>
Firmware version FIR-v1426

Change history Firmware version FIR-v1626: "Savable" entry changed from "no" to

"yes, category: application".

### **Description**

This object is calculated as thousandths of the torque, e.g., the value "500" means "50%" of the rated torque; "1100" is equivalent to 110%. The rated torque corresponds to the rated current in object  $\underline{203B_h}$ :01.

The minimum of 6073<sub>h</sub> and 6072<sub>h</sub> is used as limit for the torque in 6071<sub>h</sub>.

The target torque may not exceed the peak torque (proportional to the maximum motor current in 2031<sub>n</sub>).

### 6072h Max Torque

#### **Function**

The object describes the maximum torque for the <u>Profile Torque</u> and <u>Cyclic Synchronous Torque</u> modes in tenths of a percent of the rated torque.

#### Object description

Index	6072 <sub>h</sub>	
Object name	Max Torque	
Object Code	VARIABLE	
Data type	UNSIGNED16	

#### 10 Description of the object dictionary



Savable yes, category: application

Access read / write
PDO mapping RX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 0064<sub>h</sub>
Firmware version FIR-v1426

Change history

### **Description**

This object is calculated as thousandths of the torque, e.g., the value "500" means "50%" of the rated torque; "1100" is equivalent to 110%. The rated torque corresponds to the rated current in object  $\underline{203B_h}$ :01.

The minimum of 6073<sub>h</sub> and 6072<sub>h</sub> is used as limit for the torque in 6071<sub>h</sub>.

The target torque may not exceed the peak torque (proportional to the maximum motor current in 2031<sub>n</sub>).

#### 6073h Max Current

#### **Function**

Contains the maximum current in tenths of a percent of the set rated current. Is limited by the maximum motor current (2031<sub>h</sub>). See also <u>12t Motor overload protection</u>.



#### **NOTICE**

For stepper motors, only the rated current is specified, not a maximum current. Therefore, the value of  $6073_h$  should generally not exceed the value 1000 (100%).

### **Object description**

Index	6073 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Max Current
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	UNSIGNED16
Savable	yes, category: drive
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	03E8 <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1825-B577172
Change history	

# **Description**

The maximum current is calculated in tenths of a percent of the rated current as follows:

(6073<sub>h</sub>\*203B<sub>h</sub>:01)/1000

The maximum current determines:

- the maximum current for the <u>I2t Motor overload protection</u>
- the rated current in *open loop* mode.



### 6074h Torque Demand

#### **Function**

Current torque set value requested by the ramp generator in tenths of a percent of the rated torque for the internal controller.

# **Object description**

Index	6074 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Torque Demand
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	INTEGER16
Savable	no
Access	read only
PDO mapping	TX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000 <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

### **Description**

This object is calculated as thousandths of the torque, e.g., the value "500" means "50%" of the rated torque; "1100" is equivalent to 110%. The rated torque corresponds to the rated current in object  $\underline{203B_h}$ :01.

The minimum of  $\underline{6073}_h$  and  $\underline{6072}_h$  is used as limit for the torque in  $\underline{6071}_h$ .

The target torque may not exceed the peak torque (proportional to the maximum motor current in 2031<sub>h</sub>).

#### 6075h Motor Rated Current

#### **Function**

Contains the rated current entered in  $203B_h:01_h$  in mA.

### **6077h Torque Actual Value**

#### **Function**

This object indicates the current torque value in tenths of a percent of the rated torque for the internal controller.

### **Object description**

Index	6077 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Torque Actual Value
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	INTEGER16
Savable	no
Access	read only
PDO mapping	TX-PDO
Allowed values	



 $\begin{array}{ll} \text{Preset value} & 0000_{\text{h}} \\ \text{Firmware version} & \text{FIR-v1540} \end{array}$ 

Change history

### **Description**

This object is calculated as thousandths of the torque, e.g., the value "500" means "50%" of the rated torque; "1100" is equivalent to 110%. The rated torque corresponds to the rated current in object  $\underline{203B_h}$ :01.

The minimum of  $\underline{6073}_h$  and  $\underline{6072}_h$  is used as limit for the torque in  $\underline{6071}_h$ .

The target torque may not exceed the peak torque (proportional to the maximum motor current in 2031<sub>h</sub>).

# **607Ah Target Position**

#### **Function**

This object specifies the target position in <u>user-defined units</u> for the <u>Profile Position</u> and <u>Cyclic Synchronous</u> <u>Position</u> modes.

### **Object description**

Index 607A<sub>h</sub> Object name **Target Position** Object Code **VARIABLE** Data type INTEGER32 Savable yes, category: application Access read / write **RX-PDO** PDO mapping Allowed values Preset value 00000FA0<sub>h</sub> Firmware version FIR-v1426 Change history Firmware version FIR-v1626: "Savable" entry changed from "no" to

"yes, category: application".

### 607Bh Position Range Limit

#### **Function**

Contains the minimum and maximum position in user-defined units.

#### Object description

Index 607Bh
Object name Position Range Limit
Object Code ARRAY
Data type INTEGER32
Savable yes, category: application
Firmware version FIR-v1426
Change history



### Value description

Subindex	00 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Number Of Entries
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	02 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	01 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Min Position Range Limit
Data type	INTEGER32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000000 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	02 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Max Position Range Limit
Data type	INTEGER32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>

# **Description**

If this range is exceeded or not reached, an overflow occurs. To prevent this overflow, limit values for the target position can be set in object  $\underline{607D}_h$  ("Software Position Limit").

#### **607Ch Home Offset**

#### **Function**

Specifies the difference between the zero position of the controller and the reference point of the machine in <u>user-defined units</u>.

## **Object description**

Allowed values

Index	607C <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Home Offset
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	INTEGER32
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO



 $\begin{array}{ll} \text{Preset value} & \text{00000000}_{\text{h}} \\ \text{Firmware version} & \text{FIR-v1426} \end{array}$ 

Change history

### **607Dh Software Position Limit**

#### **Function**

Defines the limit positions relative to the reference point of the application in user-defined units.

### **Object description**

Index 607D<sub>h</sub>

Object name Software Position Limit

Object Code ARRAY
Data type INTEGER32

Savable yes, category: application

Firmware version FIR-v1426

Change history

### Value description

Subindex 00<sub>h</sub>

Name Number Of Entries
Data type UNSIGNED8
Access read only

no

PDO mapping

Allowed values

Preset value 02<sub>h</sub>

Subindex 01<sub>h</sub>

Name Min Position Limit
Data type INTEGER32
Access read / write
PDO mapping RX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000<sub>h</sub>

Subindex 02<sub>h</sub>

Name Max Position Limit
Data type INTEGER32
Access read / write
PDO mapping RX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000<sub>h</sub>



### **Description**

The absolute target position must lie within the limits set here. The Home Offset  $(\underline{607C_h})$  is not taken into account.

### 607Eh Polarity

#### **Function**

With this object, the direction of rotation can be reversed.

### **Object description**

Index	607E <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Polarity
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00 <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1738-B501312: "PDO mapping" table entry for

subindex 00 changed from "no" to "RX-PDO".

### **Description**

The following generally applies for direction reversal: If a bit is set to the value "1", reversal is activated. If the value is "0", the direction of rotation is as described in the respective mode.

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
POS	VEL						

#### **VEL (Velocity)**

Direction of rotation reversal in the following modes:

- Profile Velocity Mode
- Cyclic Synchronous Velocity Mode

#### **POS (Position)**

Direction of rotation reversal in the following modes:

- Profile Position Mode
- Cyclic Synchronous Position Mode



TIP

You can force an inversion of the rotary field that affects all operating modes. See object 3212h:02h.



### **607Fh Max Profile Velocity**

#### **Function**

Specifies the maximum speed in <u>user-defined units</u> for the Mod es <u>Profile Torque</u>, <u>Profile Position</u>, <u>Interpolated Position Mode</u> (only if <u>closed loop</u> is activated) and <u>Profile Velocity</u>.

### **Object description**

Index 607F<sub>h</sub>

Object name Max Profile Velocity

Object Code VARIABLE
Data type UNSIGNED32

Savable yes, category: application

Access read / write
PDO mapping RX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 00007530<sub>h</sub> Firmware version FIR-v1540

Change history Firmware version FIR-v1738-B501312: "Object Name" entry changed

from "Max profile velocity" to "Max Profile Velocity".

Firmware version FIR-v1738-B501312: "Data type" entry changed from

"INTEGER16" to "UNSIGNED32".

Firmware version FIR-v1738-B501312: "Savable" entry changed from

"no" to "yes, category: application".

Firmware version FIR-v1738-B501312: "Access" table entry for

subindex 00 changed from "read only" to "read/write".

Firmware version FIR-v1738-B501312: "PDO mapping" table entry for

subindex 00 changed from "TX-PDO" to "RX-PDO".

# 6080h Max Motor Speed

#### **Function**

Contains the maximum permissible speed of the motor in user-defined units.

### **Object description**

Data type

Index 6080<sub>h</sub>

Object name Max Motor Speed
Object Code VARIABLE

Savable yes, category: drive

Access read / write
PDO mapping RX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value PD6-E891L95-E-65-2: 00007530<sub>h</sub>

**UNSIGNED32** 

PD6-E891L95-ES-65-2: 00007530<sub>h</sub>

■ PD6-EB80CD-E-65-2: 0000109A<sub>h</sub>



■ PD6-EB80CD-ES-65-2: 0000109A<sub>h</sub>

■ PD6-E891S95-E-65-2: 00007530<sub>h</sub>

■ PD6-E891S95-ES-65-2: 00007530<sub>h</sub>

■ PD6-E891M95-E-65-2: 00007530<sub>h</sub>

■ PD6-E891M95-ES-65-2: 00007530<sub>h</sub>

■ PD6-EB80SD-E-65-2: 00001004<sub>h</sub>

■ PD6-EB80SD-ES-65-2: 00001004<sub>h</sub>

- 1 D0 ED000D E0 03 2. 0000100+h

■ PD6-EB80MD-ES-65-2: 0000109A<sub>h</sub>

■ PD6-EB80MD-E-65-2: 0000109A<sub>h</sub>

■ PD6-EB80LD-E-65-2: 000010CC<sub>h</sub>

■ PD6-EB80LD-ES-65-2: 000010CC<sub>h</sub>

Firmware version Change history FIR-v1426

Firmware version FIR-v1614: "Savable" entry changed from "yes,

category: application" to "yes, category: tuning".

Firmware version FIR-v1738-B501312: "Object Name" entry changed

from "Maximum Speed" to "Max Motor Speed".

Firmware version FIR-v1738-B501312: "PDO mapping" table entry for

subindex 00 changed from "no" to "RX-PDO".

Firmware version FIR-v1748-B538662: "Savable" entry changed from

"yes, category: tuning" to "yes, category: drive".

Firmware version FIR-v1825-B577172: "Savable" entry changed from

"yes, category: movement" to "yes, category: tuning".

Firmware version FIR-v1825-B577172: "Savable" entry changed from

"yes, category: tuning" to "yes, category: drive".

### 6081h Profile Velocity

#### **Function**

Specifies the maximum travel speed in <u>user-defined units</u>.

#### Object description

Index 6081<sub>h</sub>

Object name Profile Velocity
Object Code VARIABLE
Data type UNSIGNED32

Savable yes, category: application

Access read / write PDO mapping RX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 000001F4<sub>h</sub> Firmware version FIR-v1426

Change history



### 6082h End Velocity

#### **Function**

Specifies the speed at the end of the traveled ramp in user-defined units.

### **Object description**

Index6082hObject nameEnd VelocityObject CodeVARIABLEData typeUNSIGNED32

Savable yes, category: application

Access read / write PDO mapping RX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000<sub>h</sub> Firmware version FIR-v1426

Change history

### 6083h Profile Acceleration

#### **Function**

Specifies the maximum acceleration in user-defined units.

### **Object description**

Index 6083<sub>h</sub>

Object name Profile Acceleration

Object Code VARIABLE
Data type UNSIGNED32

Savable yes, category: application

Access read / write PDO mapping RX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 000001F4<sub>h</sub> Firmware version FIR-v1426

Change history

#### 6084h Profile Deceleration

#### **Function**

Specifies the maximum deceleration (deceleration ramp) in user-defined units. Is limited by 60C6<sub>h</sub>.

### **Object description**

_		
١r	ndov	6084.
- 11	IUCX	000 <del>1</del> h



Object name Profile Deceleration

Object Code VARIABLE
Data type UNSIGNED32

Savable yes, category: application

Access read / write
PDO mapping RX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 000001F4<sub>h</sub> Firmware version FIR-v1426

Change history

## 6085h Quick Stop Deceleration

#### **Function**

Specifies the maximum Quick Stop Deceleration in <u>user-defined units</u>. Depending on the operating mode, is limited by  $60C6_h$  (Max Deceleration) and, if applicable,  $60A4_h$  (Profile Jerk).

### **Object description**

Index 6085<sub>h</sub>

Object name Quick Stop Deceleration

Object Code VARIABLE

Data type UNSIGNED32

Savable yes, category: application

Access read / write
PDO mapping RX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 00001388<sub>h</sub> Firmware version FIR-v1426

Change history

# 6086h Motion Profile Type

#### **Function**

Specifies the ramp type for the <u>Profile Position</u> and <u>Profile Velocity</u> modes.

#### **Object description**

Index 6086<sub>h</sub>

Object name Motion Profile Type

Object Code VARIABLE
Data type INTEGER16

Savable yes, category: application

Access read / write
PDO mapping RX-PDO

Allowed values



 $\begin{array}{ll} \text{Preset value} & \text{0000}_{\text{h}} \\ \text{Firmware version} & \text{FIR-v1426} \end{array}$ 

Change history

### **Description**

Value = "0": = Trapezoidal ramp Value = "3": Ramp with limited jerk

## 6087h Torque Slope

#### **Function**

This object contains the slope of the torque in Torque mode.

## **Object description**

6087<sub>h</sub> Index Object name Torque Slope **VARIABLE Object Code** Data type **UNSIGNED32** Savable yes, category: application Access read / write PDO mapping **RX-PDO** Allowed values Preset value 00000064<sub>h</sub> Firmware version FIR-v1426

#### **Description**

Change history

This object is calculated as thousandths of the torque, e.g., the value "500" means "50%" of the rated torque; "1100" is equivalent to 110%. The rated torque corresponds to the rated current in object  $\underline{203B_h}$ :01.

The minimum of  $\underline{6073}_h$  and  $\underline{6072}_h$  is used as limit for the torque in  $\underline{6071}_h$ .

The target torque may not exceed the peak torque (proportional to the maximum motor current in 2031<sub>n</sub>).

#### 608Fh Position Encoder Resolution

#### **Function**

Contains the physical resolution (see objects  $60E6_h/60EB_h$ ) of the encoder/sensor that is used for position control (see 3203h Feedback Selection).

### Object description

Index 608F<sub>h</sub>
Object name Position Encoder Resolution
Object Code ARRAY
Data type INTEGER32

Savable yes, category: tuning



Firmware version FIR-v1426

Change history Firmware version FIR-v1738-B501312: "Savable" entry changed from

"yes, category: application" to "yes, category: tuning".

Firmware version FIR-v1738-B501312: "PDO mapping" table entry for

subindex 01 changed from "no" to "RX-PDO".

Firmware version FIR-v1738-B501312: "PDO mapping" table entry for

subindex 02 changed from "no" to "RX-PDO".

Firmware version FIR-v1748-B538662: "Data type" entry changed from

"UNSIGNED32" to "INTEGER32".

## Value description

Subindex	00 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Number Of Entries
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	02 <sub>h</sub>

Subindex	01 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Encoder Increments
Data type	INTEGER32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000000 <sub>h</sub>

Subindex	02 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Motor Revolutions
Data type	INTEGER32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000001 <sub>h</sub>

### **Description**

Position Encoder Resolution = Encoder Increments (608F<sub>h</sub>:01<sub>h</sub>) / Motor Revolutions (608F<sub>h</sub>:02<sub>h</sub>)

### 6090h Velocity Encoder Resolution

#### **Function**

Contains the physical resolution (see objects  $\underline{60E6}_h$ /  $\underline{60EB}_h$ ) of the encoder/sensor that is used for speed control (see  $\underline{3203h}$  Feedback Selection).



### **Object description**

Index 6090<sub>h</sub>

Object name Velocity Encoder Resolution

Object Code ARRAY
Data type INTEGER32

Savable yes, category: tuning

Access read only

PDO mapping no

Allowed values
Preset value

Firmware version FIR-v1738-B501312

Change history Firmware version FIR-v1748-B538662: "Data type" entry changed from

"UNSIGNED32" to "INTEGER32".

Firmware version FIR-v1748-B538662: "Data type" entry changed from

"UNSIGNED32" to "INTEGER32".

Firmware version FIR-v1748-B538662: "Data type" entry changed from

"UNSIGNED32" to "INTEGER32".

Firmware version FIR-v1825-B577172: "Data type" entry changed from

"INTEGER32" to "UNSIGNED32".

Firmware version FIR-v1825-B577172: "Data type" entry changed from

"INTEGER32" to "UNSIGNED32".

Firmware version FIR-v1825-B577172: "Data type" entry changed from

"INTEGER32" to "UNSIGNED32".

Firmware version FIR-v1825-B577172: "Data type" entry changed from

"UNSIGNED32" to "INTEGER32".

Firmware version FIR-v1825-B577172: "Data type" entry changed from

"UNSIGNED32" to "INTEGER32".

Firmware version FIR-v1825-B577172: "Data type" entry changed from

"UNSIGNED32" to "INTEGER32".

### Value description

Subindex 00<sub>h</sub>

Name Number Of Entries
Data type UNSIGNED8
Access read only

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 02<sub>h</sub>

Subindex 01<sub>h</sub>

Name Encoder Increments Per Second

Data type INTEGER32
Access read / write



PDO mapping **RX-PDO** 

Allowed values

Preset value 0000000<sub>h</sub>

Subindex 02<sub>h</sub>

Name Motor Revolutions Per Second

Data type INTEGER32 Access read / write **RX-PDO** PDO mapping

Allowed values

Preset value 0000001<sub>h</sub>

## **Description**

Velocity Encoder Resolution = Encoder Increments per second (6090<sub>h</sub>:01<sub>h</sub>) / Motor Revolutions per second  $(6090_h:02_h)$ 

#### 6091h Gear Ratio

#### **Function**

Contains the gear ratio (number of motor revolutions per revolution of the output shaft) of the encoder/sensor that is used for position control (see 3203h Feedback Selection).

### **Object description**

Index 6091<sub>h</sub> Object name Gear Ratio **Object Code ARRAY** 

Data type **UNSIGNED32** 

Savable yes, category: application

Firmware version FIR-v1426

Change history Firmware version FIR-v1738-B501312: "PDO mapping" table entry for

subindex 01 changed from "no" to "RX-PDO".

Firmware version FIR-v1738-B501312: "PDO mapping" table entry for

subindex 02 changed from "no" to "RX-PDO".

#### Value description

Subindex  $00_h$ 

Name Number Of Entries **UNSIGNED8** Data type Access read only PDO mapping

no

Allowed values

Preset value 02<sub>h</sub>



Subindex	01 <sub>h</sub>
----------	-----------------

Name Motor Revolutions Data type **UNSIGNED32** Access read / write **RX-PDO** PDO mapping

Allowed values

Preset value  $0000001_{h}$ 

Subindex  $02_h$ 

**Shaft Revolutions** Name **UNSIGNED32** Data type Access read / write **RX-PDO** PDO mapping

Allowed values

Preset value  $0000001_{h}$ 

### **Description**

Gear Ratio = Motor Revolutions (6091<sub>h</sub>:01<sub>h</sub>) / Shaft Revolutions (6091<sub>h</sub>:02<sub>h</sub>)

#### 6092h Feed Constant

#### **Function**

Contains the feed constant (feed in user-defined units per revolution of the output shaft) of the encoder/ sensor that is used for position control (see 3203h Feedback Selection).

### **Object description**

Index	6092 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Feed Constant
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	yes, category: application
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

#### Value description

Subindex	00 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Number Of Entries
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	02 <sub>h</sub>



Subindex  $01_h$ Name Feed

Data type **UNSIGNED32** Access read / write **RX-PDO** PDO mapping

Allowed values

Preset value 0000001<sub>h</sub>

Subindex 02<sub>h</sub>

Name **Shaft Revolutions UNSIGNED32** Data type Access read / write PDO mapping **RX-PDO** Allowed values

Preset value 0000001<sub>h</sub>

### Description

Feed Constant = Feed (6092<sub>h</sub>:01<sub>h</sub>) / Shaft Revolutions (6092<sub>h</sub>:02<sub>h</sub>)

# 6096h Velocity Factor

#### **Function**

This object contains the factor that is used for converting from user-defined speed units. See chapter <u>User-</u> defined units.

### **Object description**

Index 6096<sub>h</sub>

Object name Velocity Factor

**Object Code ARRAY** 

Data type **UNSIGNED32** 

Savable yes, category: application

Access read only

PDO mapping no

Allowed values Preset value

Firmware version FIR-v1738-B501312

Change history

### Value description

 $00_{h}$ Subindex

Name Number Of Entries **UNSIGNED8** Data type read only Access

#### 10 Description of the object dictionary



PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 02<sub>h</sub>

Subindex 01<sub>h</sub>

Name Numerator
Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write
PDO mapping RX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 00000001<sub>h</sub>

Subindex 02<sub>h</sub>
Name Divisor

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write
PDO mapping RX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 00000001<sub>h</sub>

# **Description**

The subindices have the following functions:

■ 01<sub>h</sub>: Numerator of the factor

02<sub>h</sub>: Denominator of the factor

#### 6097h Acceleration Factor

#### **Function**

This object contains the factor that is used for converting from user-defined acceleration units. See chapter User-defined units.

### **Object description**

Index 6097<sub>h</sub>

Object name Acceleration Factor

Object Code ARRAY

Data type UNSIGNED32

Savable yes, category: application

Access read only

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value

Firmware version FIR-v1738-B501312

Change history



# Value description

Subindex	00 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Number Of Entries
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	02 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	01 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Numerator
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000001 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	02 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Divisor
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000001 <sub>h</sub>

# **Description**

The subindices have the following functions:

- 01<sub>h</sub>: Numerator of the factor
- 02<sub>h</sub>: Denominator of the factor

# 6098h Homing Method

### **Function**

This object defines the <u>Homing method</u> in <u>Homing mode</u>.

# **Object description**

PDO mapping

Index	6098 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Homing Method
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	INTEGER8
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write

**RX-PDO** 

#### 10 Description of the object dictionary



Allowed values

Preset value  $23_h$ 

Firmware version

FIR-v1426

Change history

## 6099h Homing Speed

#### **Function**

Specifies the speeds for homing mode (6098<sub>h</sub>) in user-defined units.

### **Object description**

Index 6099<sub>h</sub>

Object name Homing Speed

**Object Code ARRAY** 

Data type **UNSIGNED32** 

Savable yes, category: application

FIR-v1426 Firmware version

Change history

### Value description

Subindex  $00_h$ 

Name Number Of Entries **UNSIGNED8** Data type Access read only

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value  $02_h$ 

Subindex  $01_{h}$ 

Name Speed During Search For Switch

**UNSIGNED32** Data type read / write Access **RX-PDO** PDO mapping

Allowed values

 $00000032_{h}$ Preset value

Subindex  $02_h$ 

Name Speed During Search For Zero

**UNSIGNED32** Data type Access read / write **RX-PDO** PDO mapping

Allowed values



Preset value	0000000A <sub>h</sub>
--------------	-----------------------

### **Description**

The speed for the search for the switch is specified in subindex 1.

The (lower) speed for the search for the reference position is specified in subindex 2.

#### **NOTICE**



- The speed in subindex 2 is simultaneously the initial speed when starting the acceleration ramp. If this is set too high, the motor loses steps or fails to turn at all. If the setting is too high, the index marking will be overlooked, especially with high-resolution encoders. The minimum detectable width of the index pulse is 31.25 µs.
- The speed in subindex 1 must be greater than the speed in subindex 2.

# **609Ah Homing Acceleration**

#### **Function**

Specifies the acceleration ramp for homing mode in user-defined units.

### **Object description**

Index	609A <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Homing Acceleration
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	000001F4 <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

#### **Description**

The ramp is only used when starting up. When the switch is reached, the motor immediately switches to the lower speed; when the end position is reached, it immediately stops.

#### 60A2h Jerk Factor

### **Function**

This object contains the factor that is used for converting from user-defined jerk units. See chapter <u>User-defined units</u>.

#### Object description

la dass	60A2 <sub>h</sub>
Index	NUAZ.
IIIGOX	307 (Zh

### 10 Description of the object dictionary



Object name Jerk Factor
Object Code ARRAY

Data type UNSIGNED32

Savable yes, category: application

Access read only

PDO mapping no

Allowed values
Preset value

Firmware version FIR-v1738-B501312

Change history

### Value description

Subindex 00<sub>h</sub>

Name Number Of Entries
Data type UNSIGNED8
Access read only

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 02<sub>h</sub>

Subindex 01<sub>h</sub>

Name Numerator
Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write
PDO mapping RX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 00000001<sub>h</sub>

Subindex 02<sub>h</sub>
Name Divisor

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write
PDO mapping RX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 00000001<sub>h</sub>

### **Description**

The subindices have the following functions:

- 01<sub>h</sub>: Numerator of the factor
- 02<sub>h</sub>: Denominator of the factor



## 60A4h Profile Jerk

### **Function**

In the case of a ramp with limited jerk, the size of the jerk <u>in user-defined units</u> can be entered in this object. An entry with the value "0" means that the jerk is not limited.

# **Object description**

Index	60A4 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Profile Jerk
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	yes, category: application
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1614: "Name" entry changed from "End Acceleration Jerk" to "Begin Deceleration Jerk".
	Firmware version FIR-v1614: "Name" entry changed from "Begin Deceleration Jerk" to "End Acceleration Jerk".

# Value description

Subindex	00 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Number Of Entries
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	04 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	01 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Begin Acceleration Jerk
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	000003E8 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	02 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Begin Deceleration Jerk
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	000003E8 <sub>h</sub>

### 10 Description of the object dictionary



Subindex 03<sub>h</sub>

Name End Acceleration Jerk

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 000003E8<sub>h</sub>

Subindex 04<sub>h</sub>

Name End Deceleration Jerk

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 000003E8<sub>h</sub>

## **Description**

Subindex 01<sub>h</sub> ( Begin Acceleration Jerk): Initial jerk during acceleration

Subindex 02<sub>h</sub> ( Begin Deceleration Jerk): Initial jerk during braking

■ Subindex 03<sub>h</sub> ( End Acceleration Jerk): Final jerk during acceleration

Subindex 04<sub>h</sub> ( End Deceleration Jerk): Final jerk during braking

#### 60A8h SI Unit Position

#### **Function**

This object contains the position unit. See chapter User-defined units.

### Object description

Index 60A8<sub>h</sub>

Object name SI Unit Position
Object Code VARIABLE
Data type UNSIGNED32

Savable yes, category: application

Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value FF410000<sub>h</sub>

Firmware version FIR-v1738-B501312

Change history

## **Description**

Object 60A8<sub>h</sub> contains:

- Bits 16 to 23: The position unit (see chapter Units)
- Bits 24 to 31: The exponent of a power of ten (see chapter <u>Units</u>)



31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
	Factor									Unit					
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
	reserved (00h)							reser	ved (00	0h)					

# 60A9h SI Unit Velocity

### **Function**

This object contains the speed unit. See chapter <u>User-defined units</u>.

## **Object description**

Index	60A9 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	SI Unit Velocity
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	00B44700 <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1738-B501312
Change history	

# **Description**

Object 60A9<sub>h</sub> contains:

- Bits 8 to 15: The time unit (see chapter <u>Units</u>)
- Bits 16 to 23: The position unit (see chapter <u>Units</u>)
- Bits 24 to 31: The exponent of a power of ten (see chapter <u>Units</u>)

31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
	Factor								N	omina	tor (Po	sition)			
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Denominator (Time)								r	eserve	d (00h	)				

## **60B0h Position Offset**

## **Function**

Offset for the position set value in <u>user-defined units</u>. Is taken into account in mode <u>Cyclic Synchronous Position</u>.

# **Object description**

Index	60B0 <sub>h</sub>	
Object name	Position Offset	
Object Code	VARIABLE	

### 10 Description of the object dictionary



Data type INTEGER32

Savable yes, category: application

Access read / write PDO mapping RX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000<sub>h</sub>

Firmware version FIR-v1738-B505321

Change history

## 60B1h Velocity Offset

#### **Function**

Offset for the speed set value in <u>user-defined units</u>. Is taken into account in the <u>Cyclic Synchronous Position</u>, <u>Cyclic Synchronous Velocity</u> and <u>Clock-direction mode</u> modes.

## **Object description**

Index 60B1<sub>h</sub>

Object name Velocity Offset
Object Code VARIABLE
Data type INTEGER32

Savable yes, category: application

Access read / write PDO mapping RX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000<sub>h</sub>

Firmware version FIR-v1738-B505321

Change history

# **60B2h Torque Offset**

#### **Function**

Offset for the torque set value in tenths of a percent. Is taken into account in the <u>Cyclic Synchronous Position</u>, Cyclic Synchronous Velocity, Cyclic Synchronous Torque and Clock-direction mode modes.

## **Object description**

Index 60B2<sub>h</sub>

Object name Torque Offset
Object Code VARIABLE
Data type INTEGER16

Savable yes, category: application

Access read / write PDO mapping RX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 0000<sub>h</sub>

Firmware version FIR-v1738-B505321



#### Change history

# 60C1h Interpolation Data Record

## **Function**

This object contains the demand position in <u>user-defined units</u> for the interpolation algorithm for the <u>interpolated position</u> operating mode.

# **Object description**

Index	60C1 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Interpolation Data Record
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	INTEGER32
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	
Firmware version	FIR-v1512
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1626: "Savable" entry changed from "no" to "yes, category: application".

# Value description

Subindex	00 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Number Of Entries
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	01 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	01 <sub>h</sub>
Name	1st Set-point
Data type	INTEGER32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000000 <sub>h</sub>

## **Description**

The value is taken over at the next synchronization time.



402

# **60C2h Interpolation Time Period**

## **Function**

This object contains the interpolation time.

## **Object description**

Index 60C2<sub>h</sub> Object name Interpolation Time Period Object Code **RECORD** INTERPOLATION\_TIME\_PERIOD Data type Savable yes, category: application Access read only PDO mapping no Allowed values Preset value Firmware version FIR-v1426 Change history

## Value description

Subindex	00 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Number Of Entries
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	02 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	01 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Interpolation Time Period Value
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	01 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	02 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Interpolation Time Index
Data type	INTEGER8
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	FD <sub>h</sub>



## **Description**

The subindices have the following functions:

- 01<sub>h</sub>: Interpolation time.
- 02<sub>h</sub>: Power of ten of the interpolation time: must have the value -3 (corresponds to the time basis in milliseconds).

The following applies here: cycle time = value of  $\underline{60C2}_h$ :01<sub>h</sub> \* 10  $\underline{^{value\ of\ 60C2:02}}$  seconds.

# **60C4h Interpolation Data Configuration**

### **Function**

This object offers the maximum buffer size, specifies the configured buffer organization of the interpolated data and offers objects for defining the size of the record and for deleting the buffer.

It is also used to store the position of other data points.

## **Object description**

Index	60C4 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Interpolation Data Configuration
Object Code	RECORD
Data type	INTERPOLATION_DATA_CONFIGURATION
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	
Firmware version	FIR-v1512
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1540: "Access" table entry for subindex 05 changed from "read/write" to "write only".
	Firmware version FIR-v1540: "Access" table entry for subindex 06 changed from "read/write" to "write only".
	Firmware version FIR-v1626: "Savable" entry changed from "no" to "yes, category: application".
	Firmware version FIR-v1650-B472161: "Access" table entry for subindex 01 changed from "read/write" to "read only".

## Value description

Subindex	00 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Number Of Entries
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	06 <sub>h</sub>

# 10 Description of the object dictionary



Subindex	01 <sub>h</sub>
Name	MaximumBufferSize
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000001 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	02 <sub>h</sub>
Name	ActualBufferSize
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000001 <sub>h</sub>
<u> </u>	
Subindex	03 <sub>h</sub>
Name	BufferOrganization
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	00 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	04 <sub>h</sub>
Name	BufferPosition
Data type	UNSIGNED16
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0001 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	05 <sub>h</sub>
Name	SizeOfDataRecord
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	write only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	04 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	06 <sub>h</sub>
Name	BufferClear
Data type	UNSIGNED8
• •	



Access write only

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 00<sub>h</sub>

# **Description**

The value of subindex 01<sub>h</sub> contains the maximum possible number of interpolated records.

The value of subindex 02<sub>h</sub> contains the current number of interpolated records.

If subindex 03<sub>h</sub> is "00<sub>h</sub>", this means a FIFO buffer organization; if it is "01<sub>h</sub>", it specifies a ring buffer organization.

The value of subindex 04<sub>h</sub> is unitless and specifies the next free buffer entry point.

The value of subindex 05<sub>h</sub> is specified in units of "byte".

If the value  $"00_h"$  is written in subindex  $06_h$ , it deletes the received data in the buffer, deactivates access and deletes all interpolated records.

If the value "01<sub>h</sub>" is written in subindex 06<sub>h</sub>, it activates access to the input buffer.

#### 60C5h Max Acceleration

### **Function**

This object contains the maximum permissible acceleration for the <u>Profile Position</u> and <u>Profile Velocity</u> modes.

## **Object description**

Index	60C5 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Max Acceleration
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00001388 <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

### 60C6h Max Deceleration

#### **Function**

This object contains the maximum permissible deceleration (deceleration ramp) for the <u>Profile Position</u>, <u>Profile Velocity</u> and <u>Interpolated Position Mode</u> operating modes.

## **Object description**

Index	60C6 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Max Deceleration
Object Code	VARIABLE



Data type UNSIGNED32

Savable yes, category: application

Access read / write
PDO mapping RX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 00001388<sub>h</sub> Firmware version FIR-v1426

Change history

### 60E4h Additional Position Actual Value

#### **Function**

Contains the current actual position of all existing feedbacks in <u>user-defined units</u>.

## **Object description**

Index 60E4<sub>h</sub>

Object name Additional Position Actual Value

Object Code ARRAY
Data type INTEGER32

Savable no

Access read only PDO mapping TX-PDO

Allowed values
Preset value

Firmware version FIR-v1738-B501312

Change history Firmware version FIR-v1748-B538662: "Data type" entry changed from

"UNSIGNED32" to "INTEGER32".

Firmware version FIR-v1748-B538662: "Data type" entry changed from

"UNSIGNED32" to "INTEGER32".

## Value description

Subindex 00<sub>h</sub>

Name Number Of Entries

Data type UNSIGNED8

Access read only

PDO mapping TX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 03<sub>h</sub>

Subindex  $01_h - 03_h$ 

Name Additional Position Actual Value #1 - #3

Data type INTEGER32
Access read only



PDO mapping TX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000<sub>h</sub>

## **Description**

The subindices have the following function:

- 00<sub>h</sub>: Value="1" to "n", where "n" is the number of existing feedbacks.
- n<sub>h</sub>:
   Subindex n contains the current actual position of the corresponding feedback.

   Subindex 01<sub>h</sub> always corresponds to the first (and always existing) sensorless feedback. The order of the remaining feedbacks corresponds to the table in chapter <u>Configuring the sensors</u>.

## 60E5h Additional Velocity Actual Value

### **Function**

Contains the current actual speed of all existing feedbacks in user-defined units.

### Object description

Index	60E5 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Additional Velocity Actual Value
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	INTEGER32
Savable	no
Access	read only
PDO mapping	TX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	
Firmware version	FIR-v1738-B501312
Change history	

### Value description

Subindex	00 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Number Of Entries
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	TX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	03 <sub>h</sub>

Subindex 01<sub>h</sub> - 03<sub>h</sub>

Name Additional Velocity Actual Value #1 - #3

Data type INTEGER32
Access read only
PDO mapping TX-PDO



Allowed values

Preset value 00000000<sub>h</sub>

## **Description**

The subindices have the following function:

- 00<sub>h</sub>: Value="1" to "n", where "n" is the number of existing feedbacks.
- Subindex n contains the current actual speed of the corresponding feedback.
  Subindex 01<sub>h</sub> always corresponds to the first (and always existing) sensorless feedback. The order of the remaining feedbacks corresponds to the table in chapter <u>Configuring the sensors</u>.

### 60E6h Additional Position Encoder Resolution - Encoder Increments

#### **Function**

With this object and with  $\underline{60EB}_h$ , the resolution of each existing feedback is calculated.

## **Object description**

Index	60E6 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Additional Position Encoder Resolution - Encoder Increments
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	INTEGER32
Savable	yes, category: tuning
Access	read only
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	
Firmware version	FIR-v1748-B538662
Change history	

## Value description

PDO mapping

Subindex	00 <sub>h</sub>	
Name	Number Of Entries	
Data type	UNSIGNED8	
Access	read only	
PDO mapping	RX-PDO	
Allowed values		
Preset value	03 <sub>h</sub>	

Subindex	01 <sub>h</sub> - 03 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Additional Position Encoder Resolution - Encoder Increments Feedback Interface #1 - #3
Data type	INTEGER32
Access	read / write

Version: 1.1.1 / FIR-v2213 408

**RX-PDO** 



Allowed values

Preset value 00000000<sub>h</sub>

## **Description**

The subindices have the following function:

- 00<sub>h</sub>: Value="1" to "n", where "n" is the number of existing feedbacks.
- $\blacksquare$   $n_h$ :

Subindex n contains the number of increments of the corresponding feedback. Subindex 01<sub>h</sub> always corresponds to the first (and always existing) *sensorless* feedback. The order of the remaining feedbacks corresponds to the table in chapter <u>Configuring the sensors</u>.

The resolution of feedback "n" is calculated as follows:

Position Encoder Resolution = Encoder Increments (60E6<sub>h</sub>:01<sub>h</sub>) / Motor Revolutions (60EB<sub>h</sub>:02<sub>h</sub>)

#### **NOTICE**



The value "0" in a subindex means that the respective feedback is not connected and is not used. Thus, it is possible, for Example, to switch off the sensorless function to save computing time. This can be helpful if a *NanoJ* program needs the computing time.

If a value is not equal to "0" in a subindex, the controller checks the corresponding sensor when switching on. In case of an error (signal not present, invalid configuration/state), the error bit is set in the statusword and an error code stored in object 1003h.

### 60E8h Additional Gear Ratio - Motor Shaft Revolutions

### **Function**

In this object and in 60EDh, you can set the gear ratio of each existing feedback.

#### Object description

Index	60E8 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Additional Gear Ratio - Motor Shaft Revolutions
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read only
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	
Firmware version	FIR-v1738-B501312
Change history	

### Value description

Subindex	00 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Number Of Entries
Data type	UNSIGNED8



Access	read only
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	03 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	01 <sub>h</sub> - 03 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Additional Gear Ratio - Motor Shaft Revolutions Feedback Interface #1 - #3
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000001 <sub>h</sub>

## **Description**

The subindices have the following function:

- 00<sub>h</sub>: Value = "n", where "n" is the number of existing feedbacks.
- n<sub>h</sub>: Subindex "n" contains the number of motor revolutions for the corresponding feedback. Subindex 01<sub>h</sub> always corresponds to the first (and always existing) sensorless feedback. The order of the remaining feedbacks corresponds to the table in chapter Configuring the sensors.

The gear ratio of feedback "n" is calculated as follows:

Gear Ratio = Motor Shaft Revolutions (60E8<sub>h</sub>:n<sub>h</sub>) / Driving Shaft Revolutions (60ED<sub>h</sub>:n<sub>h</sub>)

### 60E9h Additional Feed Constant - Feed

#### **Function**

In this object and in 60EE<sub>h</sub>, you can set a feed constant for each existing feedback.

### **Object description**

Index	60E9 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Additional Feed Constant - Feed
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read only
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	
Firmware version	FIR-v1738-B501312
Change history	

## Value description

Subindex	00 <sub>h</sub>



Name Number Of Entries
Data type UNSIGNED8
Access read only
PDO mapping RX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 03<sub>h</sub>

Subindex 01<sub>h</sub> - 03<sub>h</sub>

Name Additional Feed Constant - Feed Feedback Interface #1 - #3

Data type UNSIGNED32

Access read / write

PDO mapping RX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 00000001<sub>h</sub>

## **Description**

The subindices have the following function:

- 00<sub>h</sub>: Value = "n", where "n" is the number of existing feedbacks.
- n<sub>h</sub>: Subindex "n" contains the feed in <u>user-defined units</u> for the corresponding feedback. Subindex 01<sub>h</sub> always corresponds to the first (and always existing) sensorless feedback. The order of the remaining feedbacks corresponds to the table in chapter <u>Configuring the sensors</u>.

The feed constant of feedback "n" is calculated as follows:

Feed Constant = Feed (60E9<sub>h</sub>:n<sub>h</sub>) / Driving Shaft Revolutions (60EE<sub>h</sub>:n<sub>h</sub>)

### 60EBh Additional Position Encoder Resolution - Motor Revolutions

#### **Function**

With this object and with 60E6<sub>h</sub>, the resolution of each existing feedback is calculated.

## **Object description**

Index	60EB <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Additional Position Encoder Resolution - Motor Revolutions
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	yes, category: tuning
Access	read only
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	
Firmware version	FIR-v1738-B501312
Change history	



## Value description

Subindex	00 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Number Of Entries
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	03 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	01 <sub>h</sub> - 03 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Additional Position Encoder Resolution - Motor Revolutions Feedback Interface #1 - #3
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000001 <sub>h</sub>

## **Description**

The subindices have the following function:

- 00<sub>h</sub>: Value="1" to "n", where "n" is the number of existing feedbacks.
- n<sub>h</sub>:

Subindex n contains the number of motor revolutions of the corresponding feedback. Subindex 01<sub>h</sub> always corresponds to the first (and always existing) *sensorless* feedback. The order of the remaining feedbacks corresponds to the table in chapter <u>Configuring the sensors</u>.

The resolution of feedback "n" is calculated as follows:

Position Encoder Resolution = Encoder Increments (60E6<sub>h</sub>:n<sub>h</sub>) / Motor Revolutions (60EB<sub>h</sub>:n<sub>h</sub>)

# 60EDh Additional Gear Ratio - Driving Shaft Revolutions

#### **Function**

In this object and in 60E8h, you can set the gear ratio of each existing feedback.

## Object description

Index	60ED <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Additional Gear Ratio - Driving Shaft Revolutions
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read only
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	
Firmware version	FIR-v1738-B501312



#### Change history

### Value description

Subindex	00 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Number Of Entries
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	03 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	01 <sub>h</sub> - 03 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex Name	01 <sub>h</sub> - 03 <sub>h</sub> Additional Gear Ratio - Driving Shaft Revolutions Feedback Interface #1 - #3
	Additional Gear Ratio - Driving Shaft Revolutions Feedback Interface
Name	Additional Gear Ratio - Driving Shaft Revolutions Feedback Interface #1 - #3
Name Data type	Additional Gear Ratio - Driving Shaft Revolutions Feedback Interface #1 - #3 UNSIGNED32
Name Data type Access	Additional Gear Ratio - Driving Shaft Revolutions Feedback Interface #1 - #3 UNSIGNED32 read / write
Name  Data type Access PDO mapping	Additional Gear Ratio - Driving Shaft Revolutions Feedback Interface #1 - #3 UNSIGNED32 read / write

## **Description**

The subindices have the following function:

- 00<sub>h</sub>: Value = "n", where "n" is the number of existing feedbacks.
- n<sub>h</sub>: Subindex "n" contains the number of revolutions of the output shaft for the corresponding feedback. Subindex 01<sub>h</sub> always corresponds to the first (and always existing) sensorless feedback. The order of the remaining feedbacks corresponds to the table in chapter <u>Configuring the sensors</u>.

The gear ratio of feedback "n" is calculated as follows:

Gear Ratio = Motor Shaft Revolutions (60E8<sub>h</sub>:n<sub>h</sub>) / Driving Shaft Revolutions (60ED<sub>h</sub>:n<sub>h</sub>)

# **60EEh Additional Feed Constant - Driving Shaft Revolutions**

## **Function**

In this object and in <u>60E9</u><sub>h</sub>, you can set a feed constant for each existing feedback.

### **Object description**

Index	60EE <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Additional Feed Constant - Driving Shaft Revolutions
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read only
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	



Preset value

Firmware version FIR-v1738-B501312

Change history

## Value description

Subindex	00 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Number Of Entries
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	03 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	01 <sub>h</sub> - 03 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex Name	01 <sub>h</sub> - 03 <sub>h</sub> Additional Feed Constant - Driving Shaft Revolutions Feedback Interface #1 - #3
	Additional Feed Constant - Driving Shaft Revolutions Feedback
Name	Additional Feed Constant - Driving Shaft Revolutions Feedback Interface #1 - #3
Name Data type	Additional Feed Constant - Driving Shaft Revolutions Feedback Interface #1 - #3 UNSIGNED32

### **Description**

Allowed values Preset value

The subindices have the following function:

■ 00<sub>h</sub>: Value = "n", where "n" is the number of existing feedbacks.

0000001<sub>h</sub>

n<sub>h</sub>: Subindex "n" contains the number of revolutions of the output shaft for the corresponding feedback. Subindex 01<sub>h</sub> always corresponds to the first (and always existing) sensorless feedback. The order of the remaining feedbacks corresponds to the table in chapter Configuring the sensors.

The feed constant of feedback "n" is calculated as follows:

Feed Constant = Feed (60E9<sub>h</sub>:n<sub>h</sub>) / Driving Shaft Revolutions (60EE<sub>h</sub>:n<sub>h</sub>)

# 60F2h Positioning Option Code

### **Function**

The object describes the positioning behavior in **Profile Position** mode.

## Object description

Index	60F2 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Positioning Option Code
Object Code	VARIABLE

**UNSIGNED16** Data type

Savable yes, category: application

Access read / write



PDO mapping RX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 0001<sub>h</sub> Firmware version FIR-v1446

Change history Firmware version FIR-v1614: "Savable" entry changed from "no" to

"yes, category: application".

### **Description**

Only the following bits are supported at the present time:

15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
MS	RES	SERVED	[3]		IP OPTI	ION [4]		RAD	O [2]	RRO	) [2]	CIC	[2]	REL. C	OPT. [2]

### **REL. OPT. (Relative Option)**

These bits determine the behavior with relative rotating movement in "profile position" mode if bit 6 of controlword  $\underline{6040}_h = "1"$  is set.

Bit 1	Bit 0	Definition
0	0	Position movements are executed relative to the previous (internal absolute) target position (each relative to 0 if there is no previous target position)
0	1	Position movements are executed relative to the preset value (or output) of the ramp generator.
1	0	Position movements are performed relative to the current position (object $\underline{6064}_{h}$ ).
1	1	Reserved

#### **RRO (Request-Response Option)**

These bits determine the behavior when passing controlword  $\underline{6040}_h$  bit 4 ("new setpoint") – in this case, the controller releases the bit itself. This eliminates the need to externally reset the bit to "0" afterwards. After the bit is set to the value "0" by the controller, bit 12 ("setpoint acknowledgment") is also set to the value "0" in statusword  $\underline{6041}_h$ .



### **NOTICE**

These options cause the controller to modify object controlword 6040h.

Bit 5	Bit 4	Definition
0	0	The functionality is as described under <u>Setting travel commands</u> .
0	1	The controller releases the "new setpoint" bit as soon as the current targeted movement has reached its target.
1	0	The controller releases the "new setpoint" bit as soon this is possible for the controller.
1	1	Reserved



## **RADO (Rotary Axis Direction Option)**

These bits determine the direction of rotation in "profile position" mode.

Bit 7	Bit 6	Definition
0	0	Normal positioning similar to a linear axis: If one of the "Position Range Limits" – $\underline{607B}_h$ :01 <sub>h</sub> and 02 <sub>h</sub> – is reached or exceeded, the preset is automatically transferred to the other end of the limit. Only with this bit combination is a movement greater than the modulo value possible.
0	1	Positioning only in negative direction: If the target position is greater than the current position, the axis moves to the target position via the "Min Position Range Limit" from object 607D <sub>h</sub> :01 <sub>h</sub> .
1	0	Positioning only in positive direction: If the target position is less than the current position, the axis moves to the target position via the "Max Position Range Limit" from object 607D <sub>h</sub> :01 <sub>h</sub> .
1	1	Positioning with the shortest distance to the target position. If the difference between the current position and the target position in a 360° system is less than 180°, the axis moves in the positive direction.

# 60F4h Following Error Actual Value

## **Function**

This object contains the current following error in <u>user-defined units</u>.

# **Object description**

Index	60F4 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Following Error Actual Value
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	INTEGER32
Savable	no
Access	read only
PDO mapping	TX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

# 60F8h Max Slippage

### **Function**

Defines the maximum allowed slippage error in <u>user-defined units</u> symmetrically to the <u>set speed</u> in <u>Profile Velocity</u> mode.

## **Object description**

Index	60F8 <sub>h</sub>

### 10 Description of the object dictionary



Object name Max Slippage
Object Code VARIABLE
Data type INTEGER32

Savable yes, category: application

Access read / write PDO mapping RX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 00000190<sub>h</sub>

Firmware version FIR-v1738-B501312

Change history

## **Description**

If the actual speed deviates so much from the set speed that the value (absolute value) of this object is exceeded, bit 13 in object  $\underline{6041}_h$  is set. The deviation must last longer than the time in object  $\underline{203F}_h$ .

If the value of 60F8<sub>h</sub> is set to "7FFFFFFF"<sub>h</sub>, slippage error monitoring is switched off.

A reaction to the slippage error can be set in object  $\underline{3700}_h$ . If a reaction is defined, an error is also entered in object  $\underline{1003}_h$ .

#### **60FAh Control Effort**

#### **Function**

This object contains the correction speed (control variable) in <u>user-defined units</u> that is fed to the velocity controller by the position controller.

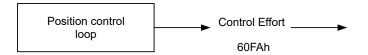
#### Object description

Index	60FA <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Control Effort
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	INTEGER32
Savable	no
Access	read only
PDO mapping	TX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000000 <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1748-B531667
Change history	

### **Description**

The position controller calculates a correction speed (in <u>user-defined units</u>) from the difference between the current position and the demand position which is then passed on to the velocity controller. This correction value is dependent on the proportional component and integral component of the position controller. See also chapter <u>Closed-Loop</u>.





## **60FCh Position Demand Internal Value**

## **Function**

Indicates the current preset value for the position controller in encoder increments (see Controller structure).

# **Object description**

Index	60FC <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Position Demand Internal Value
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	INTEGER32
Savable	no
Access	read only
PDO mapping	TX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000000 <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1738-B501312
Change history	

# **60FDh Digital Inputs**

## **Function**

With this object, the digital inputs of the motor can be read.

# **Object description**

Index	60FD <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Digital Inputs
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	no
Access	read only
PDO mapping	TX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000000 <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	



## **Description**

31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
								IN 8	IN 7	IN 6	IN 5	IN 4	IN 3	IN 2	IN 1
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
												IL	HS	PLS	NLS

### **NLS (Negative Limit Switch)**

Negative limit switch

## PLS (Positive Limit Switch)

Positive limit switch

### **HS (Home Switch)**

Home switch

## IL (Interlock)

Interlock

### IN n (Input n)

Input n – the number of used bits is dependent on the given controller.

# **60FEh Digital Outputs**

#### **Function**

With this object, the <u>digital outputs</u> of the motor can be written.

## **Object description**

Index	60FE <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Digital Outputs
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	yes, category: application
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1626: "Savable" entry changed from "no" to "yes, category: application".

# Value description

Subindex	00 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Number Of Entries
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	01 <sub>h</sub>

Subindex 01<sub>h</sub>



Name Physical Outputs
Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write
PDO mapping RX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 00000001<sub>h</sub>

## **Description**

To write the outputs, the entries in object  $3250_h$ , subindex  $02_h$  to  $05_h$ , must also be taken into account.

31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
												OUT4	OUT3	OUT2	OUT1
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
															BRK

#### **BRK (Brake)**

Bit for the brake output (if the controller supports this function):

Value "1" means that the brake is activated (no current can flow between the two pins of the brake connection; the brake is closed).

#### OUT n (Output No n)

Bit for the respective digital output; the exact number of digital outputs is dependent on the controller.

# **60FFh Target Velocity**

#### **Function**

In this object, the target speed for the <u>profile velocity</u> and <u>cyclic synchronous velocity</u> modes is entered in <u>user-defined units</u>.

## **Object description**

Index 60FF<sub>h</sub> Object name **Target Velocity** Object Code **VARIABLE** Data type INTEGER32 Savable yes, category: application Access read / write PDO mapping **RX-PDO** Allowed values Preset value 0000000<sub>h</sub> Firmware version FIR-v1426 Change history Firmware version FIR-v1626: "Savable" entry changed from "no" to

Version: 1.1.1 / FIR-v2213 420

"yes, category: application".



# 6502h Supported Drive Modes

### **Function**

The object describes the supported operating modes in object 6060h.

## **Object description**

Index 6502<sub>h</sub>

Object name Supported Drive Modes

Object Code VARIABLE
Data type UNSIGNED32

Savable no

Access read only PDO mapping TX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 000003EF<sub>h</sub> Firmware version FIR-v1426

Change history

## **Description**

The set bit specifies whether the respective mode is supported. If the value of the bit is "0", the mode is not supported.

31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
						CST	CSV	CSP	IP	НМ		TQ	PV	VL	PP

PP

Profile Position Mode

VL

Velocity Mode

PV

Profile Velocity Mode

TQ

Torque Mode

HM

Homing Mode

ΙP

Interpolated Position Mode

**CSP** 

Cyclic Synchronous Position Mode

**CSV** 

Cyclic Synchronous Velocity Mode



#### **CST**

Cyclic Synchronous Torque Mode

# 6503h Drive Catalogue Number

### **Function**

Contains the device name as character string.

## **Object description**

Index 6503<sub>h</sub>

Object name Drive Catalogue Number

Object Code VARIABLE

Data type VISIBLE\_STRING

Savable no

Access read only

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value

Firmware version FIR-v1426

Change history

# 6505h Http Drive Catalogue Address

#### **Function**

This object contains the manufacturer's web address as a character string.

## **Object description**

Index 6505<sub>h</sub>

Object name Http Drive Catalogue Address

Object Code VARIABLE

Data type VISIBLE\_STRING

Savable no

Access read only

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 0

Firmware version FIR-v1426

Change history



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#### 11.2 **AES**

FIPS-197 compliant AES implementation

Based on XySSL: Copyright (C) 2006-2008 Christophe Devine

Copyright (C) 2009 Paul Bakker <polarssl\_maintainer at polarssl dot org>

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The AES block cipher was designed by Vincent Rijmen and Joan Daemen.

http://csrc.nist.gov/encryption/aes/rijndael/Rijndael.pdf

http://csrc.nist.gov/publications/fips/fips197/fips-197.pdf

#### 11.3 MD5

MD5C.C - RSA Data Security, Inc., MD5 message-digest algorithm

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#### 11.5 DHCP

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## 11.6 CMSIS DSP Software Library

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#### 11.7 FatFs

FatFs - FAT file system module include file R0.08 (C)ChaN, 2010



FatFs module is a generic FAT file system module for small embedded systems.

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#### 11.8 Protothreads

Protothread class and macros for lightweight, stackless threads in C++.

This was "ported" to C++ from Adam Dunkels' protothreads C library at: http://www.sics.se/~adam/pt/

Originally ported for use by Hamilton Jet (www.hamiltonjet.co.nz) by Ben Hoyt, but stripped down for public release. See his blog entry about it for more information: http://blog.micropledge.com/2008/07/protothreads/

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This file is part of the lwIP TCP/IP stack.

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#### 11.10 littlefs

```
/*
* The little filesystem
*
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*/
```

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